AGRICULTURAL EXHIBITION.

What Utah Will Show in This Line at the World's Fair.

To the Citizens of Utah:

By request of the Utah World's Fair commission I shall collect the agricultural exhibit for the territory. The interest of no State or Territory will be so well served by a good exhibit as that of Utah, and every citizen should feel a personal interest in making the exhibit of Utah's resources and industries complete.

I solicit the advice and assistance of any citizen who can aid in securing rare specimens, or in securing material along the following lines that we wish represented in the division of agriculture.

This department will collect and represent the agricultural fertilizers, such as gypsum, nitrate of soda, or any other material suitable for plant food, together with river waters and analyses of the same.

It will exhibit its irrigation system by photographs, drawings and otherwise, including dams, reservoirs, canal scenes and irrigation scenes.

It will collect the typical soils of the Territory and show them in a column as they stand in the soil.

It will collect the farm machinery, models of farm machinery, and early appliances of either the farm or the household that have been invented or made in the Territory. I particularly desire that the early farm appliances and models of new inventions may be gathered.

A large painting showing the unique village farm system of Utah with surrounding country, will be exhibited, together with views of some of the farm homes and farm methods of Utah, by means of paintings and drawings, or photographs.

Probably no other stock will be shown but sheep, yet photographs of some of our best animals will be gathered.

The fibres, both animal and vegetable, will be collected; viz.: wool of sheep and goats, with their skins, and cotton and vegetable fibres.

All classes of crops, with their products, will be shown, and in the flora of the Territory will be included the woods and a collection of our most distinctive flowering plants. It is desired that the farmers having specially fine samples of any economic plant growing in Utah will notify me of the same, and, on request, forward the samples. Our principal root crops will be enclosed in jars for preservation.

A case of rare birds, and probably a few of our four-footed wild beasts, may be shown, such as the Rocky Mountain sheep and Rocky Mountain goat, perhaps a buffalo. I would be pleased to secure a Rocky Mountain sheep and Rocky Mountain goat, as they belong to classes of domesticated animals.

A display of the Agricultural College and its technical features will be made.

Maps showing the agricultural resources of the Territory will be shown.

Our dairy products will be exhibited.

A complete exhibit of horticultural products will be made in a preserving liquid. This exhibit we wish to make inclusive, to take in all kinds of our fruits, from the figs of southern Utah through the entire list of fruits grown from southern to northern Utah. Probably the fresh fruits in their season will also be exhibited.

Samples of the nuts of the Territory will be collected.

The exhibit will be accompanied by printed statements and maps giving information in regard to each part of the display, much of which will be accompanied by analyses of the products shown.

If any citizen can suggest any desirable feature to be added, or any other article or product to be exhibited, or can render assistance as to the method of exhibit, or the collection of materials, or in any other direction, I shall be glad to hear from him. I trust that advice and assistance will be freely rendered. Address

J. W. SANBORN,
Agricultural College, Logan, Utah.

FIRST AND ONLY MEN.

EXTRAORDINARY INSTANCES OF PRIORITY IN INVENTION AND ACTION.

Every age and generation since man began to live on the earth has produced one or more record breakers. The first person to do a thing, from that very fact becomes a noteworthy individual and sets up a standard by which the achievements of all his successors may be measured. He may for ages remain by reason of his priority the most distinguished performer of that particular action or achievement. History is full of these pioneers in human effort; their names have become household words. Every school boy is taught that Archimedes discovered the lever, Guttenberg was the first printer, Cadmus the first inventor of written characters, Fulton the first to apply steam to locomotion on water, Watt the originator of steam as an agent in locomotion by land, Montgolfier the first aeronaut—at least the first well authenticated navigator of the air. Morse the first telegrapher. And the list is a much longer one. The probabilities are that the majority of these record makers in human history were not considered by their neighbors and friends or by their contemporaries in general as men capable of or who had performed anything particularly wonderful or worthy of human gratitude or remembrance. In the same way the "first" men of to-day may in some instances and in some localities at least, be living and toiling without raising a ripple on the human current so that posterity will have to discover the name and fame of many who would even now, were they known, be esteemed record breakers in this last decade of the nineteenth century.

