LANDOWNERS ASK FOR REDUCTION.

Requested State Board to Restore Price to \$1.50 Per Acre.

OTHER SIDE HEARD FROM.

Members of Commission Argued in Favor of Advance to \$2,50-Motion of Winn Carried by 20, to 12,

After discussing the matter at coniderable length at their meeting in ne legislative hall Saturday afternoon, county commissioners and land wners of the state voted in favor of equesting the state board of land missioners to restore the price of state lands to \$1.50 per acre instead of allowing it to remain at the advanced price of \$2.50 per acre as fixed by the board over a year ago. Representatives were present at the meeting the 27 counties in the and the vote on the motion ask-for a restoration of the price of and was 20 to 12. Members of the board of land commissioners ere present and made arguments in your of the present price of the lands. A number of the counties not repreented sent communications stating hat they were in sympathy with the vement to reduce the price of its mer figure.

OBJECT OF MEETING. The meeting was called to order by stated the object of the

nce the raise in the price of and by the state land board, we have ad been increased. The total sales in were 43,000 acres, only one-fifth amount sold under the old price. c a vital question. We have in county a large area and much le land is far from railroads and Scials in dry farming have encourged us to take hold and raise dry

The rise in the price of land has stopped the purchase of lands. Poor epie can't allord to buy it how. It's in it is a light for the large ho, ders because ey can put in ptpe lines and get after to develop the land. It was on count of this sentiment that we were sked to send out letters for a meeting protest against the action of the te land board. The board says it s no land left, yet the figures show it in 1905 there were nearly half a on acres of lands available for se tion and also arable school lands t were unsled of 2,000,000 acres. The object of Juab county in leading is movement is to get the price reed back to \$1.50 an mere. that a protest should be ade and that a committee should be to present it to the land board

ud the governor." MR. EVANS CHAIRMAN.

At the conclusion of his remarks Mr. h county as permanent chairman. Evans was elected by the unantus vote of the convention. A. M. mard of Emery county was then hosen as secretary by a unanimous ote. The roll was then called by mties and those present responded ther in behalf of the county commisrganization in the county. John F. Tolton, C. E. Mur-Boxelder-M. J. Valentine, J. P. Holne-

Davis-William Frow, Jens Nelson, mes H. Larkins, Leonard, Andrew Nel-William Howard E. A. Johnson, D. Sarrield-L. Heywood.

rand-Letter in favor of proposition M. Marsden, Joseph S. Bet ry, S. T. Topham, L. W. Jones, M. D. lligbee, Levi Thorley, H. W. Lund. Juab-George McCune, J. W. Paxman, L. C. Whin, John Cooper, W. L. Croft, Innial Company

isne-Letter in favor of proposition rgan -W. H. Toone.

fillard T. C. Callister. lute-Not represented. ich-H. J. Hauser, Joseph Hodges. anpete-H. D. Rees, F. P. Tuttle, M.

argard, J. A. Bourgard, all Lake-W. D. Wilson, E. D. Mil-Sevier-Morton Jensen, George Teas-

Summit John C. Paskett, William John Hortin

e-Not represented.
-8. A. Smith, Abel John Evans. intah-Letter in favor. Nashington-Thomas Judd, E. H.

ayne-Letter in favor. eber-W. G. Wilson, Charles A.

Wasatch-M. A. Smith. COMMISSIONERS INVITED.

