

## BY TELEGRAPH.

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## AMERICAN.

CHICAGO, 16.—Gen. Stiles, attorney in the case before the superior court, has, by means of a challenge of jury for irregularity, developed the fact that provisions of law for selecting juries are being utterly disregarded in Cook County. One judge has admitted that he has not had a valid jury before him for 14 months. All the formal provisions of law have been ignored.

It is believed that there will be no pugilistic encounter between Elliott and Allen; both apparently prefer to fight by the mouth.

NEW YORK, 16.—The *Herald* says: It would be a great thing if we could get such a law as that proposed in the bill reported in both houses yesterday, "To remove burdens from the American merchant marine." John Roach is yet to be heard from; however.

The *Times* says of the minority report of the same committee: The recommendations that American citizens shall have the right to purchase and put under American registry foreign built ships without the payment of import duty are not only the simpler remedy for the decay of our shipping trade, but they embody the only legislation likely to have any appreciable effect in bringing about its revival.

George J. Rice, president of the Utica, Ithaca and Elmira Railroad, was arrested last night on charges of forgery, overissue of stock and embezzlement. It is said there is a discrepancy in his accounts of from \$80,000 to \$100,000. The prisoner lives near Elmira.

A Pittsburg special says: It transpires that the suicide of Harvey Matthews, in Chicago, recently was due to enforced separation from an octoroon wife here. His wife is young, handsome and rich, but the family interposed and drove the young man from the city. His wife will make a legal fight for possession of the body.

A Harrisburg special says: Allen Dever, a released lunatic, murdered his father-in-law and dangerously wounded his wife yesterday, using a knife with desperate and maniacal strength. He barricaded himself and was captured only after being shot in the leg. He had five revolvers when taken.

A Kingston, Ont., special says: The students of the medical college have made a dead set against allowing lady students at clinics, and by aid of citizens carried their point. The authorities agreeing to separate the classes for ladies.

A Harrisburg special says: Governor Hoyt, yesterday heard arguments for and against the recognition of a requisition issued by the governor of New York for a man named Greenawalt, who, it is alleged, obtained \$28,000 worth of diamonds by false pretences from several firms in New York. It is stated that Greenawalt represented himself as a wealthy man, doing business in Philadelphia, with a large bank account. He obtained the diamonds and pawned some of them, while the remainder fell into the hands of confederates. It transpires that Greenawalt is a sample clerk on Eighth Street, Philadelphia. Governor Hoyt did not decide the case but leaned towards the issuance of a warrant.

The Japanese Prince who arrived to-day is an uncle of the Emperor of Japan, and is completing a six months' tour of Europe. Mr. Takshi, Japanese consul, Manarorie Trashima, the Japanese minister at Washington, met the Prince at the pier and conducted him to the Fifth Avenue Hotel, which will be the Prince's abode during his stay in the city. Three days will be spent in New York, when the party will go to Washington. A tour of the south and west will be made by the Prince, who will sail for home via California.

His Highness gave the following account of his travels: "We left Japan on June 19, to pay visits of courtesy to the heads of the different nations. In Italy the King treated us royally, lodging us in his palaces wherever we went. From there we went to Switzerland, making the tour of the principal cities; thence to France, calling upon President Grevy, who returned our visit, and then we journeyed to Konigsberg. The Emperor Alexander sent a carriage for our transportation into his dominions, and while there it was one perfect ovation to us: The Emperor welcomed us as his guests, gave fetes and balls, ordered the

military to receive us at every station, and the highest court decorations were bestowed upon each member of the party. St. Petersburg and Moscow were splendidly illuminated in our honor, and we shall always have pleasant remembrance of the warm attention shown us. From Russia we traveled to Venice, where we were banqueted by the king, and after that, descending the Rhine, we made Holland and Belgium objective points. Kaiser William received us and returned our visit, and so did Leopold, the Belgians' king, at Brussels. We had a pleasant time in Madrid and Lisbon. The Queen accepted a visit from us at Windsor Castle. How long we shall remain here is yet undecided. It was our intention to proceed to Washington in a day or two, and after paying our respects to the President, start for California, and reach there in time to sail for home on the 28th inst., but the steamer advertised for that date is small, and we may wait for another, thereby giving time to make a longer visit here. The Emperor, he says, is highly pleased with the commercial relations existing between America and Japan.

