

BY TELEGRAPH.

AMERICAN.

CHICAGO, 26.—The *Evening Journal's* Washington special says this is an eventful day in the history of our complications with Spain; unless the Castelar government accedes to the demand of the United States before night it is expected that General Sickles will close our legation at Madrid. It will then remain for Congress to determine whether our government shall seek at Havana, what it will have been unable to obtain at Madrid. There is little doubt that our government has received official dispatches confirming the reported probability of the downfall of the Castelar republic and the establishment of a Carlist monarchy in its stead.

The demand for the surrender of the *Virginus* does not mean her absolute release, but her surrender to the jurisdiction of our courts.

Special dispatches report between sixty and seventy cases of small-pox in Toronto, only twelve of which are at the hospital. A man who died from it the other day received a public funeral, hence the disease has spread. It is also reported to be spreading in several provincial towns and villages.

On Monday a party of twelve persons, from Lee county, Illinois, started for Colorado, with the view of engaging in agricultural pursuits; other parties will soon follow.

WASHINGTON, 26.—Jno. S. Delano, chief clerk of the Interior Department, resigned to-day on account of ill health; Wm. C. Morrill, of Maine, will be appointed in his place.

St. JOSEPH, 26.—Two young men, named Rogers and Garwood, rivals for the hand of Annie Templeton, fought a duel on Sunday last, in the northwestern portion of this county. At the first fire Rogers received a severe wound in the right arm, the ball entering above the wrist and coming out near the elbow; Garwood escaped unhurt, his antagonist's ball passing through the skirt of his coat. Rogers will lose his arm. The young lady now declares that she will have nothing to do with either of them.

PORT COLBORNE, Ont., 26.—The ice on the Welland canal is pretty thick. The tug *Jennie Griffin* was cut through by this morning.

SAN FRANCISCO, 27.—In the case of Toledo Moreno, one of the gang of Piburicio Vasquez, the Tres Pinos murderers, on trial at Salinas City for murder, the jury returned a verdict of guilty of murder in the second degree.

In the trotting race in Agricultural Park, to-day, Sam Purdy won the first heat. St. James, on the third heat, lost his shoe and could not be trotted. The judges declared the heat and race for Purdy, but declared the pools off.

NEW YORK, 28.—M. Quassada and Carlos Del Castello publish a card, stating that they are the only representatives of the republican government of Cuba abroad; that the collection of funds for suffering Cubans is without their authority and against the commands of their government, and condemning all attempts to enlist men, as being in direct violation of the laws of the land.

Ann Smith, a widow, aged 58, died last evening, it is supposed from the effect of a cruel beating at the hands of Patrick Clark and his son, both of whom boarded with Mrs. Smith; the men have been arrested.

The five hundred boats frozen in the vicinity of Utica have a capacity of from 2,500 to 2,800 barrels each, and the products on board will have to be shipped by rail. The total amount of grain on the canal, on Wednesday, was 1,581,459 bushels of wheat, 1,080,919 bushels of corn, 470,072 bushels of oats, 341,441 bushels of barley, 89,257 bushels of rye, and 3,504 bushels of peas, making a total of 3,573,642 bushels.

Wm. Vannam, formerly president of the closed Market Savings bank, who has been in Ludlow street jail since June last, charged with being concerned in the misappropriation of a hundred thousand dollars, has given bail in ten thousand dollars.

Jas. Ingersoll and John D. Farrington, convicted "ring" men, were lodged in the Tombs at 2:15 this morning.

CHICAGO, 28.—Ex-Governor and ex-Senator Richard Yates, of this State, died suddenly last night, at Barnum's hotel, St. Louis, where he had arrived on Sunday last, from

Fulton, Ark., where he had been as U. S. commissioner, to examine the Fulton, Cairo and Arkansas R. R. He was ill when he reached St. Louis, and was confined to his bed until yesterday, when he appeared better, and was preparing to go to his home in Jacksonville, Ill., when he suddenly fell upon the bed and expired without a word. Governor Yates was 55 years old.

LOUISVILLE, 28.—A fearful tragedy occurred at Harrodsburg, Ky., yesterday. The trial of a suit, in which P. B. Thompson, sr., was principal on one side, and Theo. Davis, sr., on the other, was in progress, and each principal was attended during the whole trial by his sons, fully armed. At the conclusion of the testimony, while the lawyers were preparing instructions preparatory to commencing arguments, a son of Thompson and a son of Davis moved towards the door, and were followed by all the others, and in a moment firing commenced, by which party it is not known. Many shots were fired. Theo. Davis, sr., and his son Larry were instantly killed; Theodore Davis, jr., was mortally wounded and has since died, and P. B. Thompson, sr. and his two sons, P. B. jr. and J. B., were slightly wounded.

