

By Telegraph.

AMERICAN.

CINCINNATI, O., 9.—A fire at Middleport, Ohio, this morning, destroyed nine business houses and three dwellings; loss \$20,000.

NEW YORK, 9.—Judge Lawrence, to-day, refused an injunction restraining the trustees of a Jewish synagogue from permitting male and female members of families to sit together during service, leaving the matter where it belongs, to the jurisdiction of the church.

The skeleton of Filkins, the express robber, who last year escaped from Clinton State prison, was recently found in the main sewer of the institution.

Mark Brown was executed at Monticello, N. Y., to-day, for the murder of Sylvester Carr, of Morton, Sullivan Co.; he made a long speech from the scaffold. His wife and child remained with him to the last; the body was given to his relatives for burial.

WASHINGTON, 9.—The Controller of the Currency has called upon the national banks for a report showing their condition at the close of business on Wednesday, June 30. The Controller desires to retire all circulating notes of the denomination of five dollars of the following banks, notes of that denomination having been successfully counterfeited—the First, Third, and Traders' National Bank of Chicago; First National Bank of Paxton, Ills., and the First National Bank of Canton, Ills. The national banks throughout the country are requested to return all the notes of these banks of the denomination of five dollars to the treasury for redemption, and no additional issues of this denomination will hereafter be issued to these banks.

CHARLESTON, S. C., 9.—The proceedings in the trial of ex-Treasurer Parker, to-day, were very important. Ladd, the missing witness, who had attempted to abscond, was arrested, and testified that Parker told him that \$450,000 in coupons and State bonds had been given him, of which his share was \$150,000; this was when the final settlement was made by the State with its financial agent Kempton. Ladd also swore that Parker asked him to have these coupons funded by an agent of Parker. The coupons belonged to the State.

brigades are actively pursuing him. The *Imparcial* says that Don Carlos and staff have hurriedly decamped from Trevino.

The Alfonsists relieved Vittoria and entered the city on Wednesday. The Carlists have been defeated at Trevino, with a loss of 500 killed and 60 prisoners; they are retreating to the northern part of Alava.

BELFAST, 9.—Gildersleeve, to-day, received a letter from the Secretary of the National Rifle Association, inviting the Americans to shoot on the 17th inst. against a team of eight, picked from the United Kingdom, the range to be 1,000 yards, and each man to have thirty shots. Gildersleeve has replied, declining the proposition. He says the Americans have determined to adhere to their original plan of engaging in only one team match on this side of the Atlantic. He thanks the secretary for the invitation. A letter of a similar character has been sent to Parsons, adjutant of the English eight, in response to his letter of July 5th proposing a match between the Americans and a team of eight selected from the four nationalities of the United Kingdom. For the present all the team matches are off, and it is not likely that any new ones will be made. The Americans will be at Wimbledon, and will take part in the shooting for the Albert Cup and other matches open to all comers.

A farewell banquet was given to the American team this afternoon. Mayor Lindsay entered near the close of the banquet and presented Gildersleeve with the cup won by him at Clondeboye. The Mayor said the citizens of Belfast were glad the cup was going to America. After further speeches the company proceeded to the pier to take steamer for Glasgow, escorted by the mayor and a delegation of citizens. Thousands of people lined the docks and piers to see them off, and there was loud and hearty cheering as the vessel steamed out. The party will visit the Scotch lakes to-morrow, and expect to arrive at Edinburgh in the evening.

PARIS, 9.—The waters of the

Rhone are rising, and inundations are feared.

The town of Liseux and vicinity, in the department of Calvados, has been damaged by the inundation to the amount of two million francs.

CAMDEN, N. J., 10.—President Grant and Secretary Fish and party arrived here to-day from Long Branch, and started for Cape May, in a revenue cutter.

LAWRENCE, Mass., 10.—The Atlantic Cotton mills, which gave employment to 1,250 operatives, shut down to-day at noon, for an eight weeks' suspension, and may be a longer time if the present stock of manufactured goods is not marketed.

NEW YORK, 10.—The specie shipments to-day were \$1,650,000, of which \$1,500,000 was in gold coin.

PORTLAND, Me., 10.—During a heavy storm here this morning, the cathedral was fired by lightning, but the flames were soon extinguished.

CHICAGO, 10.—The *Evening Journal's* Jacksonville, Ill., special, says that the Express train on the Toledo, Wabash and Western Railroad, while running at a fast speed, seven miles west of that city this a. m., struck a lot of cattle on the track, and wrecked the engine and the baggage and passenger car, fatally scalding Peter Teal, engineer, and Roberts, a fireman; a brakeman was also severely injured.

