BRAVE WOMEN PREVENT MURDER

Go to Rescue of Two Men That Were Set Upon by an Infuriated Mob.

WERE STRIKE BREAKERS.

On Their Own Heads and Bodies Received the Blows of the Angry Crowd.

Steubenville, O., Sept. 2.—A Labor day riot that bade fair to end in a tragedy had it not been for the bravery of two young women occurred here this afternoon. The victims of the crowd's rage were Joseph Robison, who received a fractured skull, and John Hatton, who was cut and bruised while shielding the men. Miss Mary Magee and Tulla Rooks received cuts and bruises on the head and body and are in a serious condition. Robison and Hatton came here from St. Louis to work in a mine where a strike is in progress. Today as they left the telephone office they were set upon by a crowd and were being badly beaten when the two girls rushed into the thick of the trouble and frantically pushing and shoving their way through a crowd of about 50 men reached the two victims, to whom the young women were strangers. The girls threw themselves on the prostrate men, protected their heads and received on their own bodies the kicks and blows of the mob. One of the men, who was wielding a piece of iron, hit Miss Magee on the head. During a lull in the assault the police reached the scene and rescued Robison and Hatton. Only one arrest was made.

CUNARD LINE WILL CUT RATES.

Liverpool, Sept. 2.—The Cunard line today issued an official statement to the effect that it will be obliged to follow the example of its competitors and reduce its eastward Atlantic fares.

E. R. COFFIN DEAD.

Omaha, Neb., Sept. 2.—E. R. Coffin, vice president of the Electric Securities corporation of New York, and a prominent financier, died early today at the Omaha general hospital, to which place he was taken a week ago, while traveling from San Francisco to New York. He has been suffering for some time with strangular hernia, which became acute while en route east. He rallied from the operation, but the shock was too great. Mr. Coffin's father, who is president of the General Electric company, is in Europe. His sister, Mrs. Childs, and her husband, came from Chicago three days ago to care for the patient.

CHINA AND JAPAN.

Unconciliatory Attitude of Former Verging on the Anti Japanese.

Tokio, Sept. 2.—The unconciliatory attitude of the Chinese government towards Japan is gradually increasing and it is now verging on the anti-Japanesi. There is indignation here at the sudden change of front by China and the situation at Pekin is attracting the attention of public thinkers. It is felt that for the sake of traquility in the far east, the present conditions should not be maintained. In some quarters it is thought that it is absolutely necessary to impress China with the unreasonableness of her present attitude and send for that purpose a foremost statesman to represent Japan at Pekin. In that connection Count Okuma is suggested, he having already done much for China, especially in the education of Chinese students. Marquis Ito might be asked to go after a settlement of Korean affairs, which is expected in the near future.

HARNED'S SIGHT RESTORED.

New York, Sept. 2.—Virginia Harned, the actress, who appeared stricken with blindness in New Haven a few days ago, because of the strain of having many flashlight pictures taken of the scenes in the play "Anna Karenina," appears to have fully recovered her sight.

KILLED BY A BURGLAR.

Cleveland, O., Sept. 2.—John J. Phillips, a prominent coal operator, was shot by a burglar at his home last night and died a few hours later. The murderer escaped. Phillips was 46 years of age. He was vice president of the Eastern Ohio Coal company.

FRANCO-CANADIAN TREATY.

Minister Fielding Leaves for London To Lay it Before Bar Association.

Paris, Sept. 2.—W. Fielding, Canadian minister of finance, will leave tomorrow for London to lay the new treaty between France and Canada before the bar association. He told the Associated Press today that it would be impossible at present to announce the terms of the treaty, as it must be submitted to the bar association and to the Canadian and French parliaments. Moreover, he said the document had not been signed. The Associated Press learns that the treaty is most elaborate. Responding to the country's prohibition sentiment, Canada is unable to give France a more favorable duty on champagne than was allowed in 1895, but grants special tariff on silks and in return gets a minimum tariff on corn and forest products. The question on Canadian wheat duty, on which the commissioners were divided, was finally settled by compromise.

