

HEAVEN AND EARTH.

BY F. W. FADER.

There are no shadows where there is no sun;
There is no beauty where there is no shade;
All things in two lines of glory run,
Arches and light, ebony and gold inlaid
Come among us through the shrouds
Of air;
And his dim track is like the silvery water
Left by you pinnace on the mountain lake,
Fading and reappearing here and there.

The lamps and veils through heav'n and
earth that move,
Go in an out, as jealous of their light,
Like sailing stars upon a misty night.
Death is the shadow of coming life; and
Love
Years for her dear ones in the holy tomb,
Because bright things are better seen in
gloom!

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

GAINESVILLE, Tex., Nov. 12.—News was received this morning from Tishomingo, the capital of the Chickasaw Nation, that Governor Guy was assassinated Saturday night. The advice from the Chickasaw nation are that serious trouble is brewing between the followers of Governor Guy and his opponent at the late election, Byrd. The report of the assassination is not yet confirmed.

FORT SMITH, Ark., Nov. 12.—Deputy marshals from the Indian country who arrived here today say they have reports that Governor Guy of the Chickasaw Nation was assassinated Saturday night. This was no more than was expected as a number of attempts had been made upon his life. United States officials leave here tonight for the scene.

WINONA, Ill., Nov. 12.—Peter Howe and wife, a wealthy couple, were murdered last night for money. No clue to the murderers.

A most bloodcurdling and atrocious murder was committed here early this morning. The city is in a fever heat of excitement over the murder of Peter Howe, a wealthy banker, and his wife, aged 73 and 63. About half a mile from the business part of the city stands the Howe residence, a large two-story frame structure. Here lived the aged couple with one domestic. At 7 o'clock this morning, as she came down stairs the reflection from the lamp she carried shot through the open door of Mr. and Mrs. Howe's bedroom, and revealed a ghastly sight. The walls and bed clothes were covered with blood. Lying on a coverlet was a car coupling in to which adhered hair and clotting blood. She ran to communicate the terrible story to Irwin, Mr. Howe's son-in-law. The latter at once suspected Charles Burkhardt of committing the deed, and a watch was at once placed on the rooms where he resided with his wife over the grocery store in the principal business block of the city. Burkhardt was observed walking up and down the hall way apparently in great agitation. It was not long until he discovered cutnails had been posted outside and went into his bedroom, procured a razor and cut his throat from ear to ear and was a dead man inside of five minutes. His wife, who had been in an adjoining room, heard his dying moans. Entering the room he requested her, as best he could, to "care for the baby." The cause of this terrible deed is attributed to a petty spite on the part of Burkhardt. The domestic in the house, Sarah Richardson, a handsome lassie of 19 and Burkhardt's stepdaughter, was often importuned to come and live with him, but she refused to do so and he thought the Howes were at the bottom of her objections. He therefore concluded to murder them. Sometime during the early hours this morning he went out, procured a ladder, entered the second story window and descended to the room where the fearful crime was committed. There was nothing taken from the room, Burkhardt's only desire being murder. Peter Howe, the murdered man, has been a resident of Winona nearly thirty years, and had amassed a fortune here of \$250,000. He was very charitable, and possessed a spirit of philanthropy, which led him some time ago to endow the Howe Institute at New Iberia, La., and the Baptist Institute at Memphis, Tenn., the latter being a college for the education of indigent persons of both races. The murdered wife is the sister of George Parks of Magnolia, Ill., a millionaire. Burkhardt, the murderer, was a dissolute, drunken fellow, and very dangerous when under the influence of liquor. The citizens of Winona emphatically express themselves that had not Burkhardt committed suicide they would have lynched him. Sheriff Morrissey of Ottawa, with three deputies arrived on the scene at noon apprehensive of difficulty of this kind, but the desperate man chose death rather than being taken alive.

The coroner this evening obtained a statement from the domestic, Sarah Richardson. She said that her stepfather, Burkhardt, the murderer, came to the house last night. He did his fiendish work down stairs and then came to her room, and told her what he had done, and after an attempt to ravish her left the house. She lay all night not daring to give the alarm lest he should waylay and murder her. Apparently the assassin's motive, aside from revenge and liquor, was to en-

able his stepdaughter to come into possession of a sum of money promised her by the old people, provided she would stay with them during their lifetime. It would seem that the murderer had a crazy idea that the girl once in possession of this money, it would be an easy matter for him to secure it.

