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CLEMENCEAU'S POLICY UPHELD

After Exciting Debate of Eight Hours Chambers Vote Confidence in Him.

SOCIALISTS VERY SAVAGE.

Put Forward Speaker After Speaker, Rout to no Purpose-Senate Passes Wine Fraud Bill.

Paris, June 28 .- The chamber of deputies tonight, by a decisive majority of 120, after an exciting eight-hour debate, voted confidence in the government's policy regarding the wine growers' movement. Premier Clemenceau's victory was more decisive than his most ardent friends had expected. During the session the extreme Socialists put

the session the extreme Socialists put forward speaker after speaker from the south, but notwithstanding their savage attacks they proved no match for M. Clemenceau, who is a past mas-ter in parliamentary debate. The premier based his defense of the use of the military on the fact that the action of the municipalities striking and the popula-tion refusing to pay taxes could not be tolerated. With consummate skill he replied to the reproaches that they be-come reactionary by recalling the long years during which he had fought against oppression and injustice, and by referring to the time when, as at Mont-martre under the commune, he almost sacrificed, his life in endeavoring to save French officers from a mob. After M. Clemenceau had concluded d. Jaures, the Socialist leader, at-tempted to turn the tide, but it was too late to make an impression, and by a succession of votes the cabinet was sustained. The senate tonight passed the wine

instalned.

The senate tonight passed the wine fraud bill.

The senate tonight passed the wine fraud bill. M. Bedouce, Unified Socialist, was the first to attack the premier, de-claring that the latter was responsi-ble for the bloodshed in the south of France. The speaker's violence so excited M, de Baudry D'Asson, Roy-alist, that he fainted and had to be carried out of the chamber. M. Bedouce denounced as a mere pretext M. Clemenceau's intimation that the winegrowers' movement was inspired by the reactionists or was in any way revolutionary. He insisted it was a peaceful effort to obtain re-dress for wrongs and avoid starvation until the premier mobilized four army corps to suppress it. M. Bedouce continued, growing more and more violent as he proceeded. Turning to M. Clemenceau he shoat-ed. "You have turned the republi-can cathedral you promised into a charnal house." In conclusion he ap-pealed to the chamber to do some-thing to console and heal the south, adding: "If you do so the Socialists will adding:

"If you do so the Socialists will follow you in the march of progress under a surer guide than Clemen-

ceau." M. Menunier, Socialist, who fol-lowed, promised to continue to sup-port the government if Clemenceau satisfactorily explained the mutiny of the battallion of the Seventeenth regi-ment of infantry at Agde and his in-terview with Marcelin Albert, leader of the winegrowers. M. Menunier complained of the government's post-porement of the bill providing for the abolition of courts martial in time of peace. ceau. M,

the abolition of courts martial in time of peace. M. Aidy, Radical Socialist, who made a personal investigation of the rioting, charged that the gendarmes and cuirassiers fired first and without warning upon the people. He then read detailed accounts of how men, women and children were shot, deny-ing that the crowds had used fire-arms

When Clemenceau defied him to

land & Wolf company, have assembled 36 previously independent concerns, which will give them control, it is estimated, of about 90 per cent of the steel produced in Great Britain. It is prob-able that the combination will involve regulation of prices, adjustment of out-put to demand and equal distribution

put to demand and equal distribution of orders. The end primarily aimed at, it is asserted, is a combination strong enough not only to control the trade of Great Britain but to "dominate the steel trade of the world." The combined capital of the proposed combination is \$120,000,000.

ACROSS AFRICA.

Prussian Lieutenant Will Undertake Journey in Automobile.

Journey in Automobile. Berlin, June 29.—Lieut, Graets of the Prussian army will leave here to make the first effort to cross Africa in an par-Es Saham on the east coast about Aug. 10. riding through German East Africa, British Central Africa, Rhod-esia and German Southwest Africa, to Swakopmund. He proposes to make the journey in not less than six weeks. He will drive a specially made 45-horse power car with very heavy wheels and compartments for holding sufficient gasoline for 1,000 kilometers. He will have an elaborate photographic outfit. The Kaleor is said to be much inter-ested in the venture and has directed that a report of the trip be made to him.

ROCKEFELLER GUARDED.

