

BY TELEGRAPH.

PER WESTERN UNION TELEGRAPH LINE.

AMERICAN.

BOSTON, 19.—Regarding the story from New York that the Transcontinental Association has sent notice to the Pacific Mail Co. that at the expiration of 30 days its monthly subsidy payments will be stopped, President Adams of the Union Pacific said he had no information, but intended to make inquiries regarding it. He presumed, however, it was true. The policy of the Southern Pacific in the Transcontinental business had been, he thought, very arbitrary, and he was disposed to condemn in the strongest manner possible their recent action in refusing to honor the draft sent them. The Union Pacific was not at all solicitous about the Transcontinental business and could do without the agreement much better than the Southern Pacific could. The course of the Southern Pacific, which indicated a desire to have things all their own way, justified every line in withdrawing from the association. Concerning his visit to Washington, Adams said he had talked the whole Pacific Mail subject over with the United States Railroad Commissioner and Assistant Secretary Jenks. Both gentlemen understood the question thoroughly, and the latter denied emphatically that he intended to pursue the course attributed to him by some newspapers.

PITTSBURG, 20.—Ex-First Assistant Postmaster General Hay died at 6.30 o'clock this morning, of consumption.

INDIANAPOLIS, 20.—Last Friday night a negro hostler, Harrison Tasker, inveigled a German girl named Helen Heuendlund into his room and brutally outraged her. He was arrested on Sunday for the crime, and this morning taken into court for examination. While the case was proceeding, Meinrod Heuendlund, the girl's brother, drew a revolver and shot Tasker in the body, the ball penetrating the right abdominal wall and producing a probably fatal wound. Before another shot could be fired the officials and disarmed. A scene of confusion ensued. The court was adjourned and Tasker conveyed to the city hospital. Physicians give no hope of his recovery. Heuendlund was removed in custody of officers and lodged in jail.

EMPORIA, Kansas, 20.—The Walkup case was resumed at 9 o'clock this morning, with the courtroom full. Mrs. Walkup was dressed well and looked the same as yesterday. County Attorney Feighan, on behalf of the State, explained to the jury the theory of the poisoning alleged against the defendant. He related substantially the circumstances of the marriage and the circumstance of the sickness and the purchase of poison by Mrs. Walkup. He stated that the State charged that Mrs. Walkup married her husband with the intention of poisoning him, so as to secure the widow's portion of his estate; that she secured the poison in New Orleans or in Cincinnati for that purpose; that she administered the poison which caused his death, and if the State proved this theory, it would expect the jury to find a verdict of guilty; if it failed to prove this theory, the jury would justly acquit the defendant. At the conclusion of Col. Feighan's address, the defendant moved to dismiss the complaint as being without adequate foundation, as shown by the information which had been detailed to the jury. The motion was overruled.

The first witness was Eban Baldwin, Lawrence. He testified to an acquaintance with Mr. Walkup. That the latter was a large powerfully-built man, over six feet high, broad shouldered and of cheerful disposition. He and Mr. Walkup went to the New Orleans Exposition last December; lodged at Mrs. Wallace's house and there became acquainted with the family which included the defendant.

He was examined by Mr. Scott, who asked the witness as to the state of the health of Mr. Walkup at the time of the journey to New Orleans. The State objected to any cross-examination, except that which pertained to questions it had asked the witness. The defense proposed to show that Mr. Walkup was, at the time of his visit to New Orleans, in a bad state of health, and that his system was putrid with disease. The court sustained the objection to the cross-examination as to the state of health of Mr. Walkup. The defense noted an exception.

The other witnesses examined up till noon were Eunice Bartlett, A. G. Lakon, Maggie J. Evans, Johnnie Samuels, employees of George W. Newman & Co., dry goods, relative to the purchases of goods by Mrs. Walkup, and also Mr. Newman himself on the same subject. The defense objected to that line of evidence as immaterial and irrelevant. The objection was overruled and an exception was noted.

James Collard, an express agent at Wells, Fargo & Co's, testified to a box coming from Mrs. Walkup's house; to Mr. Walkup opening the box, and finally taking it away instead of shipping it. The box was directed to Mrs. Wallace at New Orleans.

Miss Lizzie Walkup, a daughter of Mr. Walkup, was called at noon, and the court adjourned for the afternoon session.

JERSEY CITY, 20.—The boy found last night under the Lehigh Valley engine is the last of the victims as far as known of the collisions which occurred on the Hackensack meadows on Sunday night. This last discovery

makes nine killed in all, with the probability of another death soon. Marius Klingler, the Norwegian, whose skull was fractured, is not expected to live throughout the night. The other patients are doing well, and their final recovery is confidently expected. A foot found under the engine has not yet been matched, while it leads the authorities to believe that another victim is yet to be found. The work of removing the wreck still goes on. All that remains is a Lehigh Valley engine, which has been righted and will be raised on an inclined plane, probably to-morrow. The Pennsylvania railroad authorities this morning received a dispatch from Mr. Armstead, of Madison, Wisconsin, father of Ulena Arneas, the woman who died at the St. Francis hospital, making inquiries about his daughter and her husband. It is now thought that one of the unknown men at the morgue is the dead woman's husband. The description of the husband has been sent for.

NEW YORK, 20.—On the 25th, of August last, John Roggerbrood attempted to commit suicide by cutting his throat with a razor. He recovered and was arraigned in court to-day, charged with attempting his life. Another charge of felonious assault was made against him by Mrs. Annie Effler, wife of a saloon keeper. Roggerbrood induced her to elope with him to Chicago, and she carried off about \$800 in money belonging to her husband. In Chicago Roggerbrood caused her arrest, and then with the money deserted her. She returned to this city and became reconciled to her husband. Roggerbrood then appeared and wanted her to elope with him again. She refused, and he struck her with a slung-shot and gashed her with a razor. Afterward he cut his own throat with a razor. To-day the magistrate thought he was insane and committed him for medical examination.

CINCINNATI, 21.—If there is no delay on account of the controversy over the imperfect returns, it is probable the official canvass of the Hamilton County vote will be completed to-day. So far both sides are claiming the election of the legislative candidates.

WILKESBARRE, Pa., 21.—A terrific explosion took place in the No. 2 stope of the Delaware & Hudson Coal Co., at Plymouth, this morning. The greatest excitement prevails there, as the stope is full of men and boys.

One report has it that the number killed will be large. As far as can be learned 15 men are known to be fatally burned.

Later—It is now reported that of 15 men burned, 14 have since died.

As now fully explained, the accident was caused by a miner who entered an abandoned parlor of the stope, which was marked "dangerous," with a naked lamp in his hand, thereby firing the gas and causing a terrific explosion.

The loss of life is not so great as at first reported. At this hour (2 p.m.) one man, Dennis Titus, is dead, and 14 frightfully burned. Most of these it is thought cannot recover. Most of the injured men are Poles and Hungarians.

PHILADELPHIA, 21.—The Commandery-in-Chief of the military Order of the Loyal Legion of the United States was organized to-day in the rooms of the Pennsylvania Historical Society, General Hancock presiding. About 60 delegates were present, including General Sheridan, Generals Cochrane, Hawley and Fairchild, Rear-Admiral Nicholson, Colonel C. R. Codman, General F. A. Walker and many other prominent officers of the army and navy during the Rebellion. The officers of the new Commandery-in-Chief are: Commander-in-Chief, General W. S. Hancock; Senior Vice-Commander-in-Chief, General R. B. Hayes; Junior Vice-Commander-in-Chief, General Joseph R. Hawley; Recorder-in-Chief, Col. J. B. Nicholson, of Pennsylvania; Chancellor-in-Chief, Captain Peter D. Keiser, of Pennsylvania; Treasurer-in-Chief, General John J. M. Ihan, of New York. The States represented to-day were Pennsylvania, New York, Maine, Massachusetts, Connecticut, California, Wisconsin, Illinois, Ohio, Michigan, Minnesota and the District of Columbia. Another business meeting will be held to-morrow, and in the evening a banquet will be given the visitors at the Union League.

CINCINNATI, 12.—The total vote in the first twenty wards of Cincinnati (omitting the two precincts whose returns are irregular and which are both Democratic) gives Hoadly 22,556, Foraker 21,858, Leonard 715. The votes on Democratic Senators, range from 22,147 to 22,701, Republican, from 21,421 to 21,540. After the city vote is counted, the county precincts remain to be counted which will prolong the work until late to-night.

THE OFFICIAL COUNT

has occupied the attention of the candidates and their friends all day. It has been closely watched by both parties during the day. The judges of precinct F. Ninth ward, came in to complete their returns. The returns which the clerk found when he came to canvass that vote, consisted of a blank tally sheet and the Duckworth club election return blank filled in. Ex-Governor Noyes, acting for the Republican candidates, protested against permitting an amended return being received. The clerk, however, received the return, and Noyes said the matter would be brought before the court. When precinct D. Nineteenth ward, was reached, ex-Governor Noyes protested against its being received because the count of the votes did not begin until twenty-

nine hours after the polls closed. The protest was noted and the precinct canvassed. A protest was also made by Noyes against precinct F. Nineteenth ward, because one judge and one clerk refused to sign the returns on the ground that the box had been removed to the station house and the ballots tampered with. The protest was noted and the count proceeded with. Late in the afternoon Drausin Wursin, attorney for the republicans, gave notice to the canvassers that he would apply for a restraining order forbidding the counting of the precincts in the cases where protests had been made; and also forbidding the issuance of a certificate of election to the democratic candidate for Senator. The clerk requested his attorneys, Messrs. Follett and Jordan to represent him. The application was made before Buckwalter, and a temporary injunction was granted as asked. The motion to make it permanent will be argued to-morrow. This, of course will prevent any official announcement to night, but the board will continue their session until the work is completed.

LIMA, via Galveston, 21.—Advices from Huras state that the rebel Colonel Prado has been killed by the Urban guard of Huamachco. He and his band have been committing great excesses in the neighborhood.

A dispatch from Anco announces the defeat of Monteros under the celebrated priest Rios and the death of the latter.

Banditti are nearly extinct in the northern provinces which seem to be entering on a more peaceful era.

BALTIMORE, 21.—There closed here to-night a three days' session of the Mutual United Brotherhood of Liberty. This association is organizing branches in every State and Territory, and its object is to raise money to test in the courts all the infringements of the rights of the colored people as guaranteed them by constitutional and State laws. Rev. Harvey Johnson of this city was elected president. The body was addressed by Frederick Douglas, and all the leading men of the race are taking an interest in the movement.

ST. LOUIS, Oct. 21.—A startling development in the street car strike to-day was the discovery by the police of an infernal machine on the Washington Avenue tracks at the corner of Compton Avenue and Morgan street. The machine was a piece of two inch gas pipe two feet long, filled with gunpowder. At either end was affixed gun-caps, so arranged as to communicate with the powder within, and in the center of the pipe a rod was inserted, which also communicated with the powder. The machine was laid along the track and so arranged that the wheel of the car would discharge the caps as soon as it was touched. The gas pipe is now at police headquarters. The strikers and Knights of Labor had stated that they would put on lines of heretics and omnibuses this morning, one to follow each car, but they have not done so yet.

JAMESTOWN, 21.—Judge J. B. Foraker, Governor-elect of Ohio, spoke for over two hours in Allen's Opera House this afternoon to an audience filling every part of the auditorium and stage. He contrasted the causes which led to the going out of power of the democratic party 25 years ago. He said that the achievements of the republican party met with universal approbation now, and asserted that had there been a free ballot and an honest count in the South it would still be in power. He defended the bloody shirt policy. He said this policy did not operate to revive the memories of the war, but it was necessitated by the occurrences since the conflict, and he contrasted it with Fitzhugh Lee's campaign in Virginia. "The democrats," he continued, "promised to look over the books, count the money and restore prosperity." The two former promises they had performed, but the latter was unredeemed. The country was looking to President Cleveland for his policy. If he pronounced for protection the third promise would be performed, but free trade would intensify the present depressed condition of business. The Governor-elect told several stories and his speech was often interrupted by applause. He left here for Rochester at 4 o'clock.

WILKESBARRE, Pa., 21.—The miner who went into the abandoned opening and fired the gas that caused the explosion at No. 2 shaft, was Peter Zelinsky. There were two explosions, the first was that of gas, which was soon followed by another, sweeping everything before it, sending a flame of fire up the stope and above the fan houses, and sending the shingles and timbers from the breaker flying 400 feet above the earth. Zelinsky was not killed, and was removed from the stope with only his boots on and no hair on his head. He was otherwise uninjured. The scene that ensued was terrible. The victims of the disaster were thrown in every direction. Titus was instantly killed, and when found lay 200 feet away from his kit of tools, which he was examining at the time of the explosion. When he gas was ignited all the men in the stope were thrown violently to the ground or against the cars or the ribs of the gangway. The lights on their heads were extinguished by the shock of the second explosion, and all were in confusion making their way through the flames and managing with great difficulty to reach a place of safety. Four miners were killed outright, and twelve others were so horribly burned and breathed the flames to such an extent that their injuries are considered fatal.

LITTLE ROCK, Ark., 21.—The Gazette's Washington, Arkansas, special says: Late reliable news is just received

from Pike county to the effect that Churchill the murderer of Dennis Brooks, was killed by a mob and not by Brooks' brothers. Since the mob burned the Polk boys in the Murfreesboro jail a few weeks ago, the prisoners have been kept in an old wooden building. Churchill was captured and confined last night. The mob collected, saturated the lower part of the building with coal oil and fired it. Churchill appeared at the grated window and piteously begged the mob to shoot him, but the flames soon reduced the building and the victim to ashes.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., 21.—A terrible tragedy was committed about 2 o'clock this afternoon at the house of John Conway, a dairyman on Eighteenth street, in a thickly populated part of the city. A neighbor entered the house and found Mrs. Conway and her daughter lying dead upon the bed in an inner room, their skulls crushed and the bed deluged with their blood, which was yet warm. The girl was kneeling beside the bed, her head upon her mother's body. Marks of blood were found on the kitchen floor and the weapon of death, a car coupling-pin, was discovered in the alley, where it had been thrown. About \$30 in money was missing from the house. The most plausible theory is that the murder was committed by a tramp.

BUFFALO, 22.—Wilson S. Bissell, President Cleveland's former law partner, denies the rumor that he is to be appointed Governor of Dakota.

CINCINNATI, 22.—The canvass of the vote of Hamilton County was completed this morning. The total footings, unofficial, excluding precinct E, of the 18th Ward, show that Hoadly received 34,527 and Foraker 33,928, a majority of 599 for Hoadly. The highest vote received by the Republican Senator was 99 less than the lowest on the Democratic list, and 370 less than the highest. The vote for representatives is still closer, but the footings have not been completed. The democratic county officers are elected except Kuhl for commissioner. If the missing precinct is counted it will increase the democratic majority about 100. An exciting legal fight is now in progress. The republican attorneys this morning filed a petition in the circuit court asking a mandamus directing the officer, the clerk, how to proceed to count, by instructing him what are and what are not the legal returns. The hearing of this petition was fixed for two o'clock; meantime, if a restraining order was issued last night, it should be dissolved. The clerk might complete his work before 2 o'clock and the jurisdiction of the court would be gone. After considerable talk, the argument before Judge Buckwalter, upon the motion to dissolve the restraining order, and also upon the demurrer to the petition, proceeded. The expected argument will occupy the time until 2 o'clock, when the mandamus proceedings will operate to hold the clerk until it can be determined.

RICHMOND, Virginia, 22.—An explosion occurred this morning at Racoon Pits, in Chesterfield County, twenty-five miles from this city. One hundred men were in the mine at the time. Only one was killed and three wounded.

NEW YORK, 21.—William S. Warner appeared before the United States commissioner to-day to answer to the charge of acting in collusion with Ferdinand Ward to defraud the Marine Bank. Warner was represented by a large array of counsel, while assistant District Attorneys Foster and Tift represented the government.

FOREIGN.

LONDON, 20.—The grand jury has found a true bill against Stead, editor of the *Pall Mall Gazette* and other prisoners in the Armstrong case for abduction, conspiracy and indecent assault.

ATHENS, 20.—The council of Candi, the largest city in Crete, has voted in favor of a union with Greece, but the populace refuse to revolt against the Turkish government before Greece declares war. The Greeks are wild with enthusiasm. Thirty thousand men of the reserves have been enrolled during the past five days and thousands are arriving from all parts of Greece. The people are clamoring for war.

PHILIPPOPOLIS, 20.—Lascelles, the British agent and Consul General for Bulgaria, has left this city for Sofia. The tension is increasing and war with Serbia is well nigh inevitable, Bulgaria has done her utmost to avert such a catastrophe.

COPENHAGEN, 20.—The long continued arbitrary policy of King Christian in refusing to dismiss the Estruph Cabinet in compliance with the vote of Parliament and levying alleged unconstitutional taxes because Parliament refused to vote the budget, has led to a number of serious riots and imposing demonstrations in Copenhagen. The people seem determined that their representatives in Parliament shall have some voice in affairs of the government and have become so threatening in their demands that the king has ordered the garrison of Copenhagen to be largely reinforced. The popular manifestations are not confined to Copenhagen alone, but are general throughout Denmark. It is expected that a state of siege will be declared, and it is feared a revolution will ensue if the king persists in refusing the concessions asked by Parliament.

A number of political arrests have been made tending to further incense the people and bloodshed is anticipated.

LONDON, 20.—Lord Salisbury has informed the Porte that England will send an energetic remonstrance to Serbia and Greece against their formidable armaments and advise them to keep quiet.

PARIS, 20.—A telegram from St. Petersburg, received at a late hour this evening, says:

Russ has made preparations to land 90,000 troops in Varna, a seaport town of Bulgaria, in 24 hours in case of need.

PHILIPPOPOLIS, 20.—Prince Alexander has summoned the whole of the national militia of Bulgaria and Eastern Roumelia for immediate service in defense of their country.

BIRMINGHAM, 20.—Seven hundred unemployed workmen in this city to-day marched to the residence of Mr. Chamberlain. The chief of police on learning their intention and fearing violence, sent a large force of police by a shorter route and when the processionists arrived at Mr. Chamberlain's house, they found it surrounded by policemen. After consultation, a deputation of three of the unemployed men were admitted to see Mr. Chamberlain. They detailed their grievances and flatly accused Mr. Chamberlain of making the row with the wealthier classes to alienate the sympathy for the suffering poor, for personal political aggrandizement. Mr. Chamberlain refused to attend the meeting in aid of the distress fund. The men then returned to their place of meeting, howling against Mr. Chamberlain.

CONSTANTINOPLE, 21.—The Turkish frigate *Iskender* has proceeded to the island of Crete with an armed force, in view of the threatened outbreak there. The Anglo-Turkish Egyptian convention is declared to be entirely satisfactory to the powers.

ATHENS, 21.—The king's speech at the opening of the Chamber of Deputies on Friday next is expected to be warlike in its tendency.

Constantinople, 21.—The Porte has decided not to send troops into Eastern Roumelia without a European mandate. Various diplomats in this city consider the aspect of the situation very serious, and fear that the Turkish circular and the discussion of matters by the ambassadors and the action of Serbia may impart a European character to the Bulgarian question which the powers desire to localize. The Porte, however, will not admit that it is only a local question.

COPENHAGEN, 21.—A desperate attempt was made at 5 o'clock this afternoon to assassinate Premier Estrup, by a youth named Rasmussen, a compositor. Rasmussen fired two shots from a revolver at the Premier. When in the act of firing the third, the would-be assassin was seized by a couple of detectives, a number of whom have constantly been in attendance on the Premier for some time past, owing to the extreme hatred of the populace toward him and other members of the Cabinet. Rasmussen was hurriedly taken to prison, the officials fearing that an attempt at a rescue would be made. The first shot struck on a button on Herr Estrup's coat and glanced off, and the second shot went wide of the mark. Rasmussen declared that his motives were political, as Herr Estrup's conduct in the present controversy in Denmark is inimical to the State.

LONDON, 22.—The Privy Council has dismissed the appeal of Louis Riel against the sentence of death passed upon him by the Canadian court.

ST. PETERSBURG, 22.—The *Journal de St. Petersburg*, commenting on the Roumelian question, says: Prince Alexander appears to ignore the fact that his submission to the powers is a duty created by the treaty of Berlin, and sees no intention on the part of Bulgaria to return to the *statu quo* and it regrets the action of Serbia and Greece in ordering formidable armaments and declares that Russia, more than any other power, must prevent fratricidal contests in the Balkans. The *Journal* is most pronounced in its denunciations of Bulgaria for having brought about the present state of affairs, and says: The powers are unanimous in their desire to restore the *statu quo ante bellum*, and although such action is bristling with obstacles and pitfalls, this unanimity justifies the hope of success.

AN OPEN LETTER.

TO OUR BRETHREN IN THE PRISONS.

SALT LAKE CITY,

October, 1885.

Dearly Beloved in the Lord:

For some time I have desired to write to you, not that I might be able to say any new thing to you, but I know it is comforting when in trouble to read a letter from a friend. Though you are shut up from the outside world, while we—that is, some of your brethren, breathe the air of liberty, yet many are like you, save these bonds. None of you, have been forgotten by your friends, and every true born son and daughter of Zion are your friends. They have remembered you, and still will hold your names before the Lord of Hosts. If I can say anything to cheer you, to help strengthen you, and enable you bear your unjust afflictions in patience and meekness, as did our Lord and Master, whose servants we are, I desire to do so, and to do it in a way that will reach the heart. You may take comfort in reading Joseph's prayer and answer, while in Liberty jail, March 26th, 1839. You no doubt have read it many times, but it seems specially applicable to the present