DESERET EVENING NEWS: THURSDAY, JANUARY 3, 1901.



British Prepare to Hold the Place-Fears of a Dutch Uprising in Cape Colony.

dock.

Capetown says the invaders have reached Glen Harry, a few miles north of Graaf Reinet, in the heart of the dis-

affected portion of the colony. "Martial law has been proclaimed in the Worcester, Prince Albert, Frazerburg and Sutherland divisions," says the Capetown correspondent of the Daily Mail, wiring yesterday,

"The enlistment of volunteers is going on and the best authorities anticipate favorable developments shortly. The great trouble is the scarcity of

BOERS ARE ADVANCING. horses.

"Seven hundred Boers have broken through the cordon at Zeeburg and are advancing upon Richmond. The magin-irate there reports that they are burn-ing and looting a few miles from the

Lord Methuen is concentrating a Lord Methuen is concentrating a force at Vryburg, whither a thousand troops have been sent from Kimberley and others from more northern towns to deal with a commando that is raid.

to deal with a tomaster ing around Kuruman. "The Boers have reoccupied Jagers-fontein, which, together with Faure-smith, the British evacuated on Christ-mas day. The convoy for retiring in-habitants, with hundreds of wagons, extended for seven miles. It was a mournful spectacle, Camp was pitched at Edenburg. I gathered that the rea-son for the evacuation was the diffi-culty of maintaining food supplies so for thorn the railway." around Kuruman.

far from the railway."

DEWET CHECKED.

The war office has received the fol-lowing dispatch from Lord Kitchener: "Dewet tried to move toward Bethle-hem, but he was headed off by Pilcher and retreated toward Lindley. One hundred and thirty Boer horses have been captured near Thaba N'Chu. The realway has been damaged south of been captured near Thaba N Chu. The railway has been damaged south of Sarfontein. Williams engaged the Boers southeast of Middleburg, Cape Colony, and the British now occupy Graaf Reinet."

LANDING NAVAL GUNS.

The British battleship Monarch will land guns at Capetown today as a precautionary measure. The situa-tion is serious. It is true that the tion is serious. It is true that the Dutch have not joined the invaders in any considerable numbers, but a jack of arms is believed to be the true rea-son for abstention. In many places

London, Jan. 3.-A dispatch from Capetown says the invaders have caped Gien Harry, a few miles north division does not include Capstown it.

The latest reports show the situation to be generally as follows: Kuruman, if still uninvested, probably soon will be. Griqualand West is filled with small parties of Boers, who are work-ing south toward Prieska for the pur-pose of co-operating with or support-ing Commandant Hertzog, whose ad-vance parties are in the neighborhood of Frazerburg. In the eastern part of the colony the advance guard of the Boers is close to Mariesburg, about twenty-five miles northwest of Cra-dock. The latest reports show the situation

UPRISING LIKELY.

The general opinion at the Cape is that the position is not properly ap-preciated in England. The Worcester conference excited the Dutch through-out the colony. Many old residents who are by no means alarmists regard a general uprising of the Dutch as

quite likely, Lord Roberts figures largely in the Lord Rob. is norming, and there is a chorus of English editorials. Attention is given to the serious position in South Africa, and to the need of pa-tience and moderation, and all appeal to the public to avoid, in what is cer-tain to be a tremendous ovation today. any misplaced exultation, and above all, any repetition of the former indec orous scenes that have disgraced the capital on former occasions.

HORSES ARE WEARY.

The Standard, commenting on the invasion of Cape Colony says: "The American civil war provides a useful parallel. The Confederate raids failed

parallel. The Confederate raits failed to achieve anything serious." The Boers, commanded by Hertzog, Wessels, Pretorius and Nieuwenhaut, arec ontinuing their march on Frazer-burg. It is reported that they have arrived at Steynburg. Looting con-tinues. The Boers' horses are footsore and there is great want of fodder, as the country is barren.

Communication with Frazerburg is suspended, and it is doubtful when this will be restored, inasmuch as the Boers are traveling along the line. Gen Thorneycroft and Col. De Lisle are con-Gen tinuing the chase, but their horses and mules are very tired.

writer says, affects Canada as well as

Australia. The arrangement for the establish-ment of the Pacific cable has been completed. The arrangement implies joint ownership, and in the officient of Sir Sanford it is the harbinger of a complete system of state owned tele-graphs by land and sea. With the telegraph system national-ized as suggested. Sir Sanford says that are continuing their march on Frazer-messages will be transmitted

Australia.

messages will be transmitted to and from the most disto and from the most dis-tant British possessions at one-eighth or one-tenth the rates now levied by the companies. In conclud-ing his letter, the writer says: "British subjects in Canada, in Aus-tralia, in New Zealand, in India, in Africa, as well as in the mother coun-try must units in securing complete

rry, must unite in securing complete emancipation from the grasp of the great 'cable combine.' At the threshold of the twentleth century high imperial interests demand the cheapest possible telegruph transmission and the great-est possible freedom of intercourse be-tween all the subjects of her majesty domiciled around the globe. I respect fully submit, therefore, that action can-not be taken a day too soon to nation-alize our telegraph system by land and sea throughout the whole emipre."

Searching for a Lost Vessel.

Astoria, Ore., Jan. 3 .- The revenue Astoria, Ore., San, S. and today in cutter Perry will leave out today in search of the bark Andrada, of which nothing has been heard since she was spoken by the Saint Bede over two weeks ago. Pilot Cordiner, of this port, is aboard the bark. Big Currency Shipments. New York, Jan. 3 .- A compilation of

currency shipments made through the sub-treasury for local bonks shows a

total for December of \$5,100,000, of which \$4,750,000 went to New Orleans and \$400,000 to Chicago. The total of the interior movement through the sub-treasury to the end of

the year is as follows: Chicago, \$4,700,000; Kansas City, \$200,-000; St. Paul —; Minneapolis —: West, \$3,400,000; East —; South, \$8,000; New Orleans, \$15,690,000, Total, \$24,043,000.

No Submarine Boats.

New York, Jan. 3.—A special to the Herald from Washington says: Sub-marine boats for the navy will not be authorized by Congress during the pres-ent session, if the views of the majority f the naval board on construction are observed.

The board has considered a letter from Representative Foss, chairman of the House committee, regarding the bill pending authorizing the construction of twenty additional submarine boats. By a vote of four to one the decision was against the new vessels until their value is demonstrated. Naval Constructor Woodward, representing Rear Admiral Hichborn, chief constructor, was the dissenting member. In making this decision the majority took into consideration the reports of Admiral Dewey, Rear Admiral Far-quhar, Commander N. E. Mason, and

thers commenting favorably upon the boat's performance. Will Join Insurgents.

San Juan, P. R., Jan, 3 .- Former President Andrade of Venezuela, who has been exiled since the last revolution, is here. He expects to leave in the near future and it is believed he will join the Venezuelan insurgents.

Grip Prevalent.

New York, Jan. 3 .- More than 100 men have been confined to the hospital at the Brooklyn navy yard during the last week, suffering from the grip. Col. R. L. Meade, commanding the barracks, Captain A. T. Marix and Lieuten

ant Pickering are among the sufferers News from the Far North.

Seattle Wash, Jan 2 .- Advices from

HELP FOR WOMEN WHO ARE ALWAYS TIRED.

TESTING CHINA'S

Great Hardship There.

Other Nations -All but Americans

Engage in Looting.

"I do not feel very well, I am so tired all the time. I do not know what is the matter with me."

You hear these words every day; as often as you meet your friends just so often are these words repeated. More than likely you speak the same significant words yourself, and no doubt you do feel far from well most of the time. Mrs. Ella Rice, of Chelsea, Wis., whose portrait we publish, writes that ing-down pains, headache, backache, and had all kinds of miserable feelings, all of which was caused by falling and inflammation of the womb, and after doctoring with physicians and numer ous medicines she was entirely cured by



Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

If you are troubled with pains, fainting spells, depression of spirits, reluctance to go anywhere, headache, backache, and always tired, please remember that there is an absolute remedy which will relieve you of your suffering as it did Mrs. Rice. Proof is monumental that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is the greatest medicine for suffering women. No other medicine has made the cures that it has, and no other woman has helped so many women by direct advice as has Mrs. Pinkham ; her experience is greater than that of any hving person. If you are sick, write and get her advice; her address is Lynn, Mass.





Superintendent of Instruction in New Mexico Disagrees With Illinois Teachers-Wants the Game Stopped-Boys Killed 15, Seriously Injured 200.

