

soldiers from India, who are well trained both in the tactics of modern warfare and to endure marching under the heat of a tropical sun.

The trouble has only begun. Arabi is not yet conquered, and when the country is subdued, delicate questions will arise as to its possession and government, and unless wise heads and not too greedy hearts are engaged in the settlement of these knotty questions, complications may arise which will bring all Europe into disputes that cannot be settled except by force of arms. The Egyptian question is connected with the pregnant Eastern question, and a false step is not unlikely to spring a mine that will spread over all the Great Powers the lurid flames of bloody war.

INTERESTING NATURALIZATION DECISION.

A DECISION recently made by the Supreme Court of Illinois in a case of disputed citizenship, is perhaps novel but is no doubt correct. John P. Kellar was indicted in the Federal Court at Springfield for having voted, when not entitled to vote, at an election for representative in Congress held in 1880 in the township of East Lincoln, Logan County. The facts of the case as they appeared on the trial were these: Kellar's parents were subjects of Prussia, where his father died in 1865, at which time the son was only seven years of age. His mother came to the United States, bringing the boy with her, and in 1868 she married Michael Gaschka, who was a naturalized citizen of the United States.

The prosecution took the ground that Kellar had no right to vote without complying with Section 2167 of the Revised Statutes of the United States, which provides that an alien arriving in this country under age, living here three years before attaining his majority, may, after five years residence, obtain his naturalization papers without making a declaration of intentions.

The Court decided that the section had no application to the case; but that Kellar's mother upon marriage with Gaschka became, ipso facto, a citizen of the United States as fully as if she had been herself naturalized, and that the son being a minor and dwelling in this country when his mother married became, by virtue of her marriage with a naturalized citizen, himself a citizen. The defendant was honorably discharged and a precedent established which should be generally understood. Not only is an alien woman naturalized by marriage to a citizen, but if she has minor children, they also become citizens by that union.

ISMAEL AND TEWFIK.

WHILE the Khedive of Egypt has been in peril of his life and is now in danger of losing his kingdom, the previous ruler of the land of the Pharaohs has been, and is now, living in peace and plenty in his villa at Naples, shaking his fat sides over the troubles which have come in fulfillment of his own prognostications, and telling how he would settle Arabi and the present difficulties if he was only Khedive again.

The perplexed and baffled figure-head at Alexandria is named Tewfik, and he is the son of Ismail Pasha the ex-Khedive of Egypt. The father was deposed by the Sultan to make way for the son. In this the wishes of England were regarded. Ismail Pasha in 1873 obtained an extension of authority from the Turkish ruler, by which he could make treaties with foreign powers, negotiate foreign loans and exercise greater freedom than had been permitted to his predecessors for a long time. He availed himself of his opportunities, dipped into the treasury to his heart's content, borrowed money wherever his securities could find acceptance, plunged the country into debt, and though he aided the building of the Suez canal, yet his personal extravagances were the chief drain upon the revenues and borrowed capital of his country, and he went to such excesses that bankruptcy stared Egypt in the face, and he was removed last European bondholders should have nothing left to grasp in return for the money they had advanced.

Tewfik was made Khedive, with the understanding that England and France should have that control of the finances which was afterwards established, and that the bor-

rowing power of the government should be restricted. Ismail went with his wives and retinue to Italy, where he has since reposed with a comfortable income, and now laughs at the troubles that have come upon his ambitious but not powerful son and successor, and no doubt thinks it is better to be Ismail Pasha in lovely and placid Naples, than Tewfik Khedive in turbulent, plundered and smoking Alexandria. The unworthy son has not made much by figuring for the throne of his father.

LOCAL AND OTHER MATTERS.

FROM THURSDAY'S DAILY, JULY 20.

Burglary Theft.—On Tuesday a burglarious theft was committed on the premises of Mr. Nephi Pratt, who is the proprietor of a small grocery store in the 10th Ward. During the temporary absence of Mrs. Pratt, who waits upon the customers, she left a little girl in charge. The girl had occasion to leave the premises a few minutes, during which time some person entered the building by the back window and stole something over \$7.

