

## NEWS OF THE DAY.

Benefits for the Brooklyn sufferers.  
Tilden will not give it up.  
A democratic chancery clerk assassinated in Mississippi.  
Congressional proceedings.  
President Grant tells a piece of his mind on the situation.  
Address of the democratic visiting committee at New Orleans.

The Loundesville murderers and conspirators not lynched.  
H. M. Teller elected Senator for Colorado.

A woman killed by falling through a skylight.  
A defaulting clerk caught.

Firing of guns for Hayes, and talk of firing for Tilden.

Eastern question, favorable for peace.

Mayor Schroeder suggests modes of assistance to the Brooklyn sufferers.

Philadelphia wool market.  
Cigar dealer failure at New York, \$100,000.

## EDITORIAL NOTES.

—Virgil L. Blanchard tells the New York Sun that, speaking from fourteen years of scientific research and professional labor, he finds the cause of intemperance to be "the want of a proper supply of nerve food to meet the waste of the nervous tissue in the masses," and that stimulating brain poisons, such as tobacco, alcohol and opium, temporarily supply the place of brain or nerve food. He says, "In what does nerve food consist? What is it? Is it meat? No. White bread? No. Potatoes? No. If it is not found in these staples, in what is it to be found? I answer, in the exterior of the wheat kernel, in the skin of the potato, and in milk; partially also in eggs and fish."

—Dr. Waters, in the medical service of the Bombay army, while stationed at Bushire, obtained three months' leave, and he resolved to improve it by visiting England, and doing it overland. He rode on horseback through Persia, to the borders of the Caspian, nearly a thousand miles, in fourteen days, over wretched roads. On the Caspian he took boat to Baku, thence to Astrakhan, and to Carizzen, on the Volga, where he took train to Warsaw, thence passing through Berlin and Calais to London. Spending a month in England he went on his return to Alexandria, thence to Beyrout and Damascus, thence across the great Syrian Desert to Bagdad, and thence to Bushire, back in the prescribed three months.

—An exchange says, a new Peter the Hermit has appeared in Russia, in the person of Alexander Prokoshchikoff, an ex-Captain of the Guards, and one of the wealthiest citizens of Moscow. It is said he is employed, under the highest official auspices, in inflaming the populace to the requisite pitch of fury which the Russian Government may care to cultivate in support of the official policy in the Eastern question. He has come to conceive, or pretend, that he has a special mission from heaven to rouse the Russian people for a crusade against the Turks.

## PRESIDENT GRANT ON THE POLITICAL SITUATION.

ONE of the pieces of news that will arrest more than ordinary attention is that in our dispatches purporting to be the burden of an interview with President Grant by a representative of the Associated Press, from which it will be evident that the President is still determined to stand by the Republican party and uphold its course, even with the power of the military if he deems the occasion sufficient.

In the interview it appears that the President holds to the opinion that the Republicans won the day at the recent elections and that all, or very nearly all, of the frauds and abuse must be charged to the Democrats, which opinion certainly favors more of partisanship than of fair judicial judgment. Imprecation of him, he thinks, would be a loss to the impeachers rather than to him.

The points which will provoke considerable discussion are that he holds that most of the Tilden voters are essentially rebellious, that he will order more troops to Washington if he thinks they are wanted; that he will have peace though he has to fight for it, as he did before; that he is constantly threatened with assassination, but he thinks the threateners are crazy, and that he still has hopes that everything political will come out all right. He has an abiding faith in the people, showing that his faith has increased somewhat since the defection of a friend led him to observe that he had almost lost his faith in human kind. But his faith seems to be confined almost wholly to the Republicans. He manifestly has not any great faith in the Democrats, and of these he prefers the southerners to the northerners, which reminds one of the expression of Col. Dumas, that it was astonishing how he liked a man after he had fought with him.

## By Telegraph.

## Last Night's Dispatches.

## CONGRESSIONAL.

## SENATE.

WASHINGTON, 11.—Cameron, of Wisconsin, introduced a bill providing for the redemption of greenbacks, and providing that the United States shall, after its enactment, receive legal tender notes at par for all import and revenue duties and dues. Referred to the finance committee.

Chaffee presented a petition of the citizens of South-Western Colorado

asking for the organization of a new land district in that section. Referred to the committee on public lands; also a petition of the Denver Board of Trade asking that the city be made a port of entry. Referred to the committee on commerce.

