PARKER REPLIES TO PRESIDENT.

He Has Made No Criticism of the Chief Executive Persopally.

A SITUATION WAS DENOUNCED.

Charged President With Refusal to Co-operate in Checking a "Monstrous Evil."

New York, Nov. 5 .- Judge Parker, in s speech made at a reception given to him by the Kings County Democratic club in Brooklyn tonight, asserted that the issue "whether the trusts can purchase the election" has not been met by President Roosevelt in his reply to Judge Parker's speech made 12 days

ago. DIDN'T CRITICISE PRESIDENT.

After stating what his position has been in that speech, Judge Parker said tonight that he had made no criticism of the president, but that he had simply called attention to a "notorious and offensive situation." The judge said further that the president, after his atiention had been called to the relations which might exist between Chairman Cortelyou and the trusts by reason of Mr. Cortelyou's former position as secntary of the department of commerce and labor, should have said;

and labor, should have said: "I will join Parker in an effort to pro-ted the ballot of the honest citizen from being over-ridden by merchandise

CONTRIBUTIONS NOT DENIED.

The assertion was made by Judge Parker that the contributions he charged Chairman Cortelyou had received from the trusts are not denied by the president's statement. The candidate followed this Democratic declaration with a statement direct to the president personally to the effect that he (Parker) had issued a request that no money for campaign purposes should be received directly or indirectly should be received directly or indirectly from any trusts: that he rather would be defeated than to be fettered in an effort to accomplish reforms that are sarely needed. He charged the presi-dent with refusal to co-operate in the checking of the "monstrous evil," Judge Parker closed that part of his address directed to the president with this sen-uene:

A THRUST AT THE PRESIDENT.

"I regret to say to you that it then seemed apparent to me, Mr. President, bat you regarded the election of more importance than the checking of this

Judge Parker never had a more enthusiastic audience than that in Brook-in tonight. He had not intended to make a speech tonight until the president issued his statement defending the administration from Judge Parker's charge. The judge was engaged most at the day in proparing his answer. He consulted with officials of the national a who were in the city, and He intended to taw few other visitors. aw the duter visitors. He included to have the Hotel Seville for Brooklyn at at eclock, but it was nearly eight cricck before he completed the first draft of his reply to the president. He rade the necessary revisions after raching the club in Brooklyn, where daner was served. The courses were suried through and at 9 o'clock the judge was escorted to a rostrum in the main reception room in the club before taking up his manuscripts. Judge Par-This is the last opportunity before the election I will have to look into the faces of any consider-able number of Democrats at one time. It gives me pleasure to be able to say that the outlook is very promising tonight. We have had a very hard task forming the forces, but those in touch with the situation realize that the party is in better condition than it has been for a number of years." Judge Parker then answered President Roosevelt's statement as follows:



Backed up by over a third of a century of remarkable and uniform cures, a record such as no other remedy for the diseases and weaknesses peculiar to women ever attained, the proprietors of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription now feel fully war-tanted in offering to pay \$500 in legal money of the United States, for any case of Leucorrhea, Female Weakness, Prolap-sus, or Falling of Womb which they can-not cure. All they ask is a fair and reason-able trial of their means of cure. "I used four bottles of your 'Favorite Pre-

"I used four bottles of vour 'Pavorite Pre-scription 'and one of 'Golden Medicai Discov-ery," writes Mrs. Elmer D. Shearer, of Mount-hope Lancaster Co. Pa., "and can say that I am cured of that dreaded discase, uterine trouble. Am in better health than ever before. Every one who knows me is surprised to see me look so well. In June I was so poor in health that at times I could not walk. To-day I am cured, I tell everybody that Dr. Pierce's medicines cured me."

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ents.' That is the only paragraph in President Roosevelt's statement which touches, either directly or indirectly, on the question as to whether the trusts have made contributions to the Republican campaign fund.

CONTRIBUTIONS OF TRUSTS.

"It is almost in terms of admission that the trusts have contributed to the Republican fund. In associating the Democratic campaign fund with the Republican campaign fund with the Republican campaign fund the presi-dent attempted to so associate the two that a denial of his assertion could not be made without implicat-ing the Democratic committee. He is in a position to know what contribu-tions have been made to be present In a position to know what contribu-tions have been made to the Republi-can national committee. If there had been no trust contributions he could cusily have said so. He did not say so. He cannot say so. He has waited until the closing hour of the campaign to make easier the pretance of an answer. But it is not an economic the campaign to But it is not an answer. It is a con-fession with a plea of avoidance ad-

dressed to a generous people. SOURCE OF CAMPAIGN FUND.