DEATH FROM BUBONIC PLAGUE.

San Francisco, Sept. 2.—The health board reports an additional death from bubonic plague and two additional cases under suspicion, since Saturday. The death was that of a woman, and occurred in Berkeley, across the bay from San Francisco. This case falls within the lines of the statement of plague authorities that all ports on the Pacific coast having commerce with transoceanic points must consider themselves subject to sporadic appearance of the disease and must be constantly on the lookout for it.

The rat war here is being prosecuted with energy and success under the system adopted last week by which the city is divided into 12 districts, each in charge of a physician, inspectors and assistants. This and other precautionary measures will be pressed vigorously while the limited outbreak lasts.

FIRST FATAL CASE OF CHOLERA.

Yokohama, Sept. 2.—The first fatal case of cholera in this port has been reported. The victim was the Japanese supercargo of the steamer Takasago Maru. It is supposed that he contracted the disease at one of the ports of call between this place and New Chwang. The passengers who arrived on the steamer were landed before the case was discovered and search is now being made for them. The vessel and its crew have been quarantined.

A Skin of Beauty is a Joy Forever.

Dr. T. Felix Gourraud's Oriental Cream or Magical Beautifier.

Removes Tan, Pimples, Freckles, Moth Patches, Rash, and Skin Diseases, and every blemish on beauty, and defies detection. It has stood the test of 60 years, and is so harmless we taste it to be sure it is properly made. Accept no counterfeit of similar name. Dr. L. A. Sayre said to a lady of the haut ton (a patient): "As you ladies will use them, I recommend Gourraud's." "Gourraud's Cream" is the least perishable of all the skin preparations. For sale by all druggists and Fancy Goods Dealers in the United States, Canada and Europe.

FERD. T. HOPKINS, Prop., 37 Great Jones Street, New York.

MARION HEDGEPATH.

One of Best Known Criminals in Country Captured in Omaha.

Omaha, Neb., Sept. 2.—James Clark, who with W. P. Jackson of St. Louis, was arrested by detectives on suspicion of safe-blowing has been identified as the notorious Marion Hedgepath, who is alleged to be one of the best-known criminals in the United States. The two men are held in the city prison, awaiting developments. Hedgepath, 17 years ago, was a member of the famous Sly Wilson gang of safe-blowers and highwaymen. Dick and Charles Wilson, and the man Sly and Hedgepath, robbed a Missouri Pacific train near Omaha when $50,000 was said to have been the booty. Later they were charged with holding up another Missouri Pacific train near St. Louis and getting $25,000. Hedgepath and Sly were captured in Los Angeles and Wilson in Syracuse, where they killed a detective.

Dick Wilson died in the electric chair and Charles is now in Sing Sing. Hedgepath and Sly went to the Missouri penitentiary for 25 years and Hedgepath was released for aiding in suppressing a mutiny and giving valuable testimony which resulted in convicting the instigators.

LABOR DAY RIOTS.

In Louisville Result in Injury to Four Non-Union Street Car Employes.

Louisville, Ky., Sept. 2.—A Labor day riot, which but for the timely arrival of the police might have assumed formidable proportions, resulted in the injury of four non-union street car employes this afternoon. The trouble occurred at First and Walnut streets, and was started by a woman. The Labor day parade had just broken up and the participants were swarming on the cars to go to a park when the woman refused to ride on a car operated by non-union men and jeered at the unionists for doing so, exhorting them to "pull the scab off." Four cars operated by non-union crews were attacked, and Motorman A. E. Whiteman and Conductor S. Friedy were injured by the stones thrown, while two others, both non-union carmen, were severely beaten. A riot call and the prompt appearance of the police prevented the trouble from spreading among the thousand union men in the neighborhood.

THE BLACK HUNDRED.

Begin Rioting in Odessa, Making Their Attack on the Jews.

