DESERET EVENING NEWS.

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Communications should be addressed to

DESERET NEWS PUBLISHING CO.

Salt Lake City.

THE RIGHT THING.

The City Council took an appropriate stand at its meeting last evening, in insisting that all expenditures of consequence should be referred to the City Council for approval. It has been a wrong to permit the opposite procedure for so long. The people's money is being expended, and the people should know, through the public proceedings of their representatives, how and where it is going. The method of spending large sums of money in the darkened lantern lights of committee work is an unpopular and suspicious way of doing business, no matter how straight the transactions are.

Everything may have been all right so far as the city part of the committee has been concerned; but the public is of opinion that this is not the case with the whole business. This impression may arise from the fact that money has been expended right along, and the facts kept from the public, just as if it was a private enterprise of the committee that was being carried out instead of one which the public is paying for. And the gentlemen composing the city part of the committee should feel relieved at the Council's liberating them from a position in which they are extremely liable to be accused of manipulating some of the city affairs to gratify personal desires. The expenditure of public funds is public business.

CONGRESS REDEEMS itself.

Like a refreshing oasis in a vast wilderness of dreary sand was the one day's debate in the Senate on the President's action in ordering the soldiery to smash the lawlessness growing out of the railway strike, after the interminable tongue-music on both sides of the tariff discussion. What with sugar trust scandals and innuendoes of many and various kinds, it must be admitted that the Senate had grievously fallen from the high estate it was wont to occupy in the public mind. The debate referred to is priceless as showing that patriotism still lives in the "greatest deliberative body on earth," even though it needs a grave crisis to bring it out as evidence. The speeches made by both Democrats and Republicans on the occasion were full of the fire and earnestness that American boys love to read of; the calm, loud, courageous argument of Senator Davis, a northern Republican, being as less admirable than the glowing eloquence of Senator Gordon, a southern Democrat, who fought on the wrong side in the "late unpleasantness" and whose valor is attested by more than one grim scar. That Congress is able to place country above party is shown by the unanimity with which the President's course in the strike matter was commended—and the revulsion should be a source of extreme joy and contentment all round.

CHINESE IRON WORKS.

Now that attention is being drawn to China by the probability of war between that nation and Japan, over the Corean difficulty, it is interesting to note the near completion of the great Hanyan rolling mills and arsenals in that country. The establishment of these works is a long stride in modern progress for the Chinese, who expect to make their own arms and munitions of war, steel rails, and a considerable portion of the machinery to be used in the empire. The works were instituted under the special patronage of the present Viceroy of Hupeh and Hunan, Cheng Ta Ting, who is known all through the country as a public benefactor and one of the most progressive mandarins of the empire.

The Hanyan works are opposite Hankow, on the Yangtze river, and cover an area of seven acres. They were designed on a most gigantic scale by an English engineer. The American consul at Hankow, Jacob T. Child, in his report just made, describes the plant as being elaborately and solidly constructed, and fitted up with the most modern and improved machinery. There are immense blast furnaces, steam hammers, engines, boilers, mining and pattern shops, smelters, Bessemer steel furnaces, etc., making it one of the most complete rolling mills in the world. Its cost will be not less than $4,500,000. Once in operation it is the intention to manufacture everything in the iron line—ordnance, rails, machinery, etc. Connected with the mills are the arsenals for the manufacture of arms and munitions. Skilled workmen have been engaged to instruct the native artisans. The iron to supply the rail plant has to be brought 70 miles from the mines, to which a railway is to be built. Coal is plentiful in the locality.

The institution of such great enterprises as this marks the wonderful change that is in progress toward the redemption of the heathen nations from the benighted condition in which they have been so deeply sunk. It is only reasonable to suppose that the nations whose people are conducted to remove from civilization to be admitted to citizenship in this land is helping in way aimed to accepting the powers of modern invention and scientific development to its own use in a way that ultimately will place it near the front rank. A Chinese province with one of the best equipped and largest rolling mills in the world, with mechanical appliances monopolizing the powers of steam and electricity in the most approved fashion, may seem an anomaly in the more civilized, but it is a fact nevertheless; and it may not be a very great while before the Chinese empire, instead of importing its weapons of war, its railway supplies and its machinery from the nations of the West, may enter into competition with them in the world's market.

