The Evening paper is the paper of Today, the morning paper is the paper of Yesterday.

DESERET EVENING NEWS.

5 O'clock -EDITION.-

TRUTH AND LIBERTY.

NO. 78 FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 23, 1894. SALT LAKE CITY UTAH. VOL. XXVII.

TOPICS OF THE DAY.

Funeral of Lourdin, the Illfated London Anarchist.

WHY NIMAN ASKS FOR BAIL.

Cause of the Fall of the Price of Silver, —Incendiary Fires.—Fatalities, etc.

LONDON, Feb. 23.—This day was fixed for the funeral of Lourdin the anarchist, who was fatally injured by the explosion of his own bomb on Feb. 15th. Riotous demonstrations were anticipated and the police made preparations to prevent them. The shops in the neighborhood of the undertaker's establishment in Chapel street where the remains lay, were shut and barricaded. Crowds of excited spectators, including many anarchists, gathered in the neighborhood in the early morning hours. They were watched by a strong force of police and detectives.

When the anarchists attempted to remove the body to one of their meeting places, where their leaders were to deliver orations over the remains, the police forbade it, and it seemed that the body is conveyed to the cemetery by another route than that intended.

The police allowed only one coach to follow the hearse, and it was surrounded by a body of mounted police. The anarchists who wished to follow the body were compelled to go to the cemetery by a different route from that taken by the hearse, or follow very far behind.

Before starting the anarchists displayed a red flag; the police made a charge and captured it after a brief struggle, and one shown shortly afterward met the same fate. The police had large reserves close at hand in case of need. The anarchists longest at the police precautions against bomb throwing, saying they were not fools enough to blow themselves out of England, the only country where the anarchist could live in peace.

Phelps's condition

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Feb. 23.—Phelps's condition is unchanged.

A Failure Announced.

LONDON, Feb. 23.—The failure of Hill, Gaunce & Co., merchants of Mincing lane, Buenos Ayres and Rio de Janeiro, has been announced.

Silver in London

LONDON, Feb. 23.—Bar silver, 27¼d.

FROM THE TOMBS.

Wilson Makes a Statement to a Reporter.

NEW YORK, Feb. 23.—In response to a note sent in by a reporter this morning, Erastus Wilson, from his cell in the Tombs, wrote the following: "I did not intend to ask for bail, but the dying condition of my eldest son, the dreadful sorrow that overshadows his mother and a sweet wife surely demand my presence beside them, if I can get a friend to go on my bond. I am in communication with a gentleman and hope to be able to get to Staten Island today. As to the rest, I can say nothing."

The last sentence is in answer to a query as to his reported intention to plead guilty. His son, W. D. Wilson, is lying at the point of death at New Brighton, Staten Island, of pneumonia, and does not know of his father's arrest.

Probably Incendiary.

FORT WAYNE, Ind., Feb. 23.—Early this morning the stores of Vieregancz & Boss, shoes; the Central Telephone exchange; Meyer Bros., bakers; C. B. Tilny, shoes, were burned. The loss is $100,000; insured. At the same time in another part of town, a school house was destroyed with a loss of $20,000, and a barn was burned shortly after wards. It is believed all the fires were incendiary.

Early is Better.

LYNCHBURG, Va., Feb. 23.—General Early is better today and sitting up.

Hearing Postponed.

MILWAUKEE, Feb. 23.—The hearing on the petition of the railway labor unions to secure a modification of Judge Jenkins's Northern Pacific strike order, which was to be had today, has been postponed until next Friday.

TO MOVE RECEIVERSHIP.

Difficult to Harmonize the Various Railroad Interests.

ST. LOUIS, Feb. 23.—Before the United States Circuit Judge Caldwell this morning applications were made for permission to remove so much of the Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe receivership as relates to the St. Louis and San Francisco road to state courts, where the appointment of receivers other than those now in power will be sought for the St. Louis and San Francisco. The argument was begun.

