

patent previously issued for the Highland Chief mine in Utah, covered mining ground which had not been embraced in the application for said patent, but which had been fraudulently or erroneously included in the final survey, he therefore officially recommended that the Secretary of the Interior should call upon the Attorney General to allow the name of the U. S. to be used in proceedings to set aside the patent. Secretary Delano, to-day, affirmed this decision, together with the action of the General Land Office in issuing patents for the Prince of Wales, Antelope and Wandering Boy mines, which cover portions of the mining ground heretofore erroneously patented to the Highland Chief Company. The Secretary of the Interior, also, to-day, made a request, suggested by the Commissioner of the Land Office, asking the Attorney General to authorize proceedings necessary to set aside the Highland Chief patent so far as it conflicted with those already issued for the mines above named. The controversy will therefore soon be transferred to the U. S. Courts. It involves pecuniary interests of very great magnitude, and has been one of the most closely and strenuously contested mining cases ever known to the record of the department.

MAUCH CHUNK, Pa., 2.—The whole mining region of Carbon Co. is now free of raiders, and the situation is tranquil. The officers of the M. and L. B. A. are counseling and advising its members to be true to law, order and their association.

SAN FRANCISCO, 2.—Toby Rosenthal's noted painting "Elaine," recently purchased by Mrs. G. C. Johnson of this city, which has attracted thousands of visitors the past week, was last night stolen from the Art Gallery, where it has been on exhibition; it was cut from the frame.

NEW YORK, 3.—A Calcutta correspondent, writing of the massacre in the Nago Hills of the surveying party under the command of Lieut. Holcombe, says the heads of the slain were taken off by the survivors so as to prevent them being paraded in the villages of the Nagos, as these savages think as much of a scalp as the American Indians do of a scalp. The number of killed and wounded, as far as ascertainable, is eighty killed and fifty-one slightly wounded; fifty-two were unhurt. The general government intends to send two regiments forward at once, when the massacre will be avenged. The orders to these regiments are to exterminate, root and branch, all of the villages and villages of what are known as the Sanua and Ninu villages of the Nago Hill tribes. The savages, nearly 200 in number, obtained access to the camp of the surveyors under the pretence of bearing presents to the officers and selling provisions, etc., to the rest of the party.

HARRISBURG, Pa., 3.—Governor Hartranft, to-day, issued a proclamation calling on the riotous miners in Luzerne and Schuylkill counties to disperse and go home, and authorizing the sheriffs, in the event of non-compliance with the order, to call for the aid of the military to disperse the rioters.

CHICAGO, 3.—A Washington dispatch says that the newspaper criticism of Secretary Robeson's course, in allowing a government vessel to be used by a party of private citizens and officials, for a supposed private purpose, has been so general that the Secretary, yesterday, telegraphed to Senator Cameron, that the newspapers had raised such a howl that he desired the senator to take his party on a regular steamer if they still wished to continue their journey. The correspondent says the exposure of the purposes of the trip had about broken it up any way, and that it is not impossible the party will make the reports of the yellow fever epidemic an excuse for returning home.

NEW ORLEANS, 3.—Geo. Drury, a member of the House from Assumption, was indicted to-day, by the grand jury for participation in the forgery of the general appropriation bill recently promulgated.

BUFFALO, 3.—At 5.30 p. m. a fire broke out in a five story building known as the Coit block, at the corner of West Swan and Pearl streets, occupied by White & Bailey, lithographers and printers, and J. E. Marshall, envelope manufacturer; the building was totally destroyed. White & Bailey's loss is estimated at \$145,000, insured \$85,-

000; the total loss is \$220,000, insurance \$140,000. Edward J. Chester, foreman of the hose, while in the third story, was killed by the falling of the fourth floor.

MEMPHIS, Tenn., 3.—In the U. S. District Court, to-day, Judges Emmons and Ballard over-ruled the motion of the Attorney General of the State, to dismiss the Gibson County Ku Klux for want of jurisdiction, and will proceed with the trial next week.

HAZELTON, Pa., 3.—A delegation of the several branches of the Miners' Union, belonging to this region, was held here to-day, and is supposed to have some bearing on the works at Mt. Pleasant. Rumors are circulating of a mass meeting of miners to be held on Monday. The merchants who formed part of the sheriff's posse on Wednesday and Thursday have incurred the opposition of the miners, and a grocer's wagon, sent to Aberville to-day, to deliver goods, was stoned out of town, and the driver was obliged to return without delivering the goods. Several merchants ordered out to aid the sheriff, fearing to incur the ill will of the miners, refused to go, preferring to risk the penalty.