TROY, 16.—Fourteen hundred iron and steel workers are idle here on account of a wheel breaking in the Burden Iron Works and other accidents.

BALTIMORE, 16.—Jno. Schengler this morning shot his wife and killed himself.

Canton, Ill., 16.—G. P. Hotchkiss, special agent of the Central Telephone Co., sends the following report: About 7 o'clock this a. m. two boilers in Parlin, Orendorff & Co's extensive agricultural works exploded, completely demolishing the brick engine house and tearing out considerable of the south wall of the main building, besides shattering the glass and otherwise injuring other adjacent buildings. A fire broke out immediately but was soon extinguished by the steam. The following is the list of killed: Wm. McKarney, engineer; Louis Hunnicut, fireman. W. C. Hindirsar, Joshua Oldham and A. Nickman.

SAN FRANCISCO, 15.—The Princess, Marquis and suite go by special train to Monterey this afternoon. They will remain there until the early part of next week, when they will return to town. On the 20th the Princess and ladies will go to Santa Barbara, but the Marquis will return to Canada.

NEW YORK, 16.—The church is again denouncing the "Passion Play." The *Jewish Messenger* says positively there is no demand, as there is no necessity for the presentation, and the exhibition may do positive injury in a way probably not imagined, without adding any treasure to his coffers. If, despite the objections of the press and the better portion of the public, he insists on producing the play, the best form of rebuke will be for all people to refrain from patronizing him. There is no danger, however, that the play will fall to draw, and crowds will flock to it just as crowds flock to see Mrs. Langtry, out of curiosity. Salmi Morse's theatre is nearly completed. His leading actors are all engaged, and his chorus is in rehearsal. Whose money is invested in the enterprise is a profound secret. It is not Morse's, for he has none, but somewhere or other he has secured the backing of plenty of capital. He has also fortified himself with legal opinions to the effect that the production of the Passion Play cannot be stopped. If the authorities act on the advice of the press and pulpit, and try to stop it, he intends to fight the matter in the courts. The *World* says Morse reckoned without his host, when he concluded the authorities could not stop his show. If he does carry his point, the rather curious spectacle will be presented of a unique entertainment revolting to the religious sentiment in the community, produced at great expense in a building specially erected for it, contrary to the wishes of the authorities, the press, pulpit, and the best classes of society.

NEW YORK, 15.—George Bayard and Gustave Raymond, liquor dealers, charged with re-using revenue stamps, entered a plea of guilty. Both were released on \$7,500 bail to await sentence. It is reported that they offer to compromise with the government by the payment of \$100,000.

Boston, 15.—Officers of Bellevue Medical College are arrested, charged with issuing diplomas to persons grossly ignorant of the theory and practice of medicine.

Washington, 16.—A bogus report was current here last night that a high government officer lost a large sum at faro and was thrown from the card room.

Ponnetbrook, O., 16.—In the criminal court here, a case has been commenced against Baron Alexander Paul Hammington, cousin of the husband of Princess Fredrica, on various charges of swindling while acting as representative of the claimant to the property of the late Gen. Reinhardt, who left a large fortune.

NEW YORK, 16.—A gentleman who was entertaining several friends at dinner in Delmonico's, this evening, was surprised when requested by two detectives to step outside. After a whispered conversation, in which he was informed that he was a prisoner on a criminal charge, the stranger entered a carriage with the detectives. The trio were driven to police headquarters, and the man was locked up. None of the officials say anything concerning the capture. During the evening the man under arrest was visited by his lawyer and a number of prominent railroad officials. It leaked out that the prisoner was a wealthy resident of Elmira, N. Y., who for several years had filled the position of secretary to several railroad corporations.

A woman closely veiled was brought to the police headquarters in a hack to night. The case is mysterious and regarded as important.

SAN FRANCISCO, 16.—To-day Mrs. Chas. Pope was found shot through the head in a dying condition, at the house of a friend where she was temporarily stopping, having quarrelled with and left her husband. Pope himself was found dead also in the yard a few blocks away, a revolver beside him, two chambers discharged. It is supposed he shot his wife and then suicided, but there is no evidence. Mrs. Pope died without speaking.

Sarah Kave, aged eighteen, governess in the family of Major Chipman, committed suicide last night by taking poison. The only cause known is a sharp reproof from her mistress yesterday for a slight fault.