A dispatch from Rockland, Placer county, Cal., states that at this morning the round house of the Central Pacific Railroad Company at that place was burned, with nine locomotives and about the same number of cars. The town narrowly escaped destruction.

There was a slight fall of rain this morning, with promise of more. It is much needed.

Last night a young man, named Francis Carroll, in a fit of despondency, because he could not obtain work, shot and killed himself.

Col. Robert Morrow, paymaster of one of the Arizona departments of the army, committed suicide in his room in the Occidental Hotel, with a dragoon revolver; he fired three shots, the last time putting the muzzle of the pistol in his mouth, blowing his brains out. Morrow was formerly private secretary of President Johnson. No cause is known for the suicide.

SPRINGFIELD, Mass., 27.—The Hoosac tunnel was opened to-day.

The greatest activity prevails in all departments of the Brooklyn navy yard to-day. The last iron plate was put upon the Spanish sloop of war *Arapides* this afternoon, but she cannot get her guns and ammunition aboard before the meeting of Congress.

NEW YORK, 28.—The Wall Street brokers were excited to-day by the reduction in the Bank of England rate to six per cent., the gain of £1,065,000 in bullion by the bank for the week, the advance in securities at London, and the decline in money to 4½% @ 5 per cent. in open market, and by more peaceful reports regarding the Spanish question. All this caused a buoyant feeling on the Exchange, and prices advanced in leading shares ¼ to ½ per cent., with large dealings. After meridian a change was brought about by realizations on the Stock Exchange and vague rumors about Sickles leaving Madrid.

WASHINGTON, D. C. — Henry Young, alias Charles Williams Young, a colored man, convicted of the murder of Frank Hahn, was hanged, to-day, in the jail yard.

BOSTON, 28.—The Fall River manufacturers and board of trade have decided, from and after Dec. 1st, to run their mills eight hours a day on five days and seven hours on Saturday.

Should the times continue to improve as they have done during the past two or three weeks, it is believed that all the mills will be running on full time by January.

HARTFORD, Conn., 28.—The important Credit Mobilier suit, which was tried in this city last October, has been decided by U. S. Judges Hunt and Shipman, and the opinion was filed in the district court to-day. The motion of the defendants to dismiss the bill, involving the question of jurisdiction, was decided in favor of the government; on the second point the court sustains the demurrer, and dismisses the bill as to the parties who demurred. The ground of the demurrer is that the damage to the government by the Credit Mobilier frauds is too remote to be reached by the process pursued, or any other, and that the government has, at present, no pecuniary interest to be reached by the bill. The court

takes the view that no trust was any where raised in behalf of the government, and the injunction was dissolved.

NEW YORK, 28.—The case of William J. Sharkey, the condemned murderer, who lately escaped from the Tombs, who had been granted a new trial, was called to-day in the Supreme Court, and an order entered, "No appearance."

Ingersoll, having been convicted, it is reported that Cowan, Norton and Gemate, other three of the county commissioners, will be brought for trial at the next term, which begins on Monday, when it is probable that Judge Ingraham will preside. The counsel for Ingersoll and Farrington, late this afternoon, filed an application for a stay of proceedings.

The sheriff to-day stated that Tweed will shortly be taken to Blackwell's Island.

Several members of the Plasterers' Union to-day entered a building in Brooklyn where non-society men were working, and beat them severely, one, it is believed, was fatally injured.

ATLANTA, GA., 28.—Milton Malone, sentenced to be hanged to-day, died this morning from the effects of opium taken last night.

PHILADELPHIA, 28.—The Union Banking Company, which suspended during the panic, has resumed business, with a capital increased to seven hundred thousand.

SOUTH BEND, Ind., 28.—John C. Solkosk, a drunken Polander, killed another, named Martin Losse, last night.

At the celebration of the veterans of 1812, last night, Gen. Sherman responded to the toast—"The army and Navy," saying that nine-tenths of the present army had seen service in the war of the rebellion, most of them being veterans of from eight to twenty battles. Our army is much too small, but should occasion arise for war with Spain or other powers, we could fill the ranks by a blast of the bugle and trumpet, and put a large force in the field. The General spoke in the highest terms of the officers in the army and navy.