ROCKEFELLER GUARDED. New York, June 29.—Dispatches from Pittsheld, Mass. report that Mrs. F. Parmalee Frentice, who is at Onata farm for the summer, is entertaining her father, John D. Rockefellet, and the estate is under strong guard, presum-ably to prevent Mr. Rockefeller being disturbed by process servers. The dispatches state that the lake front of the property is patrolled by a launch and that a reporter who drove out to the place, which he found guard-ed on all sides, was informed that he could not approach the house. Mr. Rockefeller arrived at Anota farm late Thursday night.

BELIEVES IN MARRIAGE.

An Octogenarian is Going to Try a

Fifth Experiment.

Fifth Experiment. Chicago, June 29.—"Marriage," said Ossian Guthrie, SI years old, last night, 'is the natural state for man and wo-man, I'm going to be married myself on next Monday evening, and it will it. "If any young man desires advice from me on this subject, my best an-swer will be: I have tried it four times and am willing to risk it once more at four score and one." Mr. Guthrie is a noted geologist and engineer. The ectogenarian's bride is to be Mrs. Elizabeth F. Flower, about 35 years his junior.

CZAR WIL CRUISE.

St. Petersburg, June 29.—The emper-or and members of the imperial family are about to leave Peterhof for a cruise in the Finnish fords. Premss Stoly-pin will join the emperor during the latter part of the tour,

LOVER DRAGS WOMAN FROM BED, KILLING HER

Chicago, June 29.—Dragged from her bed by a jealous suitor, Mrs. Mary Mol-esworth, a widow, was shot and killed ast night at her home, 6248 Normal avenue. Cecil Gibson, the murderer, ben turned his revolver on Thomas Jones a boarder in the house, and wounded him, probably fatally. The Killing was done in the presence of the woman's Syear-old son, who pieaded with Gibson to spare her life. Mrs. Molesworth, who was 34 years of was shoit twice in the head. Death was instantiancous. The vietim con-ducted a boarding house and Gibson took his meals there, although he slept elsewhere. He was insunely jealous of the attention she paid to Jones and fre-son was arrested and Jones taken to be hospital. From all that the police could learm, Gibson had been courting Mrs. Molesworth for several years, seeking her consent to marry him. He is said to have been encouraged at the beginning, but later Jones seemed to have supplanted him.

ITALIANS WILL JOIN IN FOURTH CELEBRATION.

New York, June 29.—Italian residents of New York will join this year with Americans in celebrating July 4. The reason is that July 4 is the birthday of Garibaldi, the deliverer of Jialy, and this year is the one hundredth ann er-sary of his birth. While the Italian government has appropriated \$200,000 for a fitting celebration in Rome. New York Italians have not been backward in preparing for the day. Since Garibaldi lived for a period of exile on Staten island it is fitting that the Italians should make a pilgrimuge to Clifton to dedicate the Pantheon that now covers the humble cottage in which he lived. More than 30,000 men are expected to be in line for the march to the scene of the ceremonies.



DESERET EVENING NEWS SATURDAY JUNE 29 1907

ELIAS MORRIS MONUMENT UNVEILED TOMORROW.

The above cut shows the Elias Morris monument which is to be unveiled tomorrow afternoon. It is of selected Barre granité imported from Vermont, finely dressed, and rests upon a Utah granite 1018e. The bottom base is 7 feet long and 4 feet 3 inches wide. The die is 4 feet long and 2 feet 2 inches thick. The entire monument weighs about nine tons, and rests on a concrete foundation 6 feet deep. The unveiling services will be held by the family at 4 o'clock Sunday. Friends are invited.



approval, The Russian delegation presented the following proposition in connec-tion with the proposal: 'In bombarding towns, villages or harbors, the commander of the naval, forces shall take necessary measures to spare churches, artistic, scientific and beneficent building and hospitals on condition that they are not em-ployed for military purposes."

ARGUMENTS IN THE ESTES MURDER CASE.

Houston, Va., June 28.-The argument of the attorneys in the triai of former judge William G. Loving, for the murder of the dotorneys in the triai of former of theodore Estes, was begin late this afternoon. The instructions, as read by Judge Barkscale, discussed murder in its various degrees, reasonable doubt, the time niowance for a main's angry passions to subside, and instantic, instructions pre-pared by the prosecution, tourning on the "uouriter law," were stricken out by the court. They declared that the unwritten law, by which is meant the right of the citizen to become the averger of his own wrongs in a manner not authorized by law of against the law, has no place in the oriminal jurisprudence of Virginia. Afty, Strode, for the defease, based his plaw, by state estication of the unwritten isw. He said: "The first principle of the law is to put wonself in the other of the law is to

ILLEGAL FENCING.