WASHINGTON, 16.—A number of House democrats are determined to make all the trouble possible for the land grant railroads during the remaining days of Congress. They attribute their zeal to patriotism and a desire for the public good, but it is by no means impossible some of them may have close relations to the bears of Wall Street. At all events, it is the bears of Wall Street who are mostly benefited by these movements at present, for no one imagines that the closing hours of Congress, with the great questions of tariff and taxation and other business to be considered, a discussion of so vast a subject as the land grant system of the government is likely to be entered upon. Resolutions affecting a number of roads have been introduced, and more are threatened. The warfare is to be continued even with greater vigor in the next Congress. Cobb will introduce a bill especially aimed at the Northern Pacific.

A caucus of republican senators this morning declined to call up the civil service bill immediately and reach a vote to-day if possible. Henry Yule Hind renews his charge of conspiracy between Ottawa customs officials and the bureau of statistics at Washington, to alter the records of the governments of the United States and Canada regarding the exportation of fish from the United States to Canada and British North America. On November 30th, he wrote from Windsor to Secretary Frelinghuysen, giving details of the manipulated records. He asks an exhaustive enquiry and a thorough reformation of the civil service by which the frauds have been committed.

Ex-Senator Randolph, of New Jersey, is quoted to-night as saying: "I don't claim to be a prophet, but there are things I think I can foresee; and let me tell you that Joe McDonald, of Indiana, is going to be the next President. There is such an uprising in his favor among the democrats east as well as west, that unless something occurs to very much change the aspect of affairs, he will get the nomination and the man who gets the democratic nomination will be President."

General Sherman gives up the active command of the army next fall. The President has accepted 250 miles of new road on the Atlantic and Pacific Railway, and 200 in Arizona.

NEW YORK, 16.—President Norvin Green, of the Western Union Telegraph Company, was to-day served with a notice from Attorney-General Palmer, of Pennsylvania, citing the company to appear on the 27th prox., to show cause why an information on behalf of the commonwealth should not be filed restraining the company from doing business in the State, and the appointment of a receiver of all its land and property in Pennsylvania. It is alleged that the company have repeatedly violated the constitution of the State, which provides that no telegraph company shall consolidate with or hold controlling interest in the stock or bonds of any other telegraph company owning competing lines; and by these violations it has forfeited its property.

AUGUSTA, Me., 16.—Hon. Lot M. Morrill is growing weaker. There has been a great change in his condition the last twenty-four hours. He expresses a desire to live to see his daughters, who are on the way from Europe, and expected every hour at New York.

LA FAYETTE, 16.—G. S. Orth died at 10.45 last night. He was unconscious. He has been gradually but steadily sinking. The disease was blood poisoning, superinduced by cancer. He was in his 66th year.

LONDON, 16.—The Bishop of Llandaff is dead.

WATERBURY, Conn., 15.—Dennis Sullivan and John Leary were fatally injured, John Gilroy's thigh fractured, Conductor Monahan received contusions on the head, and an Italian was dangerously injured, by a collision on the New York and New England railroad.

Montreal, 15.—There was a collision on the Southeastern Railway between a passenger and freight train. No one killed.

Western, as well as Pacific Coast roads, hope the eastern lines will reconsider their action and restore the old emigrant rates.

Boston, 16.—An agent of the Duke of Sutherland is now in this country, and in charge of the land agent of the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe Railroad. He will inspect the Atchison lands in Kansas, the Atchison and Pacific Railroad Companies' lands in Arizona, and some lands offered for sale in Chihuahua on the line of the Mexican Central road.

St. Louis, 16.—It is reported that fast freight lines are cutting again.

NEW YORK, 16.—The *Times* says: Uninvited, without the backing of any religious organization, or of the churches or clergy of the city, Geo. O. Barnes, the Mountain Evangelist from Kentucky, whose peculiar methods have created a sensation wherever he has labored, last evening began a series of revivals at Clarendon Hall.

CHICAGO, 16.—Peoria special: The *Freedman* Newspaper says a rumor is afloat that the whole distilling interest of Peoria is excited over a discovery that one of their members had been using crooked barrels of whiskey, which hold two gallons more than the standard barrels, making a net gain for the crooked distiller of \$100 a day. The matter has been brought to the attention of the collector of internal revenue, and back money for the excess contained in the barrels used is demanded or a criminal prosecution will follow.