A *Post and Mail* St. Louis special says that an additional reward of several thousand dollars has been offered by the Vandalia Railroad Co., for the capture of the parties interested in the attempted express robbery yesterday.

BOSTON, 10.—The steamship *Batavia* arrived to-day from Liverpool. She brought home for trial three mutineers charged with the murder of Croyden F. Patterson, first mate, and Chas. H. Patterson, second mate, of the schooner *Jefferson Borden*, of Fall River, bound from New Orleans for Liverpool.

Abraham Jackson was arraigned to-day, on a criminal indictment for forgery; he pleaded not guilty, and was remanded to jail in default of bail in \$90,000.

NEW YORK, 10.—A steamer from Panama brings later details of the great earthquake in South America. Cucuta is in ruins, not a single house remaining. The killed are calculated at 5,000. Sosario, San Antonio, Capacho, Gwarimo, San Juan de Urena, San Cayetano, San Cristobal, Teriba, Lobatera, La Grita and adjoining villages are in complete ruins. Salagan suffered severely, and the adjoining country is nearly devastated. Chinacota, Chapo, Pemplona, Cucutilla, Arbedollas, Santiago, Gallindo and Gramolote have also been great sufferers. The number of dead in Cucuta is calculated at three-quarters of the entire population. Thieves and robbers swept down on the ill-fated city, and hardly a single safe has been saved from the Custom House; the pillage is general. The storehouse at Puerto de Los Cachos was sacked and burned by bandits. In Piedecuesta the Town Hall is destroyed, and in Pamplona the Cathedral is in ruins. The Venezuela side has suffered if possible more severely than the Colombian. Ten thousand dollars have been sent for the relief of the sufferers.

The arrangements for the approaching opening of the Booksellers' Exchange and Clearing House are nearly finished, the opening will take place July 19. Preliminary to the opening the booksellers of the U. S. will meet in convention at Niagara Falls, on Tuesday, July 13. The American Book Trade Association was formed last year at a general convention of booksellers at Put-In-Bay. As the entire trade of the country has been invited, irrespective of membership, a full meeting is expected.

OMAHA, 10.—A convention of prominent railroad officials was held here to-day, with closed doors. It is rumored that the subject under discussion was the establishment of a through line of sleeping cars from St. Louis to Ogden, Utah, and the decision as to whether it should go via Omaha or Denver; there is no doubt but that such a line will be established.

BOSTON, 10.—The transactions in California wool show a considerable falling off from last week, but a fair business has been done, although holders have been compelled to concede a little to effect sales. Fall California sold at 20. There is in fact no firmness for any kind of wool, and buyers have

things pretty much their own way. The demand for pulled wools is quite limited. The sales of the week have been 110,000 lbs, at 40 @ 50 for good supers and X, and with an occasional small lot of good eastern and Maine super at an advance on the latter rate.

WILKESBARRE, Pa., 10.—The funeral of Chief Justice Woodward took place this afternoon; the services were conducted by the Rev. H. L. Jones and Bishop Stephens, of the Episcopal church; the bar of the county attended in a body, and there were a number of distinguished persons from a distance present.

RALEIGH, N. C., 10.—The Cotton States Congress assembled on the 13th, in the Hall of the House of Representatives; the Governor will deliver the welcome address and T. H. Busbee will extend the hospitality of the city.

PHILADELPHIA, 10.—The very Rev. Dr. Meriarty, C. S. A., died this p. m., at Villa Wood; he had reached old age, and was pastor of St. Augustine's church here at the time of the riots, when that edifice was burned. He was a man of great literary ability.

LITTLE ROCK, 10.—Good rains have fallen in various sections, and the crop prospect is better than before in the State.

SALMON FALLS, N. H., 10.—The Salmon Falls Manufacturing Company closed their mill No. 2 to day, for two months.

ALBANY, N. Y., 10.—Edward Kelly, a bridge watchman, and his wife and child were run over at Otsego by a railroad train last night; Kelly and his wife were killed, the child escaped.

The story that Filkins, the express robber, perished in the sewer of Clinton prison, is discredited; he has been seen in Canada.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., 11.—The jury in the case of Monroe, on trial for the murder of his wife three weeks ago, this a. m., returned a verdict of guilty, and he was sentenced to the penitentiary for life.

