

CZAR'S MANDATE TO THE PEASANTRY

Calls Them "My Brothers." Using Such Simple Terms Most Ignorant Could Understand.

PROPERTY RIGHTS SACRED. Hopes to Counteract False Ideas Regarding Distributing of Private Lands.

Some Fear There Will be Wild Scenes in the Spring Over the Division of Spoils.

St. Petersburg, Feb. 2.—In view of the profound conviction prevailing among the marshals of the nobility members of the zemstvos and other classes which are in direct touch with the peasants that the spring will witness a renewal of agrarian disorders throughout the country on a more deplorable scale than ever before, the emperor has addressed a plain, outspoken mandate to the peasantry setting forth that the rights of property are sacred and that the peasants will be violating his will if they attempt to enter into possession of private lands. At the same time his majesty has assured the peasants that with the co-operation of the national assembly he will institute measures for their relief.

The emperor's words were delivered personally to a deputation from the Kursk government, and will be sent broadcast throughout the empire in the hope of counteracting the widespread belief prevailing among the masses of the peasantry that his majesty had ordered the distribution of all private lands and that only the land owners and local officials were hampering the execution of his will. The emperor on this occasion addressed the Kursk peasants as "my brothers," and talked to them in simple Russian terms capable of being understood by the most ignorant peasant. He said:

I am most glad to see you. You must know very well that every right of property is sacred to the state. The emperor has the same right to his land as you peasants have to yours. Commemorate this to your fellows in the villages.

In my solicitude for you I do not forget the peasants who need arable land and I will look after them personally as I do my father. The young zemstvosmen, Duma, (National assembly) will soon assemble and in co-operating with me, discuss the best measures for your relief. Have confidence in me. I will assist you. But I repeat, remember always the right of property is holy and inviolable.

Count Eugene Troubetsky, who presented the resolutions of the marshals of the nobility to the emperor, in an interview attributed the agrarian troubles directly to the revolutionary propaganda. He expects an explosion in the spring when the peasants throughout the empire, in preparing to take possession of the new private lands, will be unable to agree on a division of the spoils and will fall to fighting among themselves. The land owners are practically ruined. The continuation of the national assembly is immediately necessary to enable the government to raise money abroad, set it on its feet and enable it to carry out its plan for the wholesale colonization of Siberia, which is an imperative measure of relief.

QUEEN ALEXANDRA LEAVES FOR COPENHAGEN.

London, Feb. 2.—Queen Alexandra and her suite left London this morning for Copenhagen, where her majesty will attend the funeral of her father, the late King Christian of Denmark.

NEW PATRIOTIC ORDER.

Will be Known as Daughters of the Military Order of Loyal Legion.

New York, Feb. 2.—Only daughters of officers in the Civil war are eligible for membership in the new patriotic order known as the Daughters of the Military Order of Loyal Legion. The society was organized yesterday. Mrs. W. B. Hotchkiss is the president. The new society has only 36 members. Other responses are expected from the 600 invitations sent out to officers of the Daughters.

NEGRO MURDERER HANGED.

Washington, Feb. 2.—William Walter Hamilton, a negro, was hanged in the jail here today for the murder of J. L. Lyman, his common law wife. The execution took place at 7 o'clock, and death ensued 12 minutes later. The crime was particularly brutal one.

LORD MASHAM DEAD.

London, Feb. 2.—Lord Masham (Samuel Ouliffe-Lister), the patent medicine inventor, including a compressed air brake for railroads, and a wool-combing machine, died this morning at Swinton Abbey, Masham, county York. He was born in 1815 and was created a baron in 1891.

A COLD WAVE IS NOW SWEEPING OVER THE EAST.

Pittsburgh, N. Y., Feb. 2.—Telephone reports from the Adirondack region today state that the temperature has dropped about 40 degrees here tonight. Yesterday it was almost 40 degrees below zero. The north winds, but today the thermometer registered from 11 to 20 degrees below zero.

AT BUFFALO.

