A CUNNING TURCO.

Mohammed Ben Ibrahim was a private of the Third regiment of Turcos, Arab infantry in the French service. He was tall and raw boned, fearing nothing, believing but little in Mohammed, the prophet, and not at all in Allah.

He drank wine and ate pork, two things held in abomination by the Mohammedans; he swore in bad Arabic and worse French—in fact, he was the most perfect blackguard in the whole body of Turcos, which were 12,000 strong, and that is saying a great deal.

Ben Ibrahim lived happy and contented until one day, while passing before the [illegible] pawn office and dry goods shop of Yussuff, he saw, hanging in the window, some gold watches. Then his happiness was gone, for one thought troubled his mind so completely that 10 times a day he exclaimed loudly, "By the prophet's beard, I must have one!"

Mohammed Ben Ibrahim had a cousin, a lieutenant in the same regiment, and he went to him and told him a story about his mother being sick and needy, and the lieutenant, who loved his aunt, gave him 12 francs, with the recommendation to use it well, a thing that the Turco did, much to the sorrow of Yussuff, in whose shop he appeared five minutes later.

Yussuff was alone, and, seeing the Turco entering his store, he arose to meet him, not through deference to the caller, but from a knowledge that the Turcos are the greatest [illegible] of Africa.

"I salute you, Rabbi Yussuff," said Mohammed, touching his fez.

"I salute you, Turco," said Yussuff politely. "What do you want?"

"I come to pay you 12 francs for the 7 you loaned me a fortnight ago," answered the Turco.

"Did I loan you money? I do not recollect to have seen you before."

"You don't? Well, then, you were more drunk than I was when I borrowed the money from you. But no matter. I owe you 12 francs, and there it is."

Then the Turco put 12 francs in the other's hand. Yussuff took it just as an Arab priest entered the shop.

Yussuff saluted the newcomer with the greatest respect, as he was one of his best customers, and said:

"Will you allow me to present this Turco to you as one of the few honest men we have in this town?"

The Arab looked with astonishment on the pair.

"Well, well!" thought he. "What are we coming to if a Turco turns out to be so honest as to be praised by Yussuff?" Then he asked, "May I inquire what this Turco has done to deserve your commendation, Yussuff?"

"I loaned him 12 francs and I forgot all about it. Many would have taken advantage of my lack of memory, but he did not, for he has paid me like an honest man that he is."

"My friend," said the Arab to the Turco, "will you favor me with your company to my house?"

Mohammed Ben Ibrahim answered that as soon as Rabbi Yussuff had returned his pledge he would follow him.

"A pledge," cried Yussuff, turning pale. "You have given me none."

"What!" replied the Turco indignantly. "That gold watch there is mine." And Mohammed pointed to a watch worth about $60.

"That watch was bought by me from a child now dead," yelled Yussuff.

"Yussuff," interposed the Turco, "it seems to me that this child died very conveniently for you. Will you give me my watch?"

"No," answered Yussuff.

"All right, sir. I will have you arrested on the spot." And opening the door Mohammed went into the street calling for the police.

The police took Yussuff by the throat, and the whole party left the store to go to the judge.

"What is the matter?" inquired the Arab magistrate.

"Your wisdom, this man has robbed that Turco," replied the officer.

"Turco, how did the thing happen?" inquired the judge.

"Your wisdom, this man loaned me 7 francs on my gold watch. I returned him his money, together with 5 francs as interest, and now he refuses to give me my watch."

"How did you get a gold watch?"

"Your wisdom, it is a present from my dying father."

"Did any one see you paying the money?"

"Your wisdom, this holy Arab was present."

"Arab, is it true what the Turco is saying?"

"Your wisdom, he has spoken the truth," replied the Arab. "Yussuff introduced the complainant to me, with the remark that he was one of the few honest men we have in this town."

"Yussuff, do you deny the accusation made against you?"

"Your wisdom, I do deny it."

"Did you take 12 francs from the complainant?"

"Your wisdom, I did."

"For what?"

"Because I loaned it to him."

"Without any pledge?"

"Yes, your wisdom, without any pledge."

"Officers, go to Yussuff's house and bring here all the gold watches he has," said the judge.

The officers went and soon returned, bringing about 20 gold watches, which they spread before the judge.

"Look and see if your timepiece is there," said the magistrate to the Turco.

The cunning Turco advanced, and, without any hesitation, took, not the best, but the third from the best.

