

## BY TELEGRAPH.

## AMERICAN.

NEW YORK, 2.—The *World's* Boston special says: Dennis Kearney delivered an unusually virulent and incendiary speech to several thousand men on the common to-night. He said it was the intention of capitalists at the election on Tuesday, to intimidate their employees into voting against Butler, and he advocated the hanging of employers or others who should attempt any "bull-dozing." He said the time for revolution had come; the workingmen were ready, and if their ends were not accomplished on Tuesday next, by ballot they would draw blood. He advocated attacking the United States supervisors and other officers of the law who stood around the ballot box to debar men from voting, and at the conclusion of his address he put the men under oath as a self-constituted police force, to carry out the measures he adopted, proposing in the event of Butler's defeat by the ballot to seat him by force and to kill and destroy the minions of capital. Much excitement prevailed and his hearers dispersed with the understanding that they should meet for work on election day. Kearney announced a similar meeting on Independence Square, South Boston, to-morrow. After the close of the meeting, Kearney said to a *World* correspondent that he meant business, and that if Butler was not elected Bacon Street and Black Bay would run with blood, as the resolutions which had been adopted proposed. He said all the military power in the United States could not put down the workingmen, and that Massachusetts would never be safe until the "blue bloods" were hanged to the lamp post—two on every post. On being asked whether he did not fear the authorities, he said he hoped they would interfere; he was ready for them, and willing at any time to sacrifice his life in this cause. He said that, perhaps, there was need that some one man should die, but the crisis had come and the men who created the wealth of the country ought to control it.

CHICAGO, 2.—The *Tribune's* Washington special says: Tilden's friends state that he has definitely determined to ask the Potter committee to examine the whole cipher business, and proposes to vindicate himself from any connection with the matter. His friends agree that he was assumed an exceedingly difficult task.

The *Tribune's* Keokuk special says: It has been discovered that A. Mackey of this city has been receiving the bodies of recently buried people. The graves having been robbed at Beacon, Iowa, and the bodies barrelled and shipped. Two barrels were consigned to Mackey on Thursday, but the railroad agent, becoming suspicious, opened one of them and found the body of John Hynes, who had been recently buried near Beacon. Mackey has been arrested but declares that he is innocent, a declaration which is discredited, as under his directions the first barrel was taken to the Medical College of Keokuk and is still there. The authorities at the college disclaim any knowledge of the source from which the barrel came.

CLEVELAND, 2.—F. G. Miller, convicted of body-snatching, was sentenced to-day to four months' imprisonment in the workhouse and pay a fine of \$100 and costs.

The jury in the case of Jeremiah Kennedy, who has been on trial this week for the murder of his wife last August, found a verdict that the defendant was guilty, and fixed his punishment at death by hanging, but also found that since the murder he has become insane. This unusual verdict created a sensation in the court. Kennedy will be sent to the insane asylum, and whenever he is discharged will receive his punishment.

BOSTON, 2.—The wool trade in domestic is unchanged. Manufacturers continue to purchase as wanted, and are still more or less indifferent about future supplies, holders are free sellers at current rates. There is, however, no pressure to sell at any further concessions. The amount of wool taken by manufacturers since July has been fully up to expectations, even if prices have not been satisfactory. During the past week there has been quite a lively demand for combed and delaines, and all available lots were bought. The

sales include Ohio and Pennsylvania XXXX, XXX and No. 1. at 34 @ 38; Michigan X at 32 @ 33; New Hampshire X at 33; Maine medium, at 33; combed and delaine at 35 @ 44; unwashed combed at 24 @ 33; Oregon at 22 @ 29; fine Missouri, at 21; Territory at 19 @ 25; scoured at 42 @ 62; tub washed at 33 1-3 @ 39; super and X pulled at 25 @ 39; California is quiet, the sales for the past week being the smallest for several months, and comprising only 164,000 pounds, at 15 @ 30 for fall, up to 27 for spring.

NEW ORLEANS, 2.—The following correspondence between Secretary Evarts and the Howard Association, in relation to the yellow fever fund:

Washington, Nov. 1st, 1878.

To the Howard Association, New Orleans:

While continued demands for aid are received at the north from New Orleans, we cannot understand the repeated statement that the Howard Association, with large funds on hand, has ceased giving relief. Please advise me how this is.

(Signed) WM. M. EVARTS,  
Secretary of State.

Howard Association,  
New Orleans, La.,  
November 2, 1878.

