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TRUTH AND LIBERTY.

VOL. IX.

SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH TERRITORY, TUESDAY EVENING, JULY 11, 1876.

NØ. 194.





SUPREME COURT DECISION-

Appeal from Third District Court. Boreman, Justice, delivered the opinion. George Stringtenow and the definition of them, ever have been winhabitants" of Salt Lake City of of Utah Territory. The law, as we haves at ed, requires that the perions claiming, The contest in this proceeding is

itants," Inhabiting was an essential fact and should have been found. for the Government title to certain ands under the "townsite" law of The appellants further claim that there Lands under the "townsite" in take was a failure to find that Young, Jennings, Congress. The Mayor of Salt Lake was a failure to find that Young, Jennings, City holds the title in trust for the Stringfellows, or Groesteck were in porprovisions of the law. The various parties to the proceeding filed their in possession at the date of the entry by claims with the Probate Court, askthe Mayor. It was therefore an essential ing title. The heirs of Joseph Cain, deceased, prayed for tille to the whole of the East half of lot 6, fact and the failure to find thereon was an error.

The appellants, the heirs of Joseph Cain, take exceptions to the findings of fact made by the District Court, and allege block 69, plat "A," Salt Lake City survey. The other parties claimed fractional parts of said half lot. Those claims being conflicting, the that the material findings to which they object as erroneous areas follows;-

I. It is found "that if said Joseph Cain Probate Court considered all the Probate Court considered all the claims together, and sub-divided the half lot amongst the parties of the cast half of said lot after he moved filing on it. This sub division not into the new house, his heirs and repre-

F. W. ROCKWELL, Sec. **LEAD COMPANY** Every Package of this Company's Brand of Strictly Pure White Lead bears he following guarantee: The main question involved is as

The main question involved is as to who of these claimants are "oc-cupants" as contemplated by the "town site" law. This statute was made for the relief of the "inhab-in possession and entitled to the posses-sion of the several particular descriptions itants" of towns and cities upon of land given in connection with their the public domain. It was made to secure to these "inhabitants" The f

The first of these points, the alleged who were "occupants," the legal surrender of possession of the north half title according to their "respective of the cast half of said lot, by the heirs of

fect of which will be considered clate," and although no debts, existing hereafter. At the death of Joseph against the estate at the death of Joseph

death, puts up improvements on the land of the heirs of Joseph Cain, and it is sought to pay therefor by taking out letters of administration and selling the propmust, to entitle them to deeds, be "in! ab-

erty under the administration. That can-not be right. And further, the administrators had no authority whatever to pay debts and charges against the estate, even if in existence, until they were proven in manuer prescribed by law and allowed by the Court, and the administrator cannot pay for the support of the widow and hildren, except under an order of Court. No debts were proved up and no allowance for support made. But really all these charges, including the taxes, were against the heirs, if against any one at all, and the administration had nothing to do with

them The sale, therefore, under which the Stringfellow Brothers claim, being unau-thorized by law-the Court having no

power to make it—the sale and convey-ance are null and vold, and the parties take nothing by them. They are there-fore upon the ground, if at all, wrongfully, and can only be treated as trespassers, and trespassers can have no rights as against the true and rightful claimants.

Next-adjoining the "Stringfellow' ground, lies that which was allotted to the lain helrs, about which there is no contest (except perhaps to a small piece on the back part of the lot).

Adjoining on the north the parcel allotted to the Cain heirs, lies the "Rausohoff" property, as it is called. It is part of the south half of this east half lot, and was allotted by the District Court to William Jennings, It being No. 51, with extension back. Jennings claims the ground under a claim of quit-claim deeds from 'Eliza-beth Cain tarough Charles King, Ranso-hoff and Brigham Young to himself. The quit-claim deed of Mrs. Cain purported to convey only "her right of claim, interest and possession." Of course such a deed conveyed not interest of the minor heirs,

if they had any. Did they have any? The Territorial Statutesays that if there be "other property" remaining, it shall

A deed is also shown in evidence from B. Star's mattress factory, in Man-Willard Richards heres to Jennings, cover-