The judge, who had eyed sharply the action of the Turco, seeing him discard the smallest watch to take another inferior in value, felt convinced of the justice of his claim to the object of his selection. He said to him:

"Take it and go. Remember that the present from a dying father is a sacred thing, not to be polluted by the hand of the money lender, who is a thief, a usurer and a liar. Go!"

Then the judge turned to Yussuff.

"For trying to rob, for exacting usurious interest, for trying to rob a poor soldier of a sacred remembrance from a beloved father, you shall get 20 strokes on the soles of your feet, and if in two hours you have not paid 5,000 [illegible] you shall get [illegible] more. Officers, execute the sentence."—London News.

A NEW YORK DAIRY FARM.

Work and Plans Which Have Made It Beautiful and Prosperous.

A correspondent of The Rural New Yorker describes a model dairy farm in New York state. Some extracts from his sketch are here given, with an illustration of a new kind of stanchions which the owner of the farm invented to fasten his cows.

The correspondent writes: Dairying is the principal feature of the farm business, and Guernseys occupy the place of honor. Mr. Woodward has been fortunate in his selection. Lord Lofty is at the head of the herd. He is a son of [illegible], formerly of the Old Brick Guernsey herd, one of the best in the country, and of the finest strains of this breed, and for richness, color and symmetry are not often equaled in a herd of farm cows kept and used on a business basis.

The barn is commodious, with cemented floors and water throughout affording facilities for watering the cows without leaving the stalls. A feature of the stable is the fastenings or stanchions invented by Mr. Woodward. The stanchions are made of ordinary iron pipe bent by a blacksmith, as shown.

A ring slips up and down one of the pipes, and into this the halter is fastened, the other end of the halter strap being fastened to a strap around the cow's neck. When the cow is done eating and drinking, she backs her head out of the stanchion, and the extra iron pipe may be inserted, as shown in the vacant stall, to keep the cow's head out of the stanchion and away from feed or water, the tie being long enough to permit her to lie down behind it.

Mr. Woodward believes in the silo, but he made some mistakes in putting in his. The first was in making it too large. It occupies a place under the roof of the barn, but his 20 cattle do not eat enough ensilage to keep the top of it fresh all the time. He built a smaller tub silo under the same roof, which does away with this objection, but following the advice of those who

THE STANCHIONS.

claimed to know he cemented around the inside of the tub after the staves had been put in place, to make it air-tight at the bottom.

During the summer the staves shrunk, and he had to tighten the hoops as he had provided for with clasp screws, but the cement held the bottom from closing in, and he had to cut out the cement around the inside in order to let the bottom close up. He would, if now building, set the staves on a perfectly flat and smooth surface, and, if necessary, cement over the outside to make it tight. Then, if it were necessary to tighten the hoops, top and bottom would close up together and a little more cement on the outside to fill up could easily be applied. He thinks round silos not more than ten feet in diameter the most desirable and would build two of them in preference to one large one.

Mr. Woodward has his own ideas about putting in ensilage with matured ears. He observes that the corn passes through the animal undigested, and notwithstanding good authorities to the contrary that he has followed in the past he does not consider this economy in feeding, and now picks off all the mature ears before cutting. These he feeds ground with oats and bran with the ensilage. He grows State corn in drills three feet apart. From 15 acres last year he picked 1,400 bushels of ears, which gives some idea of the growth of the corn. The field cutting is done by the corn binder. The cutting he is able to hire done at about $1 an acre, he furnishing the horses. Milk is sold to the co-operative creamery at Le Roy, on the basis of butter fats which it contains. Mr. Woodward was largely instrumental in putting the creamery in operation, and being familiar with the methods of creamery sharks he avoided them and had the creamery built by a responsible dairy supply house. The creamery is on a business basis and is paying. Mr. Woodward's skimmilk is brought back to the farm for the pigs.

Cheese Curing In Flytime.

There may be difficulty in curing the cheese made during July at a sufficiently low temperature. Ventilation of the room during the early mornings as well as during the evenings and nights will be of benefit. Floors should be sprinkled with cold water morning, noon and evening. While the cheese is being turned on the shelves there should be an abundant admission of light. August is the month when the "skippers" are apt to do damage. A plentiful shaking of fly powder in the room before it is shut up for the day will destroy the cheese flies.

Cheese boxes should not be stored in the curing room. The odor from the elm wood penetrates the cheese and affects its flavor.