NEW LONDON, Conn., Nov. 12.—Jas. Jordan, lately arrived from the Arctic Ocean on the schooner *Era*, relates the circumstances of the death of John Bull, the Esquimaux sailor, who, with his wife, left Groton, Connecticut, a few years ago to hunt whales. Jordan says John Bull met a terrible death at the hands of the natives for some transgression of the Esquimaux law, whose edicts are executed somewhat after the manner of the cold blooded Italian Mafia. Two weeks before the tragedy his wife was notified, according to the custom, of the coming death at the hands of his countrymen, but under pain of death could not acquaint him with the information. When the day arrived he was decoyed out of the village by two companions to a place designated, where he was prostrated on his back. Then the leader delivered a short speech and called on the man selected to advance and stab him through the heart. While he opened the victim's clothing and pointed out the place, the native first chosen stepped forward but became so nervous that his heart failed him and a second man was called upon to plunge the fatal knife. Poor John Bull was firmly held by twelve assembled friends and literally butchered. The body was left upon the spot, a prey for the bears and animals. Bull and his family were brought here some years ago to testify in the famous case of Spicer vs. New Bedford parties. After the case was concluded Mr. Bull and family took up their residence with Captain Spicer in Groton.

NEW YORK, Nov. 12.—In the prosecution of the suit against Henry Hilton for alleged irregularities in connection with the estate of A. T. Stewart, an expert accountant today swore that in his examination of the dead woman's books he found a lawyer's bill for \$156,000 for establishing Mrs. Stewart's rights to her husband's property. Among the lawyer's mentioned were the late Roscoe Conkling and Wm. M. Evans.

CHICAGO, Nov. 12.—This morning the naked body of a well-developed male infant was found upon the lake shore. The head had been cleanly severed from the body by a stroke from a sharp instrument and was missing. Not the slightest clue to the identity of the murderer has been obtained by the police. It is a sort of Whitechapel mystery, for the murderer left the body where it was sure to be discovered within a very short time, instead of throwing it into the lake, which was only a few steps distant.

NEW YORK, Nov. 12.—Hon. Joseph Chamberlain arrived from England today. His marriage with Mary Edicott, daughter of the Secretary of War, takes place Thursday at Washington.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 12.—Mr. Joseph Chamberlain, who is to marry Miss Edicott, arrived in Washington this evening. He was met at the station by Wm. C. Edicott, Jr., and was driven directly to the residence of the prospective bride. Afterwards he went to the Arlington Hotel, where he will stop until his wedding day, which will probably be next Thursday.

INDIANAPOLIS, Nov. 12.—The state ratification meeting fixed to take place Wednesday night was at a late hour tonight postponed by Chairman J. N. Hoston and other members of the committee on arrangements until Saturday. Complaints reached the committee today from the interior and from the railroad companies that Wednesday did not afford them sufficient time in which to prepare for and participate in the big state demonstration such as the committee has in view.

CENTRALIA, Ills., Nov. 12.—George Bridenbaker, a quarrelsome farmer living near this city, had one of his periodical rows with his wife, who is also of a quarrelsome disposition, last evening and after a general row in which the daughter and son took a hand, George Bridenbaker drew a pistol and commenced the work of annihilating the whole family. The first shot was fired at his wife and took effect. The second shot hit the daughter, while the third went through the boy's hand. Bridenbaker is an old soldier about 45 years old. There is strong talk of lynching. The wife will die.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 12.—Official returns from every county in the state show a plurality of 79,871 for Harrison. Blaine's plurality in 1884 was 81,010.

ATLANTA, Ga., Nov. 12.—Official returns make Cleveland's majority in Georgia 60,003.

NEW YORK, Nov. 12.—The republicans of Brooklyn tonight turned out in a procession of 25,000 men to celebrate the election of Harrison and Morton. The residences along the line of march were decorated, and the favorite song was, "Grover's in the cold, cold ground."

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., Nov. 12.—A dispatch from Carbon Hill, forty miles west of this city says: W. H. Schumaker, a postmaster at Carbon Hill and a prominent citizen, was today shot and killed by his wife, who is only 17 years old. Since the election Schumaker has been drinking heavily, and today in a drunken frenzy he told his wife he was going to pour kerosene oil on her and burn her to death. He first attacked her with a knife but she dis-

armed him. He then seized an oil can and attacked her the second time, when she drew a pistol and shot him through the heart, killing him instantly. She then attempted to shoot herself but was prevented by friends. She was arrested and is now in jail. The couple had been married a short time only. Schumaker was a prominent politician.

