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# DESERET EVENING NEWS.

HISTORIAN'S OFFICE.  
Church of Jesus Christ  
of Latter-day Saints.

"Financing a home" is too big a task for "the average man" unless the wife buys, always, in the light the advertisements give her.

TRUTH AND LIBERTY.

TUESDAY, JULY 18, 1905, SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH.

FIFTY-SIXTH YEAR.

10 PAGES—LAST EDITION.

## IDAHO SUGAR CO. BUYS BLACKFOOT.

The Deal Was Made by General Manager Cutler in Chicago.

## MAKES ONE MAMMOTH CO.

Treasury Stock is to be Issued To Pay for the Acquisition.

## NEW CO. LEADS ALL IN ACREAGE.

Has Between 21,000 and 22,000 Acres Planted Which Should Yield 200,000 Tons of Beets.

The sugar factory at Blackfoot, Ida., owned by the Snake River Valley Sugar company, was purchased yesterday by Thomas R. Cutler, acting for the Idaho Sugar company.

Mr. Cutler and C. S. Hatch, the latter president of the Snake River Valley company, met yesterday in Chicago and arranged the details; the broker instrumental in bringing them together was E. M. Ashton. The figures at which the deal was made are not given out. The telegram received from Mr. Cutler by Seely and Treasurer Whitney of the Idaho company stated that the deal had been closed, and that Mr. Cutler would proceed to New York before returning home.

The Snake River Valley Sugar company is capitalized for \$700,000 issued stock, the authorized capital being \$1,000,000. Of the 70,000 shares (par value \$10 each) outstanding, Mr. Cutler has bought 66,000 shares, supposedly all the eastern interests, the remainder being held by Blackfoot people.

The factory has run one season only and was built by capitalists from Birmingham, New York, who removed their plant from that point to Blackfoot.

The Idaho Sugar company is capitalized for \$3,000,000, of which \$2,200,000 is issued, and \$800,000 remains in the treasury. Seely and Treasurer Whitney say that the new sugar stock will at once be sold to pay for the new Blackfoot acquisition, though how soon the deal will be made can not be determined. Mr. Manager Cutler returns and the board of directors has held a meeting.

By the purchase of the Blackfoot plant, the Idaho Sugar company is now the owner of three first class sugar factories in the Snake River Valley, located within a stretch of 80 miles, viz., at Blackfoot, Idaho Falls and Sugar City. The company's capacity in these plants is 1,700 tons of beets per day. The Blackfoot plant has from 6,000 to 7,000 acres of beets planted; the other two, about 15,000 acres. The total of 21,000 to 22,000 acres puts the Idaho Sugar company at the head of the list of all the intermountain sugar companies in the amount of land planted in beets. In ordinary results, the company should realize at least 200,000 tons of beets, which means the disbursement of over \$300,000 to the farmers of the Snake River valley this fall for their beet crop alone.

## SECOND PLANT TO COME LATER.

The advantages of the Blackfoot enterprise and the immense area of beet land tributary to it, were brought to the attention of the officers of the Idaho Sugar Co. by Elias S. Kimball and Bishop Johnson of Blackfoot, and other business men of that place. They have been looking for a place to establish a second factory, and the Blackfoot plant, after considerable negotiating, the deal fell through, and Mr. Kimball and his associates, believing that the field was broad enough to sustain a second factory, set about securing contracts with farmers. They were immensely successful, and in a few weeks had over 7,000 acres signed for. It is understood, however, that by arrangement between Messrs. Cutler, Kimball and Johnson, the former guarantees to enlarge the Blackfoot plant and to build a railroad spur to the more distant beet districts, in which many of the Kimball and Johnson contracts were taken, so that the building of the second factory will be deferred at least till the supply of beets overtaxes the capacity of the enlarged Blackfoot factory.

The stock of the Idaho Sugar Co., which has been steadily advancing of late on the local market, took another bound when the news of the Blackfoot purchase became known, and stood at \$12.50 bid today, with few willing to sell.

## BOISE SHERIFF "SHORT."

Surprise Expressed by Salt Lake Officials Who Know Him.

The shortage in the accounts of Sheriff Cary C. Hayford which was discovered at Boise, Ida., yesterday, was widely discussed today in Salt Lake, among the officers of the county. Sheriff Hayford is well known in Salt Lake, and is favorably held by those who have met him. He has made several visits here on duties connected with his office and has always seemed an attentive and careful officer.