Hopeful.—Yesterday, Dr. W. H. H. Sharp called and stated that the reports to the effect that Judge Pyper was very low were incorrect, but that, on the contrary, he was improving. He assured us that he saw no reason why Judge Pyper should not get well, and he had not the slightest doubt that he would. Dr. Sharp has for some time been attending the patient as nurse, has been most assiduous in his attentions, and it is, doubtless, largely due to his ceaseless efforts that the Judge is as well as he is. We were pleased to hear him speak so encouragingly of the case.

Sudden Death.—Yesterday about 11 o'clock, Mrs. D. J. Mackintosh, was taken suddenly and violently ill. Medical assistance was at once procured, and all that could possibly be done for the lady was attended to, but she expired in a couple of hours from the time she was attacked. Her husband and other near relatives are in great grief at her demise. Deceased had not quite reached the age of twenty, and was greatly esteemed. She was the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. James Latham, of the Sixth Ward. The time for the funeral is not yet fixed, pending the reception of information from some absent relatives.

A Good Example.—The Ladies' Relief Society of West Jordan Ward are showing an example worthy of emulation by other localities. They have purchased three acres of land, part of which is cultivated as an attractive garden spot and the balance is covered with a growth of fresh and verdant lucern. Upon this pleasant place they have erected a neat brick house, in which the poor people of the Ward are comfortably cared for. This is carrying out, in letter and spirit, the original purpose of Relief Societies, as expressed by the Prophet Joseph Smith, when the first one in connection with the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints was organized.

An Alarming Incident.—The *Enquirer* states that a somewhat alarming incident occurred with Bishop N. Murdock, of Charleston, Wasatch County, while on his way home from Provo last Saturday. It appears he had a load of goods, which he was taking home, and was quietly driving along the road, but the flies being very troublesome, annoyed the off horse considerably, which caused him to throw his head about, and in doing so the line caught under the fore part of the tongue. Mr. Murdock drew up the line and the horse began backing, and the wagon ran off the dugway, which, at that particular place, was some 60 or 70 feet above the river. All endeavors to urge the horses forward seemed in vain, and so the wagon with its freight went over the bank; the bishop was thrown from his seat, a lucky coincidence, for at the same time that he struck the ground the wagon, freight and horses went rolling down the bank over the prostrate man into the river below. The team was a very valuable one, the off horse being worth about \$200. This horse had his back broken, the other one was considerably damaged, and Bishop Murdock himself received many bruises, but was happily spared from having any bones broken. The goods were strewn all over the bank and some floated down the river.

A Noted Indian Interpreter.—Yesterday we had the pleasure of meeting with the noted Indian Interpreter Ira Hatch, with whose name many of our readers are familiar. He is only forty-seven years old, though he has spent twenty-eight years among the red men of Southern Utah and neighboring Territories. Never having talked "crooked" to the savages, he has a great influence for good among them. He speaks quite a number of different languages of the aborigines, notably Mohave, Navajo, Moquit and Plute, the latter tongue being similar to the Utah.

As may be imagined, Mr. Hatch, during his lengthy experience as interpreter, has passed through many hardships and dangers, but the feeling of fear is reputed to be almost foreign to his nature. We learn from him that a gradual improvement is going on among the Indians in the south. They are, in a good many instances, taking to farming, and quite a number are experts at sheep shearing. A good many years ago the late President Brigham Young sent a box of sheep-shears to the Moquit, but they had no idea as to their use; now they handle these implements with as much facility as white men do.

Mr. Hatch's headquarters are at present at Sunset, Arizona, but he expects soon to locate in Savoy Valley, New Mexico.

FATAL ACCIDENT.

RICHARD WINN IS KILLED BY A CAVE.

To-day Mr. William Husband, with Messrs. Barnes and Davis, received word to the effect that a man who was employed by him to dig gravel near the 6th Ward bridge had been buried by a caveing of a gravel bank. Mr. A. Day drove to the scene of the accident and found that the man was dead. A son of the deceased, whose name is Richard Winn, left his father digging out the gravel and went fishing in the river. When he returned he found him completely buried, with the exception of his head, and life extinct. The body was dug out and conveyed to the office of Sexton Taylor. Deceased was 48 years old and leaves three children.

