

## BY TELEGRAPH.

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## AMERICAN.

NEW YORK.—Receiver Strong, of the Atlantic National Bank, reports \$30,400 of the securities and missing liabilities are set down at \$1,037,300. The assets, which are \$30,400 short, may be further changed by new developments.

The grand jury, to-day, made a presentment on the subject of the suppression of concert saloons, in which they say the excise licenses shield the proprietors and only the owners of the premises are liable to criminal prosecution and punishment.

The Society of coopers in the Manhattan district numbers 1,700 members, and it is said that a large strike will soon take place. The organization extends through the country, with a total membership of 1,700, and the officers of the society say the present movement has the sanction of all the lodges in the United States. The strike, up to the present time, has not become general; but as many of the large dealers have heavy contracts to fill it seems likely that a temporary settlement will be made. It is said that hundreds of the most intelligent workmen are opposed to the present movement, but they claim that the strike was directed by the grand master of the union of Cleveland, who issued orders that the trade of non-society men in the Eastern States must be crushed out.

Superintendent Kelso has ordered the police to make a census of all the disreputable houses and characters in the city.

WASHINGTON, 2.—Several days ago a telegram was published giving the names of the gentlemen of the original Vienna commission, who are free of the charge of irregularity. The names of the other three commissioners who are implicated in the charge of improperly receiving money are Wm. Moyer, Robert Sergeant, and A. E. Stasry, together with the chief commissioner Van Buren. So far telegrams only have been received by this government, but a full report is expected in a few days. It is understood that all these commissioners were appointed on the recommendation of Gen. Van Buren before Congress made the appropriation to defray expenses attending the American display at the exposition, and it is said that he was cautioned to be particular in his designations. Gen. Van Buren will, however, have a fair opportunity to be heard in reply to whatever charges have been made against him.

Mr. Ordway, sergeant-at-arms of the House of Representatives, in view of the fact that the late Jas. Brooks was one of the oldest members of the service, and following the precedent in the case of the late Thad. Stevens, has tendered, in behalf of the House of Representatives, an escort to take charge of the remains until after the funeral ceremonies in New York. A detail from the Capitol police will remove the remains from the residence of the deceased on Saturday morning.

NEW YORK, 2.—The coopers' strike is virtually ended. Several of the largest manufacturers conceded to the demands of the strikers to-day, and the men have returned to work.

LOUISVILLE.—A movement has been set on foot for federals and confederates to join hereafter in the consecration of the graves of soldiers of both sides on the 30th of May. McPherson, post G. A. R., will join in the movement, as also the most prominent confederate officers residing here.

WASHINGTON.—It has been ascertained that the recall of Minister Delong from Japan was owing to his having repeatedly made presents to the Mikado. On first doing so and the fact coming to the knowledge of this government, he was reminded that under the general instructions to our ministers, such proceedings were forbidden, as all presents to a sovereign must be made through his own diplomatic representative. But Delong, instead of desisting, repeated the act and was again reminded of his instructions, and it was thought that some other person should be appointed who would more faithfully represent the U. S. in Japan. The President will, on his return, appoint a successor.

SAN FRANCISCO, 2.—The Anglo-California bank is to begin active

operations July first, with a capital of \$3,000,000. The managers here, D. G. Seligman and I. Steinhart, also propose to establish here a branch of the Bremen bank, with \$3,000,000 capital.

LOS ANGELES.—The grass hoppers have appeared in the grain fields.

SAN FRANCISCO, 2.—Gen. Schofield has been informed that the fourth U. S. Infantry, now on duty in Arkansas, under Col. Flint, will be sent immediately to reinforce the troops in the Lava Bed. The regiment will probably come overland by railroad.

The Grand jury has ignored the bill for murder against Samuels, the man who shot E. A. Marchand for the alleged seduction of Samuels' daughter.

Lieut. Harris and Eagan and surgeon Seming, who were wounded at the last fight at the lava bed, are getting along well, and will probably recover.

CHICAGO, 3.—A Washington special says as soon as the President returns there will be a cabinet consultation whereat the Indian question will be fully discussed and some plan adopted to meet any outbreak of savages that may occur this summer. The President is expected here at the beginning of next week. Meantime no new arrangements will be made, either as regards the Modocs or other hostile tribes. A proposition has been made to hunt the Modocs from their stronghold in the lava beds with blood hounds, as was done in Florida during the Seminole war. This, however, finds no favor at the War Department, and is not likely to be adopted until all other means of dislodging them have failed. Gen. Sherman regards this as he does the scalp bounty business, rather a dishonorable warfare even against so heartless and treacherous an enemy as the Modocs. There are officers of the army, however, who think it will be impossible to get the Indians out of the lava beds in any other way.

