

THE IREISH LAND BILL.

These seem to be a breathing spell just now in political agitation in Britain; and the Irish questions are more calmly discussed. Though there is every once in a while rumors of movements...

In the meantime the causes of dissatisfaction among the people of Ireland are being steadily removed. The Church disestablishment bill was the first great measure of reform...

The provisions of the present Irish land bill have not been definitely stated on this side of the Atlantic, so far as we have seen, but enough has been published to show that by it the right of the tenant-farmer to his improvements will be secured.

CLEANING "FROM ALL SIN."

The Washington correspondence of the Sacramento Union, under date Feb. 12, has the following:

"While, perhaps, not one representative could be found to advocate Mormonism and its accompanying sin, there seems to be wide divergence of views as to the best practicable plan of ridding the nation of this foul blot. Quite a large number of Congressmen believe that if Callom's bill is enacted it will need an army at its back to enforce its provisions; that it will create a small-sized civil war; that blood will flow; that to reduce the Mormons to subjection, many valuable lives will be lost and many millions of dollars will be squandered.

Passing over the cant phrase of "foul blot," we cannot but stop to admire the sentence "New blood is pouring in from all sides, which will cleanse it from all sin." "Cleanse!" Heaven save the mark! Such a cleansing process as this new blood makes wherever it gets a chance! Murders, robberies, gambling-hells, prostitution of the most undisciplined and outrageous character, everything, in fact, at which pure-minded men and women shudder and from which they turn away with loathing, while mourning to think that humanity could become so debased and brutalized; this is the record of the element which is to cleanse Utah "from all sin."

For a sample of cleansing this "new blood" accomplishes vide Promontory as it was and railroad towns generally along the lines of the P. R. R.

(SPECIAL TO THE DESERET NEWS.)

By Telegraph.

AFTERNOON DISPATCHES.

CONGRESSIONAL.

HOUSE. The Callom Bill.

The House proceeded to consider the bill to prevent and punish polygamy in Utah. Fitch, while favoring the suppression of polygamy, opposed the bill, because it would lead, temporarily, at least, to the destruction of the overland mail route, and be productive of war, which, while it would eventually result in the extermination of the Mormons, would cost millions of treasure and thousands of lives; and the suppression of polygamy would, in his judgment, be purchased at too great a cost.

NEW YORK.

Buying Legislation—Hope for the "City of Boston"—Expected Erie Changes—Cricketers coming.

NEW YORK.—A special Albany dispatch says that among the bills introduced into the Assembly last evening was one to re-organize the Erie Railroad Company. This bill was drawn by the Counsel of the Erie Co., and is designed to forestall the action about to be taken by the English stock and bond holders, and to put Fisk, Gould and Co. in full possession of the road for all time to come.

Officials of the Inman Co. still entertain hope of the safety of the City of Boston. Rumors were circulated at Jersey City, yesterday, that some notable changes were taking place among the Erie officials. Intimations have been given from the headquarters of the company on Twenty-third street, showing that the resignation of Rucker is being considered, and leading to the belief, also, that other sweeping changes are to be made.

In the latter part of August next the third visit is to be made to this country by professional English cricketers, who are represented to be far superior to the eleven that have preceded them here. These men, according to their agent in this city, are not coming here upon a venture, but have been pledged a large sum of money, a portion of which is to be paid them before they leave England. Twelve men will be brought on, and among them Captain E. Wisler, the same who accompanied the late eleven.

Correspondence.

PORTAGE, UTAH, February 20, 1870.

Deseret Evening News.—THE WEEKLY DESERET NEWS, for Jan. 29th, No. 51, Vol. 18, came to-day, having been on the road nearly four weeks. Now if that does not beat "ox teams and stage coaches," I don't want a cent. I see that complaints are coming in to you from all quarters. I will just say that two-thirds of the mail that passed through this office yesterday, consisting

of packages for Eagle Rock, Malad City, Market Lake, Fort Hall and Virginia City, had been on a pleasure trip to Willard, and had been all post-marked and returned there.

I have had to do with the mail for the last twenty years, and I know that such mistakes are the result of gross carelessness on the part of the mail agents or the cars. In my time on the route between Wheeling and Parkersburg, Va., I should have been removed for gross neglect of duty had I allowed such doings in my department. Every day while there I had to distribute from 500 lbs. to five tons of mail matter, and I never, in four years, had but one complaint made against me. Why? Because I took an interest in my business and posted myself as to where all the offices were and then sent the mail on the right road. How easy it would be for the mail agents on the cars to make out a list of offices and then send each mail off at the right place.

To-day I received dailies for the 10th, 14th and 15th of February; yesterday I received the numbers for the 16th and 17th inst. Keep stirring them up, and maybe they will become ashamed of themselves.

I remain yours, etc., BILLY, THE MAIL BOY.