Buffalo, N. Y., Feb. 2.—The coldest wave of the winter was recorded here today. At 2 a. m. the thermometer registered 1 below.

IN NEW YORK.

New York, Feb. 2.—The mild weather of the last few weeks was broken today by the advent of a cold wave. The

TEMPERATURE BEGAN FALLING AT MIDNIGHT

and the thermometer registered 15 above zero at 10 a. m.

ZERO IN OHIO.

Cleveland, Ohio, Feb. 2.—Ohio today experienced the coldest weather of the winter. Zero was generally reported and the still lower temperature is promised for tonight.

AT PITTSBURGH.

Pittsburgh, Feb. 2.—The coldest weather of the present winter is being experienced in this vicinity. The weather forecast is for colder weather tonight.

THREATENED WITH DEATH.

Head of Banking House of Mendelssohn & Co., by Russian Revolutionists. Berlin, Feb. 2.—Replying to an inquiry today regarding the report that he had been condemned to death by the Russian Revolutionists for furnishing financial assistance to the government of Russia, Herr Mendelssohn, head of the banking house of Mendelssohn & Co., said:

"I have received many threatening letters from the Russian Revolutionists since the revolutionary movement began. The latest was a sentence of death with a coffin and a skull and cross bones pictured on the communication. This was six weeks ago, but I have not been molested, though Berlin is full of Russians. I do not attach any importance to the threats. They only amuse me."

THE LOYAL LEGION.

More Than Five Hundred Members Hold Annual Banquet.

Washington, Feb. 2.—More than 500 members of the military order of Loyal Legion of the United States participated in their annual banquet here last night. Lieut. Gen. Adna R. Chaffee acted as toastmaster, and after the commandery had given silent toasts to "the absent companions," Vice President Chaffee responded to the toast "our country's future."

AGREE TO VOTE ON RAILROAD RATE BILL FEB. 16.

Washington, Feb. 2.—The senate committee on interstate commerce today reached an agreement to vote upon the various railroad rate bills on Feb. 16. There are three measures being pressed for consideration. The Dilliver-Clapp bill, the Elkins bill, and the Foster bill. The measure which receives the largest number of votes will be reported to the senate as the majority measure. It is likely that both the other bills will be given to the senate in minority reports.

PRESIDENT PARDONS MIDSHIPMAN MILLER.

Washington, Feb. 2.—The president today pardoned Midshipman John Paul Miller of Kentucky, recently convicted of hazing at Annapolis naval academy. Miller's superior record was the reason.

PITTSBURGH BROKERS ASSIGN.

Pittsburgh, Feb. 2.—Announcement was made today that Fred L. Fast & Co., brokers, located in the Park building, Fifth avenue and Smithfield streets, have made a voluntary assignment to Clarence Bevinston, secretary of the North American Savings company. The firm was not a member of the Pittsburgh Stock Exchange.

INSURRECTION IN GERMAN EAST AFRICA SUPPRESSED

Berlin, Feb. 2.—It is officially announced that the insurrectionary movement in German East Africa has been almost totally suppressed.

INSURANCE CONVENTION.

Chicago, Feb. 2.—The insurance convention turned its attention today to the subject of uniform legislation. A large committee was appointed to report on the subject. The governors present when the convention opened today were: Johnson (Minn.), Elrod, (S. D.), Beckham (Ky.), Davidson (Wis.), Cummins (Ia.), and Sarles (N. D.).

PACKERS CASE ARGUMENTS.

Chicago, Feb. 2.—Long legal arguments marked the opening of the packers' case today. It was contended by Dist. Atty. Morrison that Jesse P. Lyman, former president of the National Packing company, was not a proper witness, because he was not a party defendant, nor is the company with which he was formerly connected one of the companies against which an indictment was returned. It was claimed by the attorneys for the packers that the National Packing company was included in the indictment among several companies which were mentioned as "several others." The arguments over the admissibility of the evidence of Mr. Lyman consumed nearly two hours.

FRANCE'S PROGRAM.

Is to Safeguard Her Preponderant Influence in Morocco.

