

might have done injustice to the kindly disposition and character of President Stucki. We also embrace this opportunity of thanking the Swiss and German Saints for their liberal response to our call.

With kind regards,

THEO. BRANDLEY.

POSTGASSE 36, Bern, Switzerland,  
Nov. 19, 1889.

### THE MANDUMAS CASE.

Friday, Dec. 13, the mandamus cases against Registrars Morris and Clute were called up in the Third District Court. The members of the People's Party who had been refused registration by the "Liberal" registrars were represented by J. L. Rawlins and R. W. Young, while the side of the registrars was taken by Judge McBride, Judge Hoge, Col. S. A. Merritt and Judge O. W. Powers.

Registrar Morris, of the Third precinct, by Judge McBride, asked for a continuance of the case until after December 15, "not for delay, but that justice might be done."

Mr. Rawlins suggested that the case might be tried in the same time that the attorneys took for arguing for a postponement.

Judge McBride argued that the complainants would have another chance to register, and he thought the registrars had a right to a jury trial.

Judge Hoge supported McBride's motion for a postponement.

The court said it was important that the case should be heard promptly, and the question determined, but he thought a few days' delay would not hurt the complainant.

Mr. Rawlins said that if the case was set for Monday it would be inconvenient, as the Utah Commission would also have a hearing with reference to the registrations on that day.

Judge Zane set the case for Monday at 10 a.m.

During his speech Judge McBride remarked that the proceedings were "vexatious suits against the registrars." No doubt it vexes them to be required to register members of the People's Party.

### THE "LIBERAL" REGISTRARS.

The following additional statement of charges against the deputy registrars in Salt Lake was filed with the Utah Commission:

SALT LAKE CITY, U. T.,  
December 13, 1889.

To the Honorable Utah Commission:

Gentlemen—In response to your request of the 11th inst. that we make "specific charges as to particular acts, times and places, and the persons claiming to be affected as qualified voters by said acts" on the part of the registration officers of this city, we respectfully submit the following in addition to the complaint filed by us before your honorable body on the 11th inst., to-wit:

That on the 26th day of November, 1889, C. J. Christiansen, a quali-

fied voter of the first precinct in Salt Lake City, called at the office of H. S. McCallum, who refused to register him. That James T. Jack, a resident of the same precinct, was present on this occasion and heard McCallum say that Christiansen was a "damned Mormon," and that he then and there registered the said Jack without objection.

That on the 2d day of December said M. Callum refused at his office to register Thos. J. Curtis. Henry Buckwalter, Jacob Broman and S. W. Andrew, all qualified voters of said precinct, stating that he would not register anyone there, and that he did shortly after in his office register Edmund F. Smith.

That on the 10th of December Charles J. Walquist, a qualified voter of the first precinct, waited on the said McCallum at his office and asked to be registered. McCallum said he would have to wait until he called at Walquist's house. On being informed that he had been there when Walquist was not at home, he refused to register him until after December 23, but would not say where.

That in the early part of November last the said McCallum called at the residence of J. G. B. Haynes, a qualified voter of the first precinct, and showed him that his surname had been scratched off the registration list and the name of "Hains" written above it, and that McCallum then and there refused to correct the name and also refused to re-register the said Haynes on his offering to take the registration oath anew.

That on the 28th day of November, 1889, Joseph Woolsey, a qualified voter of the First Precinct, Salt Lake City, found H. S. McCallum at the St. James Hotel and asked to be registered, whereupon McCallum refused, saying he was not a bona fide resident, and that his wife had said he had come here to vote. On Woolsey denying this and declaring that the house at which the registration officer had called was his permanent residence, and had been for more than one month, McCallum became angry and declared that there were four hundred colonizers here, and he would not register a G—d—one of them, and threatened the said Woolsey with the penitentiary.

That on the 25th day of November, 1889, G. H. Backman, George L. Backman and John E. Clark called on E. R. Clute, deputy registration officer for said precinct, at his residence, when he registered them on application, and that on the 25th day of November William Backman, brother of two of the aforesaid citizens, applied for registration at the same place, and the said E. R. Clute refused to register him, stating he would only register men at their homes.

That in the fore part of November, 1889, the said Clute called at a store on Main Street in this city and asked Henry P. Hovey if he had been registered, and where he resided. He was told 358 Wall Street in the Nineteenth Ward, was Hovey's residence; whereupon he presented a registration oath filled out with the name of Henry P. Hovey, who

signed it there, and then Clute went away, but soon returned, tore the oath out of the book, and said he would give it to the registrar of the third precinct.

That on the 29th day of November, George Lewis, a qualified voter of the second precinct, went to the said Clute and asked to be registered, who refused him and said he would have to wait till he visited Lewis' house, as he would not register anybody except at their homes.

That on the 29th day of November, and on the 30th of November, also on the 3rd, 4th, 5th, 6th and 7th days of December, 1889, and sundry other days, the said Clute spent the time visiting saloons, railroad offices, cigar stores and other places on Main Street, and did not go to the houses in his precinct for registration purposes, thus neglecting the duty required of him by law.

That J. R. Morris has repeatedly refused to register legally qualified voters of the Third precinct who, though employed every day away from their homes, stated their willingness to call on him at any time he would name, but he would neither register them away from their homes nor state when he would call at their homes. Among these are J. R. Peterson and W. W. Nelson, who went to Morris' house three times about the middle of November, 1889; Niels J. E. Anderson during the last week in November; John Gillespie on the 26th day of November, and a number of voters represented by Archibald S. Geddes on the 6th day of December, 1889. The said Geddes having been deputed by them to endeavor to arrange with the said Morris as to when or about when he would visit their houses, so that they might remain at home, but the said Morris refused to state when he would meet them or where he would be on that day or the following days.

That after calling at the houses of qualified voters of his precinct when they were not at home, he has refused to register them on their calling upon him and requesting registration, to wit: E. R. Udell and D. P. Callister, during the first week in December, and the said E. R. Udell again on the 12th of December, and that he has told them and many other legally qualified voters that he would not register them until on or after December 23.

That on the 25th day of November the said Morris, while going his rounds, called at some houses and skipped others on the same street and block, to wit: He passed by the house of Oliver B. Ostlers, who is a member of the People's party, but visited the houses next to it on either side; that on the 26th day of November he visited several houses contiguous to that of John L. Nebeker, also a member of the People's party, but did not call at his house; that after being informed by Mrs. Whipple that there were voters living in the rear part of her residence, 564 west, Third North Street, who desired to be registered, he failed and neglected to call upon them. That on the sixth day of December, 1889, the said Morris