As Adam was the first man all sorts of ingenious hypotheses have ascribed to him the first performance of many interesting and, perhaps, highly imaginative deeds.

Scipio Africanus, one of the most famous of the warriors of ancient Rome, a general, a scholar and a statesman besides, is said to have been the

FIRST CLEAN-SHAVEN ROMAN.

No wonder he was popular with all young men; were there no other reason for it his name would no doubt figure in history. For in the days of the early Roman civilization the beard was a badge, if not exactly of servitude, at least of something approaching barbarism. Just as the attendants in the best regulated places of public resort today are required to wear clean shaven faces so the slaves in the days of Scipio were commanded to wear beards and it had within a short time become in that extent a mark of degradation.

THE FIRST MAN TO MAKE SHOT

was named Watts, though there is no evidence that he was in any way related to the inventor of the steam engine. The curious part of the story of the discovery of the method now in use of making perfectly globular missiles of lead is that one evening, after having spent several hours at a social gathering where his companions, at least, drank too much wine, he managed to find his way home to bed and immediately fell into a deep sleep, in the course of which he dreamed that he was again out in the street with his late companions and that it was raining, not rain drops, but spheres of molten lead. In the morning he began to wonder what shape molten lead would take if dropped through the air and he finally climbed to the top of the steeple of the church of St. Mary at Redcliff, London, melted a ladleful of lead and threw it to the moat below. When he ran down and gathered the particles from the bottom of the moat, which was quite shallow, he found that his dream had come true. And hence the shot-tower.

THE FIRST ACTOR TO BE KNIGHTED.

The first professional actor to receive what is generally styled the honor of knighthood was Augustus Harris, not only an actor, but the manager of the Drury Lane theatre in London and often spoken of as "Augustus Druriolanus." Queen Victoria conferred his title upon him in the summer of 1891.

The first sea captain to take a whaleback steamer across the ocean from Duluth through the lakes to Liverpool was named Saunders and his vessel was the Charles W. Wetmore. Capt. Saunders made his first voyage in 1891 and soon afterward died on his ship in Liverpool from heart disease, supposed to have been aggravated by his heroic rescue of a castaway the day before.

The first English owner of race-horses to make entries for American races and so directly to participate in what is the most widely patronized sport in this country is Col. North, the "nitrate king" of England. He has entered some of his most famous thoroughbreds for the American derby, the Queen Isabella and the Sheridan stakes in Chicago in 1893.

THE FIRST PAWNBROKER

was a doctor of medicine in Tuscany, who put three golden pills about his door as a coat of arms. This was something over 500 years ago. His descendants called themselves Medici, which means the descendants of the doctor.

The first discoverers of America are supposed to have been Buddhist monks from China, who landed on the western coast in the summer of 151 A. D.

Lieutenant Meigs, U. S. A., son of General Meigs, is declared to have first used the armored railway car in warfare, in 1863 on the B. & O. railroad.

Walter Abbott Wood, of Hoosick Falls, N. Y., made in 1852 the first wire and string self-binding harvesting machine.

William Rumsey invented the sidewheel boat. A "side-wheel row-boat" built by him attracted a great deal of attention at Fort Pitt (Pittsburg) in 1761. There were treadles for the feet.

In 1688 Mennonites in Pennsylvania made the first protest against negro slavery.

Col. Edmund Dick Taylor, a cousin of Zachary Taylor, was spoken of by Abraham Lincoln as the "Father of the Greenback."

James Lowrie, a Scotchman, set up the first Brussels carpet loom in the United States.

HINTS FOR SHEEP BREEDERS.

Food and Treatment That Will Bring in the Heaviest Returns.

Old, experienced flockmasters are usually guided by certain golden maxims, one being that variety in the feeding of sheep is indispensably necessary. Many of our most successful sheep raisers are those who adopt the largest series of fodder crops, not because one crop may fail, but because another crop of one kind to answer when another fails, but owing to sheep having their likes and dislikes no less than human beings.