NEW ORLEANS, La., Nov. 12.—J. Leon Pounds, who was arrested Saturday at Covington, La., was arraigned today before Commissioner Wright, and sent to prison in default of bail. It is stated when arrested that Pounds had three letters in his possession that had been stolen from the mail pouch at the time of the train robbery, November 3d, on the Northeastern road. Today, Cora Ellis, passing as Mrs. Girard, formerly from Tyler, Texas, came from Covington en route for Texas. She had been living with E. T. Bunch (who committed the train robbery) as his wife. When she reached the city she was taken in charge by detectives, and \$1300 of the stolen money was found sewed up in her clothing. She finally confessed that Bunch gave her the money. Detectives believe they will capture Bunch within the next forty-eight hours. Ten thousand three hundred dollars was all the cash secured by Bunch from the express company.

NEW YORK, Nov. 13.—Panama advice to the 6th inst. say an agreement between the government and the commission representing the English creditors of Peru has been reached, by which the public debt of fifty million pounds will be cancelled. It only lacks the concurrence of Congress, which will be called in extra session this month. There is serious international trouble between Peru and the United States. The circumstances are these: On the assumption that a house at Molendo belonged to the Orequipa Railway and was therefore the property of the state, orders were given to occupy it by force, although the building was declared to belong to a citizen of the United States. It was accordingly seized by a squad of soldiers. The United States consulate was situated in the building, which was forcibly closed and padlocked and the coat of arms removed. The agent was prevented from entering the office for nearly a week. The American minister at Lima, who protests against the seizure of the house, on receipt of the intelligence of this aggression, cabled to his government and was instantly instructed to demand an apology. The house was vacated after six days occupation, but the government preemptorily refused to make an apology and rather upheld the proceedings. On this the minister telegraphed intelligence of the refusal to the department of state at Washington, which ordered him to forward full particulars of the affair before taking further steps.

CHATTANOOGA, Tenn., Nov. 13.—Three bodies were recovered from the ruins of Byran's European Hotel, which was destroyed by fire last night. They have been identified as Edna J. Enes, chambermaid, Mayor Bigler, of Atlanta, Ga., and Thomas Moore, of Bloomington, Ill. Bigler had escaped once and gone back to recover his valise, but was caught on the stairway and slowly roasted to death. His clinched hands were filled with hair which he tore from his head in the agonies of his frightful death.

NEW YORK, Nov. 13.—A destructive fire occurred this morning at Watson's store, extending from 150 to 156 Furman Street. The fire started at 150. The property is owned by Col. Wetz, and leased to the Fulton grain milling company which had 350,000 bushels of wheat and corn in the stores. This building had been gutted before the flames were checked. The interior of the stores was pretty well burned out. The loss of grain is about \$400,000, and of machinery \$25,000. Loss on building \$100,000; insured.

LONDON, Nov. 13.—The body of a well-dressed woman was taken out of the Thames this morning. There were marks on the body which gave rise to the suspicion that the woman had been murdered, but it is possible she committed suicide and that the marks were received by contact with objects in the water. The police searched the casual wards of various police stations in the hope of getting a clue to the murderer, but were unsuccessful. They arrested one man who had a bowie knife in his possession, but there is no reason to believe that he was instrumental in the woman's death. He will probably be discharged.

LONDON, Nov. 13.—Considerable wreckage and a number of bodies were washed ashore between Looe and Palperro in Cornwall during the last day or two. One body has been identified as that of Captain Weyer, of the German ship *Theodore Ruger*. Articles which have come ashore have also been recognized as belonging to both that vessel and the Cunard steamer *Nantes*, with which the *Theodore Ruger* was in collision 56 miles off Lizard. There is now no doubt of the total loss of both vessels, with most of the crew of the *Nantes* and part of the ship's crew. The survivors who landed at Trouville include sixteen of the *Theodore Ruger*'s crew, and two of the *Nantes*' crew. It is believed all the others went down with the vessels.

