THE EVENING PAPER IS THE PAPER OF TODAY, THE MORNING PAPER IS THE PAPER OF YESTERDAY

Deseret Evening News.

5 O'CLOCK EDITION.

NO. 201 TUESDAY, JULY 19, 1898, SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH. VOL. XXXI.

DEWEY FIXED THE GERMAN

Inquired of the Kaiser's Representative Whether Germany and America Were at Peace or War, So He Could Act Accordingly.

American Admiral's Peremptory Message Brought an Apologetic Reply from the Dutchman, who Made Certain Claims that Dewey Refused to Recognize, Saying Germans Must Observe Blockade Rules.

[illegible] Dewey Demanded that German Warships Pursue a Different Course if the Navies Were at Peace—If at War, He Would Govern Himself Accordingly—All Ships Would Be Treated Alike—Relations Between the Two Countries Were Strained Before the Appearance of the American Squadron—Intervention Was Feared in the Case of Hostilities Between Dewey and the Spaniards—Intervention Was Also Feared Should the Question of Blockading Manila Arise, Which Is Expected to Be Within a Few Days from Now—Germany Will Not Meddle.

New York, July 19.—A dispatch to the World from Manila, July 14, by way of Hongkong, China, says:

Admiral Dewey will undoubtedly be asked to explain his action in the matter of the German warships. The Spanish authorities have asked for an explanation of the action of the German warships in the matter of the blockade of Manila. The Spanish authorities claim that the German warships have been guilty of breaking the blockade, and that they will demand that the German warships be withdrawn from the Philippines. The Spanish authorities have also asked that the German warships be ordered to observe the blockade, and that they will be treated as the Spanish warships are treated, and that they will be treated as the American warships are treated. The Spanish authorities have also asked that the German warships be ordered to observe the blockade