SUPREME COURT DECISION-
YOUNG VS. CAIN AND
OTHERS.feet of which will be considered at the death of Joseph
Cain he was in the undisputed
possession of all of sail half lof, al-
though Mrs. Ogden was living on
the lok, but she claimed no owner-
shi of the possession, and moved
of Joseph M. Cain, Brigham Young, Will.Mill and is held to any and
the was incred against the estate at the death of Joseph
M. Cain, Brigham Young, Will.Will and it is fourteen feet. But that the evidence clearly shows
we that the kinds helfs half lof, al-
the system to cheory access on all to sail thalf lof, al-
the output of the possession, and moved
of Joseph M. Cain, Brigham Young, Will.Will and it is fourteen feet are concerned. There
we thank that the evidence clear to show Jennings.
the lok to the District Court.RichARDSON MATCH CO.
was neared to the helfs and could be
the best was increased to the helfs and could
the taken away from them by any and
ministration, unless doits incurred by Jos.
The appellants claim that in the findings,
survey.Will and individence claim to any attempt of the possession
of all to take the time to the soveral applications
of fact by the District Court.RichARDSON MATCH CO.
with a quantity of ceedar ware stor-
with a quanti

sequent to the death of Joceph Cain, de-ceased. The remaining putton of said findings objected to, as stated, refer to parceis allotted to Brigham Young by the District Court, and numbered 47 and 49 with exten-sions back to the west. This pham Young testiles that he never lived on any portion of Lot 6, now in con-troversy. Yet he claimed to have had troversy. Yet he claimed to have had to peaceable possession of portions of it for many years, not in his individual right, but the ever existed—would effect nothing in the st was in possession as contemplated by the to measure her off a piece for a house, gave him no rights, as her cecupancy was only the toremeasure and so intendedt and he had him no rights, as her cocupancy was on temporary, and so intended; and he ha to organize a Custer monument asnever been in possession prior thereto. It was evidently only in exercise of that "ex-clusive control over the settlement" which he had claimed, but which gave him no right in or to the real estate. It was a per-mission to Mrs. Ogden to use the ground for a time, and not a transfer of the sinch sociation was made.

The Reat-Fatal Cases of Sunstroke. PHILADELPHIA, 10.-During the

\$100,000 Fire.

WESTERN.

forenoon the thermometer stood at for a time, and not a transfer of his righ 102 degrees in the shade. A great number of persons have been pros-Jennings claims also under a deed from

Jennings claims also under a deed from Willard Richards' heirs, made only a few days before the filing of his declaratory statement. He never had possession under that deed, and all of Willard Richards' right had been transferred to Joseph Cain, in his life time. The fact that two women, Mrs. Braddock and Mrs. Franklin, who held the relation of polygamous wives to Wil-lard Richards, resided a short while on the lot after it was transferred to Cain by trated by the heat, and fifteen Three wagons are regularly employed in removing to the hospitals those overcome on the streets.

lot after it was transferred to Cain by Richards, does not show that Richards still claimed said lot. Such an inference would OSWEGO, N.Y., 10.-Lane, Pierce Co.'s tannery at Sand Bank was burned yesterday; loss \$100,000, insurance \$75,000.

theretc.

claimed said lot. Such an inference would be very slight when compared with Rich-ards' own positive acts, showing the con-trary. The occupancy by these women was not Richards' occupancy. The law does not recognize the polygamous rela-tion, and that is all that gives color to the idea that their possession was his possession. They laid no claim to the possession them-selves, and removed at the recurst of Cain-The Whereabouts of Pinney. SAN FRANCISCO, 10.-A letter ust received from Valparaiso, Chili, selves, and removed at the request of Cain-Joseph Cain had lived in that house himself before these women were there and used contains positive information that it, and rented it after they removed. There seems nothing in the evidence to warrant the belief that there remained in the heirs of Willard Richards any—even the slightest —claim or right to any, part of this half bet

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CHICACO.

deaths from sunstroke are reported. N. K. FAIRBANK & CO.,



George M. Pinney, the defaulting proving entry of lard and Neatsfoot Oile.