The charge at Boise is a serious one, and alleges that Hayford has been receiving money from various sources and turning it over to the county treasurer, the total of the alleged money reaching several hundred dollars. Prosecuting Attorney, Koslosky, placed in touch with the news of the Blackfoot purchase, and after making an investigation, has announced his intention of beginning proceedings to oust the sheriff from office, and to commence criminal proceedings if the money due the county is not paid over at once.

Before the investigation it was learned that certain checks were held out of the official fee book. The sheriff's son, who is bookkeeper, was examined, and it was found a private ledger was kept. The prosecuting attorney has been connected with this, and will use it in affecting a settlement.

## FOREST RESERVE MEETING IS HELD.

It Took Place at Panguitch Last Week at Instance of Senator Reed Smoot.

## SECRETARY WILSON COMING

Will be in Utah this Week on Trip of Western Forest Reserve Inspection And Other Official Work.

Mr. A. F. Porter of the bureau of forestry, Washington, D. C., is stopping at the Wilson. Mr. Porter is the advance agent of Hon. James Wilson, secretary of agriculture, who will visit Utah about the latter part of this week. Mr. Wilson is on a trip through the west inspecting the forest reserves, and looking over other matters pertaining to his department. Preparations are being made to show the secretary the Manti reserve, and it is his intention while here to settle certain questions in relation to the creation of new reserves in our state.

## PANGUITCH MEETING.

To ascertain the wishes of people dependent for water upon the East Fork of the Sevier river, in regard to the creation of a reserve covering that watershed, Senator Smoot called a meeting at Panguitch last week, at which Mr. Porter, Senator Smoot's secretary, Carl A. Badger, and Hon. James Cloye, together with representatives from Tropic, Circleville, Kingston, Junction and Panguitch were present. It was decided to circulate the creation of the proposed reserve. The reserve will be east of Panguitch and west of the present Aqueduct reserve.

## RESOLUTIONS TO PROTEST.

At the same meeting resolutions were adopted protesting against the dumping of sewage from the Indian school near Panguitch into the Sevier river. The resolutions have been forwarded to Senator Smoot, who will present them to the commissioner of Indian affairs, with whom the senator has had some correspondence in relation to the matter.

## GREAT DAMAGE DONE.

Smelter Smoke Left Wide Blight Belt in Recent Storm.

There is one class of Utah residents who did not rejoice when the neighbors of the recent rainstorms for instead of bringing life to their crops, it brought only white blight to the lucern and death to foliage and fruit trees. These are the farmers whose lands lie in the smoke belt of the Murray smelters. To one who is not intimately acquainted with lands in the smoke area, it is incredible what damage a night of rain and wind can do when carrying along with it the vapors of the smoke. This year, after a long summer of comparative freedom from damage, large crops were maturing, and were comparatively promising. Then the storm came with winds from the south, and the smoke was carried over a wide belt. Dry it is comparatively harmless, except that it is dissolved in clouds of surface waters and poisons them, but wet with the rain the sulphur gas, of which it has been declared an expert, sounds a death knell to the crops. In this valley, forms sulphurous acid, and it is this that does the damage. It falls on the leaves and enters into the pores of the plant cells, eating out the walls and leaving the plants dead and withered.

Since the recent storm fields of lucern, beet crops, and fruit trees have suffered heavily in the vicinity of Panguitch and in the Jordan valley, stretching north nearly to the city limits. As it is the third season the farmers have a right to complain, and before the Legislature, have an injunction suit filed in the federal court. It is still awaiting a hearing. The smelters have during the period legally allowed them to make amends.

## NEW JERSEY ACADEMY.

More Funds to be Raised for Logan Institution by Presbyterian Women.

(Special to the "News.")

Newark, N. J., July 18.—By means of mite boxes distributed among its members, the Woman's Home Missionary society of the Park Presbyterian church has undertaken to raise money to support the New Jersey academy at Logan, Utah. This action has served to attract attention here to work for this institution, built by New Jersey Presbyterian women and managed by the New Jersey synodical home missionary society. The money contributed by local women will go toward a fund to enlarge the building that more boarding pupils can be accommodated.

## BANK OF GARLAND.

Governor Cutler Attends a Meeting of The Board of Directors.

