DESERET EVENING NEWS.

TRUTH AND LIBERTY.

VOL. IX. SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH TERRITORY, FRIDAY EVENING, JUNE 9, 1876. NO. 168.

ST. LOUIS TRADE.

SEMPLE, BIRGE & CO.,

910 and 912 Washington Ave.,

ST. LOUIS,

MANUFACTURERS OF

AGRICULTURAL and MILL

MACHINERY,

AND

FARM

WAGONS!

THE

Largest Stock in the United States.

d127

W. H. GREGG, Pres't. F. W. ROCKWELL, Sec.

SOUTHERN WHITE LEAD COMPANY

SOUTHERN COMPANY WARRANTED STRICTLY PURE WHITE LEAD IN BLEACHED OIL ST. LOUIS.

Every Package of this Company's Brand of Strictly Pure White Lead bears the following guarantee:

☞ The White Lead contained in this Package is guaranteed by the Manufacturers, the SOUTHERN WHITE LEAD COMPANY, ST. LOUIS, MO., to contain no adulteration whatever. It is composed entirely of perfectly PURE CARBONATE OF LEAD and Linseed Oil, and is sold subject to Chemical Analysis and the BLOW PIPE TEST.

The name of this Company is placed ONLY upon STRICTLY PURE Lead. It is not placed upon a second or other inferior quality. So parties purchasing White Lead branded "SOUTHERN COMPANY" are ABSOLUTELY SURE of obtaining a Perfectly Pure Article.

☞ For Sale by Z. C. M. I., Godbe, Pitts & Co., Teasdel & Co., and Day & Co. d127

ESTABLISHED 1863.

Mammoth Lime Kilns,

HOT SPRING LAKE.

LIME Delivered in Salt Lake City by the Load at 25 cents per bushel.

BEST LIME IN THE MARKET for every purpose.

Will sell Cheaper for Cash at Kiln than any other firm in the Terrritory.

MACDUFF BROTHERS. d129

UTAH CENTRAL RAILROAD

PIONEER LINE OF UTAH.

On and after June 20th 1875.

Name of Station.	No. 1. Pass'r.	No. 3. Pass'r.	Fares.
Trains leave Salt Lake.	7 00 AM	3 40 PM	
Wood's Cross.	7 25 "	4 08 "	.60
Centerville	7 33 "	4 15 "	.75
Farmington	7 50 "	4 33 "	1.00
Kaysville.	8 12 "	4 52 "	1.35
Arrive at Ogden.	9 00 "	5 40 "	2.00

Name of Station.	No. 2. Pass'r.	No. 4. Pass'r.	Fares.
Trains leave Ogden	9 45 AM	6.20 PM	
Kaysville.	10 41 "	7 10 "	1.00
Farmington	10 52 "	7 21 "	1.35
Centerville	11 04 "	7 44 "	1.60
Wood's Cross.	11 13 "	7 53 "	1.75
Arrive at Salt Lake.	11 40 "	8 20 "	2.00

*Passing Places.

MIXED TRAINS WILL RUN DAILY, (Sundays Excepted,)

Leaving Salt Lake City at 8:40 a. m. and 4:05 p.m.; and Ogden at 5 a.m and 3:30 p.m.

☞ For all information concerning Freight or Passage, apply to

JOHN SHARP, JR., Gen. Freight and Ticket Agent.

JOHN SHARP, Superintendent.

UTAH SOUTHERN RAILROAD

On and after May 29th, 1876,

Going South.

Name of Station.	No. 1. Passenger.	No. 3. Freight.	No. 5. Freight.	Fare.
	A.M.	A.M.	P.M.	
Trains leave	7 00	6 10	2 30	....
Salt Lake	7 38	6 45	3 05	50
Little Cottonwood	7 48	7 15	3 35	75
Junction				
Arrive at Sandy.	7 58	7 25	3 45	1 00
Leave	mxd			
Sandy	8 08			....
Draper	8 18			1 25
Lehi	9 08			1 75
American Fork	9 20			1 90
Pleasant Grove	9 33			2 00
Provo	10 15			2 50
Springville	10 28			2 75
Spanish Fork	10 51			3 00
Payson	11 33			3 50
Santaquin	11 48			4 00
Arrive at Terminus	12 00			4 00

Going North.