THE EXPOSITION OF 1900.

The Frenchmen are planning for a great exposition in Paris in 1900 that will surpass anything of the kind ever held. The Frenchman prides himself on the claim that its exhibitions of this class he can surpass every other nationality. The last great display brought forth its wonderful illuminated fountains and magnificent Eiffel tower—features which are pointed to as never having been equaled anywhere else, although others have had them to pattern after and surpass if they could; but as this has not been done, the Frenchman proposes to do it himself. Instead of illuminated fountains which throw their jets of water under variegated electric lights a distance of sixty feet perpendicularly, and a tower 984 feet in the air, it is proposed to combine the two in the production of a grand fountain in the tower itself which shall throw the illuminated stream a thousand feet high, and beside which the present fountains will appear as insignificant as a mill smoke-stack in comparison with Eiffel's great enterprise.

Among the other novelties to be presented are: A representation designed by Camille Flamarion, the astronomer, of the revolution of the earth as seen from the moon, the satellites of our globe being represented by olieramas, and the different geological epochs, with their inhabitants, by means of a walk a mechanism by which the visitor can inspect the exposition in all of its departments, remaining all the time comfortably seated—a feature which will be highly appreciated by tired sight-seers; a subterranean exposition of the arts and industries that occupy themselves with the smelting and fashioning of metals; an aerial ferry across the Seine; the greatest aquarium ever constructed; a promenade sixty feet wide and one hundred and ninety feet above the ground, connected with the first landing of the Eiffel tower; a captive balloon ascending 3,000 feet; an exposition of the manner in which the legislative power operates in all countries, and many other features, among which is one proposed by a deputy, M. Delonde, of a gigantic telescope that shall bring the moon within the vision of dwellers of this sphere so that they will be able not only to ascertain whether her lunar majesty is inhabited, but to clearly discern objects covering a square foot in area. Of course this latter project is declared by practical astronomers to be impracticable, but the ambitious deputy points out that a similar judgment was passed on the Eiffel tower project that was set aside in the actual demonstration.

Whatever may be of the Frenchman, it cannot be denied that he is away in the lead with his ideas of magnificence and novelty as connected with the Paris expositions; and it would be surprising if the next one held did not bring forth some feature now deemed impossible of accomplishment, as most of the others have done. The exhibition is yet six years in the future, and four years more will elapse before actual work on it will be commenced. In that period there is room for a good many startling developments in the mechanical and scientific world.

THE DRESS REFORM.

Mrs. Amelia Bloomer, who is said to be spending her nothing days in quiet enjoyment in Council Bluffs, and who is now nearly 80 years of age, must feel to congratulate herself that what at the time she took simply of a female adding her sex (though many persons afterwards of the time) judging by the popularity which the divided skirt is gaining in society circles. Mrs. Bloomer wore the first publicity in wear the bifurcated garment, and from her came the title of the "Bloomer costume." She first appeared in it in 1851, when she was a resident of Seneca Falls, New York, and was publishing a small paper devoted to temperance, woman suffrage, and reforms among her sex. A Mrs. Miller was the first to suggest and to make the garment, so far as known, and Mrs. Bloomer brought it to public attention. Several attempts have been made to modify it by approaching the "knickerbocker" style, but the original "Bloomer" was identical with the present bifurcated skirt that is being once built of to society circles.

The attempt of this dress reform among the ladies was that the article received to allude the only satisfactory type of response commonly from the clingy skirt and steel petticoat, and is actually a convenient, sensible dress. In conclusion, when the weather is standing of sitting, it looks like a short dress coming to within five inches of the floor and the fact that it is divided is not readily discerned until the person begins to walk. Then there is an advantage in holding the garment. Each skirt is about two yards wide at the bottom. The reports from the western to the number promulgating the reform are enthusiastically in favor of it, and the unanimous declaration is that they never know comfort in clothing before donning the new style.