Gov. John C. Cutler and Hon. W. W. Ritter returned last night from a trip to Garland where they went to attend a meeting of the board of directors of the bank of Garland. Several changes were made in the list of the bank's officials, necessitated by the retirement of President L. B. Hills. W. W. Ritter was chosen president, T. R. Cutler, vice president, and H. G. Whitney was elected a member of the board to fill the vacancy. The bank is now located in its new quarters, and is reported as excellent and the outlook all that could be expected. Gov. Cutler says he was astonished to note the progress in and around Garland since he was last there, and especially to notice the construction of the crops between Powersville and Brigham. The beets look especially promising.

## ALL EYES NOW ON THE RESERVATION.

Where and When the Work of Registration Begins Next Month.

## HOW TO GET NEW HOMES.

The Manner of Drawing is that Known As Lottery System—Land Commissioner Richards Will Supervise.

The opening of the Utah reservation is now the matter of first call in point of interest with both the interior department at Washington and the thousands of home seekers and speculators who wish to take a chance at reservation lands.

Here are some of the points for the intending claimant to keep in mind: Registration begins at Price, Vernal and Provo, Tuesday, Aug. 1, at 9 a. m., and continues until 6 p. m. Saturday, Aug. 12.

It costs nothing to register but applicants except soldiers and sailors must appear in person. After the drawing those who secure a choice near enough to the front to make it pay a claim, may do so upon paying \$100 acres of land for \$14.50 for 120 acres, \$8 for 80 acres, and \$6.50 for 40 acres.

An additional charge of \$1.25 per acre is made to be paid at the time of first proving up on the land, or in installments before this date. This money goes to the Indians. It will not be due until a patent is issued by the government.

## SOLDIERS AND SAILORS.

Soldiers and sailors have no exemption of fees. They may register, however by proxy, provided the power of attorney is given to a man who has no other power, and must appear in person of their service is deducted from the time they must live on the land to acquire title. Widows of soldiers and sailors have the same right.

## THOSE IN CHARGE.

The opening of the reservation will be in charge of the United States department of the interior. The local land office at Vernal and the United States land office here will have nothing to do with it. Under the chief clerk in charge 22 clerks will be appointed. These have just been assigned to the duty and will leave Washington in the near future. They will be distributed among the points of entry, Vernal, Price, Provo and Grand Junction.

## FAIR PLAY ALL ROUND.

Nothing is to be gained by registering early or to be lost by signing up late. All names entered up to the closing hour receive equal consideration. The applicant, who must appear in person, signs a certificate of registry and will be given a receipt therefor. His name and description will be placed in a sealed envelope and these will be sent to Provo from all points of entry, after the date for registering has expired. On Thursday, Aug. 17, the drawing will take place at Provo, and its results will be announced immediately.

## LOTTERY SYSTEM.

The manner of drawing is known as the lottery system. A committee of three members of which the land commissioner Richards will be chairman will personally supervise the event. The other two members will come from private life, one from Colorado and one from Utah. The envelopes containing names and descriptions will be placed in a box, which will be thoroughly shaken and then a name will be drawn out by a boy, who will hand it to the commissioner Richards. He will read out the name publicly and it will be entered at No. 1. Until 50 numbers are drawn, the public announcements will be made, and after that the names will be entered in the order of the numbers. The applicants will be notified on the first night after the drawing of their number on the record.

## ENTRY DAY.

The day of making entries is an important one. If the person holding a number is not called on that day he loses his rights under it, and if after number is once read the applicant fails to respond, it is passed till the end of the day, and if he then fails to respond to a second call, his chance is passed permanently.

## FORESTRY EXEMPTION.

An important reservation from the lands to be opened to best and possibly the shrinkage will be fifty per cent. As the industry has grown to large proportions within the past few years, the loss will be heavy when figured up in bulk. However, a current report that the crop is to be a total loss and that canning factories will be forced to remain closed this year is premature, and not justified by the outlook. A prominent canner, who is conversant with the situation, stated to the "News" today that there was no reason to doubt but that every factory would be open in full operation, and being smaller than in previous years. The blight which has attacked the plants is heaviest in the Hooper and Roy districts, but conditions elsewhere are not alarming.

## SENATOR W. A. CLARK

Had a Comfortable Night and is Doing Very Well.

New York, July 18.—A comfortable night was passed by Senator W. A. Clark. Dr. McKernon called at the senator's home early but remained only a few moments and upon leaving said there was no marked change in the patient's condition. The senator, he said, passed a good night and was doing very well.