NEW YORK, 3.—The subscription entertainment to-night, at the Academy of Music, for a benefit fund to meet the expenses of the American rifle team in Ireland, next summer, with the Irish team, netted \$4,000.

NEW ORLEANS, 4.—The senatorial excursion to Mexico has been abandoned. Advice from Washington say, fear of the yellow fever and the illness of Mrs. Morton are among the causes alleged for the change of front. Senators Anthony, Cameron, Chandler, Dennis and Patterson, and General M. Veigh and wife sailed on the *Dispatch* to-day for Cedar Keys, and for a cruise along the Florida coast, and thence to some Atlantic port. Senator Morton was detained at the St. Charles Hotel on account of the illness of Mrs. Morton, who is improving.

SAN FRANCISCO, 4.—The stolen picture "Elaine" was recovered uninjured, by detectives this morning; five men were engaged in the theft, which was perpetrated in hopes of reward. All of them have been arrested; they are characters well known to the police.

NEW YORK, 4.—A destructive freshet occurred on the Wallkill river yesterday, sweeping away the ice which, in its passage down the river destroyed all the bridges between Pellet's Island and Montgomery, four in number, within a distance of twenty miles; the Montgomery and Walden bridges are yet in danger. Those already gone cannot be replaced short of one hundred thousand dollars.

BOSTON, 4.—A heavy rainstorm and a northeast wind have prevailed here and generally throughout New England for the past twenty-four hours; the rain is still falling and apprehensions of serious damage by freshets seem well founded, as all the rivers are rapidly rising. Should the storm continue another day, or a general break up of the ice occur, the results will be disastrous. The Kennebec river has risen four feet during the day. At Hallowell, at six p. m., it was even with the wharves, and was rapidly rising. At Lisbon Falls the bridge of the Maine Central Railroad was raised two feet by the ice jam, which rendered it impassable for trains. A large force was engaged during the day in blasting away the ice and repairing the bridge, and to-night it is reported safe. In Northern Maine rain commenced falling on Friday night, continuing uninterruptedly. At Manchester, N. H., the rivers are greatly swollen, the waters pouring over the dam. At Amoskeag Falls, it is four feet deep. Several mills at Manchester and Lawrence will be compelled to shut down to-morrow on account of the back water; at the latter place the water is seven feet deep over the top of the falls, being the highest water since the great freshet in 1869. The river is still rising. A dispatch from Concord says that imminent danger is threatening nine bridges, several of them railroad bridges, between that city and Hookset.

OMAHA, 4.—About 12.30 this morning the Chicago express train, which left here on Saturday evening, and the Pacific express train, bound west, collided between Albia and Tyrone, Iowa, on the Chicago, Burlington and Quincy road, completely wrecking both engines and instantly killing H. L. Miller, conductor of the Chicago express, Gar-

diner, the American express messenger, and Bickle, fireman of the Pacific express; the engineers Pugh and Starter, and McDonald, fireman, sustained serious but not fatal injuries. One of the baggage masters is missing. The wreck took fire, but was quickly extinguished. Mr. Miller, the postal clerk on the west bound train, was seriously burned by a stove falling on him. The accident was caused by the failure of an operator to deliver the train orders. No passengers were seriously injured.

CHICAGO, 5.—Specials from Sioux City report that a Black Hills expedition, numbering about 150 men, will leave Sioux City to-day, for the mines. William and Walter Owens have returned to Yankton, from the Black Hills, whither they went in February last, on a trapping expedition. They bring back with them about a dozen specimens of shot gold, which they procured in small streams running into the south fork of the Cheyenne. They left four companions in the hills, and will return in a few days with supplies. They report meeting several bands of Brule and Teton Sioux, both coming out and going in, and had a peaceful chat with them, the Owens speaking the Indian language.

WASHINGTON, 5.—The commission of John C. New, to be treasurer of the U. S., which takes effect from June 30, 1875, was signed by the President to-day.