CHICAGO, 3.—President Grant and party are expected to arrive here this p. m. from Galena, where they have been spending a few days.

NEW YORK, 3.—A committee of twenty-five citizens has been appointed from the Episcopal churches of this city and Brooklyn, to properly receive the body of Bishop McIlvaine, and to co-operate with the rector of St. Paul's Church in making arrangements for impressive services to take place there. Bishop Potter of New York will preach the funeral sermon. Most of the clergy of the city and neighborhood will assist at the services.

ST. LOUIS, 3.—Dr. Robert Simpson died yesterday of paralysis, aged 87 years. Dr. Simpson came here in 1809 and was closely identified with the growth and prosperity of St. Louis. He was formerly a surgeon in the U. S. A., and was postmaster of the city under Prest. Madison, sheriff of the county, member of the State Legislature, and held various city offices at different times.

NEW YORK, 3.—The steamships *City of Paris*, *Periere* and *Celtic* took out to-day, \$260,000 in specie.

The counsel for Nixon, the convicted murderer, made application to-day for a new trial; the decision was reserved.

The New York Associated Press, to-day, adopted resolutions of regret at the death of Jas. Brooks.

NEW YORK, 3.—The *Times* this a. m., in an article on the affairs of the Pacific Mail Company, says that it is reported that the mortgages for \$14,000 on the Howe Sewing Machine Co. property at Bridgeport, Conn., which Stockwell gave the company to reimburse it for the amounts he had lost in speculations, is worthless, as Stockwell couldn't legally execute such mortgage without the consent of the stockholders. Moreover, the members of the parties holding the Howe Sewing Machine company express their determination to contest the mortgages as, they say, according to the best legal advice, there can be no doubt that the decision of the courts would be in their favor. The Merchants' and Manufacturing bank holds \$25,000 of the Howe S. M. company stock as security for the loans. The President, Mr. Johnson, says that he has never consented to the mortgages and that an injunction is to be procured to prevent foreclosure and a suit is to be instituted to set the mortgages aside. Stockwell emphatically denies the truth of these reports.

NEW ORLEANS, 3.—Twelve houses

on Lafayette and Freret streets were burned this afternoon; loss \$30,000. During the fire a den of nickel counterfeiters were discovered and a large quantity captured. Several arrests were made.

A hundred and twenty Metropolitans with a piece of artillery have gone to St. Martinsville, St. Martin's parish, to install the Kellogg officers.

NEW IBERIA, La.—The citizens of Iberia parish organized a tax-resisting association to-day. The meeting, which was very enthusiastic, was addressed by several members of the bar, who offered their services free of charge. Resolutions were adopted endorsing McEnery, and repudiating Kellogg and urging resistance to usurpers in the collection of taxes.

WASHINGTON.—The will of the late James Brooks has been admitted to probate. It was executed April 25th, 1873, and a codicil was made on the 30th. He bequeaths to his son James Wilton Brooks one-half of the interest in the *Evening Express* and the *Express* building. To his wife he leaves his Fifth Avenue house and a hundred thousand dollars in land grant bonds of the Union Pacific Railroad, on condition that she renounces her dower right in the personal and real estate in Park Row; his horses and carriages he leaves to Wm. Tracy, a lawyer; he leaves, in trust for his daughter Virginia, all his real estate in Washington, including the house 1813 F St., also thirty-two one-thousand dollar bonds of the Union Pacific R. R.; also thirty-five one-thousand dollars of the first mortgage bonds on the same road. To his daughter Mary Neilson five Eastern Division Kansas bonds of one thousand each, and 3,500 in the St. Louis, Chillicothe, and Omaha R. R. bonds, free from the control of her husband. To her husband, Charles H. Neilson, twenty-one thousand in the first mortgage Union Pacific R. R. bonds, on condition that he defend all his other property against suits instituted by the U. S., or other parties. Five thousand dollars due him by his brother, Dr. Geo. W. Brooks, is divided for the purpose of paying the mortgage on his house in this city to that amount. All his other property, personal or mixed, he bequeaths to his son, James Wilton Brooks, and names as his executor Wm. Tracy of New York. The codicil to the will makes it a condition that his son, and daughter Virginia, shall only enjoy the property left them by paying, in equal parts, all the taxes which may become due on the house on the 5th Avenue during the life of his wife, and he makes such taxes a lien on their estate; and that the son shall pay her three thousand, and the daughter two thousand per annum during her lifetime.