FROM FRIDAY'S DAILY, JULY 21.

The Inquest.—Last evening, Coroner Taylor held an inquest at the Sexton's office, over the remains of Richard Winn, killed by the caving of a sand bank near the Sixth Ward bridge. A verdict of accidental death, in accordance with the facts published in yesterday's News, was returned by the jury.

Wasatch Prosperous.—President Abram Hatch, of Wasatch Stake, accompanied by Mrs. Hatch, is in the city for a few days. We learn from him that crops are very promising in his diocese, having been only slightly damaged by late frosts. He is filling a government contract to supply the Uncompaghe Indians with 800 sacks of flour. President Hatch and wife will probably leave for home to-morrow.

Park City Murder Case.—The examination of the three prisoners charged with the murder of William Kennedy, at Park City, conducted before Commissioner C. K. Gilchrist, was concluded to-day. The evidence did not differ materially from the statement of the case already published in the News. In Graham was held to answer to the grand jury. Pollock and Casterline were discharged.

The Work in Kansas.—We have received a call from Elder John M. Thueson, of Monroe, Sevier County. He returned a few days ago from a mission to Kansas, for which part of the country he left here April 12th, 1881. While he labored there about thirty new members were baptized, four of whom by himself. A short time since we gave an account of the brethren being mobbed by a party of about fifty armed men in Selina County, Kansas, causing the Elders to abandon that part of the field for the present.

During the last nine months Elder Thueson's health has been quite poor, he having suffered from ague during that time. During his absence he traveled nearly 3,000 miles on foot and assisted in holding 115 meetings.

Grand Concert.—It is expected that a grand vocal and instrumental concert will be given on Monday

evening, August 7th, in the Large Tabernacle, for the purpose of raising funds for a hospital inaugurated by the sisters of the Relief Society, on which occasion that mammoth building will be illuminated with seven electric lights.

The following committees have been appointed:

Executive Committee.—Leonard W. Hardy, Robert T. Burton, Geo. Goddard, Zina D. H. Young, Ellen B. Ferguson, Emmeline B. Wells.

Musical Committee.—Charles J. Thomas, Eleazer Beesley, Evan Stephens, Thos. C. Griggs.

The best local talent will be enlisted for the occasion.

The electric light will be an attractive feature, besides the worthy character of the object it proposes to aid, which every Latter-day Saint will no doubt feel a pleasure in contributing towards; more particulars shortly.

COMMITTEE.

Valuable Information.—The following is a portion of a circular received at the Land Office in this city, from the Department of the Interior at Washington. The information it conveys may prove of value to some people in this section of the country:

Having come into possession of information that large numbers of fraudulent certificates of deposit, purporting to be issued at various U. S. depositories, for moneys alleged to have been deposited to cover cost of surveys, as provided for by sections 2401, 2402, and 2403 (as amended by the Act of March 3, 1879), of the Revised Statutes of the United States, have been issued and put upon the market, rendering it possible for innocent parties to be defrauded in their purchase, you will cause the people in your respective districts to be advised of the existence of these fraudulent certificates, and request that all holders of certificates of deposit send them to this office for the purpose of examination and verification; said certificates to be returned to them without delay, with the certificate of this office as to their genuineness attached.

Narrow Escape.—The Ogden *Herald* thus describes an exciting runaway:

On Wednesday Mrs. Jane S. Richards and Mrs. Adeline Belnap went to North Ogden to attend a meeting of the Ladies' Relief Society of that town. Shortly after they started on their return a vicious dog made a rush at the horse (they were riding in a one-horse buggy), and bit the animal twice in one of his fore legs. The horse became unmanageable; it reared, plunged, and kicked with its hind legs, injuring the vehicle to some extent. The maddened creature then dashed furiously forward for some distance, when the wheels came into collision with those of a wagon, demolishing the buggy completely. The animal then broke loose from its harness and dashed forward towards home, but having a young colt she stopped and returned to it, when she was secured.

We are pleased to learn that providentially the ladies escaped injury, except that Mrs. Belnap received several slight bruises on the right arm.

TERRIBLE TRAGEDY.