the conclusion of the roll call of restoring the former price of and but was of the opinion that sentatives of the state board of mulssioners should be present meeting. Upon motion of Mr. en of Boxelder county, a comthree was appointed to in-members of the board to attend ag. The committee soon re-nd with it were all of the of the land board,

chairman of the board, Mr. W. J. slated that the board had not advised of the purpose of the ig and would therefore like some on the matter. J. F. Tolton of recounty then informed the comers that it was the general beportions of the state that of the board in increasing of state lands from \$1.50 to acre was retarding the recla-and cultivation of arid lands, as the purpose of the meeting

the matter. loner W. D. Candland there sloner W. D. Candland there is position of the board in rethe increase, which he conserved thing. He said that also on the best interests of the enthey increased the price of the last. Thus, when the line Since last June, when the in-wes made, he said that \$2,000 of land have been selected, an hand have been selected and the realized an increased om the sale of the lands of the land bought. ber acre cannot now be purthe owner at \$10 per acre

land board was the next to make a statement in support of the board's ac-tion. He said that out of all govern-ment lands granted to Utah there remained but about a million and a half acres to be divided among 12 state institutions. This land, he said, coure easily be sold for \$2.50 or \$3 per acre, and if the board would sell it for any and if the board would sell it for any less it would simply be taking that much away from those 'institutions and from the people in general who are taxed. The state has only about 300,000 acres of lieu lands from which selections may be made. In Idaho the state lands sell for the minimum price of \$10 per acre, and the secretary was of the opinion that Utah lands should certainly be worth \$2.50 per acre.

John C. Paskett of Summit county stated that the action of the board was detrimental to the interests of the farmers in this county, as there is only

farmers in this county, as there is only a very poor quality of state land left and it is not worth more than from \$1 to \$2 per acre. He thought that the minimum price should be \$1 and the maximum \$2 per acre. Commissioner Hayes of the board said that the board had placed a price

of \$1 per acre on some school lands in Summit county, and it had been ap-praised at less than that sum and that praised at less than that sum and that it cost fully \$1 per acre to run it through the books of the office. He thought that the land was not worth anything if it was not worth \$2.50 per acre, and, as, at the present rate, the land would all be gone in about 30 months, he believed it the duty of the board to get as good a price as year. board to get as good a price as pos-

INCREASE OPPOSED.

J. F. Call of Boxelder county was opposed to the increased price and argued that it simply shut out the poor farmer and allowed large corporations to secure choice lands. Many of the people could not afford to pay \$2.50 per acre, and then have to pay for water for irrigating it.

The increased price was strongly opposed by T. C. Callister of Millard county. He said that there are many people in his county who were eage to get a small tract of land for a home but they could not afford to pay \$2.50 per acre for the land and then \$5 per acre for water for it. He argued that if the board should sell land to 200 peo-ple who want homes and would pay \$1.50 per acre for it and improve it. the taxes on the land would within short time amount to more than increased sale price which the board has fixed on the land. William Howard of Emery county

was also opposed to the increased price. He said that dry farming had not been a success in his county and that was another reason why the lower price should be restored. He contended that if the price was reduced to its former rate it would greatly encourage the small farmer and result in the cultiva-tion of thousands of acres of land which

is now lying idle. W. W. Wilson, chairman of the board of commissioners of this county, Commissioner W. G. Wilson of Weber county, and J. F. Tolton of Beaver county expressed themselves in favor of the ac tion of the land board after listening to the explanations of the members of the board. Mr. Wilson of Weber county made a motion that the action of the board in fixing the price at \$2.50 per

WINN'S MOTION PREVAILED.

T. C. Winn of Juab county opposed the motion and offered an amendment to the effect that the board of land commissioners be requested to restore the price of land to \$1.50 per acre as the ninimum price. Chairman Evans ruled Mr. Wilson's motion out of order whereupon a motion to adjourn was made and lost. Mr. Winn's motion was then carried by a vote of 30 to 12.

A copy of the motion was ordered to be forwarded to the governor and also the board. The meeting then adjourned

RESIGNATION FAKE.

No Truth in Story That Prest. Kerr is To Quit the Agricultural College.

A Salt Lake morning newspaper today published a story to the effect that President W. J. Kerr of the Agricultural co lege had offered to resign that position i compromise that involved the concer sion to him that George Thomas, at pres ent one of the faculty of the institution he appointed as his successor. Accing to Prof. Kerr the story is wholly tion, without foundation in any mmenting upon the matter today

said:

"I do not intend to resign, I have never told anyone that I would. Everything is harmony at the college and I expect to stay, I connot understand why the wild tale was published. No, there is not one scintilla of truth in the report that I will quit in a week or any other time. Consequently the statement that I have tried to name my successor is simply absurd."