Correspondence.

MALAD CITY, Feb. 20, '70.

Editor Deseret News: Sir.—General are the complaints in relation to the mail matters in this northern country—that can the reason be? We have not seen the Deseret News these three weeks, as for the Juvenile Instructor, it has not come to hand once a month. The people are tired of such a state of things. We look to the press to do our public talking and public quarreling, will you assist us in getting the negligent to do their duty? Verily, there must be a fault, and a grave one, somewhere in the mail arrangements.

The people find fault with the post masters for not complaining about the mail irregularities. It is one of the last things on earth that I would wish to do, to find fault with public officers. But sometimes it has to be done notwithstanding.

The people here at Malad are enjoying good health, weather good, stock doing well. The people are busy in building schoolhouses, and improvement generally is the order of the day. A school house will be ready this coming week, 25x40, a fine well built house. Nothing wanted but mail matters a little more regular.

E. J. DAVIS, Postmaster.

AN ACT

PROVIDING FOR INCORPORATING ASSOCIATIONS; FOR MINING, MANUFACTURING, COMMERCIAL AND OTHER INDUSTRIAL PURSUITS.

SEC. 1.—Be it enacted by the Governor and Legislative Assembly of the Territory of Utah: That hereafter whenever any number of persons, not less than six, two-thirds of whom being residents of this Territory, are desirous of associating themselves together for establishing and conducting any mining, manufacturing, commercial or other industrial pursuit in this Territory, and who wish to incorporate for that purpose, may, by complying with the provisions of this Act, become a body corporate.

HOW TO PROCEED TO BE INCORPORATED.

SEC. 2.—They shall enter into an agreement in writing, signed by each of them, and by at least four of their number acknowledged before the Probate Judge of the county in which they have established or intend to establish their principal place of business, stating the precinct or city, and stating the name of the association, the names and places of residence written in full the time of its duration, which shall not in any case be less than three years nor more than twenty-five years, the pursuit or business agreed upon, specifying it in general terms, the place of its general business, the amount of stock each party has subscribed, the amount of each share and the limit of capital stock agreed upon, the number and kind of officers for the association, with their qualification and term of office and the time and manner of their election, removal and resignation, and whether the private property of the stockholders shall be liable for its obligations or not, with such additional clauses as they deem necessary for the conducting of the business and its future safety and welfare. To this there shall be added the oath or affirmation of four or more of their number, to the effect that they have commenced or it is bona fide their intent to commence and carry on the business mentioned in the agreement, and that the affiants verily believe that each party to the agreement has paid, or is able to and will pay the amount of his stock subscribed, provided that said acknowledgment shall not be made before the Probate Judge until twenty-five per cent. of the stock subscribed by each shareholder shall have been paid in.

SEC. 3.—The agreement, with the oath or affirmation, shall, within ten days from its due execution, be deposited with the Probate Clerk of the county in which the general business is to be carried on, and shall be by him recorded in a book to be prepared for that purpose and kept in his office, the expenses of which recording shall be paid by the association.

SEC. 4.—Before the first or any other officers shall enter upon the duties of their respective offices, they shall take and subscribe an oath of office, and enter into bonds to the acceptance of the Probate Judge, that they will discharge the duties of such office to the best of their judgment, and that they will not do nor consent to the doing of any matter or thing relating to the business of the association with intent to defraud any stockholder or creditor or the public. And the oath or affirmation and bonds shall be filed in said office and recorded.

SEC. 5.—So soon as the agreement and oath or affirmation and oaths of office and bonds are filed and recorded, the clerk of the Probate Court shall, under the direction of the Probate Judge, issue under the seal of the Court, a certificate to the association, therein stating in general terms the facts, that the agreement and oath or affirmation and oaths of office and bonds have been filed in his office, which shall be sufficient to constitute the association a body corporate, with succession as specified in the agreement.

SEC. 6.—The corporation in its name shall have power to make contracts, to sue and to be sued, to have a seal, which it may alter at pleasure, to buy, use, and sell or dispose of personal property, to buy, use, sell or dispose of all such real estate as shall be necessary for its general business, and such as shall be necessary for the collection of its debts or judgments or decrees in its favor; but it shall not have power to enter into, as a business, the buying and selling of real estate. It may make all such by-laws, rules and regulations, not inconsistent with the laws in force, or which may be in force in this Territory, and not inconsistent with other corporate rights and vested privileges, as may be necessary to carry into effect the object of the association; and such by-laws, rules and regulations may be made in a general meeting of the stockholders or by a board of officers elected by them. It may, as hereinafter provided, increase its capital stock or dissolve the corporation.

SEC. 7.—If more capital than is first subscribed be needed, the stockholders may, at any meeting called for that purpose, by a two-thirds vote of all the stockholders, increase the same, by the sale of more shares, and thereafter the stock may be increased accordingly; but in no case shall the capital stock exceed the sum of two millions of dollars. The stock subscribed under this section shall be taken by persons, two-thirds of whom shall be residents of the Territory.