Mitchell introduced a bill making a further appropriation of \$250,000 for continuing the construction of a canal and locks at the cascade of Columbia River, Oregon. Referred to the committee on transportation and routes.

Bayard offered the following:

Resolved, That the Attorney General be and he is hereby directed to communicate to the Senate the total number of deputy marshals employed throughout the United States in connection with the election held on November 7th, 1876, stating the number employed in each State, and at each voting precinct respectively, and the length of time so employed.

Morton submitted a resolution providing that the various subcommittees of the election committee, authorized to inquire about certain southern elections, be known as the committee of the Senate, and that the chairman have power to administer oaths. Agreed to.

Boutwell was excused from these committees.

Sherman presented a petition from Gen. Jos. E. Johnson, asking the removal of his political disabilities; referred.

The unfinished business being Edmunds' constitutional amendment proposing that the Supreme Court count the electoral votes, and the judiciary committee's amendment providing that the electors shall vote *viva voce* instead of by ballot, was taken up and agreed to.

Morton opposed the proposition that the court shall disregard errors of form and consider the substantial right of the matter, arguing that this would give the court boundless jurisdiction, even to counting the votes of Vermont. A State jurisdiction should not be conferred on any tribunal. It is dangerous.

Edmunds explained that it was not intended to give the States jurisdiction, but secure what all courts have the right to decide on, substantial right. He further explained provisions of the joint resolution. It was not "swapping orders in the middle of the stream," as some newspapers had asserted. He introduced it last May. Referring to the debates of the framers of the constitution, he said he had been unable to find anything throwing light on the clause of the Constitution concerning the count of the electoral vote in the presence of the two houses of Congress. It did not define the extent of the presiding officer's power. Opinions had long differed on this point, and the judiciary committee had thought it desirable to cover it by reporting a constitutional amendment in 1863. A constitutional amendment known as article twelve, was agreed to, but the discussions it had thrown no light on the true meaning of the Constitution. He reviewed the history of the 22nd joint rule briefly.

Morton regretted this debate thrust on the Senate just now. He had not studied the amendment, though he had considered the subject for years past. The Senate should be very sure that they would be a lasting and proper amendment under which the country could live for all time. This would terminate legislation on the subject for many years if adopted.

Edmunds, answering Merriman, said the judiciary committee considered that a *viva voce* vote was preferable, so that the people's chosen agents should act publicly and show whether they fulfilled their trust.

Merriman gave notice of an amendment, making any Supreme Court Justice ineligible to appoint to any office under the United States, and to be elected President or Vice President until four years after he ceases being such Justice.

Morton submitted a resolution fixing the per diem of witnesses before the Senate or any of its committees, at \$4 per diem and fifty cents mileage, referred to the committee on the subject.

The Chair announced Oglesby a member of the elections committee vice Boutwell excused.

HOUSE.

WASHINGTON, 11.—McDougal's resolution for the appointment of five additional select committees failed to receive the necessary two-thirds vote.

Cox offered a resolution for a committee of five to proceed to New York, Philadelphia, Brooklyn, and Jersey City, which was adopted.

Glover introduced a resolution for the protection of States against domestic violence. It provides that the President shall employ the army and navy for such purposes only after the legislature of the State has certified to him that the authority of the State is forcibly resisted, and is unable to overcome such resistance; or after the governor has certified to him that riot, insurrection or overt act of rebellion have occurred, which such governor has endeavored and is unable to suppress, and that he has endeavored to convene the legislature and that it cannot be convened by reason of such domestic violence.

Kasson introduced a bill to establish a discriminating duty of 10 per cent on sugar, the growth or product of slave labor.

Luttrell introduced a bill for the improvement of Sacramento and Feather Rivers, California, and granting the right of way for a wagon road across the Sierra Nevada mountains below the snow line.

Hardenburgh introduced a bill declaring the true intent and meaning of the act to relinquish the interest of the United States in certain lands to the city and county of San Francisco.

Bills were introduced and referred—

By James, reducing letter postage to two cents.

By Cox, fixing the compensation of letter carriers, in cities having over 100,000 of a population at \$800 the first year, and \$800 the second year, and \$1,000 the third. In cities less than 100,000 from \$600 to \$800 at the Postmaster-General's discretion.

By Darrell, to apply the proceeds of the sale of public lands to popular education.