Dairymen are more likely during this month than at other times to forget to provide salt for their cows and to neglect to supply an abundance of pure cool water. Cool evenings are no excuse for the neglect of aeration. All milk should be most thoroughly aired immediately after it is drained.

SIMMENTHAL COWS.

What This Breed Is In Switzerland and Germany.

A description given some time since in The Rural New Yorker contains the most intelligible account we have seen of the famous general purpose cattle of central Europe. So far as we can judge, it also seems the most reliable.

The writer, Mr. F. [illegible], a farmer in Germany, says:

They are of rapid growth, early development, very hardy, their Alpine pasturing producing heavy bone and a deep chest, giving great freedom from tuberculosis. At the same time they are

TYPICAL SIMMENTHAL HEIFER.

excellent milk cows, averaging [illegible] pounds of milk with up to 4.5 per cent of fat. Large dairies with well balanced, generous rations, average ten quarts per day the year round.

[illegible] once in use. A great merit of the Simmenthal is the adaptability to work. The village in which I live has, outside of my own farm, 29 farmers that do their work exclusively with cows.

None of these 29 farmers cultivate over 25 acres. It is true that they have no milk to sell, but they live on their cows, bring up their families and some young stock too. The oxen of this breed are famous for their working powers, docility, endurance and rapid gait. At 18 months old the steers are broken to work, at 3 years old they are capable of continued hard labor, at 8 years old they are sold to be taken to the eastern provinces, where hundreds of thousands of them are employed in the cultivation of the sugar beet, afterward to be fattened on the beet refuse. The price of a yoke of 3-year-olds to weigh 3,000 pounds is $225. In southern Germany the bulk of farmers cannot think of breeding any other cow but one that will nourish the family, plow the field, produce a heavy calf and later on sell to the butcher at a good price.

Importation of Simmenthal will be slow, owing to the heavy home demand, which is greatly in excess of the supply at very high prices. The advisability of crossing this breed with the Jersey is questionable. The favorite color is fawn or white, with reddish yellow, large blotches; head, feet and tail white, horns and hoofs yellow. Any black spot on the flesh of the nose or any black hair on any part of the body throws the animal out of the breed. The best opportunities to buy this breed are the annual markets in September at Thun in Switzerland and [illegible] in the adjoining Baden, both exclusively for Simmenthal cattle.

An ostrich will never go straight to its nest, but always approaches it with many windings and detours, in order, if possible, to conceal the locality from observation.

The yield of wheat in France, owing to the careful cultivation of the soil and the large quantity of guano and other fertilizers employed, is 17 bushels per acre.

For Your Child

[illegible]

Throw Away Your Corkscrew

[illegible] Salt Lake City Brewing Co.'s "[illegible]" [illegible]

Salt Lake City Brewing Co.,
JACOB MORITZ, Gen'l Manager

DR. O. B. HEWETT,
The Leading Dentist.
[illegible]
THE BEST.

Before You Go

For your summer outing come in and let us fit you out with Fishing Tackle, etc. We've got the right kind, "sure catch" too [illegible]. We'll see that it won't cost you too much. Got a few Bicycles left. Can give you some good bargains.

ALL KINDS OF
Sporting Goods.
BICYCLE SUNDRIES.
BICYCLE REPAIRING.

Browning Bros.,
155 MAIN STREET.

Classified Business Directory.

Architects.
L. A. HEADLUND, Dooly Block.
M. D. KERN, over 221 South Main St.

Bakers.
F. W. FULLER, 6 E. 1st South.

Building and Milling.
COMMERCIAL MILL & BUILDING CO., 141-145 S. Third West St.

Dressmakers.
SKOGLUND & CARTENS, 45 South West Temple.

Electrical Work and Supplies.
EGAN & MILLS, Basement southwest corner 2nd South and Main.

Employment Agencies.
UNION EMPLOYMENT AND RENTAL AGENCY, Rooms 3 and 4, 221 South Main St.

Hotels.
THE WALKER, European plan, 226 Main St.

Livery and Boarding Stables.
McCOY'S STABLES, 39 W. 2nd South.

Midwives and Nurses.
MRS. H. HUMPHRIES, 129 State St.

Poultry and Produce.
UTAH POULTRY & PRODUCE COMMISSION CO., 108 W. 1st South St.

Umbrella Makers and Repairers.
McKENZIE, 119 W. 1st South.