MRS. TREGONING DEAD.

Passed Away This Morning-Today Was Her 56th Birthday.

The grim reaper claimed another victim this morning at 243 south Fifth East street, when Mrs. Dorthy R. Tregoning passed away, this day being her fifty sixth birthday. Mrs. Tregoning was a woman of noble character and was dearly loved by those who knew her.

loved by those who knew her.

She was born in 1850 at Pakillis, England, and married in 1853 Her husband and four children have preceded her to the great beyond.

All that loving children, kind friends and skilful physicians could do for her was done but to no avail. Her children, Mrs. Jos. Trelear of the Victor at Robinson, William and Thomas Tregoning of Tintic, Mrs. D. H. Hobday and Clare Tregoning of this city. Thes. Roberts of Idaho, Mrs. Penaluna of Butte, Mont., and Mrs. Ed. Berryman of Eureks, Nev., were

Mrs. Ed. Berryman of Eureka, Nev., were all at her bedside.

Funeral service, will be held in this city on Wednesday afternoon next, but the exact hour has not been decided upon but will be announced later.

CHURCH NOTICES

The 124th quorum of Seventy wi meet in the Eighteenth ward school house Monday, April 9, at 7:30 p. in.

April 9-The First quorum of Elders of the Salt Lake stake of Zion will meet in the Seventeenth ward assembly room this evening, at 7:30,

The regular monthly meeting of the High Priests' quorum of the Granite stake, will convene in the Granite stake Tabernacle, Sunday, April 15, stake Tabernacle, Sunday, April 18, 1906, at 10 a.m. All High Priests are requested to be present.

JOHN COOK, N. V. JONES, C. L. MILLER, Presidency,

Presidency.

The 124th quorum of Seventy will hold its regular meeting tonight in the Eighteenth ward schoolhouse, commencing at 7:30.

The members of the 30th quorum of Seventy will meet tonight at 7:30 in the Nineteenth ward meetinghouse. All resident members are invited to

15,000 ACRES OF IDAHO SCHOOL LAND.

To be sold at Twin Falls, Idaho, he and he thought that the action of the board in increasing the price per SUPPORTED BOARD'S ACTION.

Secretary John DeGray Dixon of the

MANTI POSTMASTER | TYREE IS OUT OF WAS DISCHARGED

son Quashed in Federal Court.

THE PENSION LAWS CASE. THOMAS R. CUTLER CHOSEN.

Matter of U. S. vs. R. W. Barnes Dismissed on Motion of District Attorney-Job for Sol Kimball.

The indictment against L. R. Anderson, postmaster of Manti, for the atleged sending through the mails of campuign documents in franked envelopes, was today quashed in the United States district court. The opinion of Judge Marshall is somewhat lengthy, and the conclusion reached is that "The envelopes charged to have been unlawfully used by the defendant were not official envelopes within the language, of section five of the act of March 3, 1877, and that the defendant is not sub-

ject to the penalty there pronounced." The court further declares "It is unfortunate that there is no provision of the statute under which prosegution can be had. If the facts are true charged in the indictment, the defendant is richly deserving of punishment. The demurrer will be sustained and the indictment quashed."

PENSION LAWS CASE.

The case of the United States vs. R. W. Barnes, wherein the latter is charged with violating certain pension laws, was today dismissed on motion of the district attorney.

The petit jury was impaneled today and four jurors were excused, namely, Preston A. Blair, J. T. Buckle, T. C. Winn and T. J. Wadsworth, An attachment was issued for Juror H. B. Elder of Salt Lake, who failed to ap-

JOB FOR "UNCLE SOL."