Odessa, Sept. 2.—The Black Hundreds began rioting here this afternoon, alleging that the Jews were responsible for the explosion of a bomb in the courtyard of the central police station here Saturday morning, resulting in the death of an artillery officer and four policemen, although it was stated at the time that the bomb was accidentally dropped by an officer. The rioters ran through the streets inhabited by Jews and shooting promiscuously right and left, several were killed and injured.

BAD AUTO ACCIDENT.

Elliott F. Shepard Plunges Into River, Breaking Collar Bone.

Brescia, Italy, Sept. 2.—Elliott F. Shepard of New York, while speeding around the fifth circuit in the auto race here today, plunged into the river Monne Chiari, breaking his collarbone and slightly injuring other parts of his body.

Mr. Shepard's chauffeur, Leadmann, had his face cut and bruised. Their condition is not considered to be serious.

Cagno averaged over 105 kilometers an hour. He was among the last of the contestants in the early stages of the race, but put on a burst of speed in the fifth circuit, took the lead in the sixth and held it until the finish. Demogeot, France, second, in 4 hours, 40 minutes, 59 seconds. Rougier, France, was third, in 4 hours, 45 minutes, 31 seconds.

SUFFERED AGONY WITH SALT RHEUM

On Hands, Arms, and Face for Three Years—Spent Hundreds of Dollars in Seeking a Cure—Hands Became a Solid Sheet of Sores—No Rest from Awful Itching Until

CUTICURA REMEDIES EFFECTED A CURE

"I had salt rheum for three years on my hands, arms, and face and I thought it would get all over me. I tried four or five doctors but they failed and my husband has spent hundreds of dollars in trying everything we could hear of. But I grew worse and worse, my hands itched awfully and I could get no rest at all. I was just in agony all the time because when they did not itch they were so dry and crackly that I was miserable and when they cracked, they bled. The nails of my finger and thumb began to come off, and my hands were a solid sheet of sores. Several of my friends told me to try the Cuticura Remedies so I got a cake of Cuticura Soap and a box of Cuticura Ointment and from the first my hands began to improve and now they are well, and I think that the Cuticura Remedies are worth their weight in gold, and I advise every one that has skin trouble to use them. Mrs. Omie Parkerson, 1030 11th Ave., Nashville, Tenn., Jan. 28, Feb. 11, and Mar. 31, 1907."

MOTHERS

Of Skin-Tortured, Disfigured Babies Should Know

That warm baths with Cuticura Soap and gentle anointings with Cuticura, the great Skin Cure, afford instant relief, permit rest and sleep, and point to a speedy cure of torturing, disfiguring eczemas, rashes, itchings, irritations, and chafings of infants and children when all else fails. Guaranteed absolutely pure under the United States Food and Drugs Act, and may be used from the hour of birth.

Complete External and Internal Treatment for Every Humor of Infants, Children, and Adults consists of Cuticura Soap (25c.) to Cleanse the Skin, Cuticura Ointment (50c.) to Heal the Skin, and Cuticura Resolvent (50c.) (or in the form of Chocolate Coated Pills, 25c. per vial of 60) to Purify the Blood. Sold throughout the world. Potter Drug & Chem. Corp., Sole Props., Boston, Mass.

Mailed Free, Cuticura Book on Skin Diseases.

HEARST IN PRAISE OF LABOR DAY

Should Rank With the Fourth of July as a Characteristically American Holiday.

CLASS HATRED IS A CURSE.

In the Creation and Equable Distribution of Wealth Co-operation and Organization Are Necessary.

Norfolk, Va., Sept. 2.—William Randolph Hearst of New York and Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor, were the principal speakers at today's great Labor day celebration at the Jamestown exposition. The weather was clear and thousands of people from all parts of Virginia, together with several thousand here for the opening of the grand aerie of Eagles tomorrow, attended. The exercises were held at the reviewing stand on the Lee parade grounds.