MINNEAPOLIS, 16.—There was a fire at Barton Block this morning. The total loss is about \$90,000; insurance \$70,000. Several firms were concerned.

WASHINGTON, 16.—A committee appointed in behalf of several commercial organizations of New Orleans has prepared an address in behalf of the commercial interests of that city to present to the special committee appointed to investigate the improvement of the Mississippi River and to Congress. In this address the southwestern members are urged to vote in favor of some bill to open transit across the Isthmus between the Atlantic and Pacific.

The address says: Independent of making the Mississippi Valley the base of supply for provisions, lumber, work animals, labor and manufactures, it is also necessary to aid the construction of inter-oceanic transit. The workers of Peru will need a more extended market for the product of her hundred millions of people. The hour must come when a transfer of skilled labor from Europe to America will enable us to produce any article in the United States which we now import, when, and even before this stagnation of demand shall occur, where will the United States find a market for her surplus food and fabrics? Europe has, from a

similar cause, being compelled to seek reciprocal markets in tropical Asia, Africa and America. England has her India, which she must traverse great distances and encounter great obstacles to reach. You have an India at your door. England has recently shown that she will permit no cabinet of international interests to stand between her and her distant possessions. It will become the duty of the United States to see that no political or physical obstacle shall interrupt her coast-wise trade with her Pacific possessions, or with her foreign markets. We need a continental policy and it should be a permanent and determined one.

"My son can be re-elected senator if he desires," said old Simon Cameron here last week. This and other remarks make the groundwork for reports of a reconciliation in Pennsylvania between the stalwarts and halfbreeds. Last week in the Senate chamber three men sat on a sofa, Don and Simon Cameron and Senator Mitchell. This argues harm only not heretofore heard of.

NEW YORK, 16.—The *Times* editorial on the resolutions offered by Page asking the Secretary of War whether any of the river and harbor appropriations have been withheld, says: It was most appropriate that the one member of the House who has been repudiated by his constituents should have been selected to make this appeal. Page represents a constituency which is or should be impregnablely republican. His democratic fellow citizens apparently not comprehending the depth of disgust with which Page's course in the House has inspired his former supporters, merely went through the form of nominating a young stripling, whose candidacy was at first looked upon as a joke, nevertheless several thousand republicans in his district refused to vote, and the amazed young collegian, whom the democrats had pitted against him, found himself elected, and now, after a lesson so humiliating and stinging as this, Page returns to the House and declares with Robeson that he is just what he always was, and that the popular verdict or expression of popular opinion cannot change him or induce him to change his course.

Representative Anderson, in a speech on fast mails, after showing that New England only mailed 127,000,000 letters during 1880, while Pennsylvania, Ohio, Indiana and Illinois mailed 261,000,000, said we should provide facilities for people using them, but take the States of the West, and in fact many of the Territories running far out into the mountain ranges and out along the star routes into very sparse settlements, running from the western line of Ills., clear to the Pacific Ocean, and what is the number of letters mailed during the year in those States and Territories? two hundred and ninety millions, while in New England only 127,000,000. He submitted a table showing there were mailed in California 22,563,268, Colorado 107,490,24, Dakota 4,026,708, Nebraska 10,291,330, Nevada 1,963,884, Oregon 3,638,688, Utah 2,798,000, Wyoming 880,668, Alaska 6,812, Arizona 1,278,420, Idaho 825,812, Montana 1,576,224. He drew from these figures the deduction that the Western States and Territories deserve the utmost consideration as their averages and aggregate office patronage is large.

"LIBERAL" MEMORIAL TO CONGRESS.

In the report of the proceedings in the House of Representatives, on Dec. 7th, published in the Congressional Record, we find the following:

Mr. Haskell. I desire unanimous consent to present at this time a memorial from the non-Mormon people of Utah, and which I ask may be referred to the Committee on Territories, and ordered to be printed in the Record.

Mr. Burrows, of Michigan. I think this memorial would more properly go to the Committee on the Judiciary.

Mr. Haskell. I have no objection to that reference.

There being no objection, the following memorial was referred to the Committee on the Judiciary, and ordered to be printed in the Record:

## MEMORIAL OF THE NON-MORMON PEOPLE OF UTAH.

To His Excellency the President, and the Congress of the United States:

The undersigned, your memorialists, the Territorial central committee of the Liberal party of Utah Territory, respectfully represent;