The Friends of Union receivers will resist to the utmost the effort to separate the two systems. The movement is on the part of the German bondholders of the Frisco represented by the United States Trust Company, trustee for Frisco, and general mortgage bondholders. The petition of the United States Trust Company sets forth that there remains outstanding $7,810,000, six per cent Frisco general mortgage bonds and $3,000,000 five per cent bonds, the latter issued June 1st, 1892, and the latter July 1st, 1893. The interest on these, amounting to $541,800, was due January 1, 1894, and remains unpaid, although the petitioner set out in its petition that it was not satisfied to let her and of 2.0 is to the expense of the suit issued to pay such interest. The Union offers the allegations of the Atchison to the effect that Frisco is indebted to it in the sum of $1,303,977, on account of advances, and contends that the interests of the security holders of the two companies are adverse; that a majority of the holders of the Frisco general mortgage bonds have requested the trustee to proceed to foreclosure and secure the appointment of other receivers; that Frisco & Atchison are guarantors of interest on the bonds issued 6 per cent bonds of the Atlantic and Pacific and Joplin but are equally guarantors of other securities. There are questions of difference on the interchange of traffic apportionment, of charges for transportation and the use of equipment between the Atchison and the Frisco, which the trustee alleges cannot be impartially determined by receivers representing both companies, and the Frisco general mortgage bondholders regard the interests of the Atchison as to be inimical and prejudicial to those of the Frisco general mortgage bondholders. They therefore ask leave to use the receivers in the state courts for foreclosure and the appointment of receivers under state court jurisdiction, and that if the property is sold and foreclosed, the proceeds receivers may be preserved and distributed pattern appointed.

FUTURE PRICE OF SILVER.

The Sudden Increase of the Product Overwhelms the Market.

Not a Question of Demand but of Free Coinage Or White Metal Can Be Sold.

NEW YORK, Feb. 23.—The *Post's* Wall Street: The heavy break in silver bullion was by far the most striking financial incident of the day. As long as the recent market weakness was ascribed to the liquidation sales by the Sherman repeal bill, there was reason to believe that the lowest price was seen a week ago. But the London market authorities have plainly been on a false scent, and this week, almost for the first time, it is acknowledged that the heavy and sudden increase in the production overwhelmed the market. Not least significant is the known fact that this week's break in silver has been largely caused by sales from New York at prices below the entire London market. The future price of silver rests not perhaps less on the Indian and Chinese demands than on the bullion figure at which the large American producers are content to sell.

Washington Notes.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 23.—There was large attendance at the session of the congress of Daughters of the American Revolution. After discussing the eligibility of certain applicants, the congress listened to the reports of the members from the different states. At noon recess was taken to call on Mrs. Cleveland.

The sub-committee of the House committee on banking and currency will report to the full committee favorably the bill of Cooper, Indiana, to permit states and territories to tax United States notes and currency.

Gorman, chairman of the Democratic caucus committee, says he thinks the caucus on tariff and other matters of party policy will be decided on and that a call for a caucus for Monday will be issued.

Fire in a Mine.

PINGNOTEVILLE, Ill., Feb. 23.—A fire started this morning in the main shaft of the Springfield Junction coal mine, which promises to destroy the entire plant, entailing a loss of $100,000. Much excitement prevails, as it is feared the men are not all out. The mine is one of the largest in central Illinois.

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD.

Speaker Crisp Sick.—The House Forbidden by Walsh.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 23.—Speaker Crisp, confined to his house with a severe sore throat and cold, sent a note appointing Richardson, Tenn., Speaker pro tem. for the day. The galleries were crowded in anticipation of a repetition of the exciting scenes yesterday.

As soon as the journal was read, Adams, Dem., began clamoring for recognition on a question of personal privilege. He was being tried when the House adjourned yesterday. He yielded, however, to Walsh, Wis., who said he was erroneously reported as voting on the motion to adjourn. He desired that he had taken any part in the proceedings, but said he would have voted, if at all, to adjourn, in order to put a stop to the disgraceful performance."