## THE FIRST DRESSING OF THE WOUND

caused by the operation was made this afternoon. The wound was found to be in excellent condition, and the surgeons announced that everything indicated a most successful outcome as a result of the operation.

## TO PITCH TENTS FOR AGED POOR.

Canvas Homes to be Temporarily Provided for County Infirm—ary inmates.

## JONES STILL IN MOUNTAINS

Total Amount of Insurance on the Destroyed Portion of the Building was \$3,650—Two Policies Lapsed.

Supt. W. R. Jones, Jr., of the county infirmary, which was burned yesterday afternoon, has not been communicated with as yet, and is not aware that it has been destroyed. Mrs. Jones is doing everything in her power to locate her husband. Today she received a postal card from him stating that he had left Provo for Weber. Mrs. Jones at once telephoned there and had a messenger dispatched for Mr. Jones, and he may reach him during the day.

## THESE UNDAUNTED.

It was found this morning that the tables and chairs in the men's dining room were undamaged and that the range in the kitchen was all right and could be used for cooking purposes again. The medical room, was also saved, owing to the fact that Chief Bywater had his men keep the flames and water away from that part of the building. The committee reported to the "News" this morning that in all probability, tents would be pitched this afternoon for the aged women to sleep in.

At present the women are being cared for by Mrs. Jones and Mrs. Ballou of the Orphan's Home, where they are receiving every possible attention.

## THE FIRE INSURANCE.

County Clerk Eldredge today went over all the records for the purpose of determining just exactly what insurance there was on the building. A report he gave out a statement which follows showing that there was but \$3,650 of protection on the destroyed portion of the institution. It is as follows: Anchor Fire Insurance company, \$1,000; Williamsburg Fire Insurance company, \$1,100; Grand Fire Insurance company, \$1,550.

Total \$3,650.

Within the past few months two policies were allowed to lapse. One was for \$2,500 and the other for \$5,000, making a total of \$7,500. These both expired in November, 1904.

## LATE LOCALS.

The unidentified robber of the store at Union was buried this morning, at the expense of the county.

The Deseret National bank directors declared a quarterly 3 per cent dividend, amounting to \$15,000, and payable at once.

The city treasurer is this afternoon paying the department payrolls of the city for the first half of July, the total amount of the same being \$13,174.18.

The Veterans Firemen decided last evening to turn out the 24th of June as a feature of the parade, and will hold another meeting next Sunday at 11 a. m., to make further arrangements.

Today's local bank clearings amounted to \$29,422.38, as against \$1,031,455.34 for the same day last year. The large clearings of last year were due to bond transfers through one of the national banks, and the next day, the clearings fell to \$200,000.

An amendment to the articles of incorporation of the Wellsville East Field Irrigation & Canal company was filed in the secretary of state's office today in which the capital stock of the company is increased from \$1,000 to \$20,000, divided into shares of the par value of \$10 each.

Unknown thieves, supposed to be boys, broke into the butcher shop of Thomas Hephworth, 62 west First South street, last night, and failed to break open the cash register. They then cut through the screen window at the rear of the Union Produce company, 66 west First South, and managed to get away with some fruit valued at a comparatively small amount.

Yesterday afternoon at 3 o'clock the funeral services were held over the remains of Mrs. Anna Oswald at the Riverside ward chapel. The service was a simple one of song and tribute to the character of the deceased, who was loved by all who knew her. Bishop Robert Morris presided. The speakers were Elder Myron A. Seely, Bishop John Bowdler, Elder Chas. W. Sherwood, Fisher and Muir, Bishop Morris, and Elder Chas. W. Seely. "The Beautiful City" was sung by Mrs. Browning. The body was interred in the city cemetery, Bishop Robert Morris officiating the dedication prayer.

Today was another busy one with the headquarters of the Real Estate association who had in hand the matter of giving out prizes due to holders of lucky numbers at the Real Estate lottery celebration at Saltair. All but 40 numbers have now been turned in, and the association is very anxious to hear from these at once, in order to close the matter. The numbers of the tickets still to be heard from are 9,575; 1,226; 9,574; 13,601; 6,206; 10,919; 15,408; 948; 9,546; 814; 15,315; 6,616; 9,529; 15,363; 1,809; 15,384; 15,375; 1,890; 15,380; 13,676; 14,657; 5,367; 15,380; 15,387; 15,396; 5,632; 8,805; 945; 13,690; 9,065; 15,413; 15,095; 10,712; 1,053; 13,507; 8,505; 14,572; 10,692; 10,497; 1,648; 9,229; 9,764; 4,204; 15,739; 473; 5,40; 6,571.