Are Indicted for It.



As Good as Ever.

Better Than for Years Past.

EXEMPTION OF PRIVATE PROPERTY J. H. Choate Makes Eloquent Plea Against Capturing it on

High Sea.

The Impression Seems to be That the

Unanimously Approved.

The Hague, June 28.-The sitting to-day of the first committee of the peace conference afforded an opportunity for Joseph H. Choate to deliver an eloquent speech upholding the exemption of private property, except contraband, from capture on the high sea. The success of his speech left the impression

that the American proposition, which in the conference of 1899 was only taken for consideration, this time will be ap-

HIS SPEECH A GREAT SUCCESS

American Proposition Will be

blas almost exclusively on the unwritten law. He said: "The first principle of the law is to put yourself in the place of that man who is before you for trial. The com-monwealth deminds the life of the ar-fendant, and for what? I do not under-value life, but there is something sweeter to all Virginians—the honor and the purity of our women. We have written in our away that if a man attempts to as-sault one of our daughters he has for-feited his hife. You, gentlemen of the jury, have nothing to do with the truth or the falsity of the story that Miss Lov-ies can be faither. When he heard that this daughter was brought home drugged and unconscious by a young man to whose courtesy and chivalry she had been en-trusted, he labored with his passions, and generated away from the sight of young Estes until he heard the story of her ruin from her ewn lips." " Thing occasionally lifted his handkerchief to his eyes, but displayed little emotion. His wife wept.

EVERY MAN HIS OWN DOCTOR.

The average man cannot afford to employ a physician for every slight aliment or injury that may occur in his family, for can he afford to neglect them, as so slight an injury as the scratch of a pin has been known to cause the loss of a limb. Hence every man must from neces-sity be his own doctor for this class of aliments. Success often depends upon

FOR A SANE FOURTH.

In Council Bluffs Boys and Girls Arc Deputized by Chief of Police.

Chicago, June 29 .- A dispatch to the Tribune from Council Bluffs, Ia,. says: Chief of Police Richmond has struck upon a unique scheme to prevent the pre-mateure celebration of Independance day

by deputizing boys and girls to act as speby deputating view of youngsters lined up yes-cial police. A long line of youngsters lined up yes-terday and received appointments and as-signments. Each was required to take the regular oath of a patrolman and the youngsters were assigned to specie dis-

The novelty of having the power of arrest over the boy in the next block has appealed greatly to the youngsters, who are showing their appreciation by keep-ing a sharp lookaut on every boy who purchases freworks, quits to the disgust of the dealers.

ALL-ROUND CHAMPIONSHIP.

New York, June 29.-Bartow S. Weeks, of the championship committee chairm of the Amateur Athletic union, has announced that the all-round championship of the United States will be held in New Write child of at the James-town exposition. The entry list includes. Martin J. Sheridan and Richard Cotton of the Irish-American Athletic club; Dennis Murray of Dublin, one of Ireland's great-est athletes, and John J. Dalton, of the Ubristian Brothers college of St. Louis, Mo.

When Clemenzeau defied him to prove several of his statements M. Aldy caused a sensation by declaring he held reports from officers to prove that what he said was true and H challenged to do so he would pro-duce them, adding: "We must decide whether we shall any longer submit to the fantasies of those who govern us"

The statement called forth applause from the right. When M. Aldy had inished M. Clemenceau said:

statements made render an The investigation imperative. Throughout I have been animated by the spirit of conciliation, but when the municipali-ti adopt an illegal attitude the govti adopt an Illegal attitude the gov-ernment has no alternative except to use force. The laws were made for everybody. Everybody must pay taxes. The poor peasants of the north, east and center are ready to pay more for their sugar in order to help the population of the south, whose misery is not general, as was proved by the accounts in the savings bank. The truth is that we face a revolt." Continuing, Clemenceau recalled the warnings he had issued to the soldiers not to fire except at the last extreme.

extreme,

Clemenceau concluded to thun-

M. Clemencsau concluded to thun-ders of applause: "Our fathers amid convulsions to which the present incidents are most trifling, built upon a foundation of rock and at the same time gave lib-erty to mankind, and the French na-tion will uphold them." During the vote M. Bedouce and an-other deputy came to blows. They were pulled apart by ushers. The al-tercation may result in a duel.

FRAUDULENT PROMOTERS.

Warrents Issued for L. A. Woods, G.