On request of Cummings, Hicks was excused on account of sickness. The Speaker decided the pending question was the motion to discharge Adams from the custody of the sergeant-at-arms.

Adams was given leave to state his question of personal privilege. He wanted to know why yesterday, while explaining his case, the mover of the Rice amendment had been used to force him to his seat. It was an indignity while he was endeavoring to carry out the mandate of the House.

The Chair stated that the question would have to be stated into as the pending question was on a discharge of a gentleman from custody.

Rice made the point that the question should be to discharge the petition was because the warrant under which he was arrested was unauthorized.

Springer tried to interpose a motion to discharge all under arrest at the district war out of the Eagle, but Reed demanded the previous question, cutting him off.

The Democrats decided to vote down the previous question to give Springer a chance, but some eastern Democrats voted with the Republicans and the previous question was lost, 86 to 108.

Then Reed moved to suspend the rules to enable to discharge all under arrest. Reed took the point of order that the amendment was not germane and the question was argued at some length. In the course of the debate Reed denounced the New York judgment in heated words. He was called to order several times by Cousins, New York, amid a general uproar. Reed's speech was sensational in its criticism of the manner which prevailed yesterday. He declared the men who were obstructing legislation and defying the House were anarchists and revolutionists. They were worse than the criminal who would throw a bomb from the gallery. He was stopped at moments of this and the House grew louder and colloquied to cries of "order." Reed proceeded to criticise the impudent utterances, and declared that anarchy had taken possession of the House. Motions of anarchy was being given an object lesson. The anarchists were being invited to place himself and assault people of violence. He concluded with frequent characterizations of the members who obstructed legislation as anarchists and revolutionists and as he proceeded there were alternate scenes of uproar confusion and calm attentionment. The speaker warning kindly called to order and was finally compelled to take his seat and then proceeded in order. He was greeted by a prolonged ovation on rising, but always followed the rules of the minutes. The aisles of the House were crowded with members while he was speaking, and the galleries were crowded.

The fight on the silver bill was renewed, and Bland moved to place the senate at 5 p. m. tomorrow.

Tracy filibustered and secured roll calls which again protracted the struggle with little prospect that a quorum will be secured.

The Silver Problem.

CALCUTTA, Feb. 23.—The Bengal chamber of commerce discussed a resolution that the true interests of the country demand that the mints be reopened, but adopted, 69 to 15, an amendment to the effect that the mints should not be reopened. The failure of the silver question in India was a universal movement of all produce towards the ports, the export being to raise money in Europe upon the products so forwarded.

Silver's Sweet Dream.

NEW YORK, Feb. 23.—The break in silver in London and the consequent drop in prices here, leads by dealers in this city to let the collapse of the bull movement being manipulated by London banking houses and merchants from on the strength of the promise only so imperfectly to India. The failure of the India council to favor such action, and the fear that other countries may yet be made to the Bimetallic system of India, has, it is thought, brought on a liquidating movement on the part of the silver syndicate, which has brought about the heavy fall in the price.

Western Stockmen's.

LONDON, Feb. 23.—A dispatch from Fayal, Azore Islands, announces the loss of eight of a crew, including all the officers of the bark Montgomery Castle. The men were washed overboard during a storm.

Land Office Items.

Charles J. Butler, of Richmond, Cache county, has filed an application in the land office for a desert entry of forty acres in section 8, township 15 north, range 1 east.

John Smith, of East Brunton, Davis county, has filed a final proof for his homestead entry of 120 acres in section 32, township 2 north, range 1 east.

CRUSHED BY THE CARS.

William Pallen Has Both Legs Cut by a Train and Killed.