To the Hon. Wm. M. Evarts:

Your dispatch of the 1st received last evening. We do not know from whom the repeated demands from New Orleans, of which you speak, came. We do know that the reiterated statements that the Howard Association will have a balance of \$250,000 to distribute after the epidemic is over, to be absolutely true. We stopped contributions on Sept. 12th, because we then saw that we had sufficient funds on hand and in sight, to meet any probable and lawful demands that might be made on us. Since that time, from points at which there was no fever, we have had demands upon us which have carried us under obligations of \$100,000 beyond the calculations we had made and which we could not have anticipated. We are to-day striving hard to meet these and other obligations and come out clear of debt. We have not yet paid the doctors, who have so faithfully served us at home, though we hope yet to give them some partial recognition of their services. We have paid no attention to the repeated statements of disappointed individuals or associations, political, race, sectarian, or otherwise, who have started the report of the large balances we were retaining, and who asked us of our funds for their distribution. Ignoring their queries, we have chosen to wait until our published reports show, as it will, the distribution we have made of money so generously sent us. We give you, as a representative of the general government, this statement of facts.

(Signed) F. R. SOUTHWARD,  
Secretary H. A.

SAN FRANCISCO, 2.—W. H. Rulofson, of Bradley & Rulofson, photographers, fell from the roof of the three story building in which his gallery is located, corner of Montgomery and Commercial streets, this afternoon, receiving injuries of which he died half an hour later.

NEW YORK, 3.—The *Times* prints this in italics: Yesterday, good judges were of the opinion that the majority for the combination ticket would be 20,000. If the anti-Tammany men in other parts of the city are as enthusiastic and determined as those who attended the meetings in the 5th Assembly and 10th Congressional Districts, last evening, it will not fall short of 30,000.

WASHINGTON, 3.—Justice Field, of the Supreme Court, has returned from California, and will occupy his place to-morrow, when, for the first time, there will be a full bench.

The board to select a site for the new naval observatory has concluded its report, which is in the hands of the Secretary of the Navy. It is understood they have selected a site on the Georgetown Heights. Zamorca will remain here as Mexican minister.

AMSTERDAM, N. Y., 3.—The storage department of Green's knitting mill was burned this morning. The falling walls crushed in to Schuyler & Bro's mill, burying three men in the shattered machinery. The loss is estimated at \$60,000; partly insured.

The Mechanics and Laborer's Savings Bank, Jersey City, has temporarily suspended payment

and enforced the sixty day rule. Assets \$200,000; liabilities \$190,000.

NEW ORLEANS, 3.—Deaths, 9; cases reported, 47.

Memphis, 3.—The board of health officially reported eight deaths from fever during the past 24 hours ending six o'clock.

Jackson, Miss., 3.—There has been five new cases since yesterday noon. No deaths last night.

LARAMIE, 3.—Last night the coach driver from the north reported that on his trip north from here Friday night, he was stopped at the Platte River Ford, about a mile distant from this post, by five masked men, who took from the coach two of the prisoners, Mansfield and McLaughlin, and hung them on a large cottonwood tree on the river bank. These men were charged with road agency, and had been in custody in Cheyenne, and were en route for Deadwood, under guard of Jim May and Jesse Brown, whom the lynchers compelled to give up their arms and surrender their prisoners. At daylight this morning, F. L. Greene, deputy coroner rode to the scene, and found the bodies still there, one hanging, the other on the ground. They were brought here and a coroner's jury empanelled.

ST. LOUIS, 3.—Dispatches from Sedalia, Mo., say Thomas G. Cockrell, nephew of United States Senator Cockrell, of this State, was found murdered, last Friday morning, at Ridges Prairie, Saline County.

WHEELING, West Va., 3.—Cowen, Sheets & Co., bankers, of Bellaire, Ohio, failed yesterday; liabilities \$80,000. The assets of the individual members of the firm are large. It is believed the depositors will lose nothing. The failure is caused by shrinkage in real estate.

SAN FRANCISCO, 3.—Delegates from the various divisions of the Ancient Order of Hibernians of the State of California, met at Oakland, last night, and declared vacant the offices of State delegate, Secretary and Treasurer, and elected John Reaney, delegate, J. C. Spillane, Secretary, and W. J. O'Connell, Treasurer, for the unexpired term. The meeting endorsed, as the only legitimate national officers of the order in the United States, P. Gibney, national delegate, P. Campbell, national secretary, and James Langan, national treasurer.