Assistant Secretary of the Interior Cowan says the Indian supplies have been contracted for at lower prices than last year.

Commissioner Douglas has requested each collector to select one storekeeper to take charge of all warehouses in his district where there are not more than two thousand gallons of spirits stored, and to discharge the regular storekeepers.

The collector of internal revenue of the Third Tennessee District has forwarded a copy of a Ku Klux warning, demanding certain officers to be ordered out of the district within thirty days, on the penalty of their murder as well as that of himself.

NEW YORK.—The case of the New York Central and Hudson River Railroad Company, against the collector of the fourteenth internal revenue district to enjoin the collector from further seizure and sale of the property of the company to satisfy an assessment of nearly half a million dollars taxes, was before Judge Woodruff to-day, in the United States District Court. The Judge reserved his decision upon the points raised by both sides as to the illegality of the assessment and the jurisdiction of the court.

In the case of Lucy D. Fisk, widow of James Fisk, Jr., against the Union Pacific Railroad Company, and the Credit Mobilier of America, Judge Blatchford, to-day, entered an order permitting N. W. Butler, a stockholder, to come in and be made a party to the suit, he sharing both expenses and profits, and that the proceedings shall not be discontinued without notice to him.

Little is thought, to-day, of the statement made freely, yesterday,

that Mayor Havemeyer was not mayor *de jure*, because the new charter did not mention the mayor along with the heads of departments to be retained. The mayor is not the head of a department.

The Masonic lodges are discussing the new constitution to be voted on by the Grand Lodge in June. The constitution is said not to meet general approbation.

The health department reports finding, at 37 Essex street, to-day, Mrs. Cassidy in bed, dead of the smallpox. There was an infant beside the body crying piteously from hunger, while on the floor in a drunken stupor was the husband and father.

Beakley on trial for the murder of his niece, made another attempt at suicide last night.

WASHINGTON.—The Secretary of the Interior, yesterday, received the following from Governor Ferry, of Washington Territory: "There are strong indications of hostility among the Indians in this Territory. Emissaries from the Modocs have probably visited them. The settlers have called upon me for arms, but there are none in the Territory. I await instructions." The telegram was referred to acting Secretary Robeson, who authorizes the issue of arms to the Territories, according to the quota of militia, on the requisition of the governor, who must understand that the general government in no way authorizes any military operations not instituted by its order and under its direction and control.

Five hundred postal cards, as a sample of the completed work, were received to-day. Orders for cities will be filled next week direct from the factory.

BOSTON.—The first structure finished and accomplished in the burnt district was dedicated to-day.

NEW YORK.—Felix Brunot, chairman of the Indian Commission, gives his opinion that the rumors of a threatened general Indian war, are groundless, and says that nearly all the reports of Indian outrages are untrue. Speculation is largely to blame for the present outcry against the Indians. He expressed his approval of the policy of Grant, and said that four years of such policy had proved its efficacy, for except a few nomadic tribes, the Indians had been peaceful. Brunot deprecates the cry of holding the Indian race accountable for the acts of individuals, or for even a whole tribe, and insisted that Gen. Sheridan's ideas as to the proper treatment of Indians, were in accord with those of President Grant.

DIXON, Ill., 4.—A terrible accident, involving fearful loss of life, occurred here this p. m. The rite of baptism was being administered to a number of recent converts to one of the baptist churches here, at a point in Rock River, just below the trestle iron bridge. About two hundred persons, including many ladies and a number of children, had gathered on the bridge to witness the ceremony, when suddenly, without warning, the bridge gave way and precipitated its living freight into the stream below. The scene which ensued was indescribably terrible, as the struggling victims vainly endeavored to free themselves from the ruins of the bridge and from each other. Large crowds of people on the banks rushed wildly to and fro, many of them so distracted as to be unable to render any assistance. Others, more self-possessed, speedily brought ropes, planks and boats, and went nobly to work to rescue the living and recover the dead. Some of those who were on the bridge when it fell, were so near the ends that they were able to reach the bank without assistance, while others were fortunately within reach of those on shore, but up to 6 p. m. thirty-two dead bodies had been taken from the river, and it is almost certain that there are others still under the wreck of the bridge. Twenty-four were removed alive, but more or less injured, some fatally.

