

division formed in line for general review. At 11 a.m. Lieut. Gen. Wells and staff arrived on the ground; and we noticed among the distinguished visitors present, Pres. H. C. Kimball, Gen. Geo. A. Smith, Major Gen. A. Johnson, Brig. Gen. A. K. Thurber and Major Vance of Utah Co., Col. T. E. Ricks, Col. Martineau and Lieut. Col. Collett of Cache county; Gen. J. E. Smith late of the U. S. service, Hon. G. Q. Cannon, Hon. Secretary A. Read, Bishop E. Hunter, Hon. W. H. Hooper, A. M. Musser and other gentlemen of prominence.

We were pleased to see among the gentlemen present General Rushling, Inspector General of the U.S. on the Pacific Coast, Major Grimes and some officers from Camp Douglas.

REVIEW.

At 11 a.m. the troops were reviewed. First a standing review, when the Lieut. Gen. and Staff with the distinguished visitors passed round them in line, followed by the troops passing in column in marching order.

Governor Durkee, Commander-in-Chief of the Territorial Militia was absent on account of indisposition, but we noticed among the gentlemen present Col. B. F. Head, Superintendent of Indian Affairs.

THE APPEARANCE OF THE MEN.

The men presented a very fine appearance, taken as a whole, and moved with a precision and soldierly tread that showed a marked improvement in drill since last fall. Several companies of the Cavalry were neatly uniformed, as were the Artillery, who passed with the few small field-pieces they had brought out to drill; the 1st battalion of the 3rd reg. of infantry, and some other companies of the infantry showed a marked advancement towards uniforming. It was gratifying to see that in the matter of uniforms the officers were setting a good example to their men, the U. S. army regulations with regard to uniform being nearly altogether adopted. We were very much gratified to hear the encomiums passed upon Cap. Croxall's band for their fine appearance, nice uniform and excellent music as they passed in review.

ADDRESS.

After the review the troops formed in hollow square when Lieut. Gen. Wells addressed them thanking them for their promptness in coming out to the muster: for efficiency displayed in the drill and evolutions. He instructed them to discontinue inebriety in every way. He said he had been out on camp duty during this present summer, and had reason to be gratified with the manner in which the militia of this county had conducted themselves; as well as with the militia farther south. He inculcated the principles that our militia should understand the use of arms, how to control them, and in every way be efficient soldiers according to the prescribed regulations for the militia of the United States; so that in the hour of emergency, being surrounded as we are by a native population who are at times hostile by precedent and by education, we may be prepared as should become men situated in such a country.

We considered his remarks highly seasonable and appropriate under the circumstances; and inductive to our militia becoming still more effective than they are in those points which should characterize a citizen-soldier—a conformity of conduct with the Constitution and the requirements of law, every dereliction from which should be deemed reprehensible.

He was pleased to compliment the Division on the unfrequency of profane language heard amongst them; and said that there was no reason why the use of such expletives should be indulged in by the troops; but that every man should feel that he was present to do the will of Him who controls all men.

He urged on all to cultivate a spirit that would lead them to ever feel willing to maintain truth and righteousness, the cause of liberty and our country's good.

He again thanked the men present for their attendance and referred to the superior quality of arms which they exhibited in the review, and encouraged them to in every way qualify themselves for the duties that might possibly devolve upon them as men engaged in frontier life.

At 3 p.m. there were brigade and regimental evolutions which were performed in a highly creditable manner.

FRIDAY.

On Friday morning there was a regimental dress parade, followed by brigade evolutions. After a brief dismissal the division was arranged in opposing forces, the cavalry and a portion of the artillery on the one side, occupying the north of the ground, and the infantry with the rest of the artillery on the opposite side, occupying the south of the camp ground. Lines of skirmishers were thrown out; various evolutions were gone through; charges were made and repulsed, and everything went off with fine spirit. A portion of the cavalry made a dash at the opposing artillery, strove to take a gun, but failed, and after an exciting struggle returned bearing with them a captured flag; but as it was not deemed according to the established custom of such warfare the coveted piece of silk had to be returned.

SHAM FIGHT.

At 2 p.m. the event of the day was to commence. The skirmishing of the morning was then to be followed by a fight. Of course everybody said it was a "sham," but "the boys" were wonderfully in earnest; so the troops again divided, Major Gen. Burton handling the infantry and accompanying artillery, and Brig.