Name of Station.	No. 2. Passenger.	No. 4. Passenger.	No. 6. Freight.	Fare.
Trains leave Terminus	12 30	A. M.	P. M.	....
Santaquin	12 42			50
Payson	1 17			1 00
Spanish Fork	1 49			1 00
Springville	2 05			1 25
Provo	2 35			2 00
Pleasant Grove	3 05			2 00
American Fork	3 20			2 10
Lehi	3 32			2 25
Draper	4 22			2 50
Arrive at Sandy,	4 37			....
Leave Sandy	4 47	9 15	5 00	3 00
Junction	4 57	9 25	5 10	3 25
Little Cottonw'd	5 11	9 55	5 40	3 50
Arrive at Salt Lake.	5 40	10 30	6 15	4 00

Nos. 1 and 2 will be run daily.

Nos. 3, 4, 5 and 6 will be run daily, Sundays excepted.

☞ For all information concerning Freight or Passage, apply to

JOHN SHARP, General Superintendent.

JOHN SHARP, JR., General Freight and Ticket Agent.

Utah Western Railway COMPANY.

SPRING & SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

ON AND AFTER

Monday, May 1st, 1876,

THE UTAH WESTERN RAILWAY COMPANY will run daily Trains as follows (Sundays excepted):

Leave Salt Lake City at 7 a. m.
(Stopping 25 minutes at Lake Point for Breakfast.)
Arrive at Half-way House at 9.25 a. m.
Leave Half-way House at 11.40 a. m.
(Stopping 25 minutes at Lake Point for Dinner.)
Arriving at Salt Lake City at 2.05 p.m.

ON SUNDAYS

Leave Salt Lake City at 10:45 a.m., stopping 25 minutes at Lake Point for Dinner, arrive at Half-way House at 1:10 p.m.; returning leave Half-way House at 1:35 p.m., arriving at Salt Lake City at 7:30 p.m.

On Wednesdays & Sundays

ONLY, a SPECIAL EXCURSION TRAIN will leave Salt Lake City at 10.45 a.m., connecting at Lake Point with

THE STEAMER

GENERAL GARFIELD

Which will make a trip on the GREAT SALT LAKE, returning in time for Supper at the Lake Point Hotel, and connect with Train arriving at Salt Lake City at 7.30 p.m.

TICKETS (good on either of Wednesday and Sunday Trains, and including ride on Steamer), $1.50.

Special rates given to Excursion Parties upon application to G. W. THATCHER, General Passenger Agent.

For any information concerning freight, apply to J. N. PIKE, Gen'l Freight Agent.

d120 H. P. KIMBALL, Supt.

UTAH NORTHERN RAILROAD.

ON AND AFTER

JANUARY 1st, 1876

Trains will run Daily as follows:

NORTHWARD.

	No. 1.
Leave Ogden	9:20 a. m.
" Brigham	10:50 "
" Logan	2:00 p. m.
Arrive at Franklin	3:30 "

SOUTHWARD.

	No. 2.
Leave Franklin	9:00 a. m.
" Logan	10:35 "
" Brigham	2:35 p. m.
Arrive at Ogden	4:00 "

Gilmer & Salisbury's Stage Line to and from Montana connects with trains at Franklin.

M. W. MERRILL, Supt.

CHAS. NIBLEY, Gen. Freight & Ticket Agt. d289

THE RESURRECTION.—To accomodate the public and meet the great demand for President Young's discourse on the "Resurrection," it has been determined to issue an authorized edition, in pamphlet form, neatly got up, in paper covers, and sold at ten cents a copy. It is now ready, and can be obtained at the NEWS office.

BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

Keep Them Before the Public.

F. Auerbach & Bro.
Sell dry goods, fancy goods, millinery, clothing, boots and shoes, hats and caps, notions, etc.

Joe. Barker
Sharpens saws, repairs stoves, and does all cutlery, lock and gunsmith work.

Calder & Careless
Sell Mason & Hamlin and other organs, pianos, fancy goods, holiday presents, and all kinds of musical instruments and merchandise, and take second-hand pianos and organs in exchange.

Dr. A. W. Calder
Practices in dentistry.