Mr. Hearst arrived this morning from San Francisco, accompanied by Mrs. Hearst, Max F. Ihmsen, president of the Hearst Independence league, and Charles A. Walsh, former Democratic national committeeman from Iowa. He was met by large delegations from the laboring and business organizations of this section of Virginia and was given a notable welcome. Mr. and Mrs. Hearst subsequently were joined by Mr. and Mrs. Gompers, the entire party proceeding in a special car to the exposition grounds. Following an address of welcome by Pesident Harry St. George Tucker of the Exposition company, Mr. Hearst was introduced and was given an ovation. In part Mr. Hearst said:

HEARST'S SPEECH.

"Labor day should rank with the Fourth of July as a characteristic American holiday. The Fourth of July commemorates the means by which we gained our independence as a nation, and Labor day commemorates the means by which we have made our nation the most powerful, the most progressive, the most prosperous of any in the world. In this country labor is universal, and is universally honored and appreciated. In this country there is no working class, but every man worthy of the name is a working man. In this country the mechanics work, the farmers work, the clerks work and even the millionaires. We have no aristocracy save that of intelligence and industry, and the proudest title of our successful millionaire is 'captain of industry.'

"I have no patience with the prejudices which exist between alleged classes when the classes themselves do not really exist. There is no reason for hostility between employer and employe, between capitalist and wage earners. Capital is but the accumulation of wealth. Wages are but the division of profits. Both employer and employe are entitled to their share of the profits and as long as the division is just and equitable there is no occasion for conflicts. If the division is not just, it can always be made so by arbitration, and there is still no occasion for conflict. A condition of class hatred such as has developed in Colorado is a curse to this country. There should be no prejudice by the laborer toward the capitalist. There should be an appreciation of the essential part which each plays in the creation of wealth.

"The man who digs the precious metal from the earth is worth his wage. The man who tells him where to find the gold deserves his profit, too. The great financial promoters, organizers, executives of America are worthy of recognition and reward. They work as hard as any of us; and their work is absolutely necessary to the full production of riches out of which are paid here in America the highest wages in the world. Let them have a liberal share of the wealth as long as that is the incentive which stimulates them to useful activity. Let them have wealth as long as it is honestly acquired through enterprise that benefits the whole community. The riches they amass and call their own are seldom spent in extravagance and luxury upon themselves, but are back into new industries to produce more wealth and give employment to more.

"And now, my friends, in the creation of wealth and the equable distribution of wealth, not only is co-operation necessary, but organization is necessary. Labor unions are valuable not only to their own membership, but to the whole community. Farmers' unions are valuable not only to their own memberships, but to the whole community. And honest, law-abiding organizations of capital are valuable, not only to their own stockholders, but to the whole community.

"Their effectiveness as combinations of capital is seen in their enormous power for good, and their menace lies in the misuse of that enormous power for evil. There is no greater danger to our form of government, to our popular rights, and our public morals than the corrupt use of the growing power of corporate wealth. You hear much today of how a mayor of San Francisco has fallen, but you hear little of how powerful public service corporations tempted a wretched human being with great wealth and brought a once respected man to ruin and disgrace. While it is the fashion to criticize San Francisco just now, I venture to assert that the only difference between San Francisco and some other cities is that San Francisco is punishing her corruptionists.

"There is many an official elsewhere who has stolen office or wealth in public property who would fare like Schmitz if there were more honest and fearless district attorneys like Union Labor Langdon.

"Let us recognize and reward the good which honest corporations accomplish, but let us with equal justice condemn and punish the evil which corruption in corporations spreads.

"Let us govern our corporations as we do our individual citizens. Let us make laws impartially for all and then make all impartially obedient to the laws. Let us give opportunity to legitimate enterprise, but let us enforce the prison penalty against the powerful criminal, as we do against the weak and helpless. Let us go forward and not back; let us organize, since the faculty of organization is the measure of intellectual development, but let us proceed with due regard for each other's rights; with consideration for each other's services; with appreciation of each other's services; with appreciation of each other's value. Let us organize unions of labor, unions of farmers, unions of capital and let us conduct them not narrowly and selfishly, but broadly and liberally for our own best interests and for the public interests as well. Let us combat organization that operates for evil with organization that operates for good. Let us organize a union of all good citizens and preserve our government as patriots founded it, to conduct it impartially for the benefit of all and to perpetuate for our children the independence equality and opportunity which our fathers with devotion, sacrifice and heroism won for us."