Col. B. B. Mann and Solomon F. Col. B. F. Mann and Solomon F. Kimball today assumed position as bailifs in the federal court, to which they had been appointed by United States Marshal William Spry. The new incumbents succeed John Alves and William B. Jack, whose resignations had been accepted.

AMUSEMENTS.

Salt Lake Theater-At the Theater conight will occur the final presentation of the successful opera, "The Witch of the Woods," by the mammoth chorus of Liberty stake. The attraction is one well worth witnessing.

Grand-The bill tenight will be Reaping the Harvest," a comedy dra-ma which has won high favor wherever

Orpheum-Anothe mise for this week at the Orpheum majority of the acts arrived yesrday and the balance are due this afttablold melo-drama, "The Bandit. presented by E. Frederick Hawley and ompany. Sensational acrobats, a juggler, two song and dance turns and the kincdrome are among the offerings. There will be an extra matinee on Wednesday.

Lyric-The management of the Lyric has given its patrons some good shows of late, and the Reilly & Wood's company, filling an engagement this week, is not interior to the best of them. Burlesque, spectacular and farce conedy, one following the other and then all coming together, is about the only way to describe the entertainment. The opening performance was greeted by a

Pat Rellly as Simple Simon, heads the east in a scene of a country school, and does his full share as a fun maker. During this farce a dozen prettily costumed and handsome chorus girls gave a Spanish dance that made one of the big hits of the evening.

Probably the best number on the program was the acrobatic work of Daly and Reno. They introduced some of the most thrilling and seemingly in-possible tricks, causing wonder at their daring and laughter at their burlesque. Another team that found favor with the audience was Orth and Fern in an entitled "Sign Ira Kessner in pictured melodies was well received, as also was th rapid and clever drawing by Pat Reilly. An excellent musical program is also a feature worth mentioning. The company will close its engagement on Friday evening.

EMMA RAMSEY MORRIS GIVES IDEAL RECITAL

One of the most charming vocal and instrumental recitals which Salt Lake has listened to for a long time past was that given by Mrs. Emma Ramsey Morris and Prof. McClellan at Barratt hall Saturday night. Everything was ideal-unless the size of the audience be excepted. The turnout was not at all what the high merits of the occasion demanded; in fact it would have been far better to have chosen some night when there were fewer meetings and fewer counter attractions. So excellent a program might surely appeal with confidence at another time to a

city audience. Mrs. Morris was down for 10 num-bers, all of decided variety, and all se-lected to show her voice to its best advantage. From the difficult aria from "Samson and Delilah" down to the simple English ballads she was at her best, and the audience gave her some rare tributes of applause after the tender number, "I Once Loved a Boy," and the dainty "Lass With a Delicate Air. Her German songs were also beautifully done, and she was called back again and again to bow her acknowledgements. The "velvet" in her voice was never more pronounced than now Prof. McClellan made the plane sound like an enchanted fustrument. He was down for six numbers, including a group of gems from Chopin, and in every number he played with his cus-tomary taste and skill. As an accom-panist to Mrs. Morris he also manifested the ability so rarely seen, of sub-ordinating the instrument to the singer, and at the same time lending her the

The recital, which was under the management of the Graham Music bureau, was admirable on another account, namely, its length. It lasted barely an hour, and no encores were permit-

Indictment Against L. R. Ander- | Tendered His Resignation as President of the Com-

Former Presiding Officer Remains One Of the Directors-Resolutions of Endorsement Adopted.

At Saturday afternoon's meeting of the directors of the Continental Line Insurance & Investment company, Elram Tyree resigned the presidency of the company, and Thomas B. Cutler, brother of the governor, was chosen in his stead. Mr. Tyree remains a director in the company, and the board adopted these resolutions endorsing him, after accepting his resignation; "In view of the circumstances which have moved the president of this company, Hiram Tyree, voluntarily to tender his resignation; be it.