St. LOUIS, 28.—Allen, the pugilist, offers to match Jack Madden against Hogan for a thousand dollars, to fight in Canada; or he will fight Hogan himself for five to ten thousand, in Canada; each party to have present five friends only.

EVANSVILLE, Ind., 28.—Williams, ex-sheriff, yesterday shot and killed a desperado named Wm. Thornburg.

LITTLE ROCK, Ark., 28.—The prisoners in Clarkwell jail overpowered the guards and took their arms, on Tuesday last. The citizens hurriedly surrounded the jail. Among the prisoners was a desperado named Wallace, who fired a shotgun at the citizens, and wounded two severely. The citizens placed five kegs of powder on the first floor, laid a train and gave the prisoners half an hour to surrender or be blown up; they surrendered and in throwing their arms down to the street, accidentally discharged a shot gun, and wounded three citizens. Wallace is a convicted murderer and is under sentence to be hanged on the 3rd of December.

SAN FRANCISCO, 28.—Ternedo Moreno, one of the Vasquez gang engaged in the Tres Pinos murder and robbery, in Monterey county, found guilty of murder in the second degree, has been sentenced to the State prison for life.

A dispatch to-night, from Eureka, Nevada, states that a volcano has broken out in the Pinto mountains, ten miles from that place, and that dense volumes of smoke are issuing from the crater.

The health officers report sixteen cases of small-pox in this city.

In the U. S. Circuit Court, to-day, Robert K. Clark, captain of the ship *Sunrise*, was sentenced, on conviction of cruel punishment of seamen, to fourteen months' imprisonment in the County jail, and to pay a fine of one thousand dollars. Frank Harris, his first mate, was sentenced to the State prison for four years; Dennis Maloney, the second mate, to sixty days in the County jail.

BOSTON, 29.—A dispatch from St. Albans states that Anson J. Crane, of Burlington, assistant collector of internal revenue for the 3rd district of Vermont, has been declared a defaulter to the amount of seventeen thousand dollars. Senator Edmunds is one of his bondsmen, who are amply able to make good the defalcation.

NEW YORK, 29.—A special dispatch from Washington, received at a late hour last night, contains the important information that Spain has conceded the demands arising out of the seizure of the *Virginus*. The demands were the liberation of the passengers of the vessel, a salute to the American flag, and provision for the families of the captives executed. The time for saluting the flag has been fixed for next Christmas. To provide for the contingency of Spain's not being able to enforce the promised concessions the work of naval construction is not to be interrupted. Spain, it is asserted, also agrees to bring to trial and punishment the officers who caused the shooting of the captives.

NEW YORK, 29.—Judge Davis, to-day, fined Graham, Fullerton and W. O. Bartlett, the seniors of Tweed's counsel in the late trial, \$250, after giving them a sharp lecture, for the breach of morals in handing him a paper giving reasons why he should not preside at the trial; the junior counsel were let off with a reprimand.

TITUSVILLE, Pa., 29.—A fire at Parker's Landing last night, burned twelve buildings; loss \$25,000, insurance \$15,000.

J. W. Simpson, of St. Petersburg, suicided with a revolver yesterday, in a fit of temporary insanity.

St. LOUIS, 29.—Early this morning a fire in East St. Louis burned Livingstone & Co's planing mill and Lumber yard, wagon and blacksmith shop, and several small tenements; loss from \$100,000 to \$150,000.

SAN FRANCISCO, 29.—The following letter was received at 2:15 this afternoon:

"San Francisco, Nov. 28, 1878.
Hon. Newton Booth,

Governor of California, etc.:

"Sir.—I hereby resign my unexpired term in the Senate of the United States, as Senator for California, this resignation to take effect immediately, so that the State Legislature, which meets on the first of next month, may fill the vacancy. As my intimate friends in the Senate and elsewhere well know, I have long desired to withdraw from that body, and at the same time to withdraw wholly from politics and political life. My public duties on both sides of the continent have demanded of me, and received so much attention, as to impair my health and compel me to neglect my private affairs. The latter consideration is not a controlling one, but the condition of my health is such as to lead me to seriously doubt my strength to discharge the arduous duties of a senator from California. I have deferred carrying out my desire until the present time, when both objects may be accomplished at once, and when the legislature just about to meet may elect my successor. Very Respectfully,

"E. CASSERLY."

Mr. Casserly led the majority of his party here in opposition to the railroad monopoly, but that majority is in the minority in the legislature, and might not have been able to effect his re-election in the triangular contest with Booth on one side. The general opinion is that his resignation will operate favorably for Booth, and disastrously for Schemes, of the railroad interest, as laid by Billy Carr, their chief political agent.

MONTREAL, 29.—Four additional persons died last night from drinking poison, mistaken for liquor, in a disolute house on Thursday night, making seven deaths and five still in a precarious condition. The bottle contained wine of colchicum.

NEW YORK, 29.—E. S. Jones was held in five thousand dollars bail, to-day, on a charge of selling forged Buffalo and New York railroad bonds.

El Cronista, the Spanish organ, here, publishes a letter, to-day, from Havana, dated the 22nd inst., in which the writer breathes forth vengeance and slaughter. He says Cuba is perfectly indifferent as to whether the United States attempts an invasion of the Island; if she does she must take the consequences. *El Cronista* also publishes a long and inflammatory article, urging the Spanish government to maintain a beld attitude towards this country, and to show itself capable of governing Cuba, for the editor asserts that the United States would otherwise invade Cuba without declaring war against Spain, on the pretense of re-establishing on the Island the authority of the

peninsula. The five points which the American government has presented to Spain, and which have already been published, are denounced as humiliating and inadmissible.

The members of the Rev. Drs. Storrs' and Buddington's Congregational churches, Brooklyn, have adopted resolutions providing for the calling of a national council to take action upon the recent declaration of the Plymouth Church, in the Rev. Dr. Beecher denying the right of one Congregational Church to make inquiry into the government, political belief or deportment of another. This is the latest phase of the Beecher-Bowen-Tilton scandal.

Judge McCue, of Brooklyn, has begun a libel suit against the New York *Tribune*, placing the damages at a hundred thousand dollars.

WASHINGTON, 29.—Attorney-general Williams will appeal the Credit Mobilier suit from the decision of the U. S. District Court for Connecticut, to the Supreme Court.

General Sherman, in his report to the Secretary of War, says the number of enlisted men in the army is four hundred and ninety less than thirty thousand, as limited by law. In active regiments, the number of men sick and on necessary details about the posts will fully equal twenty-five per cent., so that the actual strength for military service does not exceed nineteen thousand six hundred and fifty-two men. In order that the regular army should fulfil its arduous duties on the frontier, as also to form a model on which to shape the volunteer and militia force of the United States, he earnestly recommends that Congress be asked to fix the limit of the enlisted force at such a figure as will give thirty thousand for regiments of the line, and to provide, specifically, for non-combatant detachments, such as an engineer battalion, ordnance department, West Point detachments, and signal, ordnance and commissary sergeant, in the same manner as has been done for hospital steward. The artillery regiments have an organization different from infantry, viz., twelve batteries to a regiment; that of these only one is equipped and instructed as a battery of artillery, the other eleven companies in each regiment being armed with muskets and instructed as infantry. Regimental commissioned officers on duty or belonging to the several departments and divisions number, in the aggregate, 1532; those engaged at present on fort duty 1,234, absent on leave or detached two hundred and ninety-eight. The foregoing does not include the thirty-one second lieutenants recently appointed from civil life and who are under orders to join their regiments. The military divisions embrace the whole area of the United States, and their reports, which have been forwarded to the Secretary of War, include the acts of all the regular army. No part of the army, General Sherman says, is under his immediate control, and the existing army regulations devolve on the Secretary of War the actual command of the military peace establishment, and all the responsibility thereof, so he forbears making any further recommendations or report.

The negotiations between the United States and Spain with regard to the questions growing out of the capture of the *Virginus* were brought to a conclusion to-day, Secretary Fish and Admiral Polo having agreed upon and signed a protocol, which the latter soon after telegraphed to his government. The terms are substantially as follows: First, the immediate surrender to the United States of the ship *Virginus* and all the surviving passengers and crew; second, a salute to our flag on the 25th of December next, unless, in the meantime Spain shall satisfy us that the American flag was improperly borne on that vessel, and further, that she had no right to the American flag or American papers. In this event the salute is to be spontaneously withdrawn, and Spain is to formally disclaim any intention of indignity to the flag of the United States in the acts committed by her against the *Virginus*. Third, if it shall be shown that the *Virginus* had no right to carry the American flag and papers, the United States will institute proceedings against the vessel and the surviving parties who have violated the laws of the U. S., and Spain guarantees to institute proceedings against any of her authorities who may have vio-