DESERET EVENING NEWS.

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DESERET NEWS PUBLISHING CO.

Telephone 526.

REGISTERING AND VOTING.

The experience of yesterday, Oct. 13, in this city is an indication of the importance of stirring up persons to register. The lists were largely augmented by those whose names were not entered in the house to house canvass. In very many instances persons who had refused to register when called upon at their homes changed their minds and performed that important duty. They recognized the wisdom of holding out from assuming a state responsibility that may upon them as citizens who have the franchise, and resolved to do the right thing. We hope that up to the time of closing work on the last day of registration, Saturday, October 17, there will not be a man or woman entitled to register who will have failed to do so because of any mean-ness sentiment on the subject.

Wherever there are any who have not yet registered, time should be improved with the fact that Saturday is the last opportunity this year. There may be some who can remind their neighbors of the day, and thus save the matter attended to; if so, they ought to do it. This is a matter that concerns everybody. Here we have a government by the people; and the people should govern, but a portion only of those entitled to engage in discharging that obligation. Every registration officer should make it his duty to extend every accommodation within his reach. His interest as an officer, a citizen, and the school of a party demand this, for the more complete is the registration of those actually entitled to the franchise the better it is for government in the localities affected and for the officers and political parties therein.

Some complaints have been made about registry agents; but as a rule they have sought to do their duty. Captious faultfinding has sought to gain certain ends, and in some places the people have not fully understood the law, and have complained. The law provides that in the house to house canvass a registrar shall visit every house in his precinct, and shall do so within certain limits as to dates. He is not required to extend his work over ten or twenty days if he can do it in less, and visit every house in reasonable hours; he is not required to keep open office during that period. But there are many ways where he can aid the work by courtesies on his part, and we believe that this has been done in most cases. We know of no instance where, upon full investigation of a complaint, any registrar has wilfully failed to perform his part; and hope there are none such in the State.

With the registration disposed of, the balloting comes next, and we again present these general rules for the guidance of voters:

1—If you wish to cast a straight party ballot, put a cross in ink in the blank square to the right of your party emblem, and make no other mark.

2—If you wish to make any change whatever from a straight party ticket, do not make any mark opposite either party emblem.

3—When you do not vote a straight ticket but pick your candidates, put a cross in the space at the right of each candidate you wish to vote for, and make no other mark on the ballot.

By following these rules you will save an difficulty whatever in having your ballot just as you want it to be.

CONVERSIONS AMONG HEBREWS.

A French writer, M. de Cass, calls attention to the fact that there is at present a remarkable movement among the Hebrew race toward Christianity. Not of the characteristics of the present century is indifference in religious matters, and yet the conversions from Judaism to the Christian faith are now a commonplace, the writer says, that the descendants of the Mosaic faith are not such stronger numerically now than they were thirty years ago. Whether this be entirely a pleasing sign or not depends on the motives underlying the conversions. To many they are simply a proof that the law of the Hebrewes between the two faiths has become obliterated, and the standards erected so as to facilitate an amalgamation.

According to German statistics between the years 1840 and 1893, 111 Jewish families in Berlin alone passed to Protestant churches. In Prussia and Austria the conversions are taking place on the same scale, and in Hungary and Poland they are still more numerous. Some time a Hebrew church called The New Israel, that accepts Jesus of Nazareth as the Messiah, but adopts he Catholic or the Protestant faith.

These changes of religious views are often found in the most influential families. M. de Cassmentions the Princess minister of Napoleon III, M. Adolfe Fould, whose acceptance of the Catholic faith did not become generally known until after his death, when the Rabbi refused to officiate at the funeral. In Germany many of the prominent statesmen — Bodenstein, Falk, Gamler, Lasteu, Hohenlohe and others—are of Hebrew origin, and even Prince Bismarck counts a Jew among his ancestors.

Among Mendelssohn's posterity the curious fact is noted that the mother generally are Protestants and the women Catholics. The Hebrew returnee, Israel Jacobson, had the mortification of seeing his own son adopt Protestantism and devote his life to the propagation of this faith. The celebrated Cremieux has a similar experience. His son Theodor became a church movement and finally became a Christian. Other Jewish statesmen adopted a similar course.

In 1850 the conversions in Germany had become so numerous that it was found desirable to form a society for improvement and science, with the special object in view of counteracting the Christian influence among the Jews. Too society stayed a few years and finally all the leaders became Christians.

It is claimed that the pope Pius IX was of Jewish extraction, and it is not an exception for converted Jews to attain high ecclesiastical functions.

THE TRAIN ROBBERY.