Gen. B. Young, jun., being in command of the cavalry and artillery accompanying. We noticed Gen. L. Smith of Davis Co., doing duty with the cavalry.

Skirmishing lines were again thrown out, and advanced, when the infantry rallied in small squares to repel the attack of the cavalry. They then retired on the main body of the infantry, which advanced in line of battle with columns in mass. The cavalry charged, and were met by artillery firing from the right of the infantry line. The infantry then changed front left back, and took up position close to the line of encampment, facing the west. A corresponding movement was effected by the cavalry preparatory to another attack. A charge was made on the infantry line, met by some sharp company firing. Other movements followed which changed the relative positions of the contending forces, the cavalry facing the north and the infantry south. Here the heaviest charges were made, the cavalry dashing on the infantry line, and being met by a steady fire, which invited them to retire. During the continuation of the affray the artillery played with sufficient noise to indicate considerable fury. The movements were executed with much precision and steadiness, and showed that the officers and men had not been unmindful of their drill duties during the past year.

Pleased crowds of visitors watched the exciting contest, and were keenly alive to the interest of the occasion.

We were pleased to see President B. Young on the ground, accompanied by a number of friends, indisposition having prevented him from being present at the Review on the previous day. We also noticed Judge McCurdy among the visitors present.

THE RETURN.

On Saturday morning the encampment broke up; the troops formed in hollow square and were addressed in a commendatory manner by Gen. Burton and several other officers, each address being greeted with a "full three" by the troops. Forming into marching column they returned to the city, where they were dismissed. It was pleasant to see the harmony and concord which characterized the militia during their muster and drill, and to notice the absence of profane language and of inebriety in and around the encampment.

The weather was superb during the entire time, and everything conspired to make the occasion one fraught with pleasant reminiscences. While it is to be hoped that the improvement manifested by officers and men since last fall, will be followed by a proportionate improvement before the next annual muster.

Our "special" expresses his appreciation of courtesies received at Headquarters, and at the quarters of Gen. Young, Col. Sharp, Col. Smith, commanding the 2nd Brigade, Col. S. W. Richards and elsewhere. The crowds of citizens present each day kept the gentlemen who did the agreeable in an unenviable condition of activity, for their attention and gallantry seemed extended to all who dropped in to their quarters, and the calls on their hospitality were neither few nor far between.

HOME ITEMS.

SABBATH MEETINGS.—Pres. D. H. Wells occupied the stand in the forenoon, and expressed his gratitude at being one with the Latter-day Saints, and at being engaged with them in the great work of the last days. He exhorted the people to faithfulness day by day in the performance of every duty, enjoining upon them the importance of aiding themselves in every righteous requirement, by which they would receive aid from the Lord, who is ever ready to bless His people.

Afternoon.

President B. Young spoke of the principle of revelation, showing that it is enjoyed by all the human family; illustrating by reference to various things that do not seem to be the result of unaided thought; to discoveries in science and art; and to the communication of ideas and knowledge from one to another, which is simply revelation from those who communicate to those who receive. He traced up the communication of knowledge among mankind, until the greatest point of knowledge that man possesses would be reached, and, looking upon the capacity of man to eternally increase in knowledge, inquired who then would be our Revelator? He pointed to the power of perceiving, bestowed upon man; to the knowledge which is obtained through its exercise; and to the principle of revelation permeating all the means by which intelligent beings receive knowledge. He referred to the course pursued by some noted so-called reformers, to circumscribe the religious faith of mankind; to the inevitable leading of one truth to another, until we come into direct communication with God, the Fountain of knowledge; and viewed the alleged statement made that important discoveries in science and art are simply the result of thought on the part of the discoverers, querying where the idea first came from? and on what principle thought travels to reach points of knowledge hidden before from all the world?

He showed that our religion incorporates within it everything that appertains to the good of mankind,—it embraces life, light, truth and knowledge.

He urged the importation of machinery for manufacturing purposes by our capitalists, the keeping of silk worms, the cultivation of flax with the cotton we now grow; and to see that the wool taken from our sheep is properly worked up to supply ourselves with clothing of every kind of the finest quality and best fabrics.

THE INQUEST.—The investigation of the inquest continues slowly, nothing of importance having been yet elicited.