G. F. Culmer & Co.
Sell family groceries, window glass, and home-made snakes.

Davis, Rowe & Co.
Do all kinds of milling and mining machinery work, wrought and cast iron work, and iron and brass work of all descriptions.

Day & Co.
Sell groceries, dry goods, hardware, crockery and glassware, provisions, and all sorts of general merchandise.

Deseret National Bank
Does various banking business and receives savings on interest.

Dinwoodey
Sells the very best live geese feathers, walnut lumber and baby wagons.

O. F. Due
Sells window, bedding and basket plants, greenhouse and garden flowering plants, cuts flowers and bouquets, garden and flower seeds, and digs and plants gardens.

O. L. Eliason
Is a practical clock and watchmaker.

Geo. C. Ferguson
Does all kinds of watch and clock making, repairing and cleaning.

Daniel Grenig.
Sells staple and fancy groceries, provisions, etc.

Dr. W. H. Groves
Does all sorts of Dentist work.

David James
Does anything in the tin, sheet iron and copper-smith line, also in the gasfitting line.

H. W. E. Jennens
Is resident agent for Franklin MacVeagh & Co., wholesale grocers, Chicago; Chicago White Lead and Oil Co.; and Liverpool & London & Globe Fire Insurance Co.

Latimer, Taylor & Co.
Sells lumber, shingles, sash, doors, mouldings, frames, and everything in the building line.

John Matthews
Does carriage painting and trimming and wagon painting.

James McGhie
Sells all kinds of Wasatch woolen mills home-made cloth, and buys wool.

A. Miner
Does business as attorney and counselor-at-law.

Morris & Evans
Deal in mantels and grates and fine stone-work.

Morton & Tufts
Sell wines and liquors, wholesale and retail.

Thomas Oakey
Does all kinds of planing and sawing, makes doors, sash-frames and packing boxes, also does wood-turning, etc.

O'Neil & Co.
Do all kinds of wagon and carriage work-blacksmithing, carriage painting and trimming, horseshoing, etc.

C. C Pomeroy
Loans money on easy terms to small borrowers on improved city real estate.

The Provo Co-operative Company
Taylor & Cutler, agents for this city) make and sell business and other suits of Provo cloth.

Reedall & Darling
(Utah Steam Cracker Factory) Make and sell a first-class article of crackers.

Howard Sebree
Sells the Main Wagon, Wood Mower and Reaper, Paddock, Sulky Rake, Concord buggies and carriages, plows, harrows, cultivators, wagon timber, etc.

Sierra Nevada Lumber Association,
Sells sash, mouldings, shingles, doors, blinds, lath, wood pumps and water pipes cheap, at wholesale and retail.

Dr. W. H. H. Sharp
Dentist, sets teeth on gold plates, rubber base, adamantine base, continuous gum work on gold and platina plates, crown filling with gold and other material, etc.

Robert Smith.
Is agent for the Red Canyon Coal.

Taylor & Cutler
Sell all kinds of general merchandise.

Taylor's Hotel
With or without board. Mrs. S. J. Rodgers keeps table.

S. P. Teasdel
Sells family groceries, parasols, summer prints, dress goods, gents' clothing, boots and shoes, ladies shoes, children's shoes, and dry goods and merchandise generally.

James Townsend
Keeps the Townsend House.

Walker Bros.
Sell dry goods, groceries, hardware, glass and crockery ware, and merchandise generally, wholesale and retail.

Z. C. M. I.
Sell dry goods, groceries, carpets, hardware, crockery and glassware, boots and shoes, hats and caps, leather and findings, and all sorts of general merchandise, wholesale and retail.

Zion's Savings Bank and Trust Company
Does a general banking business, and receives deposits in sums as low as one dollar.

JOHN MATTHEWS.

Carriage Painting, Carriage Trimming, Wagon Painting.

Shop at Wells, Fargo's old stand, Second East Street. The patronage of the Salt Lake public is solicited.

☞ Work Guaranteed. d3

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given, that an election will be held in the School-room of the 13th School District, Salt Lake City, on Wednesday, the 14th inst., at 7 o'clock p.m., for the election of Trustees for said School District.

By order of the School Trustees.