It is a little surprising that a train robbery such as occurred early this (Wednesday) morning, near Uinta station, below the mouth of Weber canyon, could be carried out with success, and by one man. We rather think there are some trainmen who will not relish the chair with much vaulting of their own cunning and courage. The train crew may be possessed of a fair share of bravery, but generally they will not be credited with much tact in displaying it when one masked robber can make of an engineer and a fireman "dummy" robbers, and run between the way train to and to have been done. Of course men sought in the dark, under the pressure of a leveled weapon at their heads, and with the fear of being shot by excited robbers, are not in a position to take many chances lest they get the worst of it, to no good purpose. But there is the other extreme of allowing an armed thief, singlehanded, to drive up two men like himself by putting their heads into a flour sack, and making them play the role of dummies in the robbing business, without being recognized, obstructed, or given a chance to turn, through any efforts of the express messenger or other trainmen when the train was brought up at an unusual time or place; and this latter description of the situation, which is according to one story given out, does not speak so well for the trainmen as a different tale might do.

The precise loss through the registered mail taken will not be known for some time, if at all to the public. If the California registered mail was as heavy proportionately as that destined for this city, the thief may have secured a good haul. That he was not very careful in his work, and feared what he might reasonably expect—a turning upon him of the messenger or trainmen—is evident from the way in which he passed over $35,000 in the registered mail for this city. This large amount is due to the custom of bankers now having their money sent by registered mail and insured for safe delivery. How far the California bankers follow the same rule is not known.

There is a fair chance of the thief being caught if official energy can do it, for some good officers are on his trail—what there is of it. And as to rain crews, it is not improbable a little refreshing lore to keep the head out of a flour sack, or to get about two minutes' resistance from an express car, or to rustle up help from the rear when the front end of a train is in trouble, would be in order. The "dogs" are well up in running trains in Red Bottom fashion, but the lack of experience in dealing with train robbers seems to have made them a little rusty at that game. They may know and do better next time.

TOY BOMBOS MISSIONARIES.

An Associated Press dispatch received in this city during last night reads as follows:

Chicago, Oct. 13.—A squad, in the journal from Denver to T., says that Bombos Kaiser, Samuel Ross and David, were dragged from their homes at Denver, twenty miles from Cripple Creek, by a band of outlaws and lynched with ropes. They were taken out of the neighborhood, it is said, because of their aid to Mayor Ben Lindsey, who time and attempted to enforce the law against the outlaws. Kaiser, Ross and David were all Mormon missionaries.

The determination reported to are not Mormons, or Latter-day Saints. It is quite possible that the whole story is a mistake. At any rate, no Mormon missionaries have been molested in Oklahoma. There are none of Kaiser, nor have there been, or anywhere in "the ship." If the determination of any religious denomination have been made of the disposition, the action is a disgrace to Oklahoma which seems to stand out only by the severe punishment of the mobbers. A community which organizations with or protecting lawless in the interests of the latter with people because of their religious views is un-American and unworthy the confidence of an enlightened public. So far as Oklahoma is concerned, the experience there of the Mormon missionaries has not been of a kind to bring the Oklahomans to be such severe criticism. As a rule they have treated the Elders with kindness and courtesy, persuading that course who are marks them generally as a hospitable civilized people.

CLEAR AND CONSISTENT.

The decision of the Supreme Court of the State, rendered Tuesday, on the powers of a chief of police to discharge an inferior officer under rules he has made, to the absence of rules by the fire and police commission, is both clear and consistent, and gives to the law a force which it could not possess under the other construction. At the time of the decision in the lower court, the News took a decided stand that the spirit and letter of the law had not been rightly applied, since by it an officer who, of all others, should be upheld in his authority in cases of emergency, was shorn of powers specially conferred on him by the law. The Supreme Court has corrected this error, and in an important particular has decreed the law to be in such shape that it can be effective in preserving discipline in the police department, and consequently aid to the efficiency of that branch of the public service.

QUICK TRANSIT.

"No man can tether time or tide" is true enough; but man can go a long way in minimizing both as barriers to his purposes. One illustration of how, in modern times, time and space are comparatively annihilated by improved methods of transit is given in the fact that a letter reached this city early this morning, October 14th. It was written in England on October 3rd, and bore the Liverpool postmark after 5 p. m. of that day, thus making ten days intervene between the date of writing and the date of receipt by the addressee. This is decidedly quick service, and at this rate would cut the notable "around the world in eighty days" journey in half.

Although a marvel compared to the possibility of a few years ago, this fact of rapid transfer of mail, or of passengers, is by no means one marvel in the summer months when the fast transatlantic steamers are plying between Europe and America. A letter written in London or other large city of Great Britain on the afternoon of a day on which one of the fast steamers such as the Lucania or Campania leaves Liverpool can be mailed at the local postoffice; it is taken up and conveyed by the "flying mail," which thunders across the country at a high rate of speed, picking up the mail matter collected from all points that evening, and carrying it to Holyhead, Wales, by about midnight; then the mail packets convey it to Dublin in abt. six hours, and another fast train carries it to Queenstown, where, in the morning, it is placed on the ocean steamer, and in very little over five days is landed in New York, and thence takes across the country. Thus the letter for instance was in motion had the ten days on the water, and the rest of the distance was carried by rail, probably undergoing no delay except that caused by the safety of the train on which it was being borne, near Uinta this morning. By the power of steam and modern mechanism man comes pretty near tethering time and tide to do his bidding.