IS FOOTBALL A BRUTAL GAME?

ent of Public Instruction M. C. De Baca, in his annual report, makes a recommendation for the prohibition of the playing of football in the territorial institutions, and the public schools. He | ball.

FOR AU. S. COLONIAL ARMY | not to be any hesitation whatever as

Proposition is Being Discussed by Military Officials,

Plan is to Enlist Men Specially for Service in Different Parts of the Country,

New York, Jan. 3 .- A special to the Herald from Washington says: Army officers are discussing the proposition for a colonial army.

"The proposition for a colonial army," said Lieut, Gen. Miles, "if developed properly, would seem to have advantages. The idea is not an entirely new one, as our present volunteer force of \$5,000 men was enlisted exclusively for service in the Philippines, and the pending army reorganization bill but provides for an increase in the army at the President's discretion, to meet the present emergency in those islands or any other incident that may arise.

"It seems, however, that the trouble in the Philippines is not of as tempotary a character as has been pre-In view of this it might be well to model an army somewhat after England's Indian army, where the na-tives of India are enlisted and made to excellent police and campaign work.

Adjutant General Corbin pointed out arbitant General Corbin pointed army that the suggestions for a colonial army are in line with the pointy which will be observed by the war department. "A man," sold General Corbin, "will be enlisted for service in any part of the country or in any one of our depend-encies he may select. If he desires to serve in the Philippines, he will be enlisted for a regiment serving there for Cuba, for a regiment serving in Cu-ba; if for New York harbor, for a regiserving at Governor's Island or Fort Hamilton.

The department will be glad to discharge an enlisted man after his enlistment has expired in the Philippines, it he so wishes, and in order that he may be in a position financially to engage in business will pay to him the sum which would be required to defray his transportation and mess expenses to the United Content of the sum United States, Arizona and New Mexi-co were settled by men discharged from the army in those Territories af-ter their enlistments had expired."

Inspector General Breckenridge said: I am in favor of any army the size which shall be based upon Lieut. Gen. Miles' recommendation of one soldier for every thousand inhabitants of the United States."

Senator Hawley, chairman of the Senate committee on military affairs. Precisely what should be done must

depend upon current events. We are told that in Cuba and Porto Rico we can organize a very considerable and reliable pative force, but to what extent this can be done in the Phil-ippines is very indefinite. There ought

Santa Fe, N. M., Jan. 3 .- Superintend. ; regards the game as more brutal than prize-fighting. He has gathered statistics showing that last year fifteen boys were killed and 200 seriously injured in the United States while playing foot-

on Dec. 25. siderable standing army."

Colorado Coal Famine.

Lyons, Colo., Jan. 3 .- In consequence of the miners' strike at Louisville and of the miners strike at Lafayette this town is experiencing a coal famine. Not a pound of coal could be had here today, and people in neea of fuel went to the mountains for wood.

NATIONALIZE TELEGRAPH. Scheme to Bind Canada More Closely

to Great Britain. Ottawa, Ont., Jan. 3 .- Sir Sanford Fleming has written a long letter to William Mulluk in favor of a tele graph service to girdle the globe and owned by the state. The letter is said to be the beginning of a movement to nationalize the cable and telegraph service of the amula. The metter the service of the empire. The matter, the



That torturing and disfiguring disease has its cause in an impure condition of the blood. The impure condition of the blood often arises from a diseased condition of the stomach and allied organs of

digestion and nutri-tion. When diges-tion is imperfect, the nutrition of the body is inadequate to its needs. The blood bethese poisons often manifest themselves sease.

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blood and other diseases which originate in a diseased condition of the stomsch. The "Discovery" is absolutely a non-

alcoholic and non-narcotic medicine. There is nothing "just as good."

"Here is bounding just as good." "For three years I have suffered with that dreaded disease, eczema," writes Mrs. J. Koepp, of Herman, Oregon. "I was told to try Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, which I did, and after I had taken fourteeu bottles I was permanently cured. It has been a year since I stopped taking your medicine and it has never appeared since. I think your medicine a won-derful cure and hope others suffering as I did will take It and be relieved of their suffering."