EDWIN D. WOOLLEY, JOHN R. HUMPHREYS, PHARAMUS LITTLE, } Acting Trustees.

Salt Lake City, June 2d, 1876. d132

FOR SALE,

One of the most desirable business properties in the City. Centrally located on 1st South Street, two Blocks from Deseret Bank and Emporium corner.

THE

AMERICAN HOTEL

Containing Twenty Rooms in complete order. Size of Lot—five rods Southerly front and ten rods Westerly front.

The above property will be sold at a Bargain. Apply on the premises, or to

C. M. GILBERSON,

Room 3, Godbe's Building. d152

By Telegraph.

PER WESTERN UNION TELEGRAPH LINE.

Last Night's Dispatches.

CONGRESSIONAL.

SENATE

WASHINGTON, 8.—The committee on territories to-day considered the Bill to establish a civil government for Alaska, by making it a county of Washington Territory. The committee took no action, but the indications were that the proposition will be reported adversely.

The bill to amend the laws relative to the silver coin, known as the legal tender of silver coin, known as the silver bill, was taken up, and Morrill, of Vt., spoke at length against the bill as reported by the committee on finance.

Booth referred to the provisions of the bill, and said that the new fact, as proposed to be introduced, not only failed to recognize those already in use, but it was an instrument against reconciliation. If this bill should be passed the value of silver would be somewhat enhanced by the new use created for it, but just how much no one could tell. He opposed the bill, and argued that it might be operative for a period, but it would only be temporary, if it should be passed, and the resumption act of 1873 not repealed. The effect would be that all bills of twenty dollars and less would be redeemed in silver, and larger ones in gold. He had no doubt that greenbacks and gold could be brought to a common value, but he did not expect to inaugurate a millennium by legislative enactment. It was the true policy of the country to bring every form of money used to the same standard of value, and that should be a gold standard. It could be accomplished by national notes more than by any bank notes. He believed the funded debt of the United States should be paid in gold, that all forms of currency in use should be equivalent in value. That gold is the only standard of value, and that the government should use the national credit in the form of national notes, and not lend it to the banks. He argued that the interest on the funded debt should be reduced to the lowest possible sum, and U. S. notes be maintained at a gold standard; this he believed could be done by the use of an interconvertible bond; the interest on which should be paid in gold. He then referred to the national bank system, said it was probably the best we ever had, but if one-fourth of the attention had been given to improving the national currency, which had been given to the banks and the maintenance of a strictly artificial and complicated system, greenbacks would have been at par with gold long ago. He then spoke at some length in favor of an interconvertible bond, and in conclusion said, he had no idea that it would at once start the laggard wheels of industry, but it would inspire hope.

Sherman spoke at length in favor of the bill, declaring that Congress ought not to adjourn without making provision against the scarcity of small change. The bill was postponed till the 20th.

HOUSE.

WASHINGTON, 8.—The post route bill was taken up and passed.

Luttrell, from the post office committee, reported a bill, the object of which is to prevent what is known as the system of straw bids. Passed.

Knott, from the judiciary committee, reported a bill prescribing oaths to be taken by the grand and petit jurors in the United States courts.

In the course of the discussion it was explained that this law proposed to repeal the iron-clad oath. Attention was called to the fact that under this bill, forbidding that any other oath than that prescribed, be administered, conspirators could sit upon jurors on the trial of their co-conspirators, so that members of a whiskey ring at Milwaukee and elsewhere might sit upon grand and petit juries. Pending the discussion, the morning hour expired and the bill went over till to-morrow.

On motion, Tucker's amendment to the bill in relation to the execution of Custom House frauds, was concurred in.

Lord took the floor to call up the Geneva award bill, but yielded to Blaine in relation to the motion which he made yesterday to consider the vote by which the testimony taken before the judiciary committee was ordered to be printed. He wanted to have embodied in the proceedings the dispatch received by Knott from Josiah Caldwell, in London, also what took place in the committee yesterday.

Hunton said he had no sort of objection to that. An objection, however, was made by Southard.

After the disposal of some minor matters, Tarbox rose to a matter of personal privilege, but was interrupted by Lord, who had charge of the Geneva award bill, raising the question of precedence.