di27 whole of the parcel or lot, he might taken the word of the leaders in those days as readily as she would "an angel." Such implicit confidence and faith in him part be occupied by another person was simply abused by Brigham Young, claiming right to the title. Then and he used it to take away from this the question would arise as to widow and her infant children property which exercised acts of ownership to which he did not have a shadow of a over the disputed ground first, and to what extent, and if that be set-The finding therefore of a surrender of tled, then was the claim even abandoned or given up, and if so

whose possession in good faith attached after the abandonment. thereto been in possession of the heiss of Cain. One would naturally conclude from We do not think that the law of Congress ever contemplated that a party could claim title to more lots the reading of this finding that the heirs had sold such portions as are referred to, or at least were parties to some sale. or parcels than he actually individually occupied, otherwise a person could gain title to an unlimited amount by not occupying it him-self, but by arranging with various Nothing of the kind appears, however; from the evidence. The parties referred to as having been the purchasers of paragents that they move on to lots and hold for him, and these agents to lay no claim to title, but let the employer claim all. The em-ployer might thus gain title to the various parcels or lots without ever being an occupant or an in habitant els of said south half were Nicholas Groesbeck and the Stringfellow Brothers, Groesbeck's portion is very small, being only sixteen (16) inches fronting on East Tem-ple Street, and running back (west) nine ods. Not a solitary witness was intro-duced to support Groesbeek's claim, nor my written or oral testimony-and there being an occupant or an inhabitant, s an absolute want of any evidence on the point, except an incidental reference thereto in Mrs. Cain's testimony, she sayand could prove his right by simbly showing, not his possession, ing that she sold a strip of, as she thought, that width to Mr. Groesbeck. Even then there is nothing in the evidence to show but possession by other men for nim-he never having been individually in possession. Such a pro- where this sixteen inches was, or how reeding would be at war with long the strip was, or that she ever delivthe very object of the law, which ered the possession of it to Mr. Groesbeck was made for actual settlers and or whether Groesbeck ever was in posses not for speculators. A man having sion, nor is there anything to show that any interest of the children was intended made a bona fide actual, individual to be conveyed, nor indeed is there any-thing to show whether she sold as an indioccupancy, either for his residence or his business, or in some way for vidual or administratrix or as guardian, his own use, he may no doubt afteralthough, as it is mentioned in connection with the sale to the Stringfellow Brothers, wards sell his right of possessionit might be inferred to have been a sale as his preference or right to governadministratrix, but upon this inference we could rot depend. There is therefore no proof to support Mr. Groesbeck's claim, and it must fall. ment title, but he must first have been an occupant in good faith himself, and the purchaser must

The Stringfellow Brothers have allotted to them, on the north of and adjoining the take actual possession also and become an occupant. There is no-thing in the rule we lay down parcel allotted to Groesbeck, a parcel of ground fronting East Temple(Main) Street, which prohibits contracts, leases, sixteen feet and three inches, running or sales of such interests, but they back, west, eight rods, with the road priv-ilege on the west. The road privilege was can only be made to or with "inhabitants" who can become occunerely a written consent given by S. W. pants, if the right of preference in Richards and Elizabeth Cain as individuobtaining title is to be effected. als, and without consideration, and of course was subject to revocation at any time, even if S. W. Richards and Elizabeth Such sales, leases, and other contracts are not prohibited or discour-Cain had the right to make it. The String-fellow brothers claim their parcel of ground aged by the law nor by the policy of the law. The government only (not including the road-way), under a sale and deed from S. W. Richards and Elizasays-that if the contract be with one not an "inhabitant." and who beth Cain, administrators of Joseph Cain, deceased, made in pursuance of an order of does not become an occupant, such contract or sale will not be recog-nized in ascertaining to whom the title should be granted. A party in possession of any such city or town lot will be presumed to be so in possession in his own right and for his own use and benefit, until administrators, filed their petition in the the contrary appears. And the possession of the ancestor when Probate Court on Nov. 4th, 1869, praying "for an order to sell real estate,"upon the ground that the estate was at that date dying is the possession of the beir,

"involved, in consequence of loaning mon-ey to creet buildings thereon, upon which interest is being paid, and also in conseunless the contrary appears. These are some of the princip'es which will control us in the examination of the merits and rights nvolved in the proceeding at bar. When Salt Lake City was first settled, the place was laid out, or the laying out dictated by Brigham Willard Richards and others, yet Brigham Young claimed to have "exclusive control" in sented to him, and that he believed they look to Young for his remedy. The heirs after the first settlers came and the tewn was laid out, certain parties, and the certain parties, and the real-estate, and that the sale was made to raise mode to raise antong whom was Willard Rich-ards, were allowed to select portions of the city, each portion composed of a number of lots or blocks, all in a body, in order to distribute the lots to those whom they desired to have near them. It appears that

law of Congress, and it is a proper subject of Territorial legislation.