DIXON, Ill., Midnight.—Up to this hour no other bodies of the victims of the disaster have been recovered at this point, but several are reported to have been picked up at sterling, six miles below, and doubtless the swift current has borne others even further down the river. The general estimate of the number lost is from 90 to 100. It was stated in previous dispatches that 32 bodies were recovered from the wreck before dark. Five other bodies floated down past those engaged at the wreck and have not yet been recovered. There are

therefore supposed to be at least 50 bodies still unfound. Most of them it is thought are under the wreck of the bridge. The bridge was of iron, of the Truesdell pattern, and had five spans, the end spans fell. The three middle spans are still standing, but in such a condition that it is thought they will fall when the wreck of the end spans is cleared away.

Among the killed by the dreadful bridge disaster yesterday were Mrs. Gilman, mother of Lt. B. H. Gilman, U. S. A., now stationed in Utah, and Bessie Royne, a young daughter of Mr. M. L. Royne, editor of the *Chicago Magazine*, and well known in journalistic circles in this city.

HALIFAX.—Seventeen bodies were recovered from the *Atlantic* yesterday.

OREGON CITY, 3.—Last evening the steamers *Shoo Fly* and *Alice*, belonging to the Oregon Steamship Company, were burned. By the prompt action of the fire department the hulls of both steamers were saved, and none of the freight was lost.

A letter from Mohave City, dated the 19th ult., says that a man named Joseph Spearing shot Captain Charles Atchison, in a quarrel originating about a bottle of whiskey. Atchison still lived, and there was some hope of his recovering.

NEW YORK.—The funeral services of the late James Brooks took place this p. m., in Grace Church. Rev. Henry C. Potter, D. D., assisted by Rev. Robt. Holden, officiated. Ever since its arrival from Washington the body had lain in state in the right aisle of the church and during the day it was viewed by crowds of citizens. The casket containing the remains was of massive rosewood, ornamented with beautiful silver floral decorations. The church was crowded. Among those present were representatives from all the prominent journals. The attaches of the *Express* attended in a body. Several members of Congress were present, also a delegation from Tammany, the Arcadian club and other organizations. By the express desire of the family of the deceased, all attempt at display was omitted. The following gentlemen acted as pall bearers: Richard Schell, Cornelius Dubois, Royal Phelps, Horace T. Clark, Francis Skiddy, John D. Jones, Geo. Opdyke and Wm. Tracy. At 2 p. m. the remains were taken to the high altar, when the solemn and impressive service of the Episcopal church, appropriate to the occasion, was performed. No funeral oration was pronounced. At the conclusion of the service the casket containing the body was carried down the main aisle and placed in the hearse. The funeral procession was then formed and passed along Broadway to Hamilton ferry. The streets in the neighborhood of the church were lined with spectators. The remains were interred in Greenwood cemetery, in the family vault.

## FOREIGN.

LONDON, 30.—A strong shock of earthquake is reported to have been felt at Doncaster yesterday.

The Turkish government has ordered forty thousands rifles in the United States.

The trouble between the Latin and Greek monks at Bethlehem has subsided and order has been restored. The Porte leaves the guilty unpunished, but Russia demands their punishment and hopes are expressed that the great powers will now settle the dispute about the custody of the holy places out of which this scandal arose, but they hesitate to approach a question of so delicate a character.

LONDON.—An accident occurred to-night to a train going from London to Chester, and several are reported killed and injured.

In the Tichborne trial to-day, the French tutors of Sir Roger Tichborne were examined and gave testimony, which is regarded as fatal to the hopes of the claimant.

VIENNA, 3.—The Emperor gave a grand banquet last evening at the Palace. Among the guests were all the native and foreign princes in Vienna and the U. S. minister.

The newly appointed American commissioners are actively working to get the U. S. department of the Exposition in complete order.

CHILI.—Thomas Castro and the widow of Dr. Hallie, both residents of Melipella, are about to proceed to England as witnesses in the Tichborne case. The real Sir Roger lived some time in the house of Castro.