"Resolved, That the directors of the Continental Life Insurance & Investment company hereby express their confidence in the integrity and ability of President Tyree and that it is with deep regret that this board accepts his resignation as president and general manager of the company. We believe that his efficiency in organizing and building up this institution has rarely been excelled if ever equaled."
As to the charges of falsifying, the annual report of the company to the secretary of state, the board passed the

following resolutions:

EXONERATES TYREE "Resolved, That the board of directors hereby exonerates former Fresident Tyree and Seey. Wylle from all inten-tional wrong in the preparation and fil-ing of the statement of this company in January, 1995, which is claimed to be inaccurate and upon which criminal that the company's business should be con-ducted from the Salt Lake office, which rather cuts into the expectations of the San Francisco contingent.

The following letter is to be sent to policyholders and stockholders of the ompany, informing them of the ac-

INFORMATION SENT OUT.

To the Policyholders and Stockhold ers of the Continental Life Insur-ance & Investment Company. "Gentlemen-Pursuant to the call heretofore issued, a meeting of the board of directors of the Continental Life Insurance & Investment company was held in Salt Lake City on this day.

"The affairs of the company were thoroughly discussed.
"Hiram Tyree resigned as president and general manager for the company. His resignation was accepted. The en-tire executive committee resigned.

"Hon. Thomas R. Cutler was unant-mously and enthusiastically elected president of the company. Mr. Cutler is a business man of very wide experience, and promises to give careful attention to the business of this company. He is known all over the west. He is the vice president and general manager of the Utah Sugar company and other associated companies, which are among the largest industrial associated companies. clations of the west.
"President Cutler will appoint a new

executive committee at once, "It was the unanimous opinion of the directors that the company's business be conducted from Salt Lake City, the home office of the company, thereby saving a large, apparently unnecessary outlay.
"The new management is confident

that the income of the company will be ample to develop a splendid busi-ness and insure excellent profits in the future to the policyholders and stock-holders, and it proposes to keep its policyholders and stockholders fully ad-vised at all times."

At a meeting of the directors Saturday evening the following executive committee was elected: W. S. McCornick, chairman; Gov. Gooding, Idaho; R. D. Steele, John Dern, W. W. Wylie,

Frank Pierce, Salt Lake.

Members of the directory state that
Mr. Tyree has been willing all along to
Mr. Tyree has been willing all along to chenever it could be shown an intelligent plan of reorganization was presented; but he declined to resign in response merely to people who wanted to throw stones at him.

The new executive committee held a session yesterday, in preparation for the resumption of regular administra-

tive work. PREST, CUTLER TALKS.

The newly elected president of the Continental Life, Hou. Thos. R. Cutler, the present time to give any infor-mation for publication, but that just as soon as the affairs of the company were in shape he would give out a state-ment. He added that the new management. He added that the hew manage-ment intends to put the company on its feet, to restore confidence in its abil-ity to carry out the provisions of its policies, and further said that the Con-tinental would soon be in the field again and after business.

GOOD WOMAN GONE.

Mrs. Almira J. Merrill Surrenders Long

Battle at Richmond. (Special to the "News.")

Richmond, Cache Co., Utah, April 16 .- Mrs. Almira J. Merrill, wife of the late Apostle M. W. Merrill, was called home yesterday at 4 p. m., after an IIIness extending over some years. It is but a few day more than two months since the death of her husband and it is thought that this loss hastened her end. Mrs. Merrill was not yet 56 years of age, but she has passed through all the trying scenes incident to pioneer life in Cache valley. She was one of the ploncer school teachers of Cache county, and with her mother taught the first school at Richmond. She was always an active Church worker in the always an active Church worker in the various ward organizations and presided over the Richmond Relief society for more than 20 years. She was the mother of 12 children, all but one of whom, Mrs. Jos. P. Sharp, survive her. Her children are Chas E. of Richmond, Drs. Heber K. and Preston R. of Logan, Prof. A. M. of Oakley, Idaho, principal of the Cassia Stake Academy, Prof. Lewis A. of Salt Lake City, editor of the Descret Farmer. Prof. F. W. principal of the Nephi High school, Leon E., now a missionary in the northern E., now a missionary in the northern states, Mrs. Libbie Hendricks Alvaret-ta and Orella, unmarried daughters,

The sympathy of the entire community goes out to the family, who are thus called upon to mourn the depart-ture of both father and mother within two months.