If therefore Jennings was in possession, it was only as co-occupant with the heirs. His interest could only be that of the widow-one-third interest for the life or widowhood of Mrs. Cain. He cannet by having possession of such an interest thereby obtain a right to oust the two heirs. He only becomes a co-occupant with the heirs—a possession in the nature of a tenancy in common. The Courts are generally inclined to guard the interests of minors, and will not allow them to be de-The inding therefore of a surrender of aid north half, we deem as erroneous. The second of these material findings to high exception is taken has reformed to having possession of such an interest The second of these internal indings to which exception is taken, has reference to a sale which it alleges took place of por-tions of the south half, which had prior tions of the south half, which had prior minors, and will not allow them to be deprived of any rights except under proceedings by proper suit to which they are par-ties. The conveyances set up as the foundation of Jennings' claim, recognize and support the rights of the children. They are a recognition of Joseph Caln's rights, and that is a recognition of theirs. But there is no evidence that Jennings over went into possession of this property. Then in saying to whom the government title should go, his claim could not be rec-ognized. If he had gone into possession, under Mrs. Cain's title, he would have omplied with the requirements of the inited States Statute, which is that to be ecognized as being entitled to the Govern ment title the party must be an "occupant," and this he was not at any time.

Ie can therefore have no right to any share a the property. If he has any remedy it s against Mrs. Cain. He shows no right o'a preference in the purchase of the overnment title. Let us look then at the Third Pointthe exception to findings respecting the

north half of this cast half lot, together with the strips or parcels claimed by Jen-nings across the whole west end of the east half lot The first allotment to William Jennings

was No. 45 (according to the plat), including its extension somewhat further west han is indicated by the plat. In 1861 Brigham Young deeded "all of

is right of claim, interest and possession" in and to said parcel of ground to William Jeanings. It nowhere appears that Young had any "right of claim," 'interest," or possession" to convey. He herefore could convey none. He himself says that whatever possession he might have had was as Trustee in Trust for the church of which he is the head, and not as an individual. The Church has made to conveyance and lays no claim to the lot and files no declaratory statement therefor. The deed, therefore, from Young to Jennings is valueless, although there is estimony to show that Jennings Intendd to have Young make his title good. There is evidence that Jennings was at one time "in possession of and exercised ownership" over the Eagle Emporium

building, situated on No. 45. But he was not in possession at Cain's death, and thore is no evidence that he was in posses-sion at the entry of the "town-site" by the Mayor. The character of his posses-sion is not shown, it not being shown that he lived there or did business in such building. Nor does it appear that he held possession by consent of the heirs. If his ossession was not by their consent, le gally obtained, by proper action to which they were parties, they being under age, their rights are in no way bound or affect-ed by his possession. It is not claimed that any such suit was ever had.

testifies that no such claims were ever pre- the heirs the conveyancers, but he must

said parcel, with the further right to the residue at the death or marriage of their mother. And we can see no reason why such a statute of descents is not valid. (Utah Laws, p. 43., s. 24). It in no way allect-ed the "primary disposal of the soll," it does not seem to be inconsistent with any was therefore error to allow his claim. BUCHAREST, 10.—The prime min-ister read in the Roumanian cham-ber to-day a dispatch announcing that Turkey had acceded to Rou-mania's request for the neutraliza-was therefore error to allow his claim. was therefore error to allow his claim. The heirs of Joseph Cain, deceased, had possession of this whole half lot when tion of the Danube, on condition that Roumania must prevent the

supply of arms through her territory to Servians.

DOORS, WINDOW.

Lath, Shingles,

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The Territorial statute says, "The home-stead occupied by the wife or any portion of the family of the deceased at the time of of the family of the deceased at the time of his death, shall in all cases be held free to the use of the wife and family of the de-ceased, and shall not be liable to any claim or claims against said estate." What au-thority did the Probate Court have to order the saie of any or it, even to pay debts if any had existed? What right did the widow have to sell any of it, or to give possession to others as against the heirs? Certainly none. It shall be held "free to the use of the wife and family," and she cannot cur-tail this right in the heirs. It she had no authority to sell even to pay debts, she certainly could not give the pro-

debts, she certainly could not give the pro-perty away to the detriment of the minor children, which it is claimed that she vir-tually did do as to the north half. She says that Brigham Young claimed it, and she submitted to his claim. That does not arise however, to the dignity of a gift