On Wednesday a frightful accident occurred at Lehi Junction, resulting in the death of a fourteen-year-old boy named William Pallen. His stepfather, Jonathan Chatterton, is an employe of the Union Pacific Railway company, and formerly a resident of this city. But on Wednesday he was assisting with his family to Lehi Junction to take charge of the engine there. It appears that his stepson left the train and proceeded up the track in the direction of the house in which the family expected to take up their abode. At the same time a train was backing down the track, which, however, he was prevented from observing on account of a blinding storm which was then in progress. The boy was run down by the train, which passed over the lower parts of his body, crushing his limbs in a fearful manner. He was not discovered for some ten or twelve minutes, when his cries attracted the attention of a lady living near by, who taken of the men at the depot. When found he held a basket and a parcel under his arm, and was lying close by the track. A physician at Lehi was immediately sent for, as was also the company's surgeon at Provo, but on their arrival pronounced his case hopeless. All was done that could be to alleviate his suffering, but he died at 8 o'clock in the evening.

His body was brought to this city and taken to the undertaking establishment of O'Donnell & Nepple, where it was prepared for burial, and will be sent to Bountiful at which place the funeral will take place tomorrow.

Once More Heard Of.

The Searles (Dyer) conservatory was called up in the Probate court this afternoon on the petition of Mrs. Searles, for the reopening of the first and second accounts. The executors (Messrs. Henderson and Farley L. Williams) are strenuously opposing it.

Criminal Calendar.

On Monday next Chief Justice Merrill will commence to tackle the criminal calendar of the Third district court, and the day's work will begin with the arraignment of another lot of prisoners against whom indictments have been filed by the grand jury now in session.

High Priests' Meeting.

The regular monthly meeting of the High Priests' quorum of the Salt Lake stake of Zion will convene in the Assembly hall, Salt Lake City, on Saturday, February 24, 1894, at 11 a.m.

The High Council having passed upon the recommends of all the bishops and counselors for the position of the office of High Priest, these officers are requested to report themselves at the meeting with their actives received from said council.

Members of the city, ward and the Lesser Priesthood are cordially invited to be present.

ELIAS MORRIS,
President.

THE SNOW BLOCKADE

The Delayed Union Pacific Trains Arrived at Noon Today.

EXCELLENT ROTARY PLOW WORK.

The Rio Grande Western Expects to Have Train Service Between Ogden and Ogden Tonight.

All of the Union Pacific trains from the east arrived in this city slowly following each other at noon today. Yesterday they were completely snowbound and as a consequence anxiously awaited passengers and mail did not arrive until today.

The worst portion of the blockade was between Farmington and Ogden, though the stretch of country between the Point of the Mountain and Lehi gave great deal of trouble. This morning a force of two hundred men went down to raise the blockade which after several hours of hard work gave way to the powerful and effective rotary snow plow which came down from the Idaho division. Drills that had repeatedly failed of the ordinary locomotive yielded readily and soon the way was cleared for traffic.

The Rio Grande Western came in on time from eastern points through the Little Giant line had several engines stuck fast in the snow between Cedar Fort and Orem since yesterday. The officials of the road report that their rails will be cleared by seven o'clock tonight and that after that they expect no more trouble of a similar character this winter.

Owing to all the working force being required on other parts in the Union Pacific, the locomotive which went into "the ditch" on the Oregon branch has not been replaced on the track. The engine was taken after a coat of salt when it was derailed. Two other engines went to assist the disabled iron horse, but the storm of Wednesday was too much for them, and they had difficulty in getting out of the snow. Yesterday and today they had work elsewhere.

Court Callings.

U. S. Marshal Brigham has appointed H. M. Tanner of Beaver, chief of the Beaver division, Vice Deputy Geary resigned.

The petition of S. H. H. Clark et al., receivers of the Union Pacific railway has been filed in the Third district court. It was recently filed in Omaha, in the U. S. Circuit court there.

Bottington, Johnson & Co. have filed an action against Salt Lake City in the Third district court to recover $4,000, said to be due as damages sustained by the break in the water main on the corner of Second South and Main streets on January 11th.