THREE CENT FARE CASE.

U. S. Supreme Court Decides Against Cleveland and in Favor of Company. Washington, April 9.-The case of the

ity of Cleveland vs the Cleveland Electric Raflway company was decided today by the supreme court of the United States in favor of the company. The ase involved the right of the city to grant a charter to a new streetcar line to operate in Woodlawn avenue, in the face of the contention of the old company that its charter had not expired. The opinion was by Justice McKenna. The case presented a phase of the ef-fort to force three-cent fares on the street railways in Cleveland. The elecric company claimed the control of the treets of the city until 1908, and the ction was begun by the company to contest the grant of a charter by the fity to the Forest City company, for a line along Woodland avenue. The old ne along Woodland avenue. The old ompany attacked this charter and charged the granting of it to be "a part of the conspiracy between the city and

court to declare the new company's charter to be null and void, and to restrain it from proceeding.

The elecuit court granted this prayer, and the city appealed to the supreme court with the result of securing an affirmation of the decision against it.

CAMILE REMEY FOUND GUILTY.

Helena, Mont., April 9.—The second trial here of Camile Remey, for killing Wasson J. Oliver of Dillon, near Wolf Creek, 30 miles north of Helena, Sept. 22 last, resulted in a conviction of manslaughter. The jury took the case Saturday at 5 p. m., and reported a verdiet this merning, leaving infliction of punishment to Judge Smith. The maximum penalty is 10 years in the state penitentiary. The jury disagreed at the first trial last January. Reme at both trials was self defense.

PACKER CASE ARGUMENTS.

Kansas City, April 9.—Various motions, pleas and orders growing out of the lindictment last December of five summoned.

the Forest City company to compel the closed packing houses, three railroads and a number of individuals, charged fares." The old company asked the with giving or conspiring to secure rebates in violation of the Elkins anti-rebate law were argued here today in the United States district court.

The packing companies and the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul rallway, soon after the indictments were returned, filed general denials. The Burlinged, filed general denials. The Burling-ton and several officials of that railway, who were indicted, filed motions to

who were indicted, filed motions to quash. The Chicago and Alton and the officers connected with the traffic department of that company, under indictment, filed immunity pleas.

The plea of the Alton and its officials is based upon the recent decision of Judge Humphrey in Chicago, in the beef cases, wherein it was held that members of the corporations who had furnished information on which the indictments were returned were immune. dictments were returned were immune, but that the corporations were not. The Alton makes the claim that it was compelled to produce its books, papers and other documents for the inspection of the federal grand jury in Chleage, and that this information was presented to the Kansas City grand jury, before which the local agents of the road were

Rise Liars, And Salute Your Queen

Ho, All Ye Faithful Followers of Ananias GIVE EAR!

A Young Girl said to a Cooking School Teacher in New York; "If

you make One Statemant as False as that, All you have said

about Foods is Absolutely Unreliable." This burst of true American girl inignation was caused by the teacher saying that Grape-Nuts, the popular pre-digested food, was made of stale

bread shipped in and sweetened. The teacher colored up and changed

he subject, There is quite an assortment of traveling and stay-at-home members of the ribe of Ananlas who tell their falseroods for a variety of reasons.

In the spring it is the custom on a attle ranch to have a "round up," and brand the cattle, so we are going to have a "round up," and brand these cattle and place them in their proper pastures.