THEATRICAL.—There was a very crowded house on Saturday night to witness the performance of Asmodeus and the Wild Irish Girl. The first is a very neat and sparkling little two-act comic drama, full of life and vivacity. Carlo, in the character of Asmodeus, was played by Mrs. Irwin with a great amount of piquant humor: she was undoubtedly "a very clever little devil," and "a very gentlemanly little devil" too. Mr. Irwin as Don Rafael acted with more than usual comic power. Mr. McKenzie played the creature of the Inquisitor with admirable ability. Mr. J. R. Clawson was sombre-looking enough for any Inquisitor. Mr. Lindsay was regally fitful, and Miss Emelle looked "every inch a Queen." We trust Asmodeus will soon be presented again. It would bear repetition several times.

The Wild Irish Girl was repeated with its previous success; and everybody seemed completely satisfied with the evening's performance.

Cap. Croxall's capital brass-band, dressed in their elegant uniform, alternated with the orchestral band, in producing harmony for the audience. They discoursed some excellent music, and were warmly greeted with applause.

LIVELY.—Everybody with his family was supposed to be down at the review on Thursday, and a gay and lively assemblage of people were present. Still, there was a considerable amount of life remaining in the city, judging by the numbers who kept moving through the principal streets.

UTAH COUNTY ITEMS.—From an old and valued correspondent of the News we learn the following items:—

The road between G. S. Lake and Utah counties, round the point of the mountain, is in rapid progress, the men, under the direction of Bishop D. Evans of Lehi, being actively employed in furthering it. The Legislative appropriation for that purpose is, we understand, judiciously expended. It is expected to be finished this month.

The road between American Fork and Pleasant Grove is said to need repairing. The Legislative Assembly will doubtless attend to this with other matters that may demand their consideration from that county.

The Spanish Fork Bridge is about to be moved under the efficient direction of Judge G. Bean.

The Provo Court House is also in progress under the direction of the same gentleman.

The meeting-house is moving towards completion, and would have made further progress but for impediments thrown in the way by mechanics. The plastering will be finished in a few days.

It is suggested that if the Provo river were turned under the bridge, it would be an accommodation to the traveling public; as it is now, it may be a highly valued work of art, but passers, who find the bridge on one side and the river on the other, necessarily would like to know what bridges in that part of the country are made for? This question will doubtless be solved so early that it will be needless repeating the inquiry; as it is now—running round the west side of the bridge, it is of no particular benefit to any body.

It has also been represented that the man who keeps the water running across the road on each side of Houtz's mill, near Springville, and who has been in the habit of doing so for years past, will stop doing so.

The meeting-house at Springville is expected to be completed this winter.

In Payson and Santaquin the people seem to be in prosperous circumstances; and at Fairfield there are growing evidences of progress. Everything seems prosperous in those settlements. A large amount of stray stock, we understand, has been driven from the latter settlement recently, by the precinct pound-keeper, under the late law. Owners of stock will govern themselves accordingly.

MUSTER AND DRILL IN CACHE Co.—On the 24th ult. the militia of Cache County assembled for the annual general muster and drill, at a point west of Millville, admirably adapted for the purpose. There were on the ground Brig. Gen. E. T. Benson; Col. J. H. Martineau; Lieut. Col. P. Maughan, Quartermaster; Cap. Robinson, 2d Aide, and D. B. Lameroux surgeon. Col. T. E. Ricks' 1st reg. of cavalry; Col. Crockett's 1st reg. of infantry; and Col. W. Maughan's 2d reg. of infantry, were the forces on parade. Col. Martineau reports that they had an excellent time for their parade and muster. The weather was propitious; and the troops displayed an acquaintance with the drill and evolutions performed that was highly note-worthy.

The efforts of the officers and men, to uniform and equip themselves with efficient arms, are highly creditable, and speak well for the spirit and enterprise of Cache County; qualities in which the brethren there are never found wanting.

TELEGRAPH LINE NORTH.—The wire has been stretched between this city and Montana, and that Territory is now in telegraph communication with the East and West, as well as with G. S. L. City and other great centres of information,—of course.

THE WEATHER.—For some little time past, the weather has been as congenial as the most fastidious could desire. Warm sunny days, and not over cold nights have been the order, making roads good for helping in the winter's stock of fuel, and giving a fine chance for fall-planting. On Sunday afternoon it blew rather strongly from the south for a few hours, which was followed by a nice shower of rain at night.