The case of Spencer Clawson et al., administrators, vs. Arthur Brown commenced in Justice Barton's division of the Third district court at 3 o'clock p. m. on Wednesday. The jury found unanimously in favor of the defendant. The suit involved the right of possession to a piece of land 3x5 feet, in lot 13, block 1 plat J.

A Dangerous Pastime.

A Spanish Fork correspondent to the *Provo Dispatch*, under date of Feb. 19th, says: Last Monday evening young Schuyler Brown, while holding to a horse's tail which another boy was riding was kicked in the face, knocking out seven teeth and swelling and bruising his face and eyes considerably. At present writing he is improving rapidly. Many boys here have a habit of holding to a horse's tail, and sliding on their skates, while the rider urges his pony to a dangerous speed. It is a wonder that many accidents have not occurred.

Reservoirs to be Constructed.

Mr. Rye Maxwell, civil engineer, late of Salt Lake, says the Richfield *Advocate*, has been in Richfield for several days drawing up plans and plats of a reservoir that will be constructed a short distance southwest of Joseph City, the principal town of which will be $6,000. The reservoir will cover about 115 acres, with an average depth of 22½ feet; the dam will be 50 feet high and 170 feet thick at the base and 25 at the top. The pipe through which the water will flow will be made of wood staves bound with iron bands. The staves of this pipe will be made in such a way that the internal pressure of the water will force the staves closer together instead of spreading them. The pipe will be laid in mortar and cement. The overflow will be through a natural gap some distance away from the dam. This will be the beginning of a number of reservoirs that must be constructed in the near future in this and Pleasant valleys, and we which is so much with a good deal of interest.

BEE'S WISDOM.

If the Capital Must Be Moved, Pleasant Grove "is Willin'."

KANAB, Utah, Feb. 19, 1894.

Editor Deseret News:

I see that the permanent location of the capital of the new state of Utah is being agitated, and a bill is to be introduced into the Legislature to locate it at Provo, as against Salt Lake, the present capital. I have noticed some of the arguments on the subject. It is said by the friends of Provo that they have the best scenery, the most mountainous scenery, the most water, the prettiest lake, the most good beach road, are nearest the geographical center and the center of population.

I have considered these statements and come to the following conclusions: The places are so close to each other that the question is about the nearest approach to mountain scenery, the two places are located at the base of the same range, and you can see the same peaks from each locality; as to water, each place has enough of that element; as to lakes, Salt Lake has the advantage; each has land enough for capital purposes; as to geographical center, Provo has a slight advantage, and as to the center of population, I think the honors are very, very nearly at the point of the mountain near the "Jordan dam."

Now, Mr. Editor, as a compromise of this question, I would suggest to the Legislature to leave the capital as it now stands in the vicinity of Wasatch's vineyard, and if there is any lack of water it can be made up with the best of native wine, "Deseret News Extract." And I would further recommend the committee who may have the bill in charge to amend by striking out Provo and inserting Pleasant Grove, report the same and recommend its passage.

If this can be done, Kanab won't want Battle Peak.

JOHN HANSEN (Hibernating).

SOUTHERN UTAH.

A Large Reservoir Nearing Completion—Returned Missionaries.

Correspondence DESERET NEWS.

KANAB, Kane Co., Feb. 14, 1894.—The usual monotony of dry weather and sand was fairly broken last Saturday when six or eight inches of snow fell, and cleared off with a drifting blizzard from the northeast.

The merry jingle of sleigh bells have been heard in our town, which is rather unusual for Kanab, and our prospects for water to irrigate our lands with next season is very fair.

A new reservoir covering about 15 acres is nearing completion from which the lower part of our farming lands can be watered. Twenty teams and scrapers have been working steadily for several weeks. Our main ditch is enlarged and a good deal of work has also been done on our dam, in widening out the spill, preparing for spring freshes and early use of all the water in Kanab creek. Our reservoir, constructed last winter at the upper part of our field has proven very successful and we feel much encouraged to such enterprises. We have more natural sites for reservoirs and expect to utilize them in the near future.