BIBLES

The Very Finest Assortment of Bibles west of the Missouri River can be seen at the Deseret News office. Prices range from $1 on upwards. Call and make a choice.

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NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

OFFICE OF THE BOARD OF PUBLIC WORKS, Room 24 City Hall.

SALT LAKE CITY, Aug. 2, 1897.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED [illegible]

[illegible]

By order of the Board of Public Works.
[illegible], Chairman.

LEGAL NOTICE.

In the District Court, Probate Division, Third Judicial District, in and for Salt Lake County, State of Utah.

In the matter of the Estate of Lucy E. Castle, deceased.

PURSUANT TO AN ORDER OF SAID court, [illegible]

[illegible]

DAVID C. DUNBAR, Clerk.
By GEO. E. BLAIR, Deputy Clerk.

DELINQUENT NOTICE.

[illegible] Mining Company. Location of principal place of business, Salt Lake City, Utah.

NOTICE—THERE ARE DELINQUENT upon the following described stock [illegible]

[illegible]

DIVIDEND NOTICE.

A DIVIDEND (No. 3) OF TWO PER cent on the capital stock of the company has this day been declared by the board of directors of the Utah Sugar Company, payable on July 31st, 1897, to stockholders of record on that date. HORACE G. WHITNEY, Secretary.

The transfer books of the Utah Sugar Co. will close at 3 p. m. on July 2[illegible], 1897, and re-open at 9 a. m., July 31st, 1897. HORACE G. WHITNEY, Secretary.

Salt Lake City, July 23, 1897.

DELINQUENT NOTICE.

North Point Consolidated Irrigation Company.

Location of principal place of business, Room No. 20, [illegible] West Second South Street, Salt Lake City, Utah.

NOTICE. THERE ARE DELINQUENT upon the following described stock, on account of assessment No. 15, levied on the 12th day of May, 1897, the several amounts set opposite the names of the respective shareholders as follows:

[illegible]

And in accordance with law and the order of the board of directors, made on the 7th day of May, 1897, so many shares of each parcel of such stock as may be necessary will be sold at the office of the company [illegible], Salt Lake City, Utah, on Monday the [illegible] day of July, 1897, [illegible]

[illegible], Secretary.

Salt Lake City, Utah, July [illegible], 1897.

ESTRAY POUND NOTICE.

ONE CHESTNUT SORREL MARE, [illegible]

[illegible]

JOHN D. MATTOX, City Poundkeeper.

TRUSTEE'S SALE.

WHEREAS, MARION W. NEWCOMB, [illegible]

[illegible]

DELINQUENT NOTICE.

The New [illegible] Mining and Milling Company, [illegible] Salt Lake City, State of Utah. Location of mines [illegible]

NOTICE. THERE ARE DELINQUENT upon the following described stock [illegible]

[illegible]

Secretary [illegible] Company.

[illegible]

AN ORDINANCE

[illegible]

DAVID S. EMERY, City Recorder.
JAMES GLENDINNING, Mayor.

[illegible]

ESTRAY POUND NOTICE.

ONE SORREL HORSE, ABOUT 8 YEARS old, [illegible]

[illegible]

JOHN D. MATTOX, City Poundkeeper.

ASSESSMENT NOTICE.

[illegible]

STOCKHOLDERS' MEETING.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE annual meeting [illegible]

[illegible]

STOCKHOLDERS' MEETING.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT A meeting of the [illegible]

[illegible]

STOCKHOLDERS' MEETING.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE annual meeting [illegible]

SALT LAKE CITY, Utah, July [illegible], 1897.

ASSESSMENT NOTICE.

[illegible] Mining Company [illegible]

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT AT a meeting [illegible]

[illegible]

FRANK Y. TAYLOR, Secretary.

Salt Lake City, Utah, July [illegible], 1897.

SUMMONS.

In the District Court of the Third Judicial District of the State of Utah, County of Salt Lake.

Mary J. Chapman plaintiff, vs. [illegible], defendants.

The State of Utah sends greeting to [illegible]

YOU ARE HEREBY REQUIRED TO APPEAR in an action [illegible]

[illegible]

DAVID C. DUNBAR, Clerk.
By GEO. D. LOOMIS, Deputy Clerk.

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE.

PURSUANT TO AN ORDER OF THE [illegible]

[illegible]

Administrator with the will annexed of the estate of [illegible], deceased.