HOW TO DO IT.

A man just moving from one election precinct to another, and who has not got his name on the registration list, asks how he can do so. He is a qualified voter in all respects but residence in his new precinct, and has lived in the one from which he is moving plenty of time.

We will answer the question by relating an incident which occurred in this city yesterday, Oct. 13, and the person who is at all eligible to get his name on can easily figure a way. A gentleman applied to a registry agent yesterday, saying, "I am moving into your precinct today, from another where I have lived two and a half years. I am not registered, but wish to be. How can I do it?" The registrar replied: "Go to the registry agent in the precinct where you have lived up to today, and register there; then bring me the certificate of registration, and I will transfer you to my list, as the law provides." And the registration and transfer were made.

IT PAYS TO GO TO The Big "C"

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You can buy U-Cut timber at $12.00 per M. Enquire Legislative Comp.

VIGORO, DISCOVERY

Mr. A. L. Armstrong, an old druggist, and a prominent citizen of this enterprising town, says: "I sell some forty different kinds of cough remedies, but have never in my experience and so much of any one article as I have of Dodlard's Herbhound Syrup. All who use it say it is the most perfect remedy for Cough, Cold, Consumption, and all diseases of the Throat and Lungs, they have ever tried." It is a specific for Croup and Whooping Cough. I will relieve a Cough in one minute. Coughing no opiates. Sold by Z. C. M. I. Drug Store.

Ballard's Snow Liniment.

This wonderful Liniment is known from the Atlantic to the Pacific, and from the Lakes to the Gulf. It is the most penetrating Liniment in the world. It will cure Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Cuts, Sprains, Bruises, Wounds, Old Sores, Burns, Scalds, Sore Throat, Sore Chest and all inflammation, after all others have failed. It will cure Barbed Wire Cuts, and heal all wounds where proud flesh has set in. It is equally efficient for animals. Try it once, you will not be without it. Price 25 cents. Sold by Z. C. M. I. Drug Store.

A Sound Liver Makes a Well Man.

Are you Bilious, Constipated, or troubled with Jaundice, Sick Headache, Bad Taste in Mouth, Foul Breath, Coated Tongue, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Hot Dry Skin, Pain in Back and between the Shoulders, Chills and Fever, etc. If you have any of these symptoms, your Liver is out of order, and your blood is slowly being poisoned, because your Liver does not act properly. HERBINE will cure any disorder of the Liver. Stimulate or Bowels. It has no equal as a Liver Medicine. Price 75 cents. Free trial bottles at Z. C. M. I. drug store.

The direct line to Kansas City, St. Louis and Atlantic seaboard, is via the Missouri Pacific Railway, from Pueblo. Through sleeping and chair cars, and all conveniences made in Union depots in the day time. If you are going East and care for a daylight ride through the greatest scenery of the Rocky Mountains on rails, see that your ticket reads via Missouri Pacific Railway. Elegant chair cars positively free to holders of regular train tickets.

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Salt Lake Theater.

Alex. G. Spanton, Manager. Carlton to this engagement. Box sheet open.

4 NIGHTS, Beginning MONDAY, OCT. 12

JULIA MARLOWE TABER and ROBERT TABER,

And their own company

Monday Night, ROMOLA, By Percy A. Haring, founded on Stanley's novel.

Tuesday Night, AS YOU LIKE IT.

Wednesday Night ROMEO & JULIET.

Thursday Night, MUCH ADO ABOUT NOTHING.

All special scenic productions.

Prices $1.50, $1.00, 75c, 50c. Seats on sale at the box office.

NEXT ATTRACTION Wednesday, Oct. 28, "FRILEY."

BELASCO'S Great Comedy Drama

GRAND OPERA HOUSE

Week Beginning Monday. Oct. 12.

J. H. Hagens, Mgr.

The GRAND OPERA HOUSE COMPANY will present

MAY BLOSSOM,

David Belasco's Famous Drama.

Prices: 75c, 50c and 25c. Saturday Matinee, 25c. Evenings at 8:15. Matinee 2:15.

A NOTABLE PRODUCTION.

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Four Nights and Saturday Matinee Beginning

Wednesday, October 14.

A. M. HOWE'S Company, in

The American Girl

The famous play by H. GRATTAN DONELLY.

Evening prices 1 c., 50 and 25c. Matinee 25c to all parts of the house. Opera box 50c.

NEXT ATTRACTION October 19, 20, 21, SCHILLINGS MOSTLY

GREAT SPEECHES!

Do the Phonograph, or Edison Phonograph talk? Yes, they do, and they do it better than any man among the people. Mr. Edison's latest improvement of the Phonograph, the Edison Home Phonograph, speaks as the "Bells of Sebago" sings, as the "Spirit of Home" speaks, as the "Spirit of Home" speaks, as the "Spirit of Home" speaks