ACCIDENT.—During the "feint fight" on Friday morning last, at Camp Wasatch, a member of the 3d battalion 3d reg. of infantry unfortunately had his eye severely injured by the discharge of a pistol, loaded with blank cartridge, fired by one of the cavalry, close to his face. Division surgeon W. F. Anderson was immediately in attendance, and the wounded man was sent home in a conveyance, as soon as possible. We understand that at the close of the Muster, a very liberal sum was subscribed for him by the officers and men.

BRIGHT LOOKING.—The parquette of the Theatre presented a very bright and glowing appearance on Saturday night, with brilliant uniforms "flanking" fair partners, the officers at the muster having been invited to seats in the centre of the parquette where they could enjoy the performance with pleasure after the fatigues of their camp exercises. Of course everybody was pleased to see the officers "at ease;" and of course they felt good under the circumstances.

DR. SAYRE.—This gentleman left for the West, on Saturday last, in company with Ben Holladay, esq. During his brief stay here, he performed a number of delicate and difficult surgical operations; and carries with him the thanks of those who have been benefited by his skill. We wish him pleasant times, on his travels, and all the health and happiness he desires.

BADLY HURT.—A man named Jeremiah Mahony, who resided on the Weber, had his wagon overturned on Saturday evening between the Penitentiary and the Paper Mill, and was very seriously injured by it, his head having been terribly cut, with other injuries received. Dr. Anderson was called out to the place, the injured man was attended to and conveyed to the city, where at last accounts he was still in a very precarious condition.

SUICIDE.—On Saturday evening Frederick Weed, late 1st Lieutenant of the 2d Cav. Cal. Vols., and nephew of the Hon. Thurlow Weed of New York, committed suicide in this city, by taking laudanum. An inquest was held on the body of deceased before Coroner Clinton, and a verdict returned by the jury in accordance with the facts.

REMOVED.—Bodenburg & Kahn have removed to their new store in the old stand of Staines & Needham, a few doors below Salt Lake House, where they have opened out with an extensive and varied stock of goods. They are courteous, gentlemanly and obliging, do a good trade and deserve it, being satisfied with a fair percentage of profit for attending to their business. Call in and see them.

CHISLETT & CLARK have received their stock of goods for the season, and offer to sell as low as any house in Utah. They do a cash business and bear the character of keeping good articles which they sell at cheap rates.

BANKING.—Hussey, Dahler & Co. have opened in their new banking-house in Commercial Buildings, west side of East Temple St. Their place of business is lofty and commodious, fitted up in the finest style of banking-houses, and would be an ornament in any city in the Union. From the excellent style in which matters are conducted by Mr. Hussey, we have no question, but the business of the firm elsewhere must be very extensive, as it has rapidly become here in a short time.

[From the Millennial Star.]

RELEASE AND APPOINTMENTS.

Elder Franklin D. Richards has been appointed to labor in the Liverpool Office, and to travel through and visit the principal Conferences in the Mission, as circumstances may permit.

Elder Aurelius Miner has been released from his labors as assistant editor of the Millennial Star, in which position he has labored since March last.

Elder Aurelius Miner has been appointed to the Presidency of the Scottish District.

Elder Oscar B. Young has been appointed to labor in the London Conference, under the direction of Elder Charles W. Penrose, President of that Conference.

BRIGHAM YOUNG, JUNR.

President of the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints in the British Isles and adjacent countries.

Elder George B. Spencer left Liverpool, where he has been stopping for a few weeks by invitation from President Brigham Young, jun., on the 20th inst., for Switzerland, his former field of labor. We wish him abundant success.

THE emigration of squirrels westward, which was noticed all over the State of Michigan a short time ago, is now being followed by a migration of bears. The same reason accounts for both, a scarcity of mast, as both of these animals depend alike on nuts, etc., for food.

THE hog cholera is raging terribly in Tennessee. The Jonesborough Flag says that several of the farmers in that section of the state have lost every hog that they had, while others are equally unfortunate. The disease is not confined to particular districts, as usual, but extends throughout the country; and the complaints are alarming. If this state of affairs continues long, there will not be enough left for home supply, and likely much suffering must be the result among the poorer classes of the people during the coming winter.—[St. Louis Dispatch.]