SEC. 8.—Any corporation formed under this Act, may dissolve and disincorporate itself by its officers presenting to the Probate Judge of the county in which the principal office of the company is located, a statement setting forth that at a meeting of the stockholders called for that purpose, it was decided by a two-thirds vote of all the stockholders to disincorporate and dissolve the corporation. Notice of the application shall then be given by the clerk, which notice shall set forth the nature of the application and shall specify the time and place at which it is to be heard, and shall be published in some newspaper having general circulation in the Territory, once a week for one month. At the time or place appointed or at any other time or place to which it may be postponed by the Judge, said Judge shall proceed to consider the application, and if satisfied that the corporation has taken the necessary vote to dissolve itself, and that all claims against the corporation are discharged, he shall enter an order declaring it dissolved.

MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS.

SEC. 9.—Whenever the corporation shall be dissolved, if there shall be debts or claims due to it, or debts or obligations against it, or assets real or personal not converted into money for distribution, the corporate powers shall be continued for the purpose of collecting the debts or claims due, and paying its debts or obligations and selling and converting its assets into money and distributing the same among the stockholders; and if no sufficient means of effecting the object and intent of this section be provided in the agreement or by-laws, the court shall have power on the application of any person interested, to make all needful rules and orders and judgments necessary to carry the provisions of this section into effect.

SEC. 10.—The corporation shall collect of the stockholders the amount of stock by them subscribed, in such installments and at such times as shall be settled by the agreement or by-laws. It shall have a lien on the amount paid in and the dividends thereon for any balance due for the stock of a delinquent stockholder.

SEC. 11.—The officers, after being fully qualified to act, may continue to act unless removed for misconduct, until their successors are qualified.

SEC. 12.—If, from any cause, the officers shall not be elected at the time provided in the agreement or by-laws, such election may be made at such other time as the officers and directors appoint. If such appointment be not made within three months, then at the call of any six stockholders.

SEC. 13.—It shall be the duty of the corporation to keep true, and correct books of its proceedings and business.

SEC. 14.—The stock shall be deemed personal property, and may be transferred in such manner as may be provided in the agreement or by-laws.

SEC. 15.—If the Secretary, Clerk, or other person having the charge of keeping the books of the corporation, or any other person whose duty it is to make entries in such books, shall wilfully omit to make the proper entries, or shall knowingly and wilfully make any false and fictitious entries therein, with intent to deceive or defraud the corporation or any stockholder, creditor or other person, he and his counselors, advisers, aiders and abettors shall be deemed guilty of forgery, and shall be punished as provided by law for the punishment of the crime of forgery.

SEC. 16.—If any officer, director, employee or other person having the charge or management of any money or other property of the corporation, or to whom any such money or other property shall be entrusted for any purpose whatever, shall fraudulently misapply, carry away, secrete, conceal or convert to his own use any such money or other property with intent to defraud such corporation, or any stockholder, creditor or other person, he, his counselors, advisers and abettors shall be deemed guilty of embezzlement, and shall be punished as provided by law for the punishment of the crime of embezzlement.

SEC. 17.—It shall be the duty of the clerk, with whom the records in this Act mentioned are kept, at the request of any person interested therein, or who needs the same for evidence, on being paid his fees therefor, to give a transcript of such record under the seal of said court, which transcript shall be conclusive evidence of such record, and prima facie evidence of the facts therein stated.

SEC. 18.—Non-use for two years of the franchise herein given, or non-compliance with any of the provisions of this Act, be a forfeiture of the privileges shall herein granted.

SEC. 19.—Whenever a meeting of stockholders other than stated meetings shall be necessary, notice shall be given in such manner as may be prescribed in the agreement or by-laws. At all meetings each stockholder shall be

entitled to one vote for each share of stock which he or she may have in his or her own right, or any, held by him or her in trust for others, as administrator, executor or guardian, and such votes may be given in person or by an authorized agent in proxy.

SEC. 20.—If the agreement mentioned in section two of this Act provide that the individual property of the stockholders shall be liable for the corporate obligations then such property shall be deemed and taken to be reliable; if it provide that such individual property shall not be liable, then it shall be deemed and taken to be not liable; provided that the joint property of the association and the unpaid stock shall be liable for the debts of the association.

SEC. 21.—The Governor and Legislative Assembly may hereafter, modify or repeal this Act; but if it be repealed any corporation organized under this Act, may continue for the purposes mentioned in section eleven of this Act.

Approved February 18, 1870.

Special Notices.