"If there was any doubt of the "It there was any doubt of the source of this great campaign fund it is no longer a matter of suspicion, for Mr. Ellhu Root, the former secretary of war, frankly admitted last night that irusts and corporations were heavy contributors. He denied only that the total amount thus acquired or utilized was not as large as in preor utilized was not as large as in pre-vious years. Moreover, the Republi-can candidate himself denies only that definite immunity from prosecution has been promised trusts for their as-He declares that he is meresistance. ly to give them a square deal as the ferms may be interpreted, not by the laws of the land, but by himself. It is plain that when the time shall come is plain that when the time shall come to determine what a square deal be-tween the government of the United States and the contributing trusts real-iy is, the beneficiary of the generosity of the latter must either recognize their of the latter must either recognize their confess himself guilty of service or base ingratitude.

will go to his home at Esopus tomorrow to remain until after the election, PRESIDENT IS SILENT. Washington, Nov.5 .- President Roose

velt tonight was shown a copy of Judge Parker's reply to his statement pub-Parker's reply to his statement pub-lished this morning. It was announced by Secy, Leob that the president had no statement to make. Secy, Leob was at his desk in the executive office during the evening and carried the speech to the president, With Mr. Leob werd Postmaster General Wynna and Aset. Secy, of State Loom-is, neither of whom commented upon the speech. the speech.

New York, Nov. 5.--Chairman Cor-telyou declined to make any comment on the speech of Judge Parker tonight. GORMAN CIVES THE NAMES.

Baltimore, Nov. 6.—In a speech yes-terday, Senator Gorman declared that the charges made by Judge Parker as to the collection of campaign funds by Cortelyon were true, challenging him or Treasurer Blias to deny that "there was a meeting of the great cap-tains of industry four weeks ago, near-ly all of whom had been hostile to Roosevelt's election, who were assured Roosevelt's election, who were assured that they would have a square dealthat they would have a square deal-no promise, only a square deal. Mr. Bilss will not deay that, E. H. Harri-man of the Union Pacific was one of those present. G. E. Perkins of Mor-gan & Co, and Mr. Stillman, the great Standard Oil banker, were also pres-ent, as was ex-Secretary Root, con-peting connect and director of all mat-ters relating to federal affairs affect-ing the combines. The object was money, money, "

MR. CLEVELAND ON THE CORTELYOU CASE.

New York, Nov. 6 .- The Times this morning printed a statement from former President. Grover Cleveland. This, the Times says, was given out in inswer to a request that Mr. Cleveland express his views on the recent letter of President Roosevelt and the previous remarks of Judge Parker. The state

"I see that Mr. Roosevelt in his state-ment published this morning in defense of himself and Mr. Cortelyou speaks of the latter as having been my executive clerk in the White House. He might have gone further and spoken of my high opinion of Mr. Cortelyou, amount-

ing to personal attachment. "From this arises my condemnation of the action of Mr. Rooseveit in put-ting him at the head of the Republican national committee: and this had noth-ing to do with the question as to whether or not Mr. Cortelyou has or has not, improperly or otherwise, im-portuned or obtained contributions from trusts and combinations for campaign purposes. With this question I have nothing to do. My complaint is of a different sort.

"Mr. Cortelyou, before his selection as the head of the partisan national com-mittee, with all it implies, was promi-nently the best illustration the country afforded of the useful and beneficial operation of civil service reform. With-out influence or powerful friends he earned a humble place in the public service through civil service examination. He rose step by step through his own merits to positions of the most dellwhen he was put at the head of an im-portant and new department of the government and took a place among the members of the president's cabinet, I believe there was not a right thinking man in the United States who did not rejoice in his advancement as well earned, and I am sure every sincerc

civil service reformer was gratified by the opportunity afforded to point to so convincing a justification of the reform. The last place his friends or the civil service reform would have thought of as one he could appropriately occupy was chairman of the Republican national committee, and the last thing they could have expected him to do was to resign his well-earned and belitting cabinet position to take such



Ordinary underwear, being tightly woven and lying close to the skin, is difficult for the skin to breathe through. The skin is stilled and the throwing off of the natural Exhalations and excretions is hampered.

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a permanent air space between skin and outer fabric. This means a warmer underwear, freedom from colds and a healthier condition of the skin and body generally. The flecce in Wright's Health Underwear does not mat from wear or washing, but retains its properties until worn out. In spite of its many advantages Wright's Health Underwear costs no more than ordinary kinds. At dealers.

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75 Frenklin St., New York. and the shirt of the second

students, there was a rush. Doorkeep. er and students were hurled aside, and a dozen prisoners fied in all directions They had not gone many yards be-fore failers and visitors were in full cry after them, the prison officials firing as they ran. Most of the fugitives quickly surrendered and only two succeeded in getting away. They are Samuel Barrett and Louis Clark, the They former of whom was recently sentenced to a seven years' term. One of the divinity students, a member of the Wil-mington conference academy football team, overtook Clark and tackled him. There was a short but severe struggle. The prisoner was getting the worst of it when he drew a razor and compelled his captor to release his hold.