By Hunter, for the purchase of silver bullion and its coinage in dollars, which are to be legal tender for all debts, public and private, including duties and coin interest.

By Cannon, to promote commerce and cheaper railroad transportation between the Atlantic seaboard and the west.

Banning asked unanimous consent to offer a resolution reciting the election passed on J. Madison Wells, of the Louisiana returning board, in the report of Senator Sherman and others to the President, and requesting the President to furnish from the west department, copies of all reports, orders, correspondence, etc., connected with the removal of Wells from the governorship of Louisiana by Gen. Sheridan.

Kasson objected.

Banning moved to suspend the rules and adopt the resolution—defeated, yeas 141, nays 81; not two-thirds in the affirmative.

DAVID O. CALDER

WASHINGTON, 11.—The democratic House of Representatives held a caucus this afternoon, which continued two hours. There was a general and spirited debate concerning the present political situation and possible difficulties between the two branches of Congress in regard to the counting of the electoral votes and the inauguration of the President. Among the principal speakers were Randall, Wood, Hunt, Caulfield and Carr. A determined spirit was manifested to maintain all the constitutional rights of the House, and give effect to what is claimed by the democratic members to be the expression and will of the people in the recent presidential election.

WESTERN.

More Benefits for the Sufferers by the Brooklyn Calamity.

Goode offered a resolution instructing the judiciary committee to inquire into and report on the legality of the circular issued by the Attorney General during the late presidential campaign, for United States marshals in relation to their powers and duties in such election. Adopted without division.

Spencer moved to suspend the rules and adopt a resolution instructing the judiciary committee to inquire what intimation had been practiced on the government employees during the recent election, to compel such employees to contribute to the election fund of any political party, and what legislation is needed to abate the evil. Negatived—yeas 131, nays 74; not two-thirds.

EASTERN.

The Loundesville Murderers Not Lynched—Judge Bond Discharges the Canvassing Board.

COLUMBUS, S. C., 11.—Positive information has been received here that the Loundesville murderers were not lynched as reported. The prisoners were taken from Loundesville to Anderson on Friday night and removed thence to Wallhalla, Goode county, where a protection against violence and owing to the threats made by the people. The investigation discloses a horrible plot to murder the whites indiscriminately, with a view to the excitement among the whites to the extent of threatening summary punishment. The precaution taken averted this, and everything is now quiet. One of the captured murderers took laudanum, and died from the effects; the jury in his case returned a verdict accordingly. The prisoners are now safe in Wallhalla jail.

Judge Bond has delivered a decision discharging the board of State canvassers from custody on the ground that the supreme court of the State had no jurisdiction.

Tilden Will Not Give Up the Contest.

CHICAGO, 11.—The Tribune's Washington special says the gentlemen who went over to spend Sunday with Tilden, inform their democratic friends, to-day, that they found him fully convinced of his election, and determined not to abandon the field. He did not desire or expect that the contest should cause fighting, but he proposed not to stop until all means to secure his rights were exhausted. He would even carry the contest through the entire term.

Caucus of the Democratic House of Representatives.

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WESTERN.

More Benefits for the Sufferers by the Brooklyn Calamity.

SAN FRANCISCO, 11.—The theatrical fraternity of this city is making preparations to give a benefit for the sufferers by the calamity at the Brooklyn Theatre, N. Y.

John McCullough, manager of the California Theatre, will give the total receipts of his house on the same night the Brooklyn and New York theatres devote to that purpose.

Thomas Maguire, lessee of Baldwin's Theatre, Maguire's New Theatre and Maguire's Opera House, is making arrangements for a benefit at all these establishments.

The managers at Wade's Opera House will probably do the same. Camilla Uiso offers the entire proceeds of her first concert to-morrow evening.

The Contempt Case.

TALLAHASSEE, 11.—The trial for contempt against Cowgill and McLean of the returning board, was continued to-day, pending the trial of the mandamus ordering them to open the canvass again and make a purely ministerial canvass of the returns.

FOREIGN.

GREAT BRITAIN.

The Conference and Peace.

LONDON, 11.—The correspondent of the Standard at Constantinople, telegraphs the following: I learn, from undoubted authority, that the conference will certainly result in peace, a mode of satisfying all just demands and providing sufficient guarantees having been found.

FRANCE.

Will Not Vote for the Budget.