Instead of depending wholly on hay, turnip or silage, as some do, the sagacious and experienced flockmasters add to that cabbage, kohl-rabi, thousand headed kale, rape, vetches or whatever is suited to the climate and location. There are many sheep growing districts in America where one and all of these fodder plants can be grown to the greatest advantage, but farmers are slow in leaving the old ruts. Rape can be cultivated almost anywhere, and I wonder flockmasters can resist the temptation of giving it a trial.

Hurry up, shepherds, and keep pace with the times, and provide for those charming Downs that you are importing and lavishing so much money on. Your stubbles will soon be bare, so in with the plows and on with the rape seed, and you will reap a golden harvest through your sheep that you never dreamed of. The sheep and hogs I kept per acre on rape in Oregon seem sometimes to me incredible. What wool the sheep produced, and what lambs were to be found in that forest of foliage!

Close folding is now very commonly practiced among the leading flockmasters in Britain. The advantages of close folding when judiciously practiced are very great. It is most commonly practiced in those districts where Down sheep are kept, and where the arable land is adapted to the growth of fodder or catch crops. I mean by catch crops, rape seed, mustard, winter vetches, winter barley, rye, etc. Grow these instead of fallowing or allowing the ground to lie idle. Immediately after the crop is removed plow your land and sow any or all of these seeds and you will not only have abundant food for all varieties of stock as well as for sheep, but you will at the same time be greatly enriching your land. The system is extensively followed out in England; why not in America?

Change of food is one of the great secrets of successful sheep farming. When in Britain last fall I observed that among the celebrated breeders sheep were being constantly, almost daily, removed from pasture to pasture, always getting fresh keep and never allowed to remain in one inclosure till they had to be removed, which is the worst of all management. Others, again, were allowed only as much space on grass or rape, etc., as they could eat off clean every green a fresh patch daily, simply by advancing the hurdles or wire netting. In this manner the land behind them is manured and nothing wasted. Wherever this pursuit is carried out at least the change is made in the sheep pasturage every day by taking them from their ordinary pasture to rape or vetches, then again returning them to the permanent pasture for the night.

We all know that careful shepherding, plenty of change, liberal allowance of concentrated foods and a good breed to work upon are the chief points required in order to secure success. I am a great advocate for feeding young sheep on concentrated foods. When oilcakes with a good percentage of oil are used in conjunction with some kind of meal there is some loss for profit to the animal's food and also the improvement of the land upon which the cake and corn is consumed. So important is this subject of improvement of land by means of sheep feeding that it occupies a very prominent place in sheep management.

You must feed your sheep from the day the lamb is dropped until cake and corn, and never forget "it is what goes in at the mouth that makes them." The old theory that prime mutton can only be had from 3 and 4 year-old wethers has been exploded. Indeed 3-year-old wethers are now becoming rare. Nothing is more certain than that the age at which sheep can be fattened is being constantly lowered. It is thoroughly ascertained that a sheep from its birth till 1 year old makes as much flesh as can double that age, provided the sheep be fed carefully, plentifully and methodically, and then there need be no short commons in their rations.

Remember the ewe as well as the lamb requires to have abundant food and fresh pasture all through the nursing season. The maternal strains are very heavy, especially where the ewe is nursing doubles. The drain of a healthy and rapidly growing lamb upon the ewe is so great that in many cases it entirely checks the growth of the wool.—William Watson in Breeder's Gazette.

Live Stock Points.

Common horses will become more and more a drug on the market as fast as localities begin to use electricity and cables instead of horse traction for street cars. This they are doing rapidly. Within a few months 1,500 horses will be for sale from the street car stables of New York city alone.

Mr. Beale, American minister to Persia, has sent to the agricultural department at Washington sixteen valuable Astrakhan sheep. It will be worth while to see how they thrive in this country. Perhaps we may at length beat the world in the production of fine wool.

The poultry and dairy shows that have been held in connection with the fat stock and horse shows at Chicago will be omitted this year. It is a pity. There ought to be a dairy show, and a great one, in every state in the Union each year.

Be sure and have green stuff for the poultry all the summer through, if you have them yarded. Either rye, oats or grass will make a good feed, and careful poultrymen will plant one or all of these in plenty in good season to come in at the right time.

Laborers in Alaska.