WASHINGTON, D. C., 11.—The Secretary of the Interior has telegraphed to Ouray, one of the powerful chiefs in southern Colorado, requesting him to allow Prof. Hayden's exploring expedition to pass through that section without molestation.

The Commissioner of Internal Revenue has decided to allow such claims of State officers, for the refunding of income tax paid upon the emoluments of their offices, as were filed in due time, whether those emoluments consist of salary or fees.

LONG BRANCH, 11.—Mrs. Algon Sartoris gave birth, this morning, to a fine boy.

CHICAGO, 11.—The *Tribune's* Sioux City special says it is now definitely known that the military will leave Fort Randall on Monday next to drive out the miners who are now in the Black Hills.

NEW YORK, 11.—The first Sunday services at Plymouth church in Mr. Beecher's absence on vacation this summer were conducted by President Porter, of Yale College, who preached an ordinary sermon. The Rev. Dr. Edward Beecher, and Mr. Bullard, Mrs. Beecher's brother, were the only relatives of the great pastor present. In place of the usual floral display the platform was covered with orange lilies.

ST. LOUIS, 11.—The funeral of General Blair took place this p. m. The services were performed by the Rev. T. M. Post, assisted by Dr. Jas. H. Brooks. The remains were conveyed to the Bellefontaine cemetery, under the 1st Missouri regiment, and were followed by a large concourse of citizens.

SPRINGFIELD, Mass., 11.—During a performance in the Music Hall at Westfield, on Saturday night, a slight explosion of gas took place under the stage, whereupon an alarm of fire was raised, and the audience rushed for the doors and windows, many in the galleries jumping to the floor, and others hanging out of the windows ready to drop to the ground if necessary; a cool headed man, however, jumped upon a seat and shouted, "There is no fire," while large numbers soon got out into the street and the jam at the doors and windows was relieved. The audience soon returned to the performance. During the panic several women fainted and a number of persons were quite badly crushed.

WASHINGTON, 12.—The President has recognized Swen John Joannesen as vice consul of Sweden and Norway at Salt Lake City, U. T., and Peter Headbury as vice consul of Sweden and Norway at Denver, Col.

OSWEGO, N. Y., 12.—A fire broke out this morning at Lewis's planing mill, which was entirely consumed, together with Perkins' pump factory, D. E. Rosa & Co.'s carriage shop, and Geo. Skinner's paint shop; the fire is still burning, and has reached the building occupied by the hook and ladder company and the Herrick hose company.

NEW YORK, 12.—A circular, signed by the Erie Protective Committee of London, has been circulated, calling a meeting of the Erie stockholders to-day, to discuss matters relative to the annual election to-morrow.

CHICAGO, 12.—An unknown man and woman, aged about 50 and 45, were found in the lake at Waukegan yesterday; they had been in town during Thursday, and it is supposed committed suicide by walking deliberately into the water.

ZANESVILLE, O., 12.—Lewis Gerwig, of Cincinnati, and Charles Church, of this city, were drowned last night by the upsetting of a skiff.

HALIFAX, 12.—Captain Richard Mach and three others were drowned off Malpique harbor, Prince Edward Island, on Thursday during a squall.

FOREIGN.

LONDON, 7, 5 a. m.—In the House of Commons last night Captain Baillie Cochrane called attention to the progress of Russia in Central Asia, which was such as to furnish her with every facility for attacking India. He warned the government against indifference to the danger pointed out. Russia's breaches of promise in the past depreciated England's entering into entangling engagements with her, and he urged the strengthening of English influence in Afghanistan, for which purpose a visit of the Prince of Wales to India offered a favorable opportunity. He closed by moving for the production of the papers relative to the occupation of Khiva.

Hanbury seconded the motion. Bourke, under Secretary of the Foreign Department, replied that all the papers in regard to Khiva had been laid before the House; other communications on the question of Central Asia had been exchanged, and he was sure, when they were produced, the House and country would approve the course of the government and would recognize the spirit of friendliness which characterized the entire correspondence. Nobody could deny that Russia had broken her engagements in regard to Khiva, and he would not discuss the subject, for obvious reasons. Both Russia and Great Britain ought to recognize the interest they have in maintaining a reasonable distance between their respective frontiers in Asia; the English Government was fully aware of the danger attending the advance of the frontier of either power. The Government did not think an arrangement setting off and defining certain territory between them as neutral ground, was feasible; it would be sure to lead to mutual misunderstandings, therefore the Government did not intend to enter into a formal agreement on such a basis. England wished to show that she was not an aggressive power, and had no desire to extend her Indian frontier. During the maintenance of the present status the Government held itself free to enter into any alliances with nations on her frontiers which might be necessary to the cultivation of friendship. With Afghanistan there was no new policy on the part of Great Britain.