WILLIAM JONES, OF WEST BOUNTIFUL, SUDDENLY LOSES HIS LIFE.

Wood's Cross was the scene of an exciting and tragic occurrence to-day. About 11.30 o'clock, as the train from the north was approaching the station, a team took fright and ran at a terrific rate along the road eastward. This startled another team approaching from the other direction, causing them to dash at a break-neck speed toward the railroad.

Mr. William Jones, the owner of the second team, and his wife, were in the wagon to which the animals were attached. This unfortunate gentleman was thrown over the front end-board, upon the singletrees, and dropped to the ground among the horses' heels.

When found lying upon the road Mr. Jones was in a gory pool, and presented a horrible spectacle. A portion of the front portion of his skull was crushed in, also over one ear, and he was in the throes of death.

After Mr. Jones was thrown out of the wagon the team continued on its mad career, and the life of Mrs. Jones was exposed to imminent danger. Conductor Jacobs saw the

situation at a glance and ran the train across the intersection with the road, and the train men rushed up the street to check the frightened animals, in which they succeeded.

The distress of Mrs. Jones when she realized what had occurred was heartrending in the extreme. "My William is killed; I know he must be dead," she pathetically exclaimed. Unhappily no one could contradict her conviction, and she was kindly told to be prepared to learn the worst.

We understand that Mr. Jones was a resident of West Bountiful, about sixty years of age. When the train left the station for the city, he was breathing his last. It appears that no one is to blame for the lamentable occurrence.

BRIGHAM YOUNG ACADEMY.

We have received the circular of the Brigham Young Academy, Provo, for the seventh academic year, 1882-1883, for which period it gives a full statement of the educational course.

Besides the regular departments and branches there are special organizations of a very wholesome character, which tend to assure the parents of students from a distance that the general, as well as specially educational, welfare of the children is properly and judiciously cared for. Among those specialties are theology and domesticity, which are stated as follows:

THEOLOGICAL.

1. Opening and closing exercises every day with singing and prayer.
2. Divine service every Wednesday at 2:45 p. m.
3. Priesthood meeting every Tuesday at 4 p. m.
4. General theological repetition in quorums every Monday at 4 p. m.
5. Daily theological class-recitations in every department.

DOMESTIC.

1. All students are subject to our domestic regulations in and out of school.
2. Vulgar language, profanity or obscenity in any form is strictly forbidden and may be punished with expulsion.
3. The use of tobacco or of strong drink is not allowed.
4. Students shall not attend public or private parties without a written permit from the Principal.
5. No student shall choose a boarding place or lodging without the approval of the Principal.
6. Where two or more students reside in one house, one of them will be appointed a senior.
7. The students from outside of Provo constitute the Domestic Organization, and meet every alternate Thursday at 4 p. m. for report.
8. Lady students are under the special superintendency of a lady teacher.
9. Students are not expected to be away from home after regulation hours without reporting to the Principal the next day.
10. Students will be visited by representatives of the Principal bi-weekly.
11. No student can honorably discontinue attendance without a written release from the Principal.
12. Every student before obtaining an honorable release, shall present to the Principal a receipt for his board.

In case of injudicious expenditure on the part of any student, the Principal has a right of control.

ITS STAR STILL ASCENDING.

In a recent call upon Mr. W. H. McAllister, 206 Front street, general agent for the sale of the Star Chewing Tobacco, he thus spoke to one of our reporters: "I was tortured with pain from acute rheumatism, and cared not whether I lived or died. I tried St. Jacobs Oil—just two applications of which entirely cured me." *San Francisco (Cal.) Call.*

Ex-Sanitary Com. Rufus K. Hireman, of New Orleans, was cured of a severe attack of rheumatism by St. Jacobs Oil, so we see by an item in the Columbus (Ga.) *Enquirer* Sun.

RUSSELL THRESHERS.

The Russell Thresher is attracting the whole attention among threshers. Three cars of above in stock. The best Thresher made is to be found only at Mitchell Wagon Yard.

L. B. MATTISON.

HARNESS.

I carry a full line of Heavy and Light Harness, all of which is fully warranted. L. B. MATTISON.