LOCKOUT OF LABORERS CAUSES SYMPATHETIC STRIKE

Antwerp, Sept. 2.—The lockout of the dry dock laborers today caused the porters to strike in sympathy and resort to violence. The rioters broke into the grain store house, broke up the windows and doors, carried off the wagons and showered stones on the English strike-breakers and routed other strike-breakers, forcing them to quit work, threw a steam crane overboard and wrecked a lot of machinery. A German sailor was was mistaken for an English strike-breaker, was attacked by the rioters and almost killed. The police during the day made many arrests. The women employes of the dock and steamship companies have joined the strike movement and excitedly harangued the men at a big meeting of strikers held this afternoon. The rioters boarded the British steamer Ageneria, destroyed her freighting implements and seriously injured one of her engineers. They also took possession of the British steamer Sylleny, throwing a number of tools and trucks overboard and did other damage. The violence of the dock laborers and their smypathizers, so terrified the men at work on a number of vessels that they fled ashore.

MURDER AND SUICIDE.

Denver, Colo., Sept. 2.—Eugene Marug, a lineman in the employ of the Denver Gas & Electric company, in a fit of jealousy today murdered his wife by cutting her throat with a razor. He then cut his own throat and is not expected to live. The couple had two small children.

MANSFIELD'S FUNERAL.

Ceremony of Interment Attended by Many Friends and Acquaintances.

New London, Conn., Sept. 2.—All that was mortal of Richard Mansfield was lowered into a grave in the little Gardner cemetery within a few rods of Seven Oaks, his summer home, today. The ceremony was attended by many friends and acquaintances of the late actor.

NO PARADE IN CHICAGO.

Chicago, Sept. 2.—For the first time since the inauguration of Labor day, the great parade of the unions was omitted. Several weeks ago the various organizations decided to abandon the parade and devote to other uses the large amount of money which was formerly expended on the parade. Business houses and factories were generally closed.

HAYWOOD SPEAKS IN OMAHA.

Omaha, Sept. 2.—William D. Haywood, secretary of the Western Federation of Miners, was the principal speaker at the Labor day picnic here today.

MURDERED BY A BURGLAR.

Cleveland, O., Sept. 2.—John J. Phillips, a prominent coal operator, was shot by a burglar at his home last night and died a few hours later. The murderer escaped. Phillips was 48 years of age. He was vice president of the Eastern Ohio Coal company.

A HUMANE APPEAL.

A humane citizen of Richmond, Ind., Mr. U. D. Williams, 107 West Main St., says: "I appeal to all persons with weak lungs to take Dr. King's New Discovery, the only remedy that has helped me to fully come up to the proprietor's recommendation." It saves more lives than all other throat and lung remedies put together. Used as a cough and cold cure the world over. Cures asthma, bronchitis, croup, whooping cough, quinsy, hoarseness, and phthisic, stops hemorrhages of the lungs and builds them up. Guaranteed at Z. C. M. I. Drug Store, 112-114 So. Main Street, 50c and $1.00. Trial bottle free.

HARRIMAN IN OREGON.

Railroad Magnate Predicts Great Future for the State.

Portland, Or., Sept. 2.—E. H. Harriman has arrived here from Shaniko, Or., after having concluded a visit of several days' length at Pelican Lake Lodge, near Klamath Falls, Or., with an automobile tour of central Oregon. Mr. Harriman was liberal in his praise of Oregon and its climate, and predicted a great future for the state.

Regarding the financial conditions in the east, Mr. Harriman says they are not serious in his estimation, but that with the present antagonism toward corporations in view, it is extremely hard to get new capital to make investment.