A welcome-home reception was given last evening to our returned missionaries—from New Zealand, Elders Wm. T. and David B. Stewart. About 300 adults sat down to supper at 8 p. m., and to see the abundance of good, wholesome food prepared by the sisters, would indicate there was no scarcity in the land and that "hard times had come again no more." A program was rendered during the evening, consisting of speeches of welcome home to the missionaries by Elder E. D. Woolley, president of the stake, and Elder Johnson, Bishop of the ward; also an original address written by Sister M. Elizabeth Little, which were responded to by the brethren, who appeared to lack for nothing but for words to express their appreciation. Songs, recitations, select readings, music by the choir and by the brass band, and were interspersed with dancing till 12 o'clock. I ought to say all this took place in our new social hall erected last summer and fall and was so far completed as to be used during the holidays for meetings and other socialists; it is the only building we have had that was large enough to hold the people. J. L. H.

A Golden Wedding.

A golden wedding was held on the 20th of Dec., 1893, at Burrville, Sevier county, Utah, that of Chas. C. Burr and Sarah Butt. Chas. C. Burr was born in Lyden, Lewis Co., New York, in 1817. Sarah Blest Burr was born in Schoharie Co., town of Jefferson, New York, Jan. 8, 1821. They were married on the 20th of December, 1843. Soon after they were married they embraced the Gospel in their native state and went to the ship Brooklyn in Sept. Brannan's company to California. In 1846 they came from California and settled in Salt Lake City. Some time after they moved to Payson City, where they resided until eighteen years ago, when they moved to Grass valley, and settled near where Burrville now stands, which was afterwards laid out and named in honor of the venerable couple. In the afternoon of the memorable day the family, consisting of fifty children, grandchildren, and great-grandchildren, with invited guests, met at the meeting house where a sumptuous dinner had been prepared by members of the family. After the repast they all went home to prepare for a good time at night in dancing and carrying out a program which had been previously arranged, consisting of speeches, songs and recitations. About 11 o'clock they commenced cutting the wedding cake which was passed to all present, for to each member. Father Burr made a speech explaining in brief the necessity of all so living that their days might be long upon the earth.

Brother Burr danced with daughters and granddaughters and Sister Burr with sons and grandsons, and were jolly and gay as many of our mature years.—*Richfield Advocate.*

A Dude and Monkey Show.

A local dude with more than ordinary notoriety visited Wonderland last night. He was accompanied by his best girl and was in a very pleasant and merry mood. Of all the sights on the upper floor that attracted his attention most was the cage of monkeys. He talked in a semi-learned way and said that he believed with Darwin that man originally was a grinning ape, but that through the system of evolution he had put his ancestors to shame by reason of his superiority over them. He then commenced to talk to the animals on the inside of the cage which he had just admitted were his distant relatives. The largest monkey at once set up a responsive chatter to which there were numerous replies on the part of the assembled crowd. In fact in a short time the pair got on very familiar terms with each other. Finally the latter, in the evolution theory allowed the rear side of his cream colored silk handkerchief to fall through the bars on to the reclining body of the unsuspecting ape.

For a time the latter appeared to enjoy the soft covering to the utmost until when to the chagrin of his pleasure he received a sharp thrust from a lead pencil in the hand of an overzealous schoolmaster boy. Like a flash, the monkey darted up the bars of the cage, taking with him to his topmost perch the dude's silk handkerchief. The crowd laughed and the young man with the eye glasses, watch chain and cane asked how he had lost his only friend. He raised, erased and aimed swore at the monkey with the hopes of him giving up the colorado-saturated kerchief. But monkey had it and monkey meant to keep it and did so until he got through with it and text was not before the article was entirely unfit for future use.

ARRIVED TODAY.

Elder Barton's Remains To Rolle—Time of the Funeral.

