WILLIAM ON THE BOER QUESTION.

Is to Germany's Interest for England to Have the Republics.

WOULD FIGHT ALL EUROPE.

Great Britain Would Do That Before Permitting Any Interference in South Africa.

London, Oct. 20.—"I believe," said Emperor William recently, "that it is to Germany's advantage for England to have the Boer republics."

The complete accuracy of this important quotation which gains strength from the fact that it was not said with any idea of repetition or for the sake of mollifying some British diplomat, is vouched for. The remark was made in the course of a conversation between the emperor and one of the leading Germans whose advice in matters of commercial policy, his majesty greatly relies upon and who, by the way, is not a lover of Great Britain and her works. Through a recent visit of this individual to England the Associated Press secured knowledge of what may be fairly described as the emperor's candid opinion of the South African matter. For several days the English and continental papers have contained hints and even asserttions that Russia, France and Germany are contemplating joint action with the idea of coercing Great Britain into granting at least a degree of independence to the Boers.

COALITION AGAINST ENGLAND.

Several correspondents have adduced the most circumstantial details to prove the existence of this undercurrent of projected diplomacy between the powers mentioned and while the English public has grown inured to intervention rumors, this last revival has secured no small degree of credence and has even affected the markets. Whether Russia and France ever contemplated such action is not known but the circumstances under which Emperor William spoke effectually and definitely dispose of all possibility of any European intervention, for it is acknowledged on all sides that Russia and France would not act without Germany. There is even further significance in his majesty's pronouncement for since he made the statement referred to, his interviewer has conferred with the Boer delegates. This occurred only a few days ago and it can be inferred that Dr. Leyds, the diplomatic agent of the Transvaal, was informed that it would be hopeless to expect any aid from Emperor William towards the intervention campaign planned to synchronize with Mr. Kruger's arrival in Europe.

The British foreign office professes ignorance of any secret intentions on the part of the continental powers in regard to a settlement of the trouble in South Africa and, indeed, appears genuinely to disbelieve the possibility of any such happening. How it would meet such an eventuality, however, can be judged from an expression used by an official who is regarded as being more in Lord Salisbury's confidence than any other man, and who said to a representative of the Associated Press:

WOULD FIGHT ALL EUROPE.

"What! Interference mooted again? Why, we would fight all Europe first."

To what extent Great Britain may be indebted to Emperