

ple of the earth was a boon to mankind and sooner or later, those who had rejected it, would learn that they had rejected God's word, and His saving grace. In conclusion the speaker testified that he knew that the Church of which he was a member was the Church of God; he knew of the gifts and blessings following those who yielded obedience to it and felt that there would come a time when the name of Joseph Smith would be revered and honored and when he would be counted as one of the greatest benefactors that ever lived upon the earth.

Choir sang the anthem:

Hallelujah.

Benediction was pronounced by Elder Henry P. Richards.

SCANDINAVIAN REUNION.

The first meeting of the Scandinavian reunion and conference opened in the Tabernacle Saturday, when Elder O. H. Berg called the meeting to order, with several hundred people in attendance. On the stand were Elder A. H. Lund of the Quorum of Apostles, O. N. Liljenquist, John Bohn, D. K. Brown, A. W. Winberg, together with presidents of the Scandinavian religious organizations from various parts of the Stake, members of the conference committee and others. During the day interesting discourses were delivered by Elder Lund and other brethren, many of them reminiscent in character, taking the congregation back to native land where many years ago they first heard the Gospel proclaimed by some of the men—then vigorous and young, now feeble and white-haired—who were relating their early experiences in the missionary field.

The meeting Sunday forenoon was attended by a very much larger congregation than the meetings held yesterday. In addition to those present yesterday the Presidency of the Stake and other prominent Elders were on the stand.

The speakers in the forenoon were Elders Canute Peterson, J. M. Sjödal and O. N. Liljenquist, who each delivered instructive and interesting discourses.

In the afternoon Elder A. H. Lund of the Quorum of Apostles spoke in the English language. The fact that he would do so had been announced in the forenoon meeting and many English-speaking people were present. Elder Lund advised the young people of Scandinavian descent to attend Scandinavian meetings and hear the Gospel taught in the language in which their parents had first heard it, and pointed out the great advantage this would be to young men, who may at any time expect to be called on missions. He then spoke of the introduction of the Gospel in England and the Scandinavian countries, and of the great work now being done by the missionaries in various parts of the world, which was a fulfillment of scripture that in the last days the Gospel should be preached as a witness to all the nations, and then the end should come. Elder Lund also called attention to the fact that a mission had been commenced in Chicago, where about 150,000 Scandinavian people lived and invited the people to assist them in their

work. He was followed by Elders O. H. Berg and President Partridge who spoke encouraging words to the congregation.

After the meeting contributions were received for the aid of the Scandinavian mission in Chicago.

At the commencement of the afternoon services the names of Elder O. H. Berg, as president, and Elders E. C. Henriksen and Lars P. Nelson, as first and second counselors respectively, to preside over the Scandinavian Stake organization were presented by President Partridge and unanimously sustained by the congregation.

VOUCHERS OF STATE INSTITUTIONS.

Attorney General A. C. Bishop has transmitted to State Auditor Morgan Richards Jr. an opinion in answer to the following letter:

Appropriations having been made for the various institutions of the State for maintenance, repairs, improvements and other specific purposes, what kind of authority, voucher or order should be presented to this office by the respective boards of those institutions when applying for State warrants for a portion or all of such appropriations?

Here is the reply:

The law relating to the University of Utah provides that "the funds appropriated may be drawn quarterly in advance." This, I take it, would be upon the order of the board of regents; for the State prison the law provides that the auditor must draw a warrant for such sums as the board shall from time to time direct, not exceeding, at any one time, the sum of \$7,500, and no further sum shall be drawn until satisfactory vouchers are presented to and allowed by the auditor for the amount previously drawn.

In relation to the insane asylum, there is no express provision as to when its appropriation may be drawn.

The law provides that "the treasurer (of the insane asylum) shall draw from the State, upon the order of the board of commissioners, all moneys appropriated to the use of the asylum and receipt therefor." Under the by-laws he must make a detailed monthly statement, showing the amount received and disbursed during the preceding month.

It would appear that in the absence of any express provisions upon these subjects, the Legislature, imposing confidence in the management of these institutions, extended some latitude and invested the board with some discretion in drawing out these funds, as the necessities might suggest.

In relation to the State Industrial school, the provisions are (as contained in section 1897, page 673, volume 1, of the Compiled Laws of 1888, which are not repugnant to the Constitution and have not been repealed) that the funds appropriated therefor should be drawn out as the same may be needed.

The appropriation for the deaf, dumb and blind institution may be drawn quarterly in advance.

The state board of equalization salaries are to be paid quarterly and the actual and necessary expenses refunded upon the order of the State board of examiners.

As to the Agricultural College, there is no provision as to the time of payment, but same must be drawn out on the order of the board of trustees, and, in the absence of any rule, I am inclined to think the appropriation should be drawn at such times as you, in your judgment and discretion, think necessary. There ought to be a uniform rule respecting

these matters, and I would suggest that you call the attention of the code commission to the subject, in order that it may come before the Legislature at its next session. Until then, these questions will address themselves to your good judgment and discretion.

I have the honor to be,

Your obedient servant,

A. C. BISHOP,
Attorney General.

NEWS OF THE STATE.

Wasatch Wave: Two carriage loads of drunks passed through Heber Wednesday evening from Park City on their way to the Hot Pots. One rig contained three women and two men and the other four men.

Nepht Times: Last Thursday the Nepht Plaster Co. received two orders for plaster to be shipped at once. One firm ordered two hundred and forty thousand (240,000) pounds, and another firm ordered sixty thousand (60,000) pounds, making a total of three hundred thousand pounds, eight car loads.

Richfield Censor: Lucy C. Brown finished this life at 5:30 Monday afternoon. Mrs. Brown was a native of Gynett county, Georgia. She was born April 18, 1824. Her husband was among the Confederates killed at Kennesaw mountain. In 1871 she came to Utah, living in the Sixth ward, Salt Lake City, five years, when she moved with her family to Monroe. For the last seven weeks she has suffered from paralysis in the left side, which was the cause of her death. Her funeral was held in the meeting house on Tuesday.

Payson Globe: Chas. Orffibald, a 7-year-old lad, while playing around some horses down at the home of Ora Simons Wednesday evening, received a very bad kick from one of the animals. The horse's hoof struck the boy squarely on the point of the chin knocking him a complete somersault. It was supposed at first that the child was seriously injured and Dr. Henry was called, but upon examination found that the injury consisted only of a deep cut across the chin, which was sewed up. Thos. Wilson, superintendent of the Co-op, lost about two ton of hay Tuesday morning, for which a young son of Frank Hulsh and a match are responsible. The lad came along by the hay stack and struck a match and threw it into the hay and when the stack commenced burning he ran and gave the alarm of fire. The stack was saved from being entirely consumed by the end being cut off and the hay pitched back and water thrown on until the fire was extinguished. John Ballard received a very bad cut from a knife in the hands of George Elmer, while coming from Lincoln Beach last Tuesday night. It appears, from what we have learned concerning the affair, that Elmer, Ballard and Jim Potter were driving home and the horses became balky and Ballard and Potter got out to lead the team whereupon Elmer jumped out and began to slash them with a knife. Ballard, in attempting to ward off a thrust, received a bad cut in the hand, the gash extending down the wrist across the ball of the thumb. Potter received a slight cut in the side but thought he was cut to pieces.