How far or how fast the Bloomer costume is making headway for the fair sex will go hardly can be said. The old style certainly has some certainly disagreeable features which are claimed to be overcome in the new garment. But whether the workers for reform ever will be able to effect the metamorphosis in their present form of dress seems, at present to be beyond finding out. There is a very large proportion of the fair sex who do not take kindly to the change, even with the promise of greater comfort and better health than can be enjoyed in the present style.

THE STATUE from the *Evening Sun*, New York, seems to express the idea about right:

PETRIFIED GUY.

Dole, the Great Emmet gazer, took his Mother-in-Agitator Hughes down in Hughes' wife, were returned to Paris's Dole. He big at first, And easy, too, to tell of Here then he could Come, but now his Time of Glory Rate and he is now Mary

THE EVIL effects seen in every foreign country which has had to endure the rule of an unwise, vicious king, ought to have been a warning to the American Knights of Labor against blindly bowing to a city Sovereign.

THE BOSTON *Herald* uses to remark: "Senator Cockrell was the only senator to vote against the admission of Utah as a state. That's the sort of a rooster he is."

HERALD AND much at least, to the credit of the Vigilant: she didn't wait to break her tiresday until she saw she was being to alert!

NEW BASEBALL occasion as applied to the A. R. U.: one strike and out!

Pains and Aches.

We all have pains and aches, but they needn't last long—not any longer than it takes to put on an ALLCOCK'S POROUS PLASTER. The only thing to look out for is that you get the right plaster. There are others, but you don't want them; take our word for it, for when you need a plaster you need it, and there's no time for experimenting and feeling out mistakes. Then Ask for ALLCOCK'S POROUS PLASTERS and see that you get them. If they say that some other is just as good, tell them that only the best is good enough for you. ALLCOCK'S POROUS PLASTERS are quick and sure, and acknowledged by the highest medical authorities and everybody else to be the best outside remedy for pains and aches of every description.

PIONEER HOLIDAY, JULY 24th.

Excursion Rates via the Union Pacific.

The Union Pacific will sell excursion tickets to all points in Utah July 23rd and 24th, limited for return to July 25th, at rate of one fare for the round trip, account of Pioneer Holiday.

Assignee's Sale

Of the fine stock of the Utah Book & Stationery Co., at 15 McCornick block, will begin Thursday morning, July 12. If you want any of these goods, at lower prices than ever before, and want the pick of them, come early, for they must be sold quickly.

E. W. DUNCAN, Assignee.

EXCURSION RATES.

Via the Union Pacific, July 23rd and 24th.

On account of Pioneer Holiday the Union Pacific will sell excursion tickets from and to all stations in Utah July 23rd and 24th, limited for return to July 25th, at fare of one fare for the round trip.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder
Contains no Ammonia or Alum.

FOR SALE.

SUMMER CELL WINE COOK. LEMONS [illegible]

C. W. PECK,
Fine Tailoring.
54 WEST, SECOND SOUTH STREET.

WELLS,
THE ARTIST TAILOR, Cutter and Fitter.
The Largest and Finest Stock of
Home Made and Imported Goods.
To Reduce our Large Stock of Summer Goods, we will make Suits to order for the next 10 days at actual cost. See our Prices.
Cleaning and Repairing.

Garfield Beach Trains.

Commencing July 1, 1894, Garfield Beach Trains will leave as follows:

Leave Salt Lake.	Arrive Salt Lake.
*7:15 a. m.	10:45 a. m.
10:20 a. m.	1:45 p. m.
2:00 p. m.	5:15 p. m.
5:40 p. m.	9:15 p. m.
7:00 p. m.	10:15 p. m.
*10:30 p. m.	11:45 p. m.

*Daily except Sunday. Trains marked Monday.

Office open to public in Salt Lake every afternoon and evening.

Bathing, Boating, Dancing.

Fare (round trip) 25 cents.

City Ticket Office, 201 Main Street.

D. E. BURLEY,
General Passenger Agent.

Lyceum Theater.

J. H. SCHAFER, Manager.

Thursday, July 19th, Chas. A. Gardner, "Karl the Peddler" and "Uncle Dan'l" supported by a strong company in

"THE PRIZE WINNER."

WANTED.

