WORTHY OF NOTE.

A Word of Warning to the People Regarding the Bread Supply.

GETTING CLOSE FOR SHEEPMEN.

The Boston Wool Growers.—Land Office Items.—Mining and Realty Notes.

Bishop Wm. B. Preston, whose position and long experience in Utah place him in a situation to know whereof he speaks, sounds the warning to the farmers in this region and to the people generally on the question of breadstuffs. Speaking today of the condition which exists and that which is likely to ensue, he said: "Wheat is cheap now, very cheap, 55 cents a bushel is the figure at which good grain can be purchased now. But notwithstanding this extremely low figure for breadstuff, there is danger of scarcity of food in the near future. The indications are that next will be short all along the line. The people should rise up the West and East wherever they can. Bread we must have, but we must save it up. It is cheap now, but there is not a plentiful supply of grain. The crop is short. In many districts the yield of wheat has not been more than one-tenth of what it should be. Here in the West we will find that our wheat supply will need to go very far."

CHANCES ON SHEEP RISE.

The sheep owners are losing the Eastern sheep very rapidly as they are now at their wits' ends in devising means to keep going. Are now, it is not possible for them to run on a credit basis, so they get credit at the stores and in return for wool and mutton come in. This year the losses are practically all on a great many cases. The merchants have gone as far as they can in the way of credit, and have been closing down at such an enormous rate. The present month has made a marked advance in the use, and the extensive now going on and a board which is across the sheep owners that the limit of credit has been reached. The merchants have carried accounts as long as they can do so safely, and from and after the first of September all business must be for cash only. This rule has not one exception, and most especially the sheep owners who have not been able to get the cash for their wool or to dispose of their carcasses are finding themselves in a close place.

HIGHAM BROTHERS FAIL.

Last evening the pioneering firm of Higham Brothers made an assignment, naming James A. Nichols as assignee. The firm is composed of W. A. Higham and John S. Higham, and their assets, including stock and about $600 in book accounts, are stated to be in excess of the liabilities, which are listed among creditors as follows:

SECURED B. CONFIDENCE.

Thomas Higham, wool and mutton	$ 200 00
Thomas Higham, rent	100 00
Cahn, Cutler & Co., $6,000	97 00
H. Dinwoodey, rent	37 00
Total	$ 434 00

SECURED B. CONFIDENCE.

Deseret News	$ 3 00
Times Reporter Newspaper	3 00
Utah Publishing Supply Co., $200	200 00
C. H. Hart & Co.	3 00
Total	$ 209 00
Grand total	$ 643 00

FROM DELIGHTFUL RAWLINS.

The following has been received by Wm. Snyder, secretary of the Salt Lake Chamber of Commerce:

Dear Sir—Yours of August 25th, enclosing resolutions of board of directors of the Chamber of Commerce, is at hand. This action on the part of the board appreciative of my services affords me the greatest satisfaction, and I desire to express to the board my sincere thanks for this manifestation of good will. My only regret is that little can be accomplished at this session for the benefit of the great industry in which our Territory is so vitally concerned. Again thanking you and the members of the board of directors, I remain, very truly yours,

J. L. RAWLINS.

LAND OFFICE.

Wilmer W. Miller, of Kelton, has filed an application in the land office to enter 80 acres of land in township 6 north, range 1 west, under the desert law.

David D. Law has made final entry of his timber culture entry of 80 acres in township 2 south, range 4 west.

Harry H. C. Kuppel has made his final proof for his homestead entry of 160 acres in township 3 south, range 3 west.

MONTANA WOOL GROWERS.

The Montana state wool growers' association is now in session at Great Falls, the first meeting having been held yesterday. Among the resolutions adopted are the following: Resolved, by the Montana wool growers, in convention assembled, that we support and insist that our employes shall receive a scale of wages commensurate with the expansion in the valuation of our product. Resolved, That any unreasonable legislation in the near future would intensify the present depressed condition of our business, and we therefore ask our representatives in Congress to see their best endeavors to prevent the placing of wool on the free list. Resolved, That we believe more can be accomplished by concert of action than by individual effort, and it is therefore the duty of the association to operate with the National Wool Growers' association and with that end in view we should be represented in the National Wool Growers' convention, to be held in Chicago on the 20th inst.

COALVILLE "THOROUGHS" CUTS.

James Robinson & Co. went up to the Lincoln mine this week for the purpose of seeing what the prospect was for work this coming winter. It is most likely that they will operate the mine. This mine is worked at a great disadvantage owing to not being on the railroad and the uncertainty of the coal in the only mine in its level.

John Spriggs has been at work about a month in the Springs mine, in Grass Creek valley, getting things in shape for work this winter.

Joseph Barker and Richard Bale are opening a coal prospect in Grass Creek valley about two miles from the town site, on ground owned by W. W. Croft. Coal is now in sight and they expect to be able to ship some coal this winter and supply local trade.