Doctor Pierce's Pleasant Pellets are powerful aids to the cleansing of the clogged system. By all dealers in medicine

Skagway state ly learned that Murray McDonald, oung man who disappeared at White Horse early last June, had been in Skagway June 27, and purchased a ticket on the City of Seattle for this

port. It is not as yet known, however, whether he made the voyage or not. Charles Hoffman, a citizen of Skag-way, fired five shots at his wife at their home in that place recently. None of the shots took effect. He is being held under \$10,000 bonds to appear before the grand jury Pearl Griffin, also of Skagway, was seriously burned and perhaps disfigured for life while lighting a fire with coal

Advices from Dawson state that the roposed sale of alternate sections of hydraulic mining grants have been in-definitely postponed by the Canadian

ficiale Wolves are reported to be becoming very numerous on the trial to Dawson, especially near Tulare. Nearly all the claims in Dawson have

suspended operations for the winter. Four loads of mail were received in Dawson Dec. 17. It is estimated 45,000 letters were distributed.

Struck an Iceberg.

Seattle, Wash., Jan. 2 .- The steamer Dirigo of thet Alaska Steamship company, which sailed from this port week for Skaguay, collided an iceberg on the morning of December 28th in Gastineaux channel, below Juneau, and had a narow escape from destruction. As it was, her stem was badly shattered below the water line, resulting the springing of a leak. The news was brought down by the Victorian. The Dirigo was on her way to Juneau when the accident occurred. It was still dark and she was going ahead under full steam when she struck the iceberg about twenty miles off Treadwell. She continued on to Juneau, hardly losing any time on ac-count of the accident, and was temporarily repaired at that place. She was to sall for Seattle, via Sitka, on the morning of December 19th.

Populists as Democrats. Denver, Colo., Jan. 2 .- Thomas M Patterson, who was permanent chair-man of the Populist National convention in 1900 and who is one of the lead-ing candidates for United States sena-

tor before the present legislature, com-menting upon the action of the Populist comes thin, poisons senators who yesterday, proclaimed their allegiance to the Democratic accumulate in it, and party, declares they did the "common-sense and practical thing,' and adds: "Silver men must stand with Mr. in some eruptive Bryan and the western Democracy

this fight. Silver men can best aid their Democratic friends from within the Democratic citadel. They can, in caucus is remarked change. In conventions and at elections, do their part to strengthen the arm of Bryan and over-turn the gold-bug contingent of the Democratic party in its announced as-Temocratic party in its announced as-sault upon the Democratic principles which secured from Colorado 39,000 majority for the Bryan electors."

Gets \$2,000 a Year.

Lincoln, Neb., Jan. 2.-Prof. Edward A. Ross, recently of Stanford Univer-sity, has been engaged by the regents of the University of Nebraska. He will

begin work next month at a salary of \$2,000 a year. A position will be cre-ated for him, as the university already has a professor of political economy.

Lieut. Barber's Body. San Francisco, Cai., Jan. 3.-The body of the late Lieut. Geo. H. Barber, pay-master in the navy and nephew of President Mciniey, has been taken from the transport Grant to the Mare Island navy yard. It will be transported east navy yard. It will be transported east soon. The body was taken on by the

Grant at Hongkong, the vessel making a special call there for that purpose on the way from Manila to this port. Lieut. Barber died of fever several months ago.

Herald from Washington says: In the commercial treaty to be nego-

tlated by the powers with China a provision will be inserted if this governthis winter. ment can compass it formally recognizing the principle of the "Open door," This important step will not be a surprise to the powers, all of which have

expressed themselves as in favor of the preservation of the "open door," and it is believed that there will be no open opposition in the proposal when made. At the same time, it would not surprise

the officials should some of the powers urge that each nation make an independent convention with the imperial government, thus securing opportunity obtain several advantages. This danger has not been lost sight of by the administration, which will urge that but one treaty be made, and that in the nature of a reiteration of many im-portant features of the old commercial conventions, with such additions, in-cluding the "open door" proposition, as may deem desirable.

In a dispatch received from Pekin, Minister Conger expressed the opinion that the questions of the commercial relations of China and foreign powers and that of indemnity would be the most difficult to solve and most productive of delay.

The Chinese envoys, he said, had stat-ed that their government was able to guarantee compliance with the condi-tions imposed in the preliminary agreement. Germany may raise the ques-tion whether the punishment of Boxer leaders is sufficiently severe, but this is not likely to interfere with the con-clusions of the negotiations. Minister Conger takes a hopeful view of the sit-uation, though he says he expects delay in the settlement of the indemnity and commercial treaty questions.

Venezuela Fixes It.

Washington, Jan, 2 .- Minister Loomis at Caracas has advised the state department that the impending trouble over the conflicting asphalt concessions has been averted for the present. There are no details in the minister's dispatch but it is gathered that he has induced the Venezuelan authorities to suspend arbitrary action looking to-ward the ejectment of some of the concessionaires until there can be had a calm judicial determination of the

in calm particle determination of the merits of the conflicting claims. It is probable that the gunboat Scorpion at present at La Guayara has been a potent influence in bringing about the present stay of proceedings.

Test for Woman Suffrage.

Rochester, N. Y., Jan. 3.-The latest development in the woman suffrage fight, begun over a quarter of a century ago when Susan B. Anthony, and her sister Mary S. Anthony, were arrested and fined, is the stand taken by Mary S. Anthony in the matter of taxation of her property. She sends notice to County Treasurer Hamilton that she will not in the future pay taxes except under protest, until she is allowed the right of suffrage. The action will likely result in a test case being brought in the court.

The Catfish Rumor.

New York, Jan. 3 .- The Journal of

Commerce says: It is stated in West Side canned goods circles that the matter of discovering the author of the rumor or report recently published to the effect that coast packers of salmon were canning Louisi-ana catfish and branding it as salmon, has been turned over for the consideration of the United States fish commis sion. The rumor or report, it appears was taken seriously in certain East Side quarters, particularly among the He-brews, who, because of their religion which prohibits the eating of catfish, declined to buy salmon in many in-stances. This action resulted in some loss of trade to canned fish dealers here.

that no danger is to be apprehended

Trade is being resumed and so far supplies from native sources are com paratively plentiful, though they probably will not last into mid-winter, as the near-by villages have been pretty thoroughly cleaned out by foraging parties from the European forces.

SITUATION IN CHINA.

Relation of the Various Foreign Forces to Each Other.

Tien Tsin, China, December 1 .-- Correspondence of the Associated Press.-The military situation here has shown practically no change since early au-There has been a slight reduc tumn, tion of the various forces at times, but the garrisons have on the whole practically been maintained at the numbers heretofore stated in the Associated Press dispatches.

The Russian contingent has been slightly increased over the strength at first determined. This is understood to have been done at the suggestion to General Linavitch himself, who is said to have represented to St. Petersburg that two additional infantry regiments be added. These have now arrived here. In addition there are three squadrons of Cossacks and a light bat-tery. With the departure of the Fifteenth United States infantry last week the American contingent in Tien Tsin now consists only of two companies of the Ninth Infantry under command of Major Foote, The British and German forces predominate. The British have sent back to India and down to Hongkong a large number of coolies who have suffered much from the cold. The health of the troops is, on the whole, good, though the Germans have had quite a large percentage of sick from fever and other complaints. Navigation up the river has practical-

ceased. Ice has formed nightly and the last fleet of junks sent up have taken from eight to ten days to reach Tung Chow. Winter supplies for all the forces are pretty well in, however, and with the opening of the railroad to Pekin, which is expected within two or three weeks the greatest difficult, which the allies have faceed will be redifficulty moved. The railroad is still the cause of considerable friction. It is still held y the Russians, who are apparently not inclined to surrender it to any other control. There has been a disposition to lay the blame for the delay in put-ting the road through to Pekin on the Russians and from time to time the matter has come to the front in a way to cause apprehensions of serious friction. It was recently stated that an agreement had been reached to turn the road over to the Germans, but this has failed to materialize, and it is understood that the Russlans declined to fulfill the agreement. They are paying the interest on the lease to the Chinese to the British owners and thus remov ing the greatest legal question involved Reports from the country along the Grand canal and toward Pao Ting Fu indicate that there is still some restlessness in the towns and villages There have been several scares of massing forces in that direction, but no re-liable news can be obtained tending to indicate danger. The Germans have installed a field

telegraph line to Pao Ting Fu, and detachments are constantly on the road escorting supplies to the garrison there. Occasionally there have come reports of shipping along the route, but the coun-

try is apparently quiet in that direction. The work of the American quartermaster's department here and at Tong master's department here and at Tong Ku is practically wound up, and it is probable that the depot will soon be closed, General C. F. Humphrey, chiet quartermaster, will then go to Pekin. A large number of employes have been discharged, and will be sent home on the Californian and the Athenian, both due to leave within the next ten days.

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