Imports Into Argentina.

New York, Nov. 7 .- According to the official report just published, the imduring t months of this year amounted to \$134,-135,000, says a Herald dispatch from Buenos Ayres. This is an increase of \$36,670,000, as compared with the sam period in 1903. The exports amounted to \$195,895,000, an increase of \$26,055,000, The imports from the United States amounted to \$15,440,000, and the exports to \$6,755,000.



JUDGE PARKER'S ANSWER.

Judge Parker said: "The purpose of my address tonight is to call attention to the fact that in his strangly belated why to my speech 12 days ago, the preduent has not met the issue creand since the platforms were adopted, manely, can the trusts purchase the election? What ever results may fol-law from his address, the campaign fund cannot he interfered with. It has been raised.

Here the speaker quoted at great length a speech of Oct. 24, in which he first raised the issue. He continued: PURPOSE OF PARKER'S SPEECH.

"You have learned from its reading that the purpose of that address was to warn the people against the corrupting of the ung of the electorate by tariff bred dusts and other monopolies. It conlaimed no criticism of the president. It Emply called attention to a notorious and offensive situation, a situation which presented to my mind the greatest of the moral issues of the campaign, yes of many campaigns, if he had said, on the day after the delivery of my addiese, after the consultation about it which he and Senator Knox had known Tes, I never thought of it before, but hatker is right. Why would a trust ming money belonging to its stockhold. onsisting of women and children. a well as men of both parties, unless is purpose is to get something in retorn, something which its officers reand more than an equivalent for the money taken out of the treasury? Now he is right and I am going to stop it. Perhaps the mational committee can-feet pay back the money subscribed in this way, that they have already Expended, but there shall be no more such contributions. I will join Parker in an effort to protect the ballot of the

honest effizen from being overridden by merchandise ballots." PRESIDENT SHUT HIS EYES.

"If he had said that it would have "If he had said that it would have sounded like the Roosevelt we once had known. And if he had followed it by acts in explanation of his words it would have been of far less conse-quence to the people which one of us should be elected than it is now. But he dd not do u. He shut his eyes to what was going on, and since that what was going on, and since that what was going on, and since that the there have been frequent meet-ings of the trust magnates, and the moneys have been pouring into the traaury all the more freely and all the more plentifully because of the stilltude taken by me, and which. It is true, I have enforced from day to us. I have enforced from day to The president does not deny the

A Wondertui Medicine. A wondertui Medicine.

PARKER'S REQUEST.

"I requested the Democratic national campaign inanagers. Mr. President, that they should not receive directly or indirectly, from any trust, money for campaign purposes. I notified them, that if elected I proposed to enter upon the duties of that great office un-hompared by any obligation to interests or to men. I said to the committee that I would rather be defoated than to be fettered in the effort to accom-plish reforms that are sorely needed. And I am advised by them that my re-ouest has been accompanied. avest has been scrupulously respected. "Instead of co-operating with me in checking this monstrous evil, which seriously threatens the libertlea of our

people, the president called into con suitation your late attorney general, and after that consultation he came out to make an attack on me, not ventur-ing to criticise the attempt of the trusts to control the election. He did not swer the charges nor attempt to. H did attempt to divert public attention. I regret to say to you that it seemed then apparent to me, Mr. President,

that you consider your election of more importance than the checking of this evil Judge Parker repeated the charges against Mr. Cortelyou and commented:

DUTY OF CITIZENS.

"Now, these facts are not challenged in the statement of the president, not can they be. The statute was passed and money was appropriated to probe the trusts. Cortelyon was appointed at the head of it. He was without experience in national polities, and yet

"I chose Mr. Uortelyou as chairman of the national committee." Now that this intended crime against the franchise has been exposed in time, now that the contributions of this money by these great monopolies looking for the continuance of old favors or seeking new ones stands admitted; now that these contributions have been made in such sums as to induce and permit the most lavish expenditures ever made we, as a people, will fail in our duty if we, as a people, will fail in our duty if we shall not rebuke at the polls this latest and most flagrant attempt to control the election--not for legitimate business conducted for proper ends--but in order that the few may still fur-ther strengthen their hold upon our in-dustries. We shall rue it if, as a peo-ple, we do not make this rebuke so emphatic that the offense will never again be repeated." Judge Parker closed with an appeal for the election of a Democratic ad-

for the election of a Democratic ad-ministration and Congress. Following the speech lines were formed and Judge Parker shook hands

with those who had gathered to meet him. The doors of the club rooms were thrown open and Brooklyn Democrate streamed thrugh the club rooms for more than an hour. The judge returned to the Hotel Seville for the night and

A Wonderful Medicine,

a place. I regard it as a distinct loss to the cause of civil service reform that he should have gravitated to duties and work so far and so distinctly removed from any relationship to this reform,

or even to the best things in politics. It is in my belief most unfavorable that hen Mr. Cortelyou assumes again cabinet duties, as it seems to be conceded he will after the election, he will be given the place not in illustration of civil service reform, but in payment of the work performed, and, to say the least of it, the most suspicious partisan service

(Signed.) "GROVER CLEVELAND."