VERSAILLES, 11.—Various groups of the Left have urged the President to endeavor to induce President MacMahon to hien the solution of the crisis in accordance with the views of the majority. The deputies of the Left have resolved not to vote the budget until the republican cabinet is formed.

SPAIN.

Will Not Pay for the Support of the Army.

SAN SEBASTIAN, 11.—Gen. Quesada has ordered the Basque provinces to pay eighteen millions and a half of reals for the maintenance of the army of occupation. The deputations refuse, alleging the inability of the people to raise the amount. Great excitement prevails.

GERMANY.

Specie Increase.

BERLIN, 11.—The weekly statement of the Imperial Bank of Germany shows an increase of 7,212,000 marks.

Seek to Employ the Needy in Your Midst!

TO follow principle leads you in the right direction, and vice versa. Pay your dollar to your own household; purchase and you will see it again. As well so live in Babylon as support her here.

ORLANDO F. MEAD.  
Sole of Dr. Platt's Market Row.

WOOL! WOOL!  
WASATCH WOOLEN MILLS.  
WANTED!  
100,000 Lbs. of WOOL.

FOR which I will pay the Highest Price in Cash, Store and Home-made Goods consisting of the following: Tweed, Jeans, Flannels, Linseys, Blankets, etc. Also Yarns, plain and fancy.

My terms are: Cash for all goods, or I will accept of goods on consignment, at the rate of 10 per cent, for a period of six months, or longer, if desired. Goods must be delivered at the factory, three-fourths of a mile East of Pleasant.

JAMES McGUIRE, Leno.

MOUNTAIN WRIBLER

THERE being several hundred copies of the above Song Book remaining unsold, the publisher, J. W. WILLES, Office for 25 cents per copy.

W. M. WILLES.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

SALT LAKE THEATRE!  
W. T. HARRIS, Business Manager.

Wednesday Eve., Dec. 13,  
GRAND REPRESENTATION  
OF  
ARRAH-NA-POGUE!

OR THE  
WICKLOW WEDDING.

MR. E. J. CROWELL in his great character of  
MICHAEL FEENEY.  
MR. M. FORSTER as SHAUN,  
With Song "Wearing of the Green."  
SUSIE MARDEN as ANNA.

Incidental to the place will be the celebrated  
BARN-DOOR JIG.

Admission—Usual Prices.  
Box Office open Wednesday at 10 a.m.

QUORUM NOTICE.

THE members of the 22d and 33d Quorums of Seventy will please meet on Sunday next, Dec. 15th, at the Council House at 10 a.m., and thereafter at the same place on the first and third Sundays each month.

By order of the council.  
G. F. BROOKS, Sec.

SIERRA NEVADA  
Lumber Association  
WHOLESALE and RETAIL  
DEALERS IN  
LUMBER  
LATH,  
Shingles, Doors,  
WINDOW BLINDS, &c.  
SUPERIOR  
Wood Pumps!  
KEPT IN STOCK.  
OFFICE AND YARD  
One-half Block South of Depot  
S. J. LYNN, Supt.

TOYS! TOYS!!

A NEW AND SELECTED STOCK of Children's Toys just opened. Suitable for Christmas and New Year Presents. Cheap. One block west of Temple Block.

DISSOLUTION OF CO-PARTNERSHIP.

THE co-partnership heretofore existing between H. B. BOWMAN and C. H. CROW, under the firm name of Bowman & Crow, has this day been dissolved by mutual consent. The business will be continued at the old stand by C. H. CROW and J. C. BOWMAN, to whom all accounts due the late firm must be paid.

H. B. BOWMAN.  
C. H. CROW.

SIEGEL & CO.,  
Third West Street, next Door to Sierra Nevada Lumber Company, near Utah Central Railroad Depot.

W. M. JENNINGS, SONS & SADLER,  
Importers, Jobbers and Wholesale Dealers in GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

HIDES! HIDES! HIDES!  
WOOL! WOOL! WOOL!  
Cash! Cash! Cash!  
NO STORE-PAY.

W. B. take pleasure in informing the BUTCHERS and WOOL GROWERS of Utah that we have opened a house for the purpose of purchasing

Wool, Hides, Pelt, Tallow and Furs, for which we are prepared to pay the HIGHEST MARKET PRICE

IN CASH!

We will make advances on contracts, and guarantee to always pay as much, if not more than any other house in Utah.