George Thomas is resuming operations in his mine as fast as possible. He has been working a night shift for some time.

NEW GOLD SAVER.

A patent has been issued for a new gold saver which is to be utilized in extracting gold from the sand along the sea coast and streams where it has not been possible to make the work pay heretofore. There are many streams like the Amazon, where by panning from fifty cents to $1 per day in gold could be saved by experienced workers, but this is insufficient remuneration, therefore the industry is not carried on. The saver is at from Alaska to Lower California has now that there is contains a small quantity of gold, and on this the new gold saver is to be operated. It is claimed that by its use one can take out $10 to $20 a day, instead of about one-fifteenth of that amount by the old method. The sand consists iron and other metals, and the gold is almost invariably covered with a thin film of moisture, and this only is to be overcome. The new method is to dissolve the iron, magnesium, etc., not merely to set the gold free and otherwise leave the sand intact. The plant consists of a cylinder forty-two inches long and twenty-four inches in diameter, with a medium in the side. The sand is put in at the medium and water is added. To the mixture certain chemicals are then added, combined in a manner which is the secret of the invention. The cylinder is put in motion and simultaneously an electric current of fifty amperes and six volts is turned into the cylinder, causing motion as shown along table. After twenty minutes revolution the immersion ceases, the sand is dumped into a hopper and passes on to a concentrator and amalgamator. The gold settles with the quicksilver of the amalgamator and is then scraped off and retorted, the sand having been washed away by the stream of water which passes over the mains and amalgamating amalgamator. The claim is that the chemicals and electric current act on the gold alone. The inventor, who is a resident of Colfax, Los, makes that the chemicals used are cheap and quite ordinary. The secret of their use is in their combination.

TO PROVIDE WORK.

The Chamber of Commerce received a letter today from Grant A. Pope, of Boston, Mass., on the subject of providing for the unemployed during the present financial depression. He suggests the borrowing of money by the states, cities, counties and the inauguration of extensive public work. He also proposes that Congress enact a bill "making liberal appropriation for the irrigation of arid lands, thus giving employment to the laborers and providing homes upon water ways for agricultural purposes." He calls attention to the fact that by the present industrial and social conditions the power and prosperity of the country are threatened, and states that wise legislation can avert the impending disaster. This legislation, he believes, should be in the way of providing for the carrying out of large public water projects. He also suggests that Congress might increase the gold supply of the country by specially encouraging hydraulic mining, and asks the Chamber of Commerce to discuss and deal with the proposition within its authority.

WORKING IN VOGELIN.

Samuel S. Newton of this city, who has the contract for the masonry on the new Vocelin district schoolhouse, wants from the west today. He says that the work of bricklaying will be commenced on the schoolhouse tomorrow, the basement of the building having been completed. The edifice will be completed early in November. The Tribune says: Finding that to buy of the brick they needed from the outside would drain their pockets to a considerable extent, decided to make the entire brick at home, and accordingly did so. The pressed brick for the outside of the building is supplied from Salt Lake.

Mr. Newton says it is no use to look for cash for building in that part of the county now, as the people would rather putting up new houses than pay money when there is no prospect of getting. Knowing this condition, when proposals were made to Mr. Newton to erect two good dwellings and take his pay for the work in wool, he promptly closed the contract. He says he is convinced that wheat taken in at present prices will be better than cash by this time next year, and he is willing to put in all the work he can for that kind of pay.

STATUTES ASKED FOR.

Henry A. Robinson, government statistician at Washington, has written to the secretary of the Chamber of Commerce, requesting him to furnish statistics as to the cash price in the Salt Lake market of wheat, corn, oats, rye, barley, flour, potatoes, hay of various kinds, lard, butter, pork, veal and lambs. Secretary Snyder was gathering the required information today.

WANTS TO EDUCATE.

A gentleman writes to the Chamber of Commerce from Tonkiers, Pa., stating that himself and a party wish to emigrate west in the spring, and desires information as to the feasibility of carrying with Lake City and vicinity, with a view to locating here. Secretary Snyder said the information asked for.

NOTES.

The La Plata mining district in Wyoming is having throughout in it several valuable gold properties.

J. J. Smith reports the Deadwood district, Idaho, as presenting "some wonderfully rich gold mines" that are now being opened up.

Logan Author, Sept. 5: Messrs. West and Linton returned yesterday morning from Franklin canyon, where they have been for a few days, hiking over some prospects. They brought with them some fine specimens of copper ore and say they have got a vein four feet wide.

SALT LAKE CLEARING HOUSE.

Today's clearing house exchanges amounted to $114,024.

SUGAR'S QUOTATIONS.

New York — Silver, 72½c; lead, $3.00.

London—Silver, 32¼c.

ORE AND BULLION.