NEW YORK, 4.—The *Tribune's* Washington special thinks Senator Gordon will be compelled to ask the Senate for an investigation in his case, he being implicated in the recent cipher dispatches of attempting to corrupt the vote of South Carolina.

The *Herald's* Peoria, Ill., special says: The Phoenix elevator, with over 100,000 bushels of grain, was destroyed by an incendiary fire this afternoon.

A Liverpool dispatch says: The steamer *City of Baltimore*, during a fog, to-day, on the Mersey, ran down a steam launch, belonging to the Inman line, several workmen are missing.

MEMPHIS, 4.—From six o'clock last night until noon to-day, undertakers report six orders for interments of persons who died of fever in and outside of the city limits. One new case was reported last night.

New Orleans, 4.—Deaths 4; cases reported, 31.

## FOREIGN.

LONDON, 2.—The international pedestrian tournament, which began at Agricultural Hall, Monday morning last, at 1.05, terminated at 10.30 to night. The competitors numbered twenty-three, and included Weston. The stakes were £508 with the Astley belt and £150 Vaughan and Weston were favorites at the start. The betting was five to one against Corkey. At the conclusion the score stood; Corkey, 521, Brown, 405, Rowell, 469, Hibbert, 440, Ennis of Chicago, 410, Courtney, 404 Day, 400, Richard on, 380. Sixteen thousand persons were present at the close, and much enthusiasm prevailed.

It looks less warlike again. There is a growing feeling that the postponement of the British expedition against Afghanistan means its abandonment. Leading Russian authorities take the same view. All parties to the general European war appear to be again seeking a diplomatic solution of the vexed problems; meantime the fact remains that Russia has not relinquished one foot of ground occupied by her at the end of the war,

and all evidence of her warlike preparations indicate that she has no intention to retire.

LONDON, 3.—The Oldham cotton operatives, on Saturday, unanimously resolved to resist the proposed reduction of 10 per cent. in their wages. Twenty thousand hands and 8,000,000 spindles will be affected by this action.

The *Observer*, in a semi-official paragraph, says: It understands the statement that the British government has applied to the other powers for assistance, in enforcing the treaty of Berlin, is unfounded.

A telegram from Rome says: Negotiations between the Vatican and Germany are progressing slowly. Both sides are anxious to arrive at a prompt settlement concerning the diocese of Alsace and Lorraine, which are still administered as when they belonged to France.

The Vatican will take advantage of the recent defeat of the radicals in Switzerland to re-establish relations with that country. The exiled Swiss bishops have already been notified to return.

A telegram from St. Petersburg says: It is reported on good authority that the Grand Duke Nicholas will shortly succeed Count Katebue in the governor-generalship of Warsaw, that General Milutine, now minister of war is going to the Caucasus and that General Nepkitchishky or General Kauffmann will probably be made minister of war.

A Lisbon dispatch says: The report of the sale of Portuguese possessions on Delagoa Bay is denied.

ST. PETERSBURG, 3.—The *Golos* says: All the Russians wish peace, but the present aspect of affairs is very alarming. The *Golos* particularly points to the fact that the chief field cash box has been returned from Odessa to Adrianople, and asks why, if the rumors of the army re-advancing are untrue, that they are not contradicted. An advance on Constantinople would be a hostile challenge on the part of Russia.

MADRID, 3.—The public prosecutor has been ordered to present an indictment against Moncazi within 24 hours.

LONDON, 4.—A dispatch from Darjeeling says: It is stated that 60 per cent. of the Ameer's troops are stricken with fever.

A dispatch from Paris says: In consequence of the fears of a democratic insurrection in Seville, the troops there have been placed under special instructions.

A Simla dispatch says: The *Pioneer* announces, on authority, that England's ultimatum request that the Ameer's reply shall reach Peshwar by November 20th, otherwise the English forces will immediately invade Afghanistan.

A dispatch from Berlin says: It appears that Russia has abandoned the project of raising a fresh loan for the present. The German government intends to propose an import duty on grain.

A Brussels dispatch says, Philippiot, the well-known French-Belgian railway contractor, tried for embezzlement and breach of trust, and acquitted, has been sentenced to six months imprisonment for incurring large liabilities and knowing his inability to meet them.

CONSTANTINOPLE, 4.—The Arab tribes occupying the country between Bagdad and Bissorah have revolted and cut off communication between Bagdad and Mosul. The government functionaries have fled.