NATURE TELLS YOU.

As Many a Salt Lake City Reader Knows Too Well.

When the kidneys are sick,
Nature tells you all about it.
The urine is nature's calendar.
Infrequent or too frequent action;
Any urinary trouble tells of kidney ills.

Doan's Kidney Pills cure all kidney ills.

Salt Lake City people testify to this.

J. M. Swem, dealer in mining and milling machinery, of 36 S. Third West Street, Salt Lake City, Utah, Postoffice box No. 159, says: "I think Doan's Kidney Pills are unequalled for the treatment of Kidney ailments and for this reason am glad to recommend them. For three years I was suffering all the time with such troubles, and got worse and worse until I was told I had an advanced case of diabetes. I was advised to use Doan's Kidney Pills and got a box at the F. J. Hill Drug Co.'s store. I felt relieved before I had finished one box and kept on until I had taken four boxes. I consider myself cured, and hope that my testimony will be the means of bringing relief to some other sufferer."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, New York, sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name—Doan's—and take no other.

CAN YOU SEE PERFECTLY?

Do objects like large letters appear confused at a distance, or is it difficult to recognize your friends a block away. If so, your eyes need attention.

J. H. KNICKERBOCKER, O. D., Practical Optician. 143 Main Street.

IF YOU HAVE TO

WEAR GLASSES, be sure you get the best; they cost a little more, but are the cheapest in the end. WE MAKE ONLY ONE KIND OF GLASSES and that's the best. Eyes tested free for glasses; if you don't need them we tell you so.

RUSHMER

DEFECTIVE EYESIGHT CORRECTOR.

73 West 1st So.
Both 'phones 1763.

Rings Dyspepsia Tablets

RELIEVE INDIGESTION AND STOMACH TROUBLES

Sold by Z.C.M.I.Dru: Dept.,112-4 Main

FALL AND WINTER SEASON 1907 MILLINERY AND FURS

Elaborate ribbon trimmed hats are seen this season at Banks, 116 South Main St. It is not exceptional to see 10 to 15 yards used on a single hat. The illustration shows an English felt hat, can be had for from $5.00 to $9.00 at Banks or any of the following stores.

Wykes & Blair, Ogden, Utah.
Mrs. W. H. Rex, Salina, Utah.
Miss M. L. Pugh, Lovelock, Nevada.
Hammer & Winn, Lehi, Utah.
Ellison Sisters, Logan, Utah.
Mrs. A. Murrie, Garland City, Utah.
Mrs. E. M. Allred, Nephi, Utah.
Mrs. E. M. Holliday, Kanab, Utah.
Mrs. J. L. Townsend, Payson, Utah
Francis Hood, Lewiston, Idaho.
Mrs. L. Morris, Murray, Utah.
Martha Johnson, Spanish Fork, Utah.
Mrs. H. W. Davis, Provo, Utah.
Eva Hassard, Fallon, Nevada.
Mrs. P. C. Neilson, Richfield, Utah.
Mrs. M. Wells, Bingham Canyon, Utah.
Mrs. E. N. Booth, Reno, Nevada.
Mrs. H. F. Christensen, Richmond, Utah.
Mrs. E. Crane Watson, Cedar City, Utah.
Nelson & Work, Manti, Utah.
Mrs. M. E. Campbell, Brigham City, Utah.
Mrs. E. N. Booth, Carson City, Utah.
Mrs. C. R. McBride, Tooele, Utah.
Beck & Lowe, Beaver, Utah.
Mrs. Emma Lamont, Mt. Pleasant, Utah.
H. J. Sheffield, Kaysville, Utah.
Union Mer. Co., Mercur, Utah.
K. & J. Hood, Twin Falls, Idaho.
Mrs. H. Fares, Park City, Utah.
Mrs. Rose Higson, Eureka, Utah.
M. R. Salmon, Coalville, Utah.

"Any Banks Hat can be had of the above firms at the same price they are retailed for in Salt Lake City."