FIRST PASTURE.

includes "teachers" who have applied to us for a weekly pay if they would say "something nice" about Grape-Nuts and Postum, and when we have declined to hire them to do this they get waspy and show their true col-

This also includes "demonstrators' and "lecturers" sent out by a certain Sanitarium to sell foods made there, and these people instructed by the small-be-whiskered-doctor-the head of the in" stitution-to tell these prevarications (you can speak the stronger word if you like). This same little doctor conducts a small magazine in which there is a department of "answers to correspondents," many of the questions as well as the answers being written by the aforesaid

doctor. In this column sometime ago appeared the statement: "No. we cannot recommend the use of Grape-Nuts for it is nothing but bread with glucose poured over it." Right then he showed his badge as a member of the tribe of Ananias. He may have been a member for some time before, and so he has caused these 'lec. turers" to descend into the ways

of the tribe wherever they go. When the young lady in New York put the "fron on" to this "teacher" and branded her right we sent \$10,00 to the girl for her pluck and bravery.

SECOND PASTURE

Wr as grocers' pape

Remember, we don't put the

brand on all, by any means, Only those that require it. These members of the tribe have demanded that we carry advertising in their papers and when we do not consider it advisable they institute a campaign of vituperation and slander, printing from time to time manufactured slurs on Postum or Grape-Nuts. When they go far enough we get our legal force at work and hall them to the judge to answer. If the pace has been hot enough to throw some of these "cattle" over on their backs, feet tied and "bellowing," do you think we should be blamed? They gambel around with talls held high and jump stiff legged with a very "cocky" air while they have full range, but when the rope is thrown over them "it's lifterent."

Should we until them because they bleat soft and low ' Or should we put the iron on, so that people will know the Lrand? Let's keep them in this pasture, anyhow,

THIRD PASTURE. Now we come to a frisky lot,

the "Labor Union" editors. You know down in Texas a weed called "Loco" is sometimes eaten by a steer and produces a derangement of the brain that makes the steer "batty" or crazy. Many of these editors are "Locoed" from hate of anyone who will not instantly obey the "demands" of a labor union and it is the universal habit of such writers to go straight into a system of personal vilification, manufacturing any sort of falsehood through which to vent their spleen. We assert that the common citizen has a right to live and breathe air without asking permission of the labor trust and this has brought down on us the hate of these editors. When they

(For they are usually Irresponsible.) Keep your eye out for the "Locoed" editor.

go far enough with their libels.

is it harsh for us to get, judg-

ment against them and have our

lawyers watch for a chance to

attach money due them from

Now let all these choice specimens take notice: fifty thousand dollars to be covered by a like amount from them, or any one of them, and if there was ever one ounce of old bread or any other ingre-dient different than our selected wheat

and barley with a little salt and yeast used in the making of Grape-Nuts, we will lose the money. Our pure food factories are open at times to visitors, and thousands pass through each month, inspecting every department and every process. Our factories are so clean that one could, with good relish, eat a meal from

The work people, both men and wom-en, are of the highest grade in the state of Michigan, and according to the state labor reports, are the highest paid in the state for similar work.

Let us tell you exactly what you will see when you inspect the manufacture of Grape-Nuts. You will find tremendous elevators containing the choicest wheat and barley possible to buy. These grains are carried through long con-veyers to grinding mills, and there coneried into flour. Then the machines take selection of the proper quantities verted into flour. this flour in the proper and these parts are blended into a general flour which passes over to the big dough mixing machines, there wa ter, sait and a little yeast are added ter, salt and a little yeast are added and the dough kneaded the proper

Remember that previous to the barley having been ground it was passed through about one hundred hours of soaking in water, then placed on warm floors and slightly sprouted, developing the diastase in the barley, which changes the starch in the grain into

dough and it has been kneaded long enough, it is moulded by machinery into loaves about is inches long and for 6 mehes in diameter. It is put futo this shape for convenience in second cook-

chinery and the slices placed on wire trays, these trays, in turn, placed on great steel trucks, and rolled into the secondary ovens, each perhaps 75 or 50 feet long. There the food is subjected to a long low heat and the starch which has not been heretofore transformed, Is turned into a form of sugar generally known as Post Sugar. It can be seen glistening on the granules of Grape-Nutes if held toward the light, and this food as these prevaricators ignorantly granule during the process of manu white particles of sugar that come our on the end of a hickory log after it has been sawed off and allowed to fund for a length of time.