D. Woods and Others of St. Paul.

St. Paul, Minn., June 28 .-- Warrants St. Paul, Minn., June 28.-Warrants were issued this afternoon at the in-stance of the United States district at-torney for the arrest of Lewin A. Woods, George D. Woods, Clinton D. Phelps, Bruce T. Tuttle, Charles T. Kelly and Martin P. Quigley of St. Paul, and E. P. Earnestberg of Su-perior, Wis., on charges of fraud. It is alleged the defendants, who were percenters and effects of the Wisconsin

It is alleged the defendations, who were promoters and efficers of the Wisconsin Grain and Stock company of St. Paul, and managers of the Superior board of trade, conspired to cheat in the use of the mails in violation of federal laws.

CONDEMNED TO DEATH.

Houston, Tex., June 38.—The jury in the case of Monk Gibbon, the negro boy charged with complicity with Felix Poweil in the murder of Mrs. A. J. Conditt and four children in October. 1905, near Edna, Tex., today returned a verdict of guilty, with punishment fixed at death.

AN ENGLISH STEEL TRUST. Combination is Said to be in Process

Of Formation.

London, June 28.-A great combina-tion of steel and iron manufacturers, similar to those existing in the United States and Germany, is in course of formation in Great Britain, with the avowed object of combatting American and German competition, which is in-creasing. Nite big compaties, headed by Vickers Sons and Maxim, and in-cluding John Brown & Co., which re-cently was analgagated with the Har-

CARPENTERS DEMAND MORE.

CARPENTERS DEMAND MORE. New York, June 29.—Ten thousnad carpenters have made a demand for increase in wages to go into effect to-day. The carpenters in the employ of the master carpenters' association, about 6,000 in number, will have their request granted. On Jan 1 their pay was increased from \$4.50 to \$4.80 a day, with a promise to receive \$5 a day July 1. The employers will keep faith with the promise to receive \$5 a day July 1. The employers will keep faith with them. On the other hand, the 4.000 carpenters in the employ of in-dependent firms have been refused the increase, and they will go on strike at noon today.

UNREST IN PORTUGAL.

Crown Prince Defers Tour of African Colonies Because of It.

London, June 29.—A Madrid dispatch to the Morning Post says that the Crown Prince of Portugal, in whose fa-vor it has been reported King Carlos would abdicate, has not yet started on his tour of the Portugese African col-onies, the trip having been postponed because of the unrest in Portugal.

GREAT Y. M. C. A BUILDING.

GREAT Y. M. C. A BUILDING. Chicago. June 20.—A dispatch to the Tribune from Milwaukee says: Amid great estibusiasm and cheering, the announcement was made last night when the banquet of the Young Men's Christian association workers adjourned, that the 320,000 building fund, which the losal association has raised within the last four weeks is considered complete. Up to last night all but \$15,000 of the spin had been signed for. During the ban-quet \$26,000 more was pledged and then a roll call was made of 10 captains who have had their teams of 12 men each at work, and each pledged his team to raise \$00 more. One captain said he could surantee \$800 more. That left \$4,000 to be raised and it was recided to raise. In ad-dition to this sum, \$2,000 more to allow for surthage on some of the subscriptions. Thereupon the directors of the associa-tion and eitigens' committee announced that the association would put them down for the balance. or the balance.

CAMPERS START FOREST FIRES.

El Paso, Tex., June 23.-Fire is rag-ing in the Chiraculua mountains along the Mexicu-Arizona line, and laborers have been dispatched by special train from Douglas to assist rangers in fight-ing the flames. Campers started the fire through carclessness.

CATARRH CANNOT BE CURED with Local A PPILCATIONS, as they of the disease of the disease, can be a set of the seat of the disease. A set of the disease of the disease, can be a set of the set of the disease, can be a set of the set of the disease of the set of the set of the disease of the set of CATARRH CANNOT BE CURED

in the conference of 1833 was only taken for consideration, this time will be ap-proved unanimously. The sitting began with consideration of the following question: "First--Do practise and legislation admit of belilgerent states transform-ing merchantmen into warships? "Second--In case of merchantmen be-ing transformed into warships, what are the legal conditions which belilger-ents will have to observe? "Third--Is the present practise relat-ing to capture and confiscation of mer-chantmen sailing-under a hostile flag to be maintained or aboilshed?" Count Tornielli, Italian, and Sir Ed-ward Fry, British, observed that in principle the first question was general-ly admitted and thus it was only neces-sary to define conditions for the trans-formation of merchanimen. Then began the debate on the exemp-tion of private property at sea. Baron Marchio, Austrian, supported the