The *Times*, to-day, refers to the military and political situation in Spain, and gives a gloomy view of the Alfonsist cause. It says the recent minor successes of Jovellar have been outweighed by reverses elsewhere. The Carlists seem about to give a forward march, and all the bright hopes Alfonso brought to Spain have vanished and his best generals are less active than heretofore, having met with defeat instead of victory. The king has not been more successful in Madrid—he has failed to satisfy the church and has enraged the Liberals, hence the ministry seem ready to try the effect of as much religious toleration as will permit the Protestants to worship in back streets, but such a concession will disgust the clericals and will not satisfy Alfonso's political supporters. Neither has the king made peace between the warring factions. The press is muzzled to prevent it from being disloyal, and there are no funds to pay the army or navy.

LONDON, 7.—The pigeon shooting match between Bogardus, of Illinois, and Rimmel, champion of England, took place to-day, at Hendon, and was won easily by the former. The provisions of the match were that each should shoot at 50 birds, thirty yards rise, from five traps, five yards apart; Bogardus killed 36 to his opponent's 30. Bogardus challenges all England to shoot against him.

In the House of Commons, this evening, John Bright, presented a petition signed by 60,000 members of the Agricultural Laborers' Union and others asking the extension of household, suffrage to the counties and boroughs, and for the redistribution of parliamentary seats.

Trevelyan moved the second reading of the household franchise or counties bill.

Hon. W. E. Forster supported the bill. He said the principle involved had already been decided upon its merits by all parties. The proposed measure was one of such pure justice that its eventual passage was inevitable. He quoted former utterances of Disraeli favorable to it.

Henry Fawcett said the agricultural laborers had been neglected in regard to education and other things because they had not been enfranchised, and the House would ultimately be obliged to concede the demands of an indignant people.

The speaking on the other side pointed to the large majority against the bill in the last session and urged that the measure was inopportune. The house divided and the motion for the second reading of the bill was lost by a vote of 166 yeas to 268 nays.

BELFAST, 7.—The shooting for the Cup presented by the Mayor and citizens of Belfast took place to-day; Col. Gildersleeve won the Cup over twenty-four opponents.

The contest for the mayor and citizens' cup was held on the range, on Lord Dufferin's grounds, the distance 1,000 yards. Each man was allowed five shots, the highest possible score being twenty. Several thousand persons witnessed the shooting. All the members of the American team and the reserves took part in the contest, which was exciting, especially toward the close. The result was doubtful up to the last shot. The scores were announced as follows—Gildersleeve, American, 19; Lee, of Belfast, 19; Fulton, American, 17; Johnson, of Dublin, 18; Bruce, American, 17; McKenney, of Dublin, 17; Wylie, 16. The tie between America and Ireland was then shot off according to the terms agreed upon. The men had three shots a piece, and the result was again a tie, Gildersleeve and Lee's scores being exactly alike; each made two bull's eyes and a centre, counting eleven. The final result was a victory for Gildersleeve, who made three bull's eyes in succession, scoring 12. Lee made 10. The victorious American was wildly applauded by the excited spectators. In the course of the shooting for the cup, Bodine, Dakin and Coleman, of the American team, made misses, and were obliged to retire in accordance with the rule requiring the withdrawal of any man who made misses of the target. A considerable number of the Irish competitors also retired under the rule, including Wilson, a crack shot. The enthusiasm in Belfast for the Americans shows no signs of abatement. After the contest the members of the American team and their friends, accompanied by the mayor, aldermen and other leading citizens, made an excursion on the Belfast Lough. The party were entertained at Chendeboye, Lord Dufferin's country residence.

QUEBEC, 8.—General elections or members of the legislature for the province of Quebec took place yesterday, and the inauguration of the ballot system passed off quietly.

LONDON, 8, 5.30 a. m.—A dispatch to the *Standard* reports that an insurrection has broken out against the Turks in Herzegovina; the women, children and old men have been sent to Dalmatia for safety. Turkish troops are marching against the insurgents. Austria has sent two battalions of infantry to Mekeorid, on the frontier of Herzegovina.

The visit of the Emperor of Germany to Victor Emanuel will not be deferred later than September.

A letter from Buda and Pesth confirms the reports of the destructive character of the recent storms, and says that twenty-eight bodies have been found, while over a hundred people are missing. The de-