stated in his rights and given the loga





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received here from Liverpool state that General Fairchild, United States consul at that port, had finished the protracted investigation in the case of Captain Scribner, or Scriven, of the ship St. John, which interest is being paid, and also in conse-quence of taxes accumulating, while rents have been rapidly declining, by which the obligations and expenses of the estate have to be maintained." There is no evidence that when administration was taken out, any debts or other obligations of the deceased remained unpaid, but, on the contrary, the administrator Richards testifies that no such claims were ever pre-8x10 5c per lt. 9x12 7c 10x12 8c 10x14 10c 10x16 12c Taylor, though to all appearances in good health, had been put to light duty only. Another charge was that one sailor swam ashore to

escape cruelty. The consul finds that he was unjustifiably struck. some time previously, by the mate, but on the whole no charge of cruelty was sustained.

> Appropriations Agreed To. Washington special says th

A few doors north of Walker House

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DENTIST,

TESTIMONIAL. SAN FRANCISCO, July, 1870.

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		to those whom they desired to	by absepti Cara, acceased. What interest	fifty-six feet north front, on First South		Ready worked for Glazing, 10c. per lb.	FIRE INSURANCE CO.
Monday, May 1st, 1876,	ON AND AFTER	have near them. It appears that	then passed by such sale, and the convey-	Street. The west twenty-six feet of this	A Washington special says the		
	A 1976 1	lot a block 60 was among the lots	ance thereunder? The Probate Court is	porth front, running clear acress the lot,	A Washington special says the Senate appropriations committee, to-day, agreed to the items in the House river and harbor bill appro-	A Liberal Reduction made to the Trade.	and the second sec
he UTAH WESTERN RAILWAY COM-	JANUARY 1st, 1876	Tot of Dieta da, was among the lots	an inferior court, one of limited jurisdic-	are upon the west half of lot6, and not con-	to day arread to the items in the		DINGTONI Les TIMITIN TONI
ANY will run daily Trains as follows Sundays excepted):	Trains will run Daily as follows :	selected by, willard Fienarus under	tion. It has no power not given to it by	tested, and therefore not to be disturbed by	to-day, agreed to the news in the	And a second sec	CASH CAPITAL and ASSETS
	trains win this bany de tone for	this arrangement. He turned the	statute.	The past sixteen feet at at	House river and narbor en appro-	We are Selling our Class	ound outstand and monthly
Leave Salt Lake Chy at 7 a. m.	NORTH WARD.	east half of the lot over to Joseph	Our Territorial Statute) Utah Laws, 1852	thists for the second the remaining	pristing \$15,000 for the improve-		
Stopping 25 minutes at Lake Point for Breakfast.)		Cain, and marked the boundary	p. 44, s. 16) says that personal and real	no deed, or any other kind of transfer or	ment of Oakland Harbor; \$15,000	at 25 per cent. Lower	30,000,000.
Arrive at Half-way House at 9.25 a m.	No. 1.	between the east and west half: he	property may both be sold upon the order	incompany and if Incompany have been	the the Commonto and Konther	then one other	00,000,000.
Leave Half-way House at 11.40 a.m.	Loave Ogden,	detween the case and west harry ne	of Court, but it does not authorize the	it was, as in the last instance, as a tres-	rivers, and \$20,000 for the San Joaquin river. The limitation that the last named amount shall be ap- plied only at Stockton is stricken out, and they voted to entirely	Baalas	Control of the second state of
(Stopping 25 minutes at Lake Point for	** Brigham 10:50 **	gave Cam possession of a nouse	real-estate to be sold except to pay debts.	passer, as to the Cain heirs, no authority	The limitation that	Dealer.	Particular attention given to the insurance
Dianer,)	" Logan, 2:00 p.m.	situated on the north half of this	and then only when the personal property	from said heirs having ever been obtained.	Joaquin fiver. The miniation that	and the second sec	of residences and contents. Special
Arriving at Salt Lake City at 2.05 p.m.	Arrive at Franklin	east half, and he had the public	is insufficient to nay the charges against	The allotment of the sixteen f. et front (and	the last named amount shall be ap-	AT LETTA BANK DA ABBER	rates offered for terms of