The workingman need not complain in Alaska. Three dollars a day, with board and lodging provided by his employers, are miner's wages. Indian workmen in the mines receive two dollars a day and "find" themselves. The cost of provisions adds a dollar a day for each white employee to the expenses of the mining company, and with these items in the operating expenses, any fractions of dividends sufficiently prove the richness of the mines. Hydraulic mining begins in May and lasts until October, and unless they are situated in snowclad canyons, difficult of access, the quartz mills run all the year round. The great Treadwell mill on Douglas island thunders night and day, winter and summer, grinding out in twelve months $763,782.00—sufficient answer to all that has been said against Alaska's being or becoming a great mining country.—Harper's Weekly.

Wages of New York Waiters.

Eighteen or twenty years ago waiters in down town luncheon houses were paid sixteen dollars a week. Now the receipts are no less, but the wages from the proprietors are only four or five dollars a week. The public makes up the difference.

This illustrates the growth of the tipping system. When sixteen dollars was the waiters' wage there were no tips. In those days when you ate luncheon you paid for it. Now you pay the waiter's hire as well as your bill. It is an odd fact that while the prices on the bills of fare have not materially decreased and the restaurant keeper has been relieved by his customers of a large item in his expenses, the business is no more profitable than it used to be, probably because of the increase of rents.—New York Herald.

America's Largest Snake.

The largest American serpent is the anaconda, which may attain a length of thirty feet. It inhabits tropical America, and is a handsome animal, with dark round spots scattered over its whole body on a groundwork of rich brown. It is very fond of water and haunts the banks of rivers, lakes and streams, there lying in wait for any deer or peccary which may come to the margin of the water to drink.—Quarterly Review.

Relative Impecuniosity.

Charlie—I pity you, Jack, when I see your creditors pushing you. That is a trouble I never had.

Jack—No. You probably never had any credit at all.—Kate Field's Washington.

Newark, N. J., has a loan and building association composed entirely of colored people. The whole expense of conducting loan and building associations in New Jersey amounts to considerably less than ½ of 1 per cent.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE regular annual meeting of the stockholders of the State Bank of Utah, of Salt Lake City, will be held at its banking house, corner of Main and South Temple Streets, in said city, on Tuesday, July 12th, 1892, at [illegible] o'clock p. m., for the purpose of electing Directors to serve for the ensuing year, and for the transaction of such further business as may properly come before the meeting. [illegible]

HEBER M. WELLS, Cashier.

NOTICE.

IS HEREBY GIVEN, TO THE STOCKholders of the [illegible] that there will be a meeting of the stockholders held at room No. [illegible] Bank Building, at the junction of East Temple and First South streets, in Salt Lake City, Utah Territory, at the hour of [illegible] p. m., July [illegible], 1892, for the purpose of electing nine Directors of said Company to serve for the ensuing year. This meeting is called by order of the Board of Directors made June [illegible], 1892.

LE GRAND YOUNG, Second Vice-President.
JUNIUS F. WELLS, Secy.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

Estate of John Benson, Deceased.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, BY THE undersigned, Administrators of the Estate of John Benson, deceased, to the creditors of, and all persons having claims against the said deceased, to exhibit them with the necessary vouchers within ten months after the first publication of this notice, to the said Administrators, [illegible] at [illegible] First South Street, Salt Lake City, in the county of Salt Lake, Utah.

Dated April 21st, 1892.

JOSEPH HARKER,
SAMUEL E. BENNION,
Administrators of the estate of John Benson, deceased.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

Estate of John L. Blyth, deceased.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN BY THE undersigned, executors of the will of John L. Blyth, deceased, to the creditors of, and all persons having claims against the said deceased, to exhibit them, with the necessary vouchers within ten months after the first publication of this notice, to the said executors, Wm. A. Rossiter and Hamilton G. Park, at Le Grand Young's office, over Deseret National Bank, corner East Temple and First South streets, Salt Lake City, Utah, in the County of Salt Lake. Dated May [illegible], 1892.

WM. A. ROSSITER,
HAMILTON G. PARK,
Executors of the will of John L. Blyth.