The Speaker *pro tem.* (Cox) decided that the question of personal privilege always took precedence over other matters, and Tarbox was allowed to proceed.

Tarbox then commenced his speech by quoting from Blaine's speech on Monday last, in which he stated that he (Tarbox) had informed Frye that the resolution offered by him was not aimed at him (Blaine), but that he (Blaine) had regarded his assurance with some degree of incredulity. He gave a full history of the passage of the famous Tarbox resolution. He intimated that Blaine had violated confidence by revealing certain private conversation. Tarbox had heard of Caldwell as a celebrity of doubtful fame in the New England business circles, and he was conveniently beyond the seas, but when his resolution was offered he had no hint that Blaine was connected with him in any way. Blaine regards the whole thing as a political persecution. The gentleman Blaine seemed to have been suspected in the U. P. transaction, not by personal and political enemies, but by his personal and political intimates who knew him best. Harrison, a government director and political sympathizer with the gentleman from Maine, had thought it, and Rollins, the treasurer of the U. P. R. R. Co., thought it, and had thrown himself most gallantly into the breach to defend the gentleman, even at the risk of what was more valuable than life, his own honor. Fisher had thought it; this intimate friend for years of the gentleman from Maine. Tarbox resumed his seat, and apparently to the disappointment of his audience, who seemed to have expected something of a more exciting character.

After Frye had spoken on the subject of Tarbox having surreptitiously got hold of Blaine's speech; Tarbox said—I do not know what he charges me with. I do not know what he intimates. I suppose it is that I, by some improper method, obtained possession of the speech which the gentleman from Maine (Blaine) intended to deliver as his best counsel to his countrymen on the subject, affecting deeply the public welfare, and that I made some improper use of that paper. I have simply to reply that what he states is entirely untrue. (Applause on the democratic side, and laughter on the republican side.)

While the Speaker *pro tem.* was addressing the House and galleries for this violation of order, Blaine called over to Mr. Frye, in an undertone—Frye, ask him if he denies that he had a copy of it.

Tarbox, just as the Speaker *pro tem.* had announced that this was a deliberative body, broke in with a remark in answer to something else, but applying to what the Speaker had said, not by any means appropriately. The remark was greeted with a roar of laughter on the floor and galleries, while the gavel of the Speaker kept up a continuous hammering, which only added to the uproar.

After order was restored, Tarbox disclaimed charging Frye with any intentional untruth. He supposed that that gentleman had spoken from rumor, or out of suspicious temper, or perhaps out of some irritation.

Frye (contemptuously)—Irritation at what? (Laughter.)

Tarbox, after a pause, which made the republicans laugh all the more—All the irritation that I can conceive the gentleman to feel in regard to the discussion of the question is that by a certain circumstance deliverance on a public question that was made for personal purposes and not from patriotic good, which contained within it that which was calculated, spoken by a statesman, to mislead his countrymen; it was not permitted to go forth to the country, without certain of its misstatements having been refuted on the spot. (Contemptuous laughter on the republican side.)

Frye—I desire to ask the gentleman, as he says that what I said was untrue, whether he did have a copy of the speech in his desk at the time it was being delivered?

Tarbot — (after another pause, which the republicans marked with laughter). The gentleman must not make a charge and then cross-examine. (Interjection by Garfield—The culprit?) Tarbot, continuing—The man whom he charges with an offence in order to find out whether it is true or not.

Frye—We will leave it, then. I have nothing further to ask the gentleman.

Blaine—I never supposed an occasion would arise when I should desire or be induced to state that transaction to the House. Before I left my home last autumn to resume my duties here I did, as many gentlemen have done, prepare a speech on the absorbing public question of the currency. It was printed at a newspaper office with which I was for many years connected. It was marked with the words, "In confidence" on the top of the copy. It was confided to the associated press with the intimation that whoever found himself in possession of a copy of it before its publication, was in possession of it wrongfully. Various circumstances postponed the delivery of the speech from the month of December, when I had expected to deliver it, until the 10th of February; meanwhile five or six weeks before I did deliver it, I ascertained that the gentleman from Mass. (Tarbox) had a copy of it in his possession, and that he had offered it for publication to some newspaper man. How it came into his possession I don't know. I never have been able to know. I have surmised, I assert that it was there, that it was in his possession for weeks, and that his holding it still was a violation of the primal laws of honesty, as much as though he had held my watch, just the same. I have never recognized the gentleman since. I only recognize him to-day to make that statement. I will now take up the motion to reconsider the vote on the resolution for printing certain evidence.