Paris, Feb. 2.—Safeguarding France's preponderant political influence in Morocco appears to be the main point of the French program at the Moroccan conference at Algiers. On other questions France is prepared in a liberal spirit to meet any proposals formulated, but she will take a firm stand relative to the police. Such is the view expressed in quarters enjoying the confidence of the ministers here where it is also affirmed that the French delegates are determined to await the disclosure of Germany's proposals before making known their own propositions. It is argued that this waiting attitude is justified by the fact that the desire for a conference emanated from Germany, who should therefore take the initiative in declaring her views. The French cabinet possesses the unanimous support of the country in maintaining the principle that France's position in Algeria gives her the right to a predominant voice in Moroccan affairs. Another solution of the conference would be regarded by the country as a "display of weakness and the view is expressed that a return to the status quo would be preferable.

OPERATORS AND MINERS DISAGREE

Conference Adjourns Sine Die Without Agreeing on Wage Scale.

STATES WERE BADLY DIVIDED.

Pennsylvania Voted for It—Mitchell Still Insists There Must be An Increase.

Indianapolis, Feb. 2.—The joint conference of the operators and miners of both the great central competitive and southwest districts adjourned today sine die without any agreement on the wage scale. The adjournment was immediately followed for a call of the annual meeting of the United Miners of America by 2 o'clock.

A resolution by F. L. Robbins, the spokesman for the operators, that the present wage scale be continued, was lost, as it required, under the rules, a unanimous vote to carry any of the principal propositions. Operators of Ohio and Pennsylvania voted for the motion; Illinois operators declined to vote. The miners of Ohio, Indiana and Illinois voted against the proposition. Patrick Dolan, president of the Pennsylvania miners, voted his state for the proposition which caused an uproar among the miners. His right to vote Pennsylvania miners for the continuation of the present scale was refused by the fact that the Pittsburgh convention had voted for an increase was challenged by several other Pennsylvania miners, but on an appeal to the chair the vote was so recorded. The motion to adjourn sine die was made by F. L. Robbins immediately following the announcement that the proposition of the operators as embodied in his motion had been defeated.

President Mitchell has declared that under no circumstances would the miners accept any agreement that did not carry with it an increase in wages and the miners' convention has unanimously, with the exception of three votes, indicated the action of the joint scale committee, which refused the proposition of the operators that the present wage scale be continued.

THE PROCEEDINGS.

Indianapolis, Ind., Feb. 2.—The coal operators and miners of the central competitive and southwest districts met in joint conference today to finally settle the question as to whether an agreement was possible. President Mitchell of the miners, announced that the miners had refused to accept a continuance of the present scale.

F. L. Robbins of Pittsburgh, moved that the present scale be affirmed with the same prices and conditions for the year beginning April 1.

Mr. Taylor, an Illinois operator, moved an amendment which was the same proposition that had been previously offered and rejected. The amendment proposed that the operators and miners voting solidly.

F. L. Robbins then took the floor. He said he wanted to go on record as it seemed the future of the interstate movement was in his hands. Mr. Robbins reviewed the difference in the condition of the miners now and when the interstate and joint conference adopted the Pittsburgh scale. "You have advanced wages and shorter hours," said he, "without argument and in the face of all fairness you yesterday met and repudiated a fair proposition. I want to go on record as protesting against such methods. Yesterday coal sold in Chicago at a dollar a ton carrying an 80 cent freight to the railroads. Yesterday we demanded the cars, and yet you refused to allow one district to sign an agreement unless we propose to deal with our miners even handed with the same representation of both sides. If I propose to have miners of other states with conditions entirely different from ours to dictate as to the settlement of our affairs in our district. Your proposition adopted yesterday is absurd. A little section up in Michigan could refuse a settlement and tie up the whole country. You have a conference with the anthracite operator or not. We were an anthracite operator I would refuse to deal with you."

President Mitchell took the floor in reply said:

"It is kind of Mr. Robbins to say that we have presented no argument. We refused to allow the operators to have the final say as to whether we have presented a fair proposition or not. We have shown that coal is selling at the mines at from 35 to 50 cents a ton higher than it was selling seven months ago. We showed this by their own figures. We have shown by their circulars that the condition of their own grade is highly prosperous. The country is in the highest degree of prosperity. Stocks are selling higher than ever. We have shown that two years ago, when we accepted a lower wage scale on account of an unfortunate situation existing at that time he promised that the reduction would be restored at the next conference."

Mr. Mitchell reiterated his arguments for an increase in wages, and in closing said:

"We have come to the parting of the ways and it seems to me the only thing left to do is to go home and there try to overcome the seemingly insurmountable obstacles. We deeply regret the necessity for such a step, but we feel that the time has come when you can give us an advance in wages without damaging your property interests to any considerable extent."

P. H. Penna, an Indiana operator said:

"It looks as though a split is inevitable, and that the joint conference movement has failed."

Mr. Penna argued the wage question with some figures on the products and the selling price of coal. The production of Indiana coal, he said, had decreased from 7 to 9 per cent during the past year.

THE SATURDAY NEWS.

Among the many choice articles exclusively prepared for the Saturday News tomorrow night will be presented the following:

Salt Lake's Beef Trust and the high prices it exacts. Idaho's new eight million dollar irrigation enterprise. Letters from the capitals of Europe from special correspondents. Frank G. Carpenter's letter from the Canada section.

Besides all telegraphic news and correspondence of the day, dramatic and musical reviews, etc., etc.

MIZNER SAYS HE IS MARRIED.

Declares He Wedded Mrs. Charles T. Yerkes Though She Denied It.

THE LADY WAS VERY COY.

Her Denial Was Due to the Fact that The News Came Too Soon To Suit Her.

New York, Feb. 2.—Wilson Mizner, the young San Franciscoan, says that on Tuesday night he married Mrs. Charles T. Yerkes in her home at 354 Fifth Avenue, returned to the Hotel Astor at midnight last night after several hours' absence and said genially to the reporters:

"I have just paid a visit to Mrs. Mizner at her home, 354 Fifth Avenue. We had a long talk and canvassed the situation thoroughly. I tried to persuade her to see my newspapermen at least once and settle the whole business. She would not do it tonight, but she may give out a statement tomorrow."

"Now, as a matter of fact, the reason why Mrs. Yerkes denied being married to me was that the news came out too soon to suit her. I certainly have no reason to conceal anything, although I would not have said anything about the marriage if the news had not leaked out. I expect Mrs. Yerkes rather believes that it is not anybody's business but her own what she does, and perhaps she is inclined to resent inquiries."

"The whole matter will be adjusted within a short time."

"I am going to stay right here in New York, which is the place for me just now. I imagine, I certainly have no reason to conceal anything, although I would not have said anything about the marriage if the news had not leaked out. I expect Mrs. Yerkes rather believes that it is not anybody's business but her own what she does, and perhaps she is inclined to resent inquiries."

THE LADY AND NOT THE TIGER. New York, Feb. 2.—Doubt as to the marriage of Mrs. Charles T. Yerkes to Wilson Mizner was set at rest today by the filing of the certificate of the marriage with the bureau of vital statistics. In addition, one newspaper quotes Mrs. Yerkes in confession. According to this paper Mrs. Yerkes said today:

"All I can say is that I am happily married."

Wilson Mizner left his hotel today and with his baggage drove to the Yerkes home on Fifth avenue. He said he would give out another statement on the marriage soon.

MEADE'S SAILING DELAYED.

Washington, Feb. 2.—It has been decided to delay sailing of transport Meade 10 days to give the officers and men an opportunity to put their clothing in shape and where they were destroyed to adjust insurance carried by some of the officers.

LIVESTOCK COMMITTEE.

Denver, Feb. 2.—A. E. De Biquelles of Denver, H. B. Boice of Kansas City, Mo., M. K. Parsons of Salt Lake City, J. M. Boardman of Helena, Mont., and Peter MacGregor have been appointed by the American National Livestock associations' executive committee as a committee to go to Washington, Feb. 20 and urge the passage of the bill allowing 30 hours for stock in transit instead of 28 hours, the present law.

SUCCESSFUL TEACHERS.

At the meeting of the state board of education yesterday afternoon certificates and diplomas were awarded as follows: State teachers' certificates—C. H. Davis, Margaret Birdgale, O. A. M. Olsen, N. K. Nielsen, Joseph Finn, Ianston, J. L. McCauley, O. T. McCormick, Marie Parker and Mary Bihler. Grammar grade diplomas—Nellie Brown, F. M. Young, Annie C. Erickson, Ida C. Scanberg, Christian Stefferson and Anna E. Jensen. State high school diplomas—Florence Wettanberg.

PEOPLE TO FIGHT SALOON LICENSE.

Indignant at Action of Council Committee in Recommending It.

TURNED DOWN 2 YEARS AGO.

Appeal of Sixty-Five Respectable Citizens Completely Ignored in The Change Made.

The fact that the license committee of the city council last night concluded to grant a liquor license to Matthew Donn for a saloon on the corner of Second South and Sixth West streets, does not necessarily mean that he will get it. It was learned today, that the granting of the license is to be strongly combatted. Also that many west-siders are indignant over contemplated action.

A resident of the neighborhood, Mr. E. C. Allen, called up the "News" by telephone today and said: "Please say over this matter to the city council, that the granting of the license in question is nothing short of an outrage. I am a Gentile and feel that I can make a legitimate kick to a Gentile city council and am going to do it. Two years ago there was an effort made to get a license for a saloon at this same place, but it was turned down by the council, and would not permit it. Now 65 respectable citizens of this neighborhood have protested against the issuance of a license and over that protest the committee recommends its issuance. Well, we propose to see what we can do about it. The protesters are Mormons, Jews and Gentiles, and we are not going to let some say in the matter. The saloon would be within a block of the Franklin school, and many children would have to pass and repass it daily. We don't propose to stand for it."

Some of the city councilmen, when seen in relation to the matter today, declared that they are going to fight the license to the very end. They say, like the protesters, that they are opposed to establishing a saloon in that neighborhood, and that its presence there will be extremely harmful to peace, order and good morals.

WILL LIE IN STATE.

Funerals May View Remains of David R. Allen, Jr. From 9 to 10.

The remains of David R. Allen, Jr., whose funeral occurs from the family residence, 1910 Tenth East street, tomorrow at 11 a. m., will lie in state at the residence between the hours of 9 and 10, thus permitting friends who may be unable to gain admission to the service, to take a last look at the features of the departed, prior to interment in mother earth.

CONFERENCE POSTPONED.

That at Mantl Will be Held Later on Account of Quarantine.

The South Sanpete quarterly stake conference will not be held on Saturday and Sunday as scheduled. It has been postponed to a date yet unknown, but of which due notice will be given, on account of the quarantine that now exists in Mantl.

SUN STILL HIDING.

For Seven Days It Has Not Shown Its Face in Salt Lake.

The unclouded face of the sun has not been seen in this city since 3 p. m., January 26 last, just seven days. This comes pretty near being a record. Four years ago there was a fog that settled over this valley for eight days, which caused considerable comment, and at that time it could not be laid to the smelters. As the same atmospheric conditions obtain today, as during the fog, it is a possibility of change in sight, in the shape of a low area coming in from the extreme southwest.

RESOLUTIONS OF RESPECT.

Sophomores of State University Extend Sympathy to Prof. Allen.

The Sophomore class of the University of Utah, met today and recommended that resolutions and a floral tribute be sent to Prof. D. R. Allen on account of the loss of his son David. Numerals were also awarded to men who had won a point in the class track meet or had played a full game of basketball or football. The following men received their 100:

Track—Herbst, manager; Spencer, Tracy, Baseball—Gardner, Leger, Brown, Clayton, Jones, Herbst, McNaughton, Snow, Wolf, Simpson, H. J. Stewart, Havenor, manager. Football—Havenor, manager; Higgins, Snow, Bennett, Fowlkes, Seger, Jones, Peterson, Hatch, Wolf, Whitman, Clayton, Gardner.

A HAPPY MEETING.

Romantic Reunion of Husband and Wife After Long Separation.

There was an impromptu and very interesting family reunion Wednesday night, in the Salt Lake Theater, where William LeCottone suddenly met his wife whom he had supposed was drowned at the founding of the steamship Cunard off Golden Gate harbor, Feb. 17, 1901. The couple were members of a theatrical troupe that had been playing in Australia, and were en route home. They had been married only three months, and Mrs. LeCottone was a Salt Lake girl, the daughter of Anderson Leigh. They were separated at the rescue of the passengers, and as neither could afterwards find the other, each thought the other had been drowned. The bride returned home to this city, and the husband went east but came to Salt Lake

WANT PIONEER RELICS.

Daughters of Pioneers Securing Articles for Permanent Exhibit.

At the last officers' meeting of the Daughters of the Pioneers a committee was appointed to collect relics and other souvenirs of pioneer days, so that the same may be preserved and become a part of a permanent exhibit. It is especially desired that old-time musical instruments be secured, and the possessors of such articles will confer a great favor by advising the committee, or sending these articles to pioneer headquarters, where due acknowledgment will be made. The daughters are busily engaged arranging a fine program for the annual campmeeting to be held the latter part of this month.

WORK OF STATE CHEMIST.

Is Analyzing Canned Peas in Search of Adulterants.

State Chemist Harris is analyzing nine sample cans of peas selected at random among the grocers, and representing both home and foreign manufacturers. The test will be to detect the presence of deleterious chemicals—if there is any. Sulphate of copper, arsenic, strychnine, lead, iron (copperas or green vitriol) and arsenic are used by unscrupulous manufacturers to make the peas look green, and are much admired by epicures; saccharine, a poisonous product of coal tar is used to give desired sweetness, and among the list of preservatives used for "canning" are to be found formaldehyde, salicylic acid, boric acid, and others of the like. If any of these drugs and chemicals are found in the peas, every can in the market of this grade is liable to seizure and confiscation. Sulphate of copper is one of the basic ingredients in the manufacture of Paris green, the most being arsenic, carbonate of soda, sulphate of aluminum, and acetic acid. Copperas is used as a dyestuff, and in the manufacture of nitrate of iron, Prussian blue and other chemical compounds.

Special interest is being elicited in this connection, through the paper read this afternoon before the Ladies Literary club by Mrs. C. P. Brook on food adulterants. She spent one whole afternoon this week with state chemist getting pointers, and she will tell what tests housekeepers can make in order to determine the presence of adulterations in articles of food bought.

HEYWOOD OUT FEB. 14.

On That Day He Will Vacate U. S. Marshal's Office for Spry.

In the office of the United States marshal today it was learned that Feb. 14 was the date agreed upon for the turning over of the office to William Spry by U. S. Marshal Ben B. Heywood. Chief Deputy Smith is busy getting up the accounts of the office to this date, preparatory to turning over the books.

The choice of this date is provisional, of course, and is made on the supposition that it will be possible to have the papers of Mr. Spry, including his bond, approved at Washington, and returned before this date. While Mr. Heywood's commission was dated Jan. 27, it was the middle of March before the red tape process was completed, which gave him the right to take possession of the office. He has actually been in possession on this account for a month and a half less than a four years' term.

The office of U. S. marshal draws a salary of \$5,000, and he is allowed to appoint a chief deputy, an office deputy, and three court bailiffs. The marshal is also a disbursing officer, collects court fees, and pays all expenses of the U. S. courts, including witness and jury fees.

OLD-TIMER BURIED.

Funeral of Amos Fenstermaker Held Yesterday Afternoon.