NOTICE OF SALE OF REAL ESTATE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, THAT IN pursuance of an order of the Probate Court of the County of Salt Lake, Territory of Utah, made on the [illegible] day of June, 1892, in the matter of the estate of Hannah Tom[illegible] Walsh, deceased, the undersigned, the administrator of the said estate, will sell at private sale, to the highest bidder, upon the terms hereinafter mentioned, and subject to confirmation by said Probate Court, on Saturday, the [illegible] day of July, 1892, at 11 o'clock a. m., at the office of Richards & Smith, attorneys, [illegible] Street, Salt Lake City, Utah, all the right, title, interest and estate of the said Hannah [illegible] Walsh at the time of her death, and all the right, title and interest that the said estate has by operation of law or otherwise acquired other than or in addition to that of the said Hannah [illegible] at the time of her death, in and to all that certain lot, piece or parcel of land situate, lying and being in Salt Lake County, Utah Territory, and bounded and described as follows, to wit: [illegible]

Terms and conditions of sale: Cash. Ten per cent of the purchase money to be paid on the day of sale, the balance on confirmation of sale by said Probate Court. Deed at expense of purchaser.

THOMAS D. LEWIS,
Administrator of the estate of Hannah Tom[illegible] Walsh, deceased.

Salt Lake City, June 24th, 1892.

ANNUAL STATEMENT

For the year ending December 31, 1891, of the condition of the [illegible] Life Insurance Company, [illegible], made to the Secretary of the Territory of Utah, in pursuance of an Act relating to Fire and Life Insurance Companies, approved March 13, 1884, and March 7, 1888.

[illegible]

STATE OF [illegible], County of [illegible] } ss.

[illegible]

GUDMUND AKERMACK, Notary Public.

TERRITORY OF UTAH, Secretary's Office. } ss.

I, Elijah Sells, Secretary of the Territory of Utah, do hereby certify that the above and foregoing is a full, true and correct copy of the Annual Statement of the general condition of the [illegible] Fire and Life Insurance Company of [illegible], on file in my office on the [illegible] day of June, 1892, in pursuance of an Act relating to Fire and Life Insurance Companies, approved March 13, 1884, and March 7, 1888.

In witness whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and affixed the great seal of the Territory of Utah, this [illegible] day of June, 1892.

ELIJAH SELLS, Secretary of Utah Territory.

ANNUAL STATEMENT

For the year ending December 31, 1891, of the condition of the Hamburg Magdeburg Fire Insurance Company of Hamburg Germany, made to the Secretary of the Territory of Utah, in pursuance of an Act relating to Fire Insurance Companies, approved March 13, 1884.

Name of company and location: Hamburg Magdeburg Fire Insurance Company, Hamburg, Germany.

[illegible]

STATE OF CALIFORNIA, City and County of San Francisco. } ss.

[illegible]

W. FRANK.

Subscribed and sworn to before me, this [illegible] day of April, A. D. 1892.

SAMUEL ROSENHEIM, Notary Public.

TERRITORY OF UTAH, Secretary's Office. } ss.

I, Elijah Sells, Secretary of the Territory of Utah, do hereby certify that the above and foregoing is a full, true and correct copy of the Annual Statement of the general condition of the Hamburg Magdeburg Fire Insurance Company of Hamburg, Germany, filed in my office on the [illegible] day of June, 1892, in pursuance of an Act relating to Fire Insurance Companies, approved March 13, 1884.

In witness whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and affixed the great seal of the Territory of Utah, this [illegible] day of June, 1892.

ELIJAH SELLS, Secretary of Utah Territory.

LEGAL NOTICE.

In the Probate Court in and for Salt Lake County, Territory of Utah.

In the matter of the Estate of Samuel L. Sprague, deceased.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT Sarah F. H. Sprague, administratrix of the estate of Samuel L. Sprague, deceased, has rendered for settlement, and filed in said court, her final account of her administration of said estate, and petition for final distribution of the residue of said estate among the persons entitled thereto, and that Wednesday, the [illegible] day of July, A. D. 1892, at 10 o'clock a. m., at the Court Room of said Court, in the County Court House, Salt Lake City and County, Utah Territory, has been duly appointed by the Judge of said court for the settlement of said account and hearing said petition for distribution, at which time and place any person interested in said estate may appear and show cause, if any there be, why said account should not be settled and approved and final distribution made as prayed for.