		records made to show that this	the estate. These facts must appear af-	running south) to Jennings was therefore	plied only at Stockton is stricken	GLAZING DANE TO ORDER	three to five years.
ON SUNDAYS	SOUTH WARD.	east half was the property of Cain:	firmatively, the parties to this proceed-	Now, respecting the fourteen feet lying	out, and they voted to entirely	dualing bond to oublin.	
Leave Salt Lake City at 10:45 a.m., stop-	No. 2.	and there to outdongs as in a shore	ling and also the administrations treated	botwoon the twenty six and the	amit from the bill the House items	The second se	D. W. ELVENNEND, ALONI
ng 25 minutes at Lave Point for Dinner,	Leave Franklin 9:00 a. m.	that Chie hand hand word for the	these possessory rights as real estate, and	feet referred to, there is some doubt.	of \$12,000 for the Monterey Harbor,	DITTENTO American and Fereign, ob-	Correspondence Solicited, d20
wrive at Halt-way House at 1:10 p.m.; re-	" Logan	that Cain bought and paid for the	we must conclude the statute likewise	Price seems to have been in possession in	of \$12,000 for the Wollington	tained for inventors at	
urning leave Half-way House at 1:25 p.m., trriving at Salt Lake City at 7:20 p.m.	" Brigham 2:25 p. m.	half lot. Cain moved upon the lot	treated them as real estate as the statute	1856-7 of forty feet north front, running	and \$30,000 for the weinington	prices as low as those of	The second secon
rriving at sait hake only at mo pim.	Arrive at Ogden., 4:00 **	and lived there until his death. He	speaks of real estate and none eristed if	south across the lot. We hear no more of	breakwater. The committee also	any reinbie agency. Cor-	CRACKER I CRACKERS II CRACKERS I
Wednesdays 2 Cundays	:0:	exercised acts of ownership over	these rights be not such for they mare the	him until in 1869, when he makes a deed to	of \$12,000 for the Monterey Harbor, and \$30,000 for the Wellington break water. The committee also agreed to Mitchell's amendments increasing the appropriation for the	with those who have had their inventions	CHAUNER ! UNAUNENS !! UNAUNENS !
On Wednesdays & Sundays	Gilmer & Salisbury's Stage Line to ano	the half lat and it was assessed in	Linket interest that an individual could	running scross the lot, and the fourteen	increasing the appropriation for the	rejected by the U.S. PATENT OFFICE, also	
MLV. a SPECIAL EXCURSION TRAIN	from Montana connects with trains at	I the survey a word has madel toward on the	have to land the an it's at the	the second	the state of the Coppediate of	I with Morohanta and manufacturous decising	1 A AA AA AA AA AA AA
will leave Salt Lake City at 10.45 a.m. con-	Franklin	ins name and ne part takes on the	and it is not to be preserved that the stat	giving his testimony. Price cave that he	a cansi and locks at the Cascades of Columbia from \$50,000 to \$100,000 i and increasing the items for the Upper Willamette from \$15,000 to \$25,000, and fer the Lower Wil- liamette and Columbia rivers from	TRRDE MARKS AND LABELS.	CI. C. T. C
will leave Soit Lake City at IU.45 a.m., con- necting at Lake Point with	M. W. MERRILL, Supt.	same until his death, and being so	into was not moant to apple to there but	does not know what distance from the east	Columbia notice the items for the	INUTATORA If you want a Patent	Steam Gracker Co.
THE STEAMER	a. w. archterin, oupt.	in possession, the current of the	only to something that did watthen wint	line of the lot his ground was situated, and	and increasing the items for the	send us a model or a	2 C-11 T-1- Oli
	CHAS. NIBLEY,	evidence is that he claimed the	Whathar they are strictly and then exist.	the great preponderance of testimony is	Upper Willamette from \$13,000 to	rough sketch, and a	of Satt Lake City,
GENERAL GARFIELD	Gen, Freight & Ticket Agt. 4209	whole of the same to the bound-	whether they are strictly real estate of	that Price's possession was on the west half of the lot and not the east half. The	\$25,000, and fer the Lower Wil-	full description of	A BE daily manufacturing a superio
	Gen Linfar & Tiprer Vät' dros	aries of the half lot on every side		 half of the jot and not the east half. The simple fact that Price's deed fixes 151 feet 	liamette and Columbia rivers from	tion in the PATENT OFFICE and if we think	A article of all kinds of Crackers.