The Fermos Hot and Cold Water Bottle

Keeps hot things hot and cold things cold, in winter or summer, in doors or out. It's a wonder, remaining uninfluenced in any temperature.

A fine thing to have on a long automobile trip. A good thing to possess at any time.

See them.

"SCHRAMMS"

Where the cars stop. All Depot Cars Stop Here Now.
Bell 'Phone. Exchange 7. Ind. 'Phone. 86.

FOR YOUNG OR OLD THE BEST PILL SOLD
Rings Little Liver Pills
Sold by Z.C.M.I.Drug Dept.,112-4 Main

KNAPTON, CURTIS & HANGER CO.

WALL PAPER AND PAINTS. 217 SO. STATE ST. PHONES

If You Know

What good furniture ought to cost, that knowledge will be sure to bring you here. Or if FURNITURE QUALITY, workmanship, designs, appeal to you—you'll find this store. ∴ ∴

H. DINWOODEY FURNITURE CO.

STAMMERING Cured or No Pay

And Your Railroad Fare and Boarding Expense Returned to you If We Fail to cure

The only school in the world making this offer. We have cured every case coming to us, and know we can cure you or we could not afford to make the above extraordinary proposition.

Some of our pupils could not utter a sound but were returned to delighted relatives and friends able to talk fluent lyandwithout a moment's hesitation

ONE OF THE MANY TESTIMONIALS WE HAVE RECEIVED.

Beaver City, Aug 23, 1907.

Mr. Wm. E. Bassett, Provo, Utah:
Dear Sir:

I am thirty-one years of age, and from my early childhood had been sorely afflicted with stammering, to the extent that it was very difficult for me to make myself understood. I entered your school Oct. 20, 1906, nearly one year ago, and remained there for about three weeks. Since that time and up to the present I can speak and read fluently. I cheerfully recommend your school to all who are thus afflicted.

Yours respectfully, WALTER HAMILTON.

CLASSES BEGIN THE 1st AND 2nd MONDAY IN EACH MONTH.

THE BASSETT SCHOOL FOR STAMMERERS.

Wm. E. Bassett, Director. PROVO, UTAH.

BANKS

Are open from 10 a. m. to 3 p. m. Our offices are open from 8:30 a. m. until 6 p. m. daily, except Sundays.

Turn in your claims. We are collecting about seven hundred dollars daily.

MERCHANTS' PROTECTIVE ASSOCIATION

Scientific Collectors of Honest Debts,

77-78-93-94-97.98-99 and 100 Commercial Nat'l Bank Bldg., Salt Lake City, Utah.

FRANCIS G. LUKE, Gen'l Mgr.

"SOME PEOPLE DON'T LIKE US."

Don't Forget the Date — SEPT. 9, 1907.

LATTER-DAY SAINTS' HIGH SCHOOL and BUSINESS COLLEGE

BOYS TO LEARN TRADES.
GIRLS TO LEARN DOMESTIC SCIENCE AND ARTS
BOYS AND GIRLS TO LEARN BUSINESS.
THE SCHOOL THAT GIVES THEM ALL A CHANCE.

PRACTICALLY FREE.

THE BEST HIGH SCHOOL IN THE WEST!
THE BEST BUSINESS SCHOOL IN THE WEST!

Fall Opening Sept. 9, 1907—Don't Forget the Date

These are Busy Days at Barton's

Boys in large numbers are coming here for school suits. They get a good suit when they get it here. A large variety of stylish and durable suits to choose from and every suit guaranteed.

$3.00	Suits	at	$1.85
3.50	"	"	2.00
4.00	"	"	2.20
4.50	"	"	2.50
5.00	"	"	2.85
5.50	"	"	3.40

Note the saving. It will pay you to buy a suit now.

$6.00	Suits	at	$3.70
6.50	"	"	4.15
7.00	"	"	4.00
8.00	"	"	5.00
8.50	"	"	5.40

45-47 MAIN ST. CLOTHIERS TO MEN AND BOYS.