Dated June 24th, 1892.

C. F. ALLEN,
Clerk of the Probate Court.
By CAUSTEN BROWNE, Jr., Deputy.

LEGAL NOTICE.

In the Probate Court, in and for Salt Lake County, Territory of Utah.

In the matter of the Estate of Henry Ingbertsen, deceased.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, THAT Anna B. Calvert, administratrix of the estate of Henry Ingbertsen, deceased, has rendered for settlement, and filed in said court, her final account of her administration of said estate, and petition for final distribution of the residue of said estate among the persons entitled thereto, and that Tuesday, the [illegible] day of July, 1892, at 10 o'clock a. m., at the Court Room of said Court, in the County Court House, Salt Lake City and County, Utah Territory, has been duly appointed by the Judge of said Court for the settlement of said account, and hearing said petition for distribution, at which time and place any person interested in said estate may appear and show cause, if any there be, why said account should not be settled and approved and final distribution made as prayed for.

Dated June [illegible], 1892.

C. F. ALLEN,
Clerk of the Probate Court.
By CAUSTEN BROWNE, Jr., Deputy Clerk.

LEGAL NOTICE.

In the Probate Court of the County of Salt Lake, Territory of Utah.

In the matter of the Estate and Guardianship of Brigham Fyfe, Mary E. Fyfe, Maggie E. Fyfe and Euphemia Fyfe, Minors.

Order to show cause why order of Sale of Real Estate should not be made.

JANE T. FYFE, THE GUARDIAN OF the person and estate of Brigham Fyfe, Mary E. Fyfe, Maggie E. Fyfe and Euphemia Fyfe, minors, having filed her petition herein, duly verified, praying for an order of sale of the real estate of said minors, for the purposes therein set forth, it is hereby ordered that the next of kin of the ward and all persons interested in the estate of said minors, appear before the said Probate Court on Wednesday, the [illegible] day of July, 1892, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of said day, at the Court Room of said Probate Court, at the County Court House, in the city and county of Salt Lake, Utah Territory, to show cause why an order should not be granted to the said guardian to sell the whole or so much of the real estate of the said minors, at private sale as shall be necessary and that a copy of this order be published at least four successive weeks in the DESERET EVENING NEWS, a newspaper printed and published in said city and county.

Dated June [illegible], 1892.

G. W. BARTCH, Probate Judge.

WADDELL & ADAMS, attorneys for guardian.

LEGAL NOTICE.

In the Probate Court of the County of Salt Lake, Territory of Utah.

In the matter of the estate of Almira E. Walsh, deceased.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT Albert F. Walsh administrator of the estate of Almira E. Walsh, deceased, has rendered for settlement, and filed in said Court, his final account of his administration of said estate and petition for final distribution of the residue of said estate among the persons entitled thereto, and that Wednesday the [illegible] day of July, A. D. 1892, at 10 o'clock a. m., at the Court Room of said Court, in the County Court House, Salt Lake City and County, Utah Territory, has been duly appointed by the Judge of said Court, for the settlement of said account and hearing said petition for distribution, at which time and place any persons interested in said estate may appear and show cause, if any there be, why said account should not be settled and approved and final distribution made as prayed for.

Dated June 21st, 1892.

C. F. ALLEN, Clerk of the Probate Court.

WADDELL & ADAMS, attorneys for estate.

LEGAL NOTICE.

In the Probate Court in and for Salt Lake County, Territory of Utah.

In the Matter of the Estate of John McDonald, deceased.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, THAT Sarah McDonald, executrix of the last will and estate of John McDonald, deceased, has rendered for settlement, and filed in said Court, her final account of her administration of said estate and petition for final distribution of the residue of said estate among the persons entitled thereto, and that Wednesday, the [illegible] day of July, A. D. 1892, at 10 o'clock a. m., at the Court Room of said Court, in the County Court House, Salt Lake City and County, Utah Territory, has been duly appointed by the Judge of said Court, for the settlement of said account and hearing said petition for distribution, at which time and place any person interested in said estate may appear and show cause, if any there be, why said account should not be settled and approved and final distribution made as prayed for.