CHICAGO, Nov. 13.—The *Times* says: Anarchy is not dead or even sleeping. On the contrary it is more thoroughly organized than ever at the time of the Haymarket riot, and its membership is larger than it ever has been. The demonstration of last Sunday at Wald-

helm was not a gathering of a few sympathizers with or friends of the dead anarchists, it was an organized outpouring of internationalists, who had thus arranged to come out and concentrate at any point agreed upon.

Inspector Boufield, who is known to have kept detectives watching every movement of the anarchists the past few weeks, when asked if there were many anarchists at the celebration, replied: "Yes, most of them were anarchists." "Then you think they are still organized and have a large membership?" "I had men out looking up their meetings, and we know where they are and have the names and addresses of the leading and most radical anarchists, so we can reach them in case of trouble. They meet in smaller numbers than before, but there are more of them, and they conduct their meetings differently. There is not so much preparation at meetings for fighting and drilling with arms and explosives, but what is far more dangerous, they are thoroughly organized just within the pale of the law, and all we can do is to keep our eyes on them. The worst thing about it is they have several schools for teaching anarchy, which they call 'Anarchy Sunday Schools.' In these they teach children to hate the law and the officers of the law, and teach them the worst principles of anarchy. Why, the wife of a trusted employe of the county board is an organizer and teacher in one of these schools, and there are no less than five thousand able-bodied anarchists in Chicago today, ready and organized, waiting for the appointed time. Trouble must come sooner or later. They have set a day for it, at headquarters, but in the meantime they will avail themselves of every opportunity to carry out their object of destruction to all organized law and order institutions.

"They sent out circulars before election asking legislative candidates for an expression of their opinion on the State conspiracy law enacted at the last session of the legislature. Many candidates replied that they were in favor of a modification of that law, and some of these candidates were elected too. So you see they are becoming wiser and consequently more dangerous, because the most radical of them are afraid to experiment together with explosives as long as the law is as it is."

"You say they have a day set for an uprising and mentioned headquarters; have you any information of this phase of the internationalists?" "Yes much more than I can give you. But you may say we have positive evidence of their organization, officers, plans, committees, etc. Central points are in London with Paris as next, then Brussels, New York, Philadelphia, Chicago and San Francisco. All the principal countries have vice-presidents, the United States having two, one in Chicago, and one in New York. In the strength of the countries they rank, France first, Germany second, the British Isles third, etc., with the United States and Mexico last. In America their central headquarters are in New York. So far they have agreed on the one hundredth anniversary of the fall of the Bastille as the day for a concerted uprising. I do not think the people can take this too much in earnest. They may have changed it, but they will certainly make an effort. It must come. That is inevitable."

EL PASO, Texas, Nov. 13.—Capt. T. H. Logan, commanding United States troops at Fort Hancock, on the Rio Grande, 70 miles below here, with several members of his command and a civilian, L. W. Evans, on Sunday went on the Mexican side of the river to hunt. They were arrested by Mexican frontier guards as soldiers of a foreign power found on Mexican territory under arms. Civilian Evans was released. The soldiers are still in custody.

LONDON, Nov. 13.—The police are confident they are on the right track in their search for the Whitechapel murderer. Two persons have been found who saw the man that accompanied the last victim to her room on the night that she was murdered. Their descriptions of the man tally in every respect.

RALPH, N. C., Nov. 13.—Elbridge Jordan, who, with his family has arrived at Boston, was, it is said, required to leave Durham, N. C., because he was believed to have incited the negroes to break open the construction car of the Northern & Durham Railroad Company and possess themselves of 100 dynamite cartridges, and also for having incited the negroes to burn the residence of Caleb Green which was actually destroyed with other buildings of that town.

MONTREAL, Nov. 13.—An inspired dispatch from Ottawa appears in the *Gazette*, saying the Canadian government has decided to invite the Australian and New Zealand governments to send delegates to Canada at an early date to consider the question of trade relations, and especially cable communication by way of the Pacific Ocean. This is understood to mean a strong move toward imperial federation, with a strong suggestion of retaliation against the United States by establishing free trade between Great Britain and the dependencies to the exclusion of other countries.