WANTED.—At the Historian's Office, two copies of the Daily News, No. 299 of Vol. 1, Nov. 9, 1868, d12-11

BEAUTIFUL HAIR.—The Ladies of our household endorse Burnett's Cocaine for the hair as unrivalled.—Home Journal.

BURNETT'S COLOGNE WATER.—Its intrinsic merits really justify the high reputation in which it is held.—Providence Journal.

LADIES' PRONOUNCE Burnett's Flannel to be a fine Perfume.—Galveston News.

HEALTHFUL FLAVORING Extracts are scarce, but Burnett's are pure.

STRONG EVIDENCE.—Such names as Dr. O. W. Holmes, Washington Irving and Ex-President Van Buren, have borne testimony to the efficacy of Whitcomb's Asthma Remedy, which is for sale by druggists.

It is Impossible

To complete the outfit of the culinary department without a supply of DOOLEY'S BAKING POWDER. The best, purest and cheapest baking powder known, as one pound will go further than two pounds of ordinary manufacture, and from it can be made the sweetest and lightest kind of biscuits, rolls, corn cake, &c., every time, to perfection. One trial will convince the most skeptical of its superiority over all others. For sale by Grocers.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

THEATRE.

GRAND SOCIAL BALL

ON FRIDAY EVENING, Feb. 25, \$2.50 per Couple.

TICKETS NOW READY at the BOX OFFICE.

All persons of Respectability invited to attend.

JUVENILE BALL!

SATURDAY Afternoon and Evening, February 26th.

BYASS' LONDON PORTER, ARROL'S SCOTCH ALE, and SANDS' CHICAGO STOCK ALE.

On Draught at Salt Lake Billiard Room.

OYSTERS! OYSTERS!!

JOE SIMMONS, PROPRIETOR "REVERE HOUSE SALOON,"

IS receiving daily, Fresh Oysters direct from Baltimore. Also Pig's Feet, Calves' Tongues, Old English and Scotch Ale and Porter; Brewer, Senas & Co.'s celebrated Ale, Wagoner's Ale and Lager Beer, Golden Crown Cigars, Premium Fine Cut Tobaccos, in fact, to speak seriously you must call and see and taste for yourself.

FOR SALE.

A GOOD HOUSE and LOT, south corner of School House block, 13th Ward, Fruit trees, Well and Out-houses. Situation desirable. For the above I will take part cash and part trade. Apply on the Premises.

NOTICE OF MARSHAL'S SALE.

AT 3 o'clock p.m., on Tuesday, the 15th day of March, A. D. 1870, I will expose to public sale, at Weber Station, on the Union Pacific Railroad, in Morgan County, Utah Territory, the following property, to-wit:—One new Twelve Horse Power Steam Saw Mill, complete in every particular, now located in, and until very recently, in operation in Hardscrabble Canyon, two miles north of Weber Station. Also one pair of Mules and One York of Oxen; being property taken by virtue of an execution from the Third District Court of Utah, at the suit of A. Gaar & Co. against Nell Georgenson & W. U. Waiton.

J. M. ORR, United States Marshal.

LOST.

ON Tuesday evening, Feb. 23d, at or near the Theatre, a large Envelope addressed T. A. Smith, and containing a Captain and 1st Lieutenant's Commission. The finder will oblige by leaving the above at this Office.

WANTED

IMMEDIATELY, a respectable Girl to do General Housework. Apply to Mrs. Ormstein, 13th Ward, opposite Wells Fargo & Co's yard. Liberal wages will be paid in cash.

NOTICE.

TO JOS. A. BUNOT, AND ALL OTHERS INTERESTED, you are hereby notified that I will appear at the U. S. Land office, Salt Lake City, Utah, before the Register and Receiver thereof, on the 25th day of March 1870, at 10 o'clock a. m. to prove my right to enter under the provisions of the Pre-emption Act of Sept. 4th, 1850, the south half, north-east quarter and lots 1 and 2 of Sec. 2, Township 6 north, Range 1 west, at which time and place you can appear and contest if you see proper.

JOSEPH TAYLOR.

NOTICE.

ALL persons knowing themselves indebted to me are requested to settle their accounts by note or payment, on or before the first of March next.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Z.C.M.I. COLUMN.

RETAIL

DRY GOODS

DEPARTMENT.

WANTED

MINK, MARTEN, OTTER

BEAVER

AND

BUCK SKINS!

JUST RECEIVED

A FULL LINE OF

FRENCH MERINOS

AND

Other Fancy

Dress Goods.

LACE COLLARS,

CHEMISETTES,

CHENILLE,

A Choice Assortment of Fringes

GUIPURE LACES,

COLORLED VELVET RIBBON.

WATERPROOF CLOTH.

A COMPLETE ASSORTMENT

OF

LADIES' SHOES

Unrivalled for Quality.

Extra Flounce Laces.

18 x 24 INCHES.

H. S. CLAWSON

GEN'L SUPT.