On the Denver express due here at 2:10 this afternoon is the body of Elder Walter Barton, the missionary who died at McComb City, Mississippi, on the 19th. Elder Geo. A. Smith accompanies the remains to this city, where they will be taken to Bishop Orson H. Archibald, President of the Mutual's class meeting, who will proceed with them to Kaysville.

The hour for receiving the funeral services over Elder Barton has been fixed for 11 o'clock on Sunday morning. They will be held in the Kaysville tabernacle.

THE MONTH OF JANUARY.

Monthly Review of the Utah Weather Bureau.

Although the weather during January, 1894, was somewhat warmer than the average, reports Observer Salisbury, in the northern part of Utah, it was quite a stormy month, and without the usual warm days of the so-called "January thaw."

In the southern part of the Territory it was by no means an average January, the conditions being decidedly abnormal. The temperature averaged three to five degrees cooler than it usually is in January, and the precipitation was scanty. Unless considerable more snow falls on the southern mountains during February and March the following season will witness a scarcity of water in the southern part of the Territory.

The precipitation for the month, throughout the Territory, was almost entirely in the form of snow. The average amount reported for the month was thirteen inches. The Utah weather service has secured a valuable acquisition in the shape of reports from Silver Lake, Salt Lake county, in the heart of the Wasatch mountains. Reports from there indicate the snow to have been over six feet deep at the end of the month.

The coldest days were generally the fifth, sixth, ninth, tenth, and on or between these dates the minimum or lowest temperature occurred at all stations, with but two exceptions. The warmest day was generally either the fifteenth or the twenty-ninth.

HEARING OF MOTIONS.

That is How Judge Merrill Fills Up His Time.

In Judge Merrill's court this morning the following orders were made:

John J. Gray vs the Greenback Co. Ten days additional time allowed to answer.

Frank Knox vs the Greenback Co. Ten days additional time allowed to answer.

Salt Lake board of education vs the Salt Lake Pressed Brick Co. et al. Attorney F. S. Richards appointed to try and report findings of judgment.

Morris Goldberg vs J. A. Greenbeck et al. Motion to vacate order of reference overruled and order allowed to stand. Exceptions.

Franklin H. Pickering vs Salt Lake City Railway company. By consent case dismissed.

M. D. Wells et al vs the Mount Pleasant Coop. Demurrer to complaint overruled and demurrer sustained. Judgment as prayed.

Wyth Denny vs John Beck. Motion for judgment on the pleadings, allowed.

Moyes Bros Drug Co. vs Karl D. Gray. Default, judgment for plaintiff as prayed, for $0.85.

Sidney Stevens vs Negni Sargent et al. Motion for judgment by default allowed for plaintiff, $5,004, this to include attorney's fee.

Martin Ann Combs vs the Utah Paint and Oil Co. Motion to strike out complaint in intervention and demurrer to intervention argued and submitted.

Judge Merrill is again hearing motions this afternoon.

Held for Housebreaking.

Arthur Wood, the native housebreaker who entered the residence of A. W. McClure, president of the Salt Lake City Railway company, a few nights ago and stole a $20 overcoat, was today held by Police Justice Smith to await the action of the grand jury. His bonds were fixed at $500, and in default of surety he was committed to the custody of Sheriff McAlister at the county jail.

The Dooly Building Episode.

The charge of assault preferred by John Bloomfield against James W. Hardley has been fixed for hearing in Commissioner Pratt's court next Monday, at 10 a. m.

This is the case in which trouble arose between the parties, on Wednesday last, over a money bill, when the complainant got hairy out across the nose.

CIVIL JURY CASES

Another Setting Made by Chief Justice Merrill This Day.

COMPLETE LIST OF THE DATES.

Names of Attorneys Who Will Figure on the Hearing of the Respective Suits.

In Chief Justice Merrill's court today nearly the whole of the afternoon was taken up with the setting of civil jury cases for trial, commencing on Thursday, March 1st, and continuing till March 16th inclusive. The bar was there in full strength. A list of the settings is given below:

THURSDAY, MARCH 1ST.