BERLIN, 4.—Government proposes to increase the duty on wine, hides, grain, and some other articles. The duty on grain is intended to compel concessions from Russia, Austria, Italy and France. Other new imports will be light, and designed for financial purposes solely.

## Local and Other Matters.

FROM MONDAY'S DAILY, Nov. 4.

Mail Lettings.—We notice among the mail lettings, that one has been awarded to Frederick W. Ellis, to carry the mail between North Ogden and Plain City.

Postal Affairs.—A post office has been established at Tebbdale, Iron County, with Daniel F. Tebos as postmaster. J. H. Walcott has been appointed postmaster at Ophir, Tooele County.

Trains Will Run.—The U. C. R. Co. have made arrangements to put their mixed trains again upon the road. They will run as form-

erly, leaving Salt Lake at 8.40 a.m. and 5.05 p.m.; and Ogden at 6.50 a.m. and 3.30 p.m.

Born.—To the wife of C. C. Asmussen, 14th Ward, on Nov. 1st, a daughter. Mother and child doing well.

Brother Asmussen thinks this is the finest gem he has seen since he has been in the jewelry business.

Third District Court.—Proceedings in the Third District Court yesterday afternoon, Chief Justice Schaeffer presiding:

W. H. Leach vs. Philie E. Leach; decree of divorce granted.

This morning, in the case of C. W. Watson vs. A. Pinedo; continued for the term by consent.

John Burns et. al. vs. A. G. Pad-

dock et. al.; trial set for Nov. 11th.

Maroni Edwards vs. S. McIntyre et. al.; trial set for Nov. 21st.

Sarah Moritz, etc., vs. T. W. Jennings; trial by jury. Case argued and jury retire.

Fire.—About 2 o'clock this afternoon the alarm of fire was sounded; and the firemen, hastening to the scene of the blaze, found on the premises of Hon. A. P. Rockwood, 12th ward, a stack of baled hay in flames. The fire was speedily extinguished, and its spread prevented. If the firemen had not appeared on the ground so speedily, the loss might have been serious, as there were several buildings in the immediate vicinity, and the ground surrounding was covered with hay and straw.

The cause of the fire was—matches in the hands of children of course. We could not obtain an estimate of the loss.

Grand Jury.—The grand jury for the September term of the Third District Court is being empanelled to-day. On the list's being called the following persons answered to their names: John Chislett, John R. Haslam, Emmanuel Kabay, G. S. Erb, Charles Hubbard, Leroy Hobbs, Samuel Ewing, Ammon Green, Henry B. Skidmore, Hiram Booth, Enoch Murdock, Peter Jensen, Isaac Brockbank, Albert Dewey, B. F. Stoddard.

Of the 15 persons above named Enoch Murdock was excused because he was not a citizen; and John R. Haslam was challenged because in reply to a question from Judge Van Zile, he said that he had conscientious scruples against finding indictments for polygamy or bigamy under the United States statute.

At the Tabernacle.—The congregation at the Tabernacle, yesterday afternoon, was highly edified by an excellent discourse from Elder Orson Pratt. With the good attention manifested by the audience, generally, we regret to be compelled to mention some improprieties that were painfully noticeable. A number of young people were observed to leave the building during the service, thus showing the evidences of bad education in this respect. Persons who cannot remain in the house of God during the little season that Sabbath services are being performed, would much better remain at home, for by taking the latter course they would not only spare others great annoyance, but would cease to make themselves the objects of the pity and contempt that their actions inspire.

Again, a number of young ladies, or who at first sight appeared to be ladies, refused to take the sacrament, and after it had passed, began tittering and talking among themselves, as though their action in refusing the Lord's Supper was highly amusing and appropriate, and the holy sacrament a matter for jest and ridicule.

The incident aroused the indignation of all who witnessed it. We offer the same advice in this case, as in the former, and hope it will be the last time we shall feel it necessary to do so.

New Motive Power.—The following is from the *Millennial Star* of Oct. 14:

For the last seventeen years the printing press of this office has been propelled by steam. We have now, however, discarded the old steam engine and boiler, and procured and had fitted up a gas engine, which is a safe, effective and, so far as its running is concerned, comparatively unexpensive motor. This issue was printed by the latter method of propulsion. The engine is called a half-horse power, but can be worked up to about equal to one horse. The gas is the common illuminating article, supplied from