The President, to-day, stated, in relation to the recent troubles on the Texas frontier, that he had not expressed his views to any one, not even the Secretary of State, who, like himself, had been absent from the city. Orders had been given to the military for the protection of our citizens on the frontier, but nothing had been done; the government was not yet fully advised of the extent of the outrages, although it had been officially informed of the arrest of the mail carrier and the burning of the post-office by the invaders. The Mexican government had repeatedly been reminded of the outrages heretofore committed by Mexicans upon citizens of the U. S., both in Mexico and in the U. S., and it would hear from this government in a short time concerning these more recently committed through the Dept. of State. There would be a consultation with the Secretary of State on the subject, and probably it would be brought to the attention of the Cabinet. We must determine hereafter what is proper to be done in the premises. He could see no reason for apprehension of war between the two countries, but, of course, no one could tell what might happen in the future; nothing, however, would be done by this government to provoke such a result.

FOREIGN.

DUBLIN, 30.—John Martin, member of Parliament for Meath, and brother-in-law of the late John Mitchell, is dead, aged 63; he has been ailing for some time, and became seriously ill in consequence of the excitement over the death of Mitchell.

BROCKVILLE, Ont., 30.—W. G. Graves and Dr. E. B. Sparham on trial for murder, here, in causing the death of Miss Sophia E. Burnham, last December, by procuring abortion, were to-day found guilty of murder, and sentenced to be hanged on the 23rd of June next. Graves was the seducer of his victim.

PARIS, 30.—A decree has been issued prohibiting the importation of American potatoes, or sacks or barrels in which they have been packed; this is in order to prevent the introduction of the Colorado bug.

L'Univers publishes the Pope's encyclical removing the excommunication pronounced against the old Catholics of Switzerland and censuring the authorities for protecting them.

LONDON, 31.—William Thomas Henley, the telegraph engineer and contractor, has failed; liabilities two and a half million dollars.

The cable steamer *Faraday* has refitted, and is now coaling at Gravesend; she will sail on Sunday at the latest, to complete the work of laying the direct cable.

ROME, 31.—The ceremony of conferring the title of cardinal on Archbishop Manning took place to-day, at the church of St. Gregory; the services were most imposing, and were witnessed by a large congregation, including a thousand English and American Catholics.

LONDON, 1.—Mr. Childers, speaking at Pontefract last night, gave an account of his late American tour. He spoke in terms of high eulogy of America. The U. S. he thought was probably the most prosperous country in the world. He estimated that in fifty years it would contain 150,000,000 inhabitants, while the progress of England was necessarily limited. He forcibly presented the reason why England should seek the friendship and alliance of the U. S.

A Berlin special to the *Post* says that a financial calamity is feared in that capital.

It is reported that the forthcoming budget will show a total revenue for the financial year, ending March 31st, of £74,922,000; this falls £2,414,000 below the revenue of the previous year, but exceeds the estimates by £497,000.

PARIS, 1.—The Carlists have entered the province of Santander, and will be followed by Don Carlos and the bulk of his army. It is supposed that they are trying to penetrate into Castile.

COLLINGWOOD, Ont., 1.—The eastern and western parts of the city are flooded, and the post office and railway are inaccessible. The railway is washed away in several places north and south, and trains can not come within half a mile of the station. The damage to property is already very great.

LONDON, 2, 5.30 a. m.—The *Times* correspondent at Berlin telegraphs that it is anticipated that the old laws forbidding intercourse between the Pope and Catholic clergy in Prussia, except through the government, will be re-enacted, and measures will be introduced wholly suspending Papal authority in Prussia until the Pope abandons his pretensions to cancel the laws of the kingdom.

The steamship *Sarmatian*, for Portland, took 200 agricultural laborers for Canada.

It is estimated that John Martin's funeral, at Newry, was attended by twenty thousand people.

BERLIN, 2.—It is stated that Spain has repeatedly requested Germany to bombard Scarsous for the *Gustav* outrage, but that Germany refused because by the bombardment innocent persons would suffer.

LONDON, 3.—The *Times*, reviewing the Moody and Sankey revival, considers the movement transitory, although long to be remembered as a curious feature of religious life.