E. F. Anson vs Peter Anderson—Frank Holman, U. S. Pearson; W. A. Kinney.

C. R. Durst vs A. G. Paddock et al—E. W. Tayler; G. W. Dyer.

James E. Paine vs R. L. Mill & Elevator Co.—F. Pierce; Bennett & Talbot.

FRIDAY, MARCH 2ND.

H. I. Miers vs Thomas Venard—Bledsoe & Talbot; Rich & Putnam.

R. Y. Tout Co. vs Henry Wagener—R. W. Young; James A. Williams.

James Johnston vs Robert F. Brown—Benedict, Marshall & Bradley; C. O. Wells-Lowe.

MONDAY MARCH 5TH.

Alliance Mining Co. vs Anchor Mining Co.—Owen & Hilles; Brown & Henderson.

Geo. Canning vs Steve Barton—Frank Pierce; C. O. Wellbourne.

Jas. W. Hogue vs R. G. W. Railway Co.—J. W. Judd; Bennett, Marshall & Bradley.

TUESDAY, MARCH 6TH.

Peter F. Goss vs Salt Lake City—Richards & Moyle; E. D. Hoge.

S. L. Mill & Elevator Co. vs James E. Paine et al—Baldwin & Talbot; F. Pierce.

Princess of Wales Co. vs Wm. Groesbeck et al—F. R. Stephens; Bailey & Kane.

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 7TH.

R. A. M. Prescott vs B. B. E. Ward et al—H. H. Lewis, U. the Rich; Frank R. Stephens.

Jas. Hartnett vs Samuel Paul—Powers & Hall; E. D. Hoge.

Joseph H. Slater vs U. P. Railway Co.—Baldwin & Talbot; P. L. Williams.

TUESDAY, MARCH 13TH.

Thomas Brown vs. Joseph Marion—George W. Moyer; Breese & Hurley.

Francis Pilloch vs J. Hyde et al—W. W. Schroeder; R. Ferguson.

Isaac Hunter vs R. G. W. Railway Co.—R. Ferguson, Bennett, Marshall & Bradley.

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 14TH.

C. F. Loofbourow, admr., vs Niagara Mining & S. Co.—Loofbourow & Kaul; W. C. Hall.

Hyrum Harris vs Freed Furn. & C. Co.—Brown & Henderson; Loofbourow & Kaul.

Hyrum Harris vs Freed Furn. & C. Co.—Brown & Henderson; Loofbourow & Kaul.

THURSDAY, MARCH 15TH.

Meyer Hamburger et al vs D. Alexander et al—Jay D. Street; C. S. Varian, Powers & Hall.

Joseph Kraus vs R. G. W. Railway Co.—J. E. Jones; C. C. Taylor; Bennett, Marshall & Bradley.

Abraham Jolly vs Charles Hayes—Rungis & Smith; Richardson & Moyle.

FRIDAY, MARCH 16TH.

James Hagber vs E. J. Harley—F. Pierce; M. A. M. Young.

Samuel Roberts Jr vs S. S. Howard et al—J. A. Williams, Geo. Westervelt; S. W. Darke.

W. T. Allard Jr vs S. S. Howard et al—J. A. Williams, Geo. Westervelt; S. W. Darke.

Today's Probate Court.

Estate of Jane Hanson, deceased. Hearing on final account and petition for distribution entered. Order made and account allowed.

For Assaulting the Doctor.

The case in which C. G. Brown is accused of assault and battery on the person of Dr. Newton will be investigated in Commissioner Pratt's court next Monday.

Wedding Bells.

Yesterday, February 22, Mr. Edward Dobey, of Nephi, and Miss Emma Simpson, of Forest Dale, were united in marriage at the Salt Lake Temple. In the evening the wedding reception was held at the residence of the bride's father, Mr. C. H. Simpson, Forest Dale, where a pleasant company assembled and united in wishing the young couple a happy journey through life.