A WYOMING TRAGEDY. Bill Hatfield Kills His Wife and Commits Suicide.

Cheyenne, Wyo, Nov. 6 .- "Bill" Hatfield shot and killed his wife. Maud, and then blew out his brains at Mee-teetse. Wyo. It is said that jealousy was the cause of the tragedy.

Gen. Jesse Finely Dead.

Lake City, Fla., Nov. 6 .- Jesse Finy, one of the last surviving brigadier generals of the Confederate army, died here today, aged 92 years. In the southern service he rose from the rank of private to that of brigadier general. He vas a member of Congress three terms,

Two Men Asphyxiated.

San Francisco, Nov. 6 .- Two deaths San Francisco, Nov. 5.—1 we deaths from asphyxiation from illuminating gas were reported to the coroner today. Martin Schenider, aged 61 years, was found dead in bed. It is supposed he arose to secure medicine for heart weakness and fainted after he had opened the gas jet preparatory to lighting it.

Frank Mahler, aged 45 years, was the second victim, his death also being due to accident.

Son Kills His Father.

Detroit, Mich., Nov. 6.—Edward Howard, a pattern maker, was shot and killed at his home here today by his son Arthur, aged 21. The elder Howard, who had been drinking, at-tacked his wife because she refused to give him money for more liquor. The daughter came to the mother's rescue. Howard planed them both to the floor and was choking them when the son and was choking them when the som entered. The son and his mother assert that the shooting was accidental.

The Olympia in Collision.

Gibraltar, Nev, 6.-The cruisere Olympia, Cleveland and Des Moines of the United States European squadron, Rear Admiral Jewell commanding, have arrived here.

The Olympia had in tow the British schooner Elizabeth, with her stern badly damaged by collision with the Olympia the night of Nov. 5. The Olympia was not damaged.

PRISONERS MAKE A BREAK.

Officers Soon in Pursuit and All But Two Recaptured.

Dover, Del., Nev, 7,-A number of prisoners have made a dash from the Kentucky jail. The man hunt which followed depleted the attendance at the various Sunday schools and dotted the roads and marshes with pursuers for the remainder of the des

The remainder of the day, The Sunday services generally are conducted by divinity students, and at the time they were due the prisoners, evidently by preconcerted arrangement, gathered about the corridor entrance. As the door was opened to admit the

Nancy Leiter to Marry.

New York, Nov. 7 .- It is reported in World dispatch from London that Miss Nancy Letter, daughter of the late Chicago millionaire, Levi Z. Letter, will be married shortly to Capt. Campbell, aide de camp to Lord Curzon The ceremony is expected to take place in about three weeks,

Trappist Abbots in Rome.

New York, Nov. 7.—All the abbots of the Trappist order have just gathered at Rome, says a dispatch from that city to the World. They met in gener-al chapter to elect a new superior gen-eral to succeed Dom Sebastian Wyarth. rcently deceased. Most of those pres-ent were Frenchmen the Transit or ent were Frenchmen, the Trappist or-der having more houses in France than

In any other part of the world. Among the Americans who attended were the abbots of Gethsemane abbey in Kentucky of Melleray abbey in Iowa and in Lonsdale, R. I. The meeting resulted in the meeting

and in Lonsdale, R. I. The meeting resulted in the unani-mous election of the Right Rev. Dom Augustine de la Mare, bishop of Con-stance and abbot of Notre Dame D'Igny, in France, who will now reside in Bome. The new general is it years Rome. The new general is 51 years old.

The Trappist order at present numbers 3,500 members, distributed among 56 monasteries. There are also 16 houses of female Trappists, who have adopted the same rules, and who number 1,500, mostly in France,

Crown Princess of Korea.

Seoul, Nov. 6.-The crown princess died here last night.

GOOD MUFFINS.

Two cups of Shannon & Mott Com-pany's Falcon Self-Rising Pancake Flour, one cup milk, one heaping tabla-spoonful of butter, one tablespoonful of sugar, two eggs; mix the ingredients thoroughly before adding the pancake flour. If richer muffins are wanted, add more eggs. Use no salt, yeast or baking powder. Falcon Self-Rising Pan-cake Flour is a mixed flour of the best portion of wheat, corn and rye. The flour is self-rising. Sold by the best

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