CHICAGO, Nov. 13.—The railway lines running between here and Council Bluffs have served notice on each other that they will not be bound by the present "time agreement" after January 11th. This notice is said to be the forerunner of a revolution in the running time of the trains between the Atlantic and Pacific coasts. The

arrangement pending between the Northern Pacific and Atchafon, Topeka & Santa Fe for through trains west from Chicago, and the Union Pacific will meet this by arranging with one of the Missouri River lines for through trains between here and Ogden with the advent of fast trains, west of Chicago a certain one of them will be made a solid limited train from New York to San Francisco, thus carrying out the European-Asiatic express project, which has been agitated. The first of these changes goes into effect December 5th, when the Union Pacific roads will put on a weekly fast train called the Golden Gate Special, between Council Bluffs and San Francisco. This train will have all the features of all the eastern limited trains, bath rooms, barber shops, etc., and will make the run in sixty hours, which is eleven hours less than any time heretofore made. Only nine stops will be made between Omaha and San Francisco.

CHICAGO, Nov. 13.—The postal authorities have received word that the postoffice at Fort Snelling, Minn., was burglarized last night, and about \$200 in money and postal notes and registered letters to an unknown amount were taken. The registered mail here is generally heavy, on account of the proximity of the government military post.

DENVER, Nov. 13.—The *New* Ignacio, Colo.: The Southern Utes and the commission have been in council the past two days and have agreed upon the terms of a treaty for the removal of the Indians to Utah. The Utes commenced signing the treaty this evening, and appear to be well pleased with the terms agreed upon.

LONDON, Nov. 13.—Another survivor from the Cunard line steamer *Nantes*, before reported sunk in the English Channel by colliding with the German ship *Theodore Ruger*, has landed at Liverpool, and reports 23 of the crew of the *Nantes* drowned.

It is now learned the collision between the *Nantes* and the *Theodore Ruger* resulted in the drowning of 25 of the steamer's crew and 12 of the crew of the German vessel.

ST. LOUIS, Nov. 13.—The Transcontinental Association met this morning. An executive committee was appointed and an adjournment taken to await the action of the committee.

The action of the Pennsylvania road in cutting rates proves a stumbling block for the Transcontinental Association and was the principal subject under discussion today. The executive committee appointed this morning is expected to make a report tomorrow, but the prevailing opinion seems to be that little can be accomplished with the demoralization in the east at the very outset of the deliberations of the Transcontinental representatives.

OMAHA, Neb., Nov. 13.—On Friday last two farmers, Hyrum Rotter and William Ashley, living in Custer County, called on a neighbor named Robinson to see him about some furniture that had disappeared from the school house in that district. Ashley and Rotter were directors. They failed to return Friday night, and after waiting until Sunday their neighbors became suspicious, and instituted search for them. Yesterday afternoon they saw some boys eating at some objects in the hay stack in Holstein's field, and going to the spot, found the dead bodies of the two directors. Rotter's face had been badly eaten by the hog. Holstein cannot be found, and it is believed he took the team which the men had and left the country.

NEW YORK, Nov. 13.—John H. Small, the assignee of the claim held by N. Corwith & Co., lead dealers in this city and Chicago, has brought suit in the Supreme Court against G. Corwith, a metal broker and a member of the metal exchange, to recover \$75,000 damages. Corwith, for several years, has been the broker in this city for the purchase and sale of metals. As such, he has taken charge of the metals purchased or sold for them. It is charged he has fraudulently misappropriated the assets and property of Corwith & Co., made false statements as to his dealings and collected and received large sums of money, for which he refused to render an account. He has been arrested.

INDIANAPOLIS, Nov. 13.—Of the 150 delegates 125 were present when the session opened. It lasted till noon. The press committee of the convention say no great fight was made over the report of the committee on credentials, which was adopted practically as presented. There was some protest as to the legality of the appointment of certain delegates. Schilling, the Chicago socialist, was admitted. In the case of district assembly 48 of New York City, the delegation headed by James E. Quinn, Powderly's lieutenant, was admitted on the ground that it was not proper at this time to go behind the returns. The matter may come up later.

T. B. Barry was in the hall when the session opened and endeavored to speak, but Powderly told him that having been expelled he must go. He again tried to speak in explanation but was compelled to leave the hall. The delegates express the belief that having got the wrong elements on the outside thus early in the session it will be plain sailing.

The case of T. B. Barry is one of appeal from the authority of Powderly and it will be considered in due time by the proper committee. Barry claims to be entitled to a seat and expresses confidence in his ultimate success. It is said by some of those close to him that Barry contemplates the organization of a new order if he fails this