Which will make a trip on the GREAT	the second se	the of the mail for on orony. Share	Inclined to noid that the laws of those ear	- Isimple lact that Prices deed fixes lat feet		it patentable, will send you papers and	Soda, Butter, Oyster, Pearl Pic-nio, Be
SALT LAKE, returning in time for Supper at the Lake Point Hotel, and connect with	CONTRACTOR	and that his possession and owner	ly dates intended them to be treated as	as the distance from the east line of the	9 \$10,000 to #00,000	advice and presecute your case.	ton, Boston Butter, Santa Clara, Saloo
Frain arriving at Salt Lake City at 7 20 p.m.	MANEY TA LOAN I	ship of possession were recognized	real estate. But whether we deem such	dins to him gave the same description, or	Struck by Lightning.	We refer to Hon. M. D. Leggett, Ex-Com-	Pilot, Hard Bread, La Grande, Ging
Train arriving at Sait Lake City at 7.20 p.m. TICKETS (good on either of Wednesday	MONEY TO LOAN!	by Williard Richards and the pub-	I TOSEGADULY LIGUES HE FOLL CELALE OF AS DEP	that Polding mut him in monopolation of the	B missighout New England to-	missioner of Patents, Cleveland, O., O. H.	Snap, Lemon Snap, Jenny Lind, Aberneth
and Sunday Trains, and including ride on steamer), \$1.50,	ON EASY TERMS.	lie concrelly and the heirs of Will	I FORAT DIODELLY, WE are much to see how	Lamma and the orderes shows they Didient	I Infougaous from Langiana to	Kolley, Esq., Secretary National Grange, Louisville, Ky., Rev. F. D. Power, Wash-	Sugar, Wine Elscuit, Ginger Nuts.
	144225112 Arthorn 10 10	lard Richards claim nothing now	, such property could be sold under the law	ground was west of centre of the lot, and	d day a large number of buildings	Louisville, Ky., Rev. F. D. Power, Wash-	The above varieties are now being shipp
Special rates given to Excursion Parties	To small horrowers, on improved city real estate. Repayable by in- stalments if desizable. Principals	in this proceeding, not having ap-	referred to concerning decedents' estates	we cannot say that the statement in Price's deed should override the testimony of numerous witnesses, and the very ac-	were struck by lightning and des-	ington, D.C., and to the Danish and Swedish	
pon application to G. W. THATCHER,	city real estate. Repayable by in-	neeled but they have made two	11 It was personal property it was not	Price's deed should override the testimony	troyed and in some cases people	Foreign Legation at Washington, D. C. 13 Send Stamp for our "Guide for ob- taining Patents." Address	ritories at prices lower than Eastern
eneral Passenger Agent.	stalments II denizable, Frincipals	beated, but they have made two	claimed to be of a "perishable nature," of	tions of Dr. Richards humself especially	were killed.	taioing Batents"	Western.
A REAL PROPERTY AND A REAL			Dittain to tidumentate in walna 11 Dat	the state and the sent the sent the sectarly		Family Takentes Address	Address all orders to the UTAH STEA
For any information concerning freight.	only, dealt with.	deeds for portions of the disputed	maciy to depreciate in value. put i	" when Price does not seem to have been in	810 000 King	Louis Reger & flo	CRACKER PACTORY Box 210 C F. Die
For any information concerning freight, apply to J. N. PIKE, Gen'l Freight Agent.	only, dealt with.	parts, one to Brigham Young and	may be said that although this property	when Price does not seem to have been in possession for some twelve years before his	812,000 Fire,	Solicitors of Patents.	CRACKER FACTORY, Box 246, S. L. CH
For any information concerning freight, apply to J. N. PIKE, Gen'l Freight Agent.	only, dealt with. C. E. POMEROY, Broker,	pealed, but they have made two deeds for portions of the disputed parts, one to Brigham Young and one to William Jennings, the eff	may be said that although this property was not "perishable" or liable to "depre	when Price does not seem to have been in possession for some twelve years before his deed was made.	Si2,000 Fire, Si2,000 Fire, Si2,000 Fire,	Solicitors of Patents,	Address all orders to the UTAH STEA CRACKER FACTORY, Box 246, S. L. CH REEDALL & DARLING, d125 w14
For any information concerning freight.	only, dealt with.	parts, one to Brigham Young and one to William Jennings, the ef-	may be said that although this property was not "perishable" or liable to "depre	when Price does not seem to have been in possession for some twelve years before his deed was made,	s 12.000 Fire, Yesterday lightning struck Geo.	Solicitors of Patents,	diss with REEDALL & DARLING, Proprieto

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