his Post Sugar is the most digestible known for human use. It is so eat in its adaptability that mothers young infants will pour a n milk over two or three poonfuls of Grape-Nuts, thus washing

the sugar off from the granules and carrying it with the milk to the bottom of the dish. Then this milk charged with Post Sugar is fed to the infants, producing the most satisfactory results, for the baby has food that it can discut autickly and will so off to sleep. gest quickly and will go off to sleep well fed and contented. When baby gets two or three months old it is the custom of some mothers to allow the Grape-Nuts to soak in the milk a little longer and become mushy, whereupon a little of the food can be

fed in addition to the milk containing the washed off sugar. It is by no means manufactured for a baby food, but these facts are stated as an illustration of a perfectly di-gestible food.

It furnishes the energy and strength for the great athletes. It is in common use by physicians in their own fami-lies and among their patients, and can be seen on the table of every firstclass college in the land.

We quote from the London Lancet analysis as follows:

"The basis of nomenclature of this The basis of nomenciature of this preparation is evidently an American pleasantry, since 'Grape Nuts' is derived solely from cereals. The preparatory process undoubtedly converts the food constituents into a much more digestible condition than in the raw cereal. This is evident from the remarkable solubility of the preparat

ntains chiefly dextrin and no starch. The grains are ried bread-crumbs. brown and crisp, with a pleasant taste not unlike slightly burn malt. According to our analysis the following is the composition of 'Grape Nuts:' Moisture, 6.02 per cent; mineral matter, 2.01 per cent; fat, 1.60 per cent; proteids, 15.00 per cent; soluble carbohydrates &c. 49.40 per cent; and unaltered carbo-hydrates (insoluble), 25.97 per cent. The features worthy of note in this analysis are the excellent proportion mineral matters, and soluble drates per cent. The mineral corbohydrates per cent. The mineral matter was rich in phosphoric acid. 'Grape-Nuts' is described as a brain and nerve food, whatever that may be. Our analysis, at any rate, shows that it is a nutritive of a high order, since it contains the constituents of a com-plete food in very satisfactory and rich

An anantysis made by the Canadian Government some time ago shows that Grape-Nuts contains nearly ten times the digestible elements contained in ordinary cereals, and foods, and nearly twice the amount contained in any other food analyzed.

proportion and in an easily assimilable

The analysis is familiar to practicalevery successful physician in Amerea and London.

We print this statement in order that the public may know the exact facts upon which we stake our honor and will back it with any amount of money that any person or corporation will put

We propose to follow some of these hoice specimens of the tribe of Ananing.

teacher or any other person assert that either Postum or Grape-Nuts are made of any other ingredients than those printed on the packages and as we say they are made, send us the name and address, also name of two or three witnesses, and if the evidence is clear mough to get a judgment we will right that wrong quickly.

Our business has always been conducted on as high a grade of human intelligence as we are capable of, and we propose to clear the deck of these prevaricators and liars whenever and wherever they can be found.

Attention is again called to the gen-eral and broad invitation to visitors to go through our works, where they will be shown the most minute process and device in order that they may understand how pure and clean and wholesome Grape-Nuts and Postum

There is an old saying among business men that there is some chance to train a fool, but there is no room for liar, for you never can tell of Ananias that they may follow their calling in other lines, but when they put forth their lies about Grape-Nuts and Postum, we proopse to give them an opportunity to answer to the proper

The New York girl wisely said that f a person would lie about one item, i brands the whole discourse as absolute unreliable.

Keep your iron ready and brand these mavericks" whenever you find them

"There's a Reason" for

Grape-Nuts and Postum