## HEAT IN SHE EAST

SOMETHING TERRIBLE

The crest of the warm wave is now covering the Atlantic seaboard. The indications are that fair weather with some lower temperatures will prevail in the west and northwest and that scattered, showers and slightly lower temperatures will be experienced in the western lake region Wednesday.

## TEN DEAD IN CHICAGO.

Chicago, July 18.—After 31 persons had been stricken by heat stroke and died during the hottest day up to date this summer a breath of cool air relieved Chicago last night. The relief was short lived. After a few hours the wind veered and the heat was as intense throughout the early morning hours.

## TEN DEAD IN NEW YORK.

New York, July 18.—Late returns from the hospitals show 10 as the total dead from yesterday's terrible heat in and about New York. More than 100 cases of prostration were reported by the police. Everywhere in the city thousands of persons spent the night on roofs and doorsteps, while the park benches were crowded. Sleep was almost out of the question, except under the most favorable conditions. Particularly on the east side and in the quarter known as the tenements.

## IN BALTIMORE.

Baltimore, July 18.—Today is the most of the present summer so far. The thermometer having reached 92 degrees at 10 a. m. with the humidity at 51. There has been one death from heat in this city and a few prostrations.

## PLANNING FOR ORGANIZATION.

Butchers and Grocers of the State In Session in Salt Lake Today

## TWO MEETINGS ARE HELD

Welcome Extended for Mayor and Governor by President Hewlett and General Geoghegan.

Representatives of the butchers and grocers from the city and state met this morning at 10:30 o'clock in Knights of Columbus hall on west First South street, to organize an association which shall be to the state what the local association is to Salt Lake City. National Organizer W. D. S. Harrington of this city called the delegates to order, and in behalf of the Salt Lake City association, a motion picture of the local association was shown, and the delegates, outlining the work already accomplished by the Salt Lake association and the possibilities of a state organization, and the good results that ought to accrue from it.

## WELCOMED BY HEWLETT.

Acting Mayor Hewlett, as representing Mayor Morris who is absent from the city, was present and made a brief and interesting talk, calling attention to the fact that as he was in the extract and coffee business himself he felt qualified to appear before such a congregation as was gathered here today, and the good results that ought to accrue from it.

## REPRESENTED GOVERNOR.

Gen. Joseph Geoghegan of the governor's staff, appeared in the place of Gov. Cutler who was detained by public business which could not be postponed. The general was happy and, extending the best wishes of the executive towards the delegates and extolling the purposes of their organization. He hoped they would be successful in what they proposed to do.

## THOSE PRESENT.

A committee on credentials were then selected as follows: C. J. Foulger of this city, W. B. Erickson of Murray, J. Kirkham of Lehi, and A. E. Wetherill of Ogden. The committee reported favorably on the following list, Salt Lake: W. J. Donnellan, J. A. Bert, W. D. S. Harrington, J. M. Marriott, A. Hudson, L. Jensen, C. J. Foulger, C. M. Lee, William Wood, Jr., R. Egan, A. E. Brady, F. Castleman, E. E. Rich, J. E. P. Knetts, A. O. Wood, J. W. Haynes, Ogden: Fred Fowler, James Ballard, John Wilcox, D. R. Langlois, Henry Turbe, A. H. Sander, S. J. Nicholson of Draper, J. Kirkham and S. L. Goodwin of Lehi.

There were other delegates but they did not arrive until this afternoon, including three members of the Utah legislature, James Quayle, Charles McKel, H. G. Hayball and Stephen Halstrom. A committee on rules was appointed, J. M. Marriott, C. M. Lee, Salt Lake; Fred Fowler, Ogden; and S. J. Nicholson of Draper. H. G. Hayball, Logan, and S. L. Goodwin of Lehi. Addresses were made by Prof. Harm, state chemist on food adulteration, and by the local association, being given in the city, spoke pointedly on the benefits to accrue from the proposed display and the general interest of the local association in the new association being elected this afternoon, and the city association will give a dinner this evening, in honor of the new state organization.