SIEGEL & CO.,  
Third West Street, next Door to Sierra Nevada Lumber Company, near Utah Central Railroad Depot.

NEW YORK TRADE.

THOMAS M. ARGALL & CO.,  
MANUFACTURERS OF  
MEN'S and BOYS' CLOTHING  
314 and 316 Broadway,  
JOHN E. COWLES.  
NEW YORK  
BENEDICT, HALL & CO.,  
BOOTS & SHOES  
Nos. 124 & 126 Grand Street,  
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NEW YORK  
A FEW COPIES FOR SALE  
DESERET EVENING NEWS  
SALT LAKE CITY.  
Mailed on receipt of price.

# THE CENTENNIAL HOLIDAYS!

## GRAND OPENING OF Z. C. M. I. TOYS.

ON MONDAY, THE 11th INST. WE WILL DISPLAY IN OUR RETAIL DEPARTMENT A RARE AND CHOICE LINE of TOYS, selected by experienced importers from the best factories in Germany, France and Bohemia. Our buyer being thoroughly acquainted with the wants of this market has spared no pains to secure everything desirable in a first-class stock of HOLIDAY GOODS, and they are offered at prices unparalleled in the history of the trade. Among which are

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| China Limb Dolls,<br>Wax Dolls,<br>Dressed Dolls,<br>Worsted Dolls,<br>Wooden Dolls,<br>Nigger Dolls and Doll Heads,<br>Crying Dolls on wagons,<br>Evening Games,<br>Tin Trumpets,<br>Fancy Tin Rattles,<br>Italian Rubber Rattles,<br>Ivory Rattles,<br>Tin Buzzing Tops,<br>Humming Tops,<br>Toy Paints,<br>Pop Guns,<br>Toy Buckets,<br>Toy Watering Pots,<br>Toy Cups, fancy,<br>Wooden Whistles,<br>Mozart Accordions,<br>Grand Pianos, 7 <sup>th</sup> Octave, | Gymnasts,<br>Colored Preachers,<br>Sewing Machine Girl,<br>Steamboats,<br>Steam Engines,<br>Italian Opera Harmonicons,<br>Naritik Gold Watches,<br>Revolving Chimes,<br>Centennial Toy Bells,<br>Mounted Charm Bells,<br>Single and Double Trucks,<br>Tin Animals,<br>Railroad Trains,<br>Shepherd's School Slates,<br>Drawing School Slates,<br>Ten Pin Alleys, assorted,<br>Toy Kitchen and Britannia Tea Sets,<br>Greco-Roman Wrestlers,<br>Tool Chests for boys,<br>Toy Books,<br>Buggy Whips, | Mechanical Toys.<br>Lovers' Telegraph,<br>Chinese Acrobats,<br>Jack-in-Box,<br>Doll-Room Sets,<br>Savings Banks, in assortment,<br>Rocking Toy Bells,<br>French Toy Bells,<br>Racers on Platforms,<br>Hay, Coal, Wood and Dump Carts,<br>Peddlers' and Express Wagons,<br>Mechanical Locomotives,<br>Revolving Hoops,<br>Magic Lanterns,<br>Alphabet Blocks,<br>Noah's Arks,<br>Double Gymnasts,<br>Bubble Blowers,<br>Toy Plates,<br>China Dogs,<br>Legerdemain Sets,<br>Rubber Balls, etc., etc. |
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In addition, we offer the Public a Large and Varied Assortment of

## STAPLE AND FANCY GROCERIES,

Selected with special reference to the Holiday Season, and which are guaranteed fully up to our regular standard.

The advantages of capital and experience possessed by the Institution enable it to offer all lines of GENERAL MERCHANDISE on very close margins, and dealers, however remote from business or manufacturing centres, can rely upon their orders (through mail or otherwise) receiving the same prompt and careful attention as heretofore.

H. S. ELDREDGE, Supt.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

## EAGLE EMPORIUM.

1876. CHRISTMAS! 1877. NEW YEAR.

CHEAPEST PLACE TO BUY GOOD GOODS.

Staple Groceries, Fancy Groceries, Crockery, etc., etc.

Hardware, Crockery, etc., etc.

Staple and Fancy Groceries, Crockery, etc., etc.

Hardware, Crockery, etc., etc.

Staple and Fancy Groceries, Crockery, etc., etc.

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