Dated June 25, 1892.

C. F. ALLEN,
Clerk of the Probate Court.
By CAUSTEN BROWNE, Jr., Deputy.

DELINQUENT NOTICE.

North Point Consolidated Irrigation Company. Location of office and principal place of business No. 21 Commercial Street, Salt Lake City, Utah.

NOTICE. THERE ARE DELINQUENT upon the following described stock on account of assessment No. 3, levied upon the [illegible] day of May, 1892. The several amounts set opposite the names of the respective shareholders as follows, to wit:

	Certif. cate No.	No. Shares.	Am't.
H. J. Wells	[illegible]	4	[illegible]
Maggie E. Thomson	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Jos. Thompson	[illegible]	4	[illegible]
J. Mercer and A. R. Derge	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
John Peterson	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Julius Brummer	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Nathan Hansen	[illegible]	4	[illegible]

And in accordance with law and order of board of directors, made on the [illegible] day of May, 1892, so many shares of each parcel of stock as may be necessary will be sold at the company's office, No. 21 Commercial Street, Salt Lake City, Utah Territory, at public auction on Friday, July [illegible], 1892, at the hour of [illegible] o'clock p. m., to pay the delinquent assessment, together with the costs of advertising and expenses of sale.

J. W. WHITEHEAD, Jr., Secretary.

NOTICE OF SALE OF REAL ESTATE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, THAT IN pursuance of an order of the Probate Court, in and for Salt Lake County, Utah Territory, made on the [illegible] day of June, 1892, in the matter of the estate of Eliza Johnson, deceased, the undersigned executors of the last will and testament of Eliza Johnson, deceased, will sell at private sale to the highest bidder for cash, and subject to the confirmation of said Probate Court, all the right, title, interest and estate of said Eliza Johnson, at the time of her death, and all the right, title, and interest that the said estate has by operation of law or otherwise acquired, other than or in addition to that of said Eliza Johnson, at the time of her death, in and to that certain piece or parcel of land, situate lying and being in the City of Salt Lake, County of Salt Lake, Utah Territory, bounded and described as follows, to wit: [illegible]

Bids in writing will be received for said property, addressed to the undersigned, care of Waddell and Adams, attorneys, [illegible] East First South Street, Salt Lake City, Salt Lake County, Utah Territory, up to and including the [illegible] day of July, 1892, after which said property will be sold.

Terms and conditions of sale, cash, and subject to confirmation by said Probate Court.

Dated June 23rd, 1892.

RICHARD BRINKLEY,
CHARLES ABBOTT,
Executors of the last will and testament of Eliza Johnson, deceased.

WADDELL & ADAMS, attorneys for estate.

WHITE LABEL LARD

PURE LEAF LARD.

USE NO OTHER

See that your Lard Cans and Cases bear our

"HELMET" TRADE MARK

GRANITE IRONWARE.

IS LIGHT HANDSOME WHOLESOME DURABLE

FOR BROILING BAKING BOILING PRESERVING

The BEST Ware

MADE FOR THE KITCHEN.

Manufactured only by the ST. LOUIS STAMPING CO. ST. LOUIS.

For Sale by all Stove, Hardware and House Furnishing Dealers.

Cook Book and Price List FREE on application. [illegible]

SOLOMON BROTHERS

The Most Successful of all of our

HOME INDUSTRIES

Is the manufacture of Boots and Shoes. Unexcelled by any are those of OUR MAKE.

WE USE THE BEST OF LEATHER AND MATERIALS.

Our work is done by hand and warranted. We carry also Complete Lines of Ladies' Fine Footwear and Men's Gloves.

SHOES SHOES

SOLOMON BROTHERS

—FOR SALE BY—

Z. C. M. I., - - Sole Agents in Salt Lake City.

OVERLOADED!

With an Enormous Stock of Spring and Summer Clothing. Today we inaugurate our

SEMI-ANNUAL CLEARANCE SALE.

BIG CUT IN PRICES.

Look Out for Special Bargains.

Goldsmith & Co.

61, 63 and 65 MAIN STREET, SALT LAKE CITY