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Cooler weather is declared to be in store for the latter part of the week. The maximum temperature, slightly lower today, 84, equalled the record of last summer, which by odd coincidence was made on the same day, July 17.

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No relief is promised by the weather forecasters, and as the humidity rose rapidly during the night, the outlook for today was serious during the early hours of the morning.

Owing to a strike inaugurated by 700 women in the employ of the American Ice company, discomforts of the heat wave will be magnified today in many sections of the city, where it is feared the strikers will attempt to prevent others from taking their place, and the heat even more than Manhattan. Seven of the dead lived there and the ambulance service for all the hospitals worked almost incessantly. It calls were received in 25 minutes.

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## CONFERENCE ON CHARITIES.

"Defectives" and "Children" Were The Principal Topics Under Discussion.

## BASIS FOR RATIONAL CARE.

Papers of General Interest—More Protective Laws for Little Ones Are Needed.

Portland, Or., July 18.—A vast amount of business is being transacted by the conference on charities and corrections now in session in this city. At the general session today "Defectives" and "Children" were the principal topics discussed. As on yesterday, each paper of report was animatedly discussed from every standpoint, the delegates other than those who are regularly on the program taking as active an interest as to make the discussion general in character rather than confined to the few set speeches of the day. The discussion is often quite as instructive as the reports or papers themselves. The topic "Defectives" was introduced by Dr. H. A. Tomlinson of St. Peter, Minn., chairman of the committee on defectives. Dr. Tomlinson's report, as have been the preceding reports, was in the nature of a paper. He discussed at length the importance of the investigation of the physical conditions present in defectives as a basis for their rational care and treatment.

The discussion on this topic was led by C. C. Krausop of Maywood, Ill., and Dr. Hastings Hart of Chicago superintendent of the Illinois Children's Home and Aid society, next read an able paper on "The Future of the Reformatory of the Twentieth Century."

A "Plan for Aesthetic Surroundings" was the subject of the address of George Vaux, Jr., director of the Philadelphia House of Reform.

At the sectional meeting which had under consideration the subject of "Defectives," Dr. Richard Devey of Waukegan, Ill., delivered an instructive address on "Aftercare of the Convalescent Insane."

Dr. S. E. Joseph and Mr. Horace Walpole, both of this city, read papers before the section in charge of the committee on care of the insane. Dr. Joseph's subject was "The Finances and Financing of Hospitals," including a uniform system of accounts so as to enable an easy but accurate study of the cost of every department.

Mr. Walpole, who followed, spoke on the subject of co-operation between hospitals and general relief societies, so as to produce better co-ordination of their functions.

"Child Saving Agencies of the Pacific States—Some Local Needs," was the subject of an address by W. T. Gardner, superintendent of the Boys and Girls Aid society of Oregon, before the children section.

Dr. Walter Lindley of Los Angeles, California, C. Chapman of the State school of California, followed with a paper on "The Evils of Institutional Childhood."

The work of this section concluded with the address of Edgar T. Davis, chief state factory inspector of Chicago. Mr. Davis' subject was "Necessity for Further Preventive and Protective Child Labor Laws Found."

Paris, July 18.—Paul de Roulleau, who recently refused to return to France under President Loubet's amnesty proclamation, is considering a visit to the United States for the purpose of studying the American Constitution with a view to advocating a revision of the French constitution. The announcement was made today by his brother, Andre de Roulleau, in response to statements that Paul de Roulleau was going to the United States, Andre de Roulleau writes.

"The United States has a Constitution which my brother always desired for France. It has broad principles which inspire the Frenchmen of the last century while our present constitution is patterned after the restricted document of Uruguay. Moreover, President Roosevelt's personality inspires the sympathy of patriots of all the countries and therefore my brother is considering going to New York instead of South America."

London, July 18.—Premier Balfour has dissipated the hopes of his opponents of an early dissolution of parliament. At a meeting of Unionists today the premier urged his supporters to be regular in their attendance at the house of commons as to as to prevent the defeat of the government as the result of a snap division. He pointed out that a dissolution in August would be inconvenient to the house and to the country. The premier said he did not anticipate any trouble in bringing the session to a close in the week ending Aug. 12.

Joseph Chamberlain in a brief speech said that while he formerly differed with Mr. Balfour on the question of an early dissolution, he now thought there was no good reason why parliament should be dissolved at noon.

## BALFOUR DISSIPATES

IDEA OF EARLY DISSOLUTION

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