SAN DOMINGO, 3.—It is stated that this government is being hard pressed, about 2,000 of its citizens being victims of Baez's action while under the immediate protection of U. S. ships of war, to present a claim on the U. S. for losses and injuries to the government and people arising therefrom. The foundation of this claim has been taken from the speech of Senator Sumner, of March 27, 1871, on the violation of international law and the usurpations of war powers. The government intends, it is said, to present a claim for \$5,000,000, but it has not yet decided how or by whom to present it, having no diplomatic representative in Washington. The argument of the Dominican government in support of the claim recites all about Baez's accession to power, his attempt to dispose of the country and the lease of Samana; it declares that he was maintained in power by U. S. troops, and was compelled to flee when they ceased to support him; that while occupying his presidency, protected by U. S. ships, he plundered the treasury of a large portion of its revenue, and ill-treated citizens; it alludes to many other facts in regard to the relations of the U. S. and San Domingo, which have occupied attention during several years, and declares that the acts of the U. S. government were in violation of international law, and that it is responsible for the losses and injuries occasioned by the protection of Baez.

TRIESTE, 3.—The ceremony of unveiling the monument to the memory of the Emperor Maximilian took place to-day, in presence of the Emperor Francis Joseph, the Archdukes, ministers, and an immense crowd; there was great enthusiasm. Speeches were made dwelling on the merits of the deceased, and expressing the attachment of the inhabitants of the city to the imperial house and to the emperor, who was deeply loved.

LONDON, 4.—It is reported from Madrid that Professor Piner, of the university of Madrid, has been arrested because he petitioned the

King against the recent reactionary educational decrees; the professor, although ill, was sent to Cadiz for transportation to Juan Fernando.

It has just transpired that on the 2nd of February the Prussian government sent a note to Brussels in regard to the pastoral of the Belgian bishops, and other publications, complaining of their tone and that their tendency was such as to encourage German Catholics in opposition to the State; complaint was also made of the Duchesne affair, concerning the alleged plot to assassinate Prince Bismarck. The answer of the Belgian government has not been made known.

ST. PETERSBURG, 5.—Secessions from the Catholic to the Greek Church continue very numerous in Russia and Poland.

PRICE OF GOLD

Corrected daily by DESERET NATIONAL BANK.

SALT LAKE CITY, April 6, 1875.
Buying at \$1.12½; Selling at \$1.14½.

DECEASED.

At Bear River City, March 23rd, ANNE CATHRINE, wife of N. H. Nielsen, aged 29 years.

Deceased had been a member of the Church for a number of years, and was much respected for her firmness and unwavering integrity in the work of God.—*Com.*

Scandinavian Star, please copy.

SELECT

SEEDS, PLANTS AND TREES.

MAXWELL, Nursery Seedsman
A Florist, has a large variety of Vegetable and Flower Seeds, which he will deliver at regular prices to order, within a radius of six blocks from residence, two blocks west and half-a-block south of Court House. He will also send seeds by mail, post paid, to any part of the United States, in packets and ounces at ounce rates.

Collections of Flower Seeds by mail:
No. 1, 24 varieties of Annuals, \$1.00
2, 18 " Biennials and Perennials, 1.00
3, 10 " Greenhouse or Window Flowers, 1.00

New and Rare Seed Potatoes by Mail:
Snowflake per lb., \$1.00
Extra Early Vermont, 3 lbs., 1.00
Compton's Surprise, 3 lbs., 1.00
Peerless.

Rare and Beautiful Flowers, Greenhouse or Window Plants, Bedding and Border Plants, Fruit Trees, the leading varieties. In order to make a change in the nursery, I will sell in quantity very cheap.

N.B.—No order by mail under one dollar will be filled, and to insure attention a remittance must be sent sufficient to cover amount ordered.

Address, J. L. MAXWELL,
d84 Salt Lake City, Utah.

SINGER.



SPECIAL NOTICE TO OUR PATRONS.

WE HAVE THIS DAY OPENED A General Office for the sale of our Sewing Machines, and

Hereafter the Salt Lake Office will be the Distributing Point for the Territories of Utah and Arizona and the State of Nevada.

This change in our business will enable us to carry a much larger and better assortment of

Machines, Silk, Linen, Machine Oil, and all Articles pertaining to Sewing Machines.

From this date we will sell our machines on EASY MONTHLY PAYMENTS, and a discount of TEN PER CENT. will be made for cash.

THE SINGER MFG CO.

General Office, East Temple St.
Salt Lake City, Nov. 17, 1874. d12