Amos Fenstermaker, aged 82, was buried yesterday afternoon, from the residence of his son, at 1855 Eleventh East street, the bishopric of the ward conducting the service. Bishop Whitcomb and Elder John E. Smith were the speakers, and Mrs. Beatrice C. Thomas sang. The deceased was born in Germany and had been in Utah 25 years. He left a son here, and one on a ranch somewhere in the west.

STOLEN SILK IS SOON RECOVERED.

(Special to the "News.") Ogden, Feb. 2.—The store of I. L. Clark & Sons was burglarized early this morning, the thieves gaining entrance through the rear door, which they opened with a skeleton key. They succeeded in making off with 10 bolts of high-grade silk goods, valued at \$50, which, however, was recovered by the police shortly after they were taken to the second-hand store of B. Cohen, who paid them \$15 for the cloth. The burglars evidently knew the value of the stolen goods, as I. L. Clark was in the house. From the evidence at hand it appears that the same men must have burglarized the store Wednesday night as well, as yesterday morning two bolts of silk, one valued at \$75 and the other at \$55 had been sold to Mrs. Richmond, wife of another second-hand dealer, for \$10, the fellows representing themselves as commercial travelers and stating that the goods sold were agents' samples. Cohen says he purchased the stuff about 9 o'clock this morning, one of the men disposing of the goods, while the other stood on the outside. The police have a number of clues on which they are working, and hope to effect a capture in a short time.

AMENDED COMPLAINT FILED.

This morning in the district court Judge Howell took up the case brought against City Councilman Fred W. Chambers, charged with misappropriating certain funds. The plaintiff, J. D. Skeen, by his attorneys, filed an amended complaint, which was objected to by Atty. Magnus and Corn, representing defendant, on the ground that it set forth a separate and distinct cause of action. The matter was argued pro and con by the attorneys, after which the court overruled the objection and admitted the amended complaint. The defendant's attorneys were given until Tuesday morning next to consider the matter, at which time they will doubtless file a demurrer to the complaint.

VICTIM OF DIPHTHERIA.

The three-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Hadley of West Weber died this morning at the family residence from a very malignant type of diphtheria. Another member of the family is afflicted with the same disease.

INJURED IN A FALL.

Roy Campbell, an employee of the Grand Opera House, fell from a box while adjusting drapery, a distance of 10 feet, dislocating his hip and receiving other minor injuries. He was removed to his home, where Dr. Egan is attending him.

UTAH DELEGATION TO DECIDE SOON.

Will Meet in a Few Days to Consider Filling of Local Federal Offices.

TERMS OF INCUMBENTS.

Hobbs and Smith Desire to Succeed Themselves. But Thompson Wants Former's Place.

Will Probably be No Change in District Attorneyship Until Next June—Utah Pension Bill.

(Special to the "News.")

Washington, D. C., Feb. 2.—Within the next few days a conference will be held between Senators Smoot and Sutherland and Representative Howell for the purpose of deciding upon candidates to be recommended for appointment as register and receiver at the Salt Lake land office.

The terms of the present incumbents, F. D. Hobbs and George A. Smith, expire during the present month. Both gentlemen desire reappointment, and it may be that their wishes will receive the endorsement of the Utah delegation. But no one of the three who will decide the fate of these officers is prepared to say what will be done for the reason that there has been no consultation among them to the present time.

WANT HOBBS' PLACE.

E. D. R. Thompson is an active candidate against Hobbs, and there are at least four others who have expressed a desire for the place, but the present indications are that the office will be conferred upon one or other of those mentioned, providing, of course, the necessary Senate approval. Mr. Hobbs, Mr. Sutherland, Smoot and Howell agree on either one or the other.

AS TO MR. SMITH.

For the reversioners there are half a dozen aspirants, who filed applications but Mr. Smith is apparently the only one who has put up anything like a fight to date. The next few days will give other facts, however, that there are other endorsements which will entitle them to consideration at the hands of the delegation.

NOT FOR SEVERAL MONTHS.

The term of the U. S. district attorney for Utah does not expire until June and it is not probable that his successor will be agreed upon for several months yet.

TWO UTAH PENSION BILLS.