CITIZEN WANTED TO HOLD OPEN BIBLE. [illegible]

CLOAKS AND SUITS TO REPAIR. DALLEY, Scowcroft & East Temple Streets.

WANTED—LADY OR GENTLEMAN TO [illegible]

GRODZKER SANITARY CO., 97 MAIN STREET.

CRUTCHES, SUPPORTS, DEAD ARTICLES [illegible]

MONEY TO LOAN.

MONEY TO LOAN ON CITY AND FARM PROPERTY. [illegible]

INSURANCE. [illegible] Jos. J. Daly, 15 Constitution Block.

$100 to $5,000 TO LOAN [illegible]

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If you want the Best Wheel Made Send for Catalogue of Sporting Goods.

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2464 Washington Ave., Ogden.

John Davis, Dealer in
FISH AND SALT
MEATS OF ALL KINDS.
47 West, Second South Street.

W. L. Price & Co.,
Hides and Skins. Dealers in Poultry, Game, Vegetables. Highest prices paid for poultry and produce.
47 WEST SECOND SOUTH.

NOTHING SO HANDY

FOR PIC-NICS, EXCURSIONS, TRAVEL OR DOMESTIC USE,
AS CANNED OR PORTABLE GOODS.

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CARRIES
AN IMMENSE VARIETY—CANNED, COOKED, READY FOR USE.

MEATS OF ALL KINDS FOWLS " FISH " VEGETABLES " FRUITS "	OYSTERS, LOBSTERS, CLAMS, RELISHES, OLIVES.	PRESERVED FRUITS, JAMS, JELLIES, PICKLES AND OLIVES IN BULK.

Sum merDrinks:
Lime Juice,
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Lemon Sugar.

Crackers, fancy and plain.
Creamery Butter, Cheese, Eggs.
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Choice Hams, Dried Meats, and innumerable useful supplies.

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45 STALLS TO SELECT FROM.

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Cor. 1st South & West Temple.

J. W. Boyd, Dealer in
GUNS, BICYCLES, AMMUNITION, FINE FISHING TACKLE and SPORTING GOODS.
FINE REPAIRING OF ALL KINDS.
73 E. 2nd. South St., Salt Lake City

On June 1st, 1894, I shall [illegible] I shall continue to sell the same line of goods at the TEMPLE CAFE & BAKERY, where I shall be glad to see my customers and as many more as the wants of my patrons may call for, and will endeavor to supply them with the best goods obtainable.

Respectfully,
E. T. BALL.

He Did Not See The Point.

But you will if you step into 141 Main Street, and take a look at the Good, Durable, Well Made and Handsome Summer Suits. They are selling at $10 to $15. You will say as every one else has said, that they are the best bargains ever offered in Salt Lake City. They embrace all the latest styles. You will be best suited by making your selection at once. You can buy with the absolute assurance that whatever you pay you cannot get any better.

ONE PRICE.
J. P. GARDNER,
141 Main Street

OUR BIG SHOE SALE IS NOW ON

See Our Footwear! Get Our Prices, and then

BUY!

DUNFORD'S. THE LOW PRICE SHOE STORE.

WALTNER & Co.,
.... MERCHANT TAILORS. ....
210 South Main Street.

WE HAVE JUST RECEIVED A FULL Line of the very best imported Spring Suitings and Trouserings. Our prices are Commensurate with the times. We also keep a Large Stock of Home Manufactured Woollens. Look at the Prices!

SUITS TO ORDER	$15, $18, $22 AND UPWARDS
PANTS TO ORDER	$4.50, $4, $5 AND UPWARDS
OVERCOATS	$14 $16, $18, $20 AND UPWARDS

KINGSFORD'S
OSWEGO STARCH.
RECEIVED HIGHEST AWARDS CHICAGO, PHILADELPHIA, LONDON.
PURE AND SILVER GLOSS FOR THE LAUNDRY.
AND CORN STARCH FOR THE TABLE.
FOR SALE BY ALL GROCERS

HIGHLAND Evaporated Cream.
Pure, Unsweetened MILK, Concentrated, Canned and Sterilized.
KEEPS IN ALL CLIMATES.
FOR TABLE USE, ECONOMIC COOKING AND PERFECT INFANT FEEDING.
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