Then began the debate on the exemp-tion of private property at sea. Baron Macchio, Austrian, supported the American proposition. Senor Barbosa, Brazil, gave a his-torical survey of the attitude of the United States from the time of Ben-jamin Franklin and eulogized the posi-tion assumed by the United States, which he declared was the view of the whole American her sphere. He said that when under the declaration con-tained in the treaty of Paris of 1856 the signatory powers declared for the abo-lition of privateering the American delegates refuse to give their assent on the ground that it did not declare s-pressly that private property at sea

delegates refuse to give their assent on the ground that it did not declare ag-pressiv that private property at sea was inviolable. Senor Barbosa con-cluded by declaring that by the orders of his government he associated him-self with the American proposal. Mr. Choate then made a speech based on the American declaration at the con-ference of 1859. He referred to the dif-ferent occasions in which the United States had proclaimed her support of the doctrine-by treaties with Prussia in 1875, with Bolivia in 1858 and with Italy in 1871. He enumerated the chr-cumstances under which this principle received the approval of jurists and the sympathy of nations, while eminent au-thorities like Palmerston, 'Cobden, Biuntschlei, Nesselrode, Wolsley and Martens had pronounced themselves in favor of it.

Martens had pronounced themselves in favor of it. Long before the first conference in 1556. Mr. Choate said, Russia do-clared the matter worthy of consid-eration, saying that the success of the American principle would be a "crown of glory to modern diplo-macy." His survey showed that the United States had followed the same policy for over a century, earnestly urging in the first days of its existence that the principle be adopted. He re-called the vota of the Brussels confer-ence in 1874 on the immunity of pri-vate property at sea. Mr. Choate sought to prove that all neutral powers were interested in the question and the tendency was to re-stitet wir to its proper domain. The privateering of former years was los-ing more and more in importance in view of the great technical perfec-tions of the present day. The speak-er declared: "One might say the game is begin-

view of the great technical perfec-trions of the present day. The speak-er declared: "One might say the game is begin-ning to be worth the candle." "It Choate concluded by saying that President Roosevelt attached such importance to the question that he wished to evolve an expression of opinion on it by a voie of all the countries represented at the confer-ence. Mr. Choate spoke in Eaglish. M. Fromaged, France, translating fay-res the American proposition. "The discussion was then adjourned milites on next Wednesday." Mr. Choate immediately after the sitting left for Amsterdam. "After Mr. Choate's speech, M. Nell-don would defeat its own purpose, as the exemption of private property would have only the effect of render-ing wars more frequent. On the

FIVE CHINESE KILLED IN WRECK

Wundipeg, Man., Jime 25,-Train No. 27, the regular westbound Canadian Pacific rallway express, and a Chicago special going east, collided at Butler, 276 miles east of here late this afternon. Fivo Chiuses were killed and E. A. O'Conner of St. Johns, N. B., a guard on the spe-cial, was seriously hurt. The wrock was due to a misunderstood order.



DANIELS' IMMENSE REDUCTIONS THE BIGGEST SALE OF THE SEASON Will continue all this week.

Owing to the backward spring we have a larger stock of high grade and stylish woolens left onhand than usual at this season of the year. These goods must be disposed of in the next 30 days., Consequently we are forced to make extraordinary reductions in our prices. These goods will be divided into three lots and will be made up to your measure at the following prices:

> LOT 1-All our fine Cheviot and all-wool Worsteds, worth from \$20,00 to \$25,00, going at \$15,00 the suit. LOT 2-AF Sultings worth originally from \$27.00 to \$35.00, going at \$20.00 the suit,

LOT 3-All our fine imported Cheviots and Worsteils; also some fine Black and Blue Suitings, worth from \$37.00 to \$45.00, going at \$25.00.

Don't miss this opportunity of getting a stylish tailor-made suit for less money than you can buy aready-made. It has been proven that the only difference between our garments and those of the high-priced tailors is the price. Give us a trial and let us prove it to you without delay.

DANIELS, THE TAILOR

Uncalled-for suits, worth from \$25.00 to \$40,00, will be closed out during this sale at from \$10,00 to





Steam Boating, Launch Riding, Rowing, Bowling, Roller Coasting, Roller Skating, "The Old Mill," "Trip Around the World in a Pullman," Electric Theater, Merry-go-Round, etc. More attractions than at any other resort.