Wells, Fargo & Co. received today: Bullion, $20,000; silver bars, 294,631 oz., $4,500; total, $125,104.

McCornick & Co. received today: Silver and lead ore, $11,326.

T. R. Jones & Co. received today: Bullion, $2000.

A SPENDTHRIFT SPIRIT.

Thousands of Dollars Spent Without Authority.

How Work in the City Street Department Has Been Carried On—What About O. M. Hines?

An example of the recklessness that has prevailed in the expenditure of funds taken from the city treasury during the present administration is set forth by the records of the council and street department, which show that two or three months ago the City Council ordered certain planking, by resolution, to be done at the intersection of First South and Thousand Oak streets, at a cost not to exceed $400. The matter was referred to Street Superintendent Hines, who was instructed to proceed with the work at once. This official did as requested. It was soon rumored, however, that there was a "deficit in the work" amounting, it was said, to a sum greater than was authorized, and was being done into it was secretly by the benefit of certain real estate interests. Attention was called to that fact by the News at the time, but the correctness of the statement was denied. It now appears that the paper was right. The work has been completed and at a cost of more than $2,000. One gentleman says that the council will pass every if not quite $1000, and that the difference between the two sums has been filched by a trifling arrangement with one of the other departments. This, however, is not clearly proven. But there is no getting around the fact that Mr. Hines has spent at least $2000 of the city's money without authority. It is not unlikely that this and other acts of a similar character may cost that gentleman his official position.

The News has undertaken information that from $60,000 to $70,000 have been spent in the street department at the instance of two or three contractors who managed to play a crooked game in securing land and from some of their colleagues.

The Tabernacle Choir.

Readers of the News who have been interested in the interesting specials which have appeared in this paper from day to day regarding the Tabernacle Choir will find detailed accounts of the journey on page 2 of this issue. The articles are entertainingly written and will doubtless be much appreciated by the host of friends at home.

BACK IN MEXICO.

Elder Henry Lunt Arrives in Safety—Heavy Rains, and Damage to Crops.

COLONIA PACHECO, CHIHUAHUA, MEXICO, Aug. 13, 1893.—You with the many readers of the News will be greatly surprised at hearing from us again so soon and should beyond expression as we all write at the terrible

SAVINGS BANK.

THE SECURITY OF THE LAW.

Every cent invested gives the depositor a title, and interest begins from the day of deposit.

Utah Title Insurance & Trust Co.

CAPITAL, $500,000. PAID UP.

A. H. EMERY, President. W. A. McCORNICK, Vice President. A. S. THOMAS, Sec'y. E. S. WILKS, Cashier.

Pimply Girls
Pimply Boys
And Every Person
Afflicted with
Torturing
Disfiguring
Humiliating Humors
Find Instant Relief
And Speedy Cure
By Using
Cuticura Remedies

COMMERCIAL.

REAL ESTATE.

STOCKS AND BARKETS.

NEW YORK STOCKS.

CHICAGO MARKET.

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

DAILY WEATHER BUREAU.

The selection of commercial housekeepers is called to the Gold Band Package Coffee. It is the best.

See the handsome pictures contained in each package of Gold Band Coffee.

R. K. Thomas,

THE SILK HOUSE,

26, 28, 30, 32 EAST, FIRST SOUTH ST.

* Salt Lake City. *

Great Clearance Sale!

BARGAINS

Always to the front. This time it's Boys Waists. We offer about one thousand at a little over 50 cents on the dollar. Fix your boys up for school when it will cost you only a few cents:

25c, 40c, 50c, 60c, 75c each.

Knee Pants

Goes with the waists equally cheap.

The prices on Ladies Silk Waists are cut in two, selling now at

$2.00 and $2.50 each.

Percale, Zephyr and Sateen

Waists,.....

50c, 75c, $1.00, $1.25.

White Lawn Waists at 25c.
White Lawn Embroidered Waists 75c, $1.00, $1.25, $1.50, $1.75.
Ladies' and Children's Fall Jackets at half price.

PARASOLS,

Cheap Parasols.

Boys' Shirts 25c, 40c, 50c.
Men's
Also Silk Mixed Shirts 75c, $1.00, $1.25, $1.50.

Closing Out Men' Shoes.

$4.00 and $5.00 qualities at $3.00 pair. The Shoes and Slippers, all new at cost.

A great drive in MUCKWAH, tucks and folds beside 25c, worth 75c each.
Closing out Laces, Summer Dress Goods, Zephyrs, Ginghams, White Wash Dress Goods.

Summer and Surah Silks

25c yard,

Also better grades at half Price.

New Fall effects in Ombra Silks and choice new shades in Velvets

Just Received.

Buyers From the COUNTRY

Are invited to call and take advantage of the greatest genuine low priced sale on earth! Mail orders solicited.

R. K. Thomas,