Tarbox arose, when the speaker *pro tem.* asked Blaine whether he yielded the floor to Tarbox?

Blaine—(with an air of haughtiness) I will hear what he has to say.

Tarbox—I understand the gentleman from Maine to indicate that I offered a printed speech, purporting to be his, to some newspaper.

Blaine—I had heard it.

Tarbox—It is not true.

Blaine—The gentleman stated a while ago that it was not true that he had a copy.

Tarbox—I made no such statement.

Blaine—I now call up the motion to reconsider the vote ordering certain testimony to be printed.

Lord claimed the right of going on with the Geneva award bill.

In the course of the parliamentary conflict on the point, Blaine stated that all he wanted was to have the Caldwell dispatch, and the committee proceedings of yesterday printed at the same time.

Reagan made an objection that the Caldwell dispatch was no kind of evidence.

Blaine—And yet you reported a vote of censure on Schenck on the same kind of evidence.

Springer—That is not the case. The committee on foreign affairs did receive certain telegrams from London, with respect to his connection with the Emma Mine, but in every instance, before use was made of them, they were submitted to Schenck, for his statement in regard to them.

Blaine—(With a tremendous home thrust).—Why did you not submit this dispatch to me? (Triumphant applause on the republican side).

Springer—I presume it will be submitted to the gentleman in good time.

Blaine persisted in holding the floor, notwithstanding the Speaker's hammering and demands for order.

Blaine—One moment, Mr. Speaker.

Speaker *pro tem.*—No, sir. The gentleman will be seated. The Chair must come to a point of order in furtherance of the public business. The decision of the Chair is that the gentleman from Maine cannot call up his motion to reconsider while the Geneva award bill is before the House.

Blaine.—Then I understand the Chair to rule that I have lost my control over the motion?

Speaker *pro tem.*—No, sir. The Chair has ruled no such thing. The Chair will recognize the gentleman when there is nothing properly pending before the House.

Blaine—I desire permission to say—

Speaker *pro tem.*, interrupting—Does the gentleman take an appeal?

Blaine—I merely want to say that in submitting to it as I do peacefully, I do not at all concur in it.

Speaker—The Chair did not suppose anything of the kind. (Laughter at the expense of Blaine.)

The House then resumed the consideration of the Geneva award bill, and was addressed by McCreary.

EASTERN.

The Committee and Blaine—Green's Testimony Resumed.

WASHINGTON, 8.—The sub-judiciary committee to-day continued the investigation into the charges against Blaine.

J. A. Green resumed his testimony, saying that the entire history of the Kansas Pacific Railroad was a matter of record in the Supreme Court in Washington. Witness said that T. C. Durant and his associates received about eighteen millions dollars' worth of bonds of different kinds, for constructing the road; about nine million dollars' worth were left to the road, of which the records show that about one million were used for lobbying purposes; although the word lobby does not appear in the record. The records show that Blaine received $250,000 worth of construction bonds, placed in the hands of J. B. Stewart, by Thomas Durant. Witness said the name of Jas. Blaine appeared in the corrected record, but not that of James G. Blaine. Witness continuing, said that if the passage of the tenth section of the Act of Congress, July 2d, 1864, was brought about by Stewart, as he claimed, it brought $5,760,000 to the road; and, on the principle of honor among thieves, the road ought to have paid Stewart's claim, but they resisted it on the ground that the claim was for lobby purposes, and was, therefore, immoral, and that is how witness's attention was called to the name of Blaine.

By Lawrence—Have you any knowledge of yourself that Jas. G. Blaine had any connection with the road?

Witness—No, sir; not of my own knowledge. The matter was talked about a good deal during the trial.

By Hunton—State anything of your own knowledge, or that you have derived from others of these persons, if they are within the United States.

Witness—The claim was resisted on account of the immorality of it, and I told Stewart I was afraid of it. I did not like the looks of Congressman Blaine in connection with it. Stewart said most of the amount went for attorney's fees. I didn't say that Blaine was in it, or that he was not in it. The conversation took place while Blaine was in Congress. Witness had no distinct recollection that Stewart had ever specifically said to him that Blaine was in it. He never explained why one of the papers alluded to Blaine and others to James Blaine. Stewart always spoke of the person as the Hon. Mr. Blaine and James Blaine. Witness always spoke of him as Congressman Blaine, or Speaker Blaine after he was made Speaker.

To be Transmitted.

The post office department has made arrangements to transport the body of Charles Spencer, paymaster's clerk, from San Francisco to his home in Hartford, Conn., in a U. S. mail car.

Drowned.

CAPE MAY, N. J., 8.—Two brothers, named Clark, were drowned while bathing this morning.

Yacht Race.

NEW YORK, 8.—The yacht race of the New York Yacht Club, which took place to-day, was won by Idler. Palmer second.

Indians on the War Path.

JULESBURG, Colorado, 8. — The Sioux Indians made a raid on the herders of George Keeline at Council Bluffs, killing three. Fourteen ranchmen are in pursuit.

Fraudulent Shipping of Tobacco and Whiskey.

NEW ORLEANS, 8.—The congressional committee examined several witnesses to-day, who for the most part only confirmed the statements already made by other witnesses. One witness, Dyche, testified to the fraudulent shipping of tobacco and whiskey by means of collusion on the part of the revenue collectors, General Benton and W. P. Kellogg.

Dead.

MEMPHIS, 8.—David M. Phelps, many years connected with the press here, in Chicago and Toronto, died this afternoon.

Duel and Death.

DENVER, Col., 8.—A duel was fought at River Bend, Col., to-day, by Alfred D. Jessup, Jr., and a man named Davis, who were respectively armed with the Winchester rifle and Colt's navy pistol. Jessup was killed in the second exchange of shots.

WESTERN.

Democratics All Quiet.

SAN FRANCISCO, 8.—Advices from Carson report the anti-coolie clubs demoralized by the arrest of the leaders, who are now in jail under a military guard. No further disturbance probable.

A dispatch from San Diego says all is quiet on the border; the Mexicans have disbanded and scattered.

FOREIGN.

FRANCE.

George Sand Dead.

PARIS, 8.—George Sand is dead. She was conscious to the last moment but unable to speak for some time before death.

BRINCKEROFF, TURNER & Co.

Manufacturers of

COTTON SAIL DUCK,

All widths of Cotton Canvas, Ravens Duck Stripes, Bags, Twine, Colored Ducks for Awnings, Bunting, Etc.

No. 389 BROAD STREET, Corner Commerce Street, NEW YORK

Every good can be obtained at C. C. Henley & Co's.

JOE BARKER,

CUTLER, LOCK AND GUNSMITH

SAWS SHARPENED, STOVES REPAIRED, GUNS RESTOCKED, Etc.

Commercial Street

NOTICE!

THE annual meeting of the Stockholders of the Deseret Mining Co., on the first Saturday of June, next, is postponed for sixty days, to August 26.

By order of Board of Directors.

G. F. FELT, Secretary.

May 29th, 1876. d159

DR. A. W. CALDER, DENTIST,

A few doors north of Walker House

TESTIMONIAL.

SAN FRANCISCO, July, 1870.

We, the undersigned, take great pleasure in recommending Dr. A. W. CALDER to all those who may need the services of a Dentist, as a thoroughly competent and skillful operator, and one in whom we have implicit confidence both as a Dentist and a gentleman.

Dr. H. AUSTIN, Dentist, 634 Washington Street.

Drs. ROBERTS & FREELAND, Dentists, 242½ Fourth Street.

E. H. McDONALD & CO., Druggists, S. E. corner Sansome and Pine streets. d102

GET YOUR

DEEDS

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WILL

DRAWN UP,

MORTGAGES and CONTRACTS

PROPERLY ARRANGED BY

CHAS. W. STAYNER,

Notary public and general business agent. He is also manager of the Utah Collection and Purchasing Agency. No charge for purchases made, and Notarial business at lowest living prices.

Office with Salt Lake *Herald*, next door North of Post Office. Box 587, Salt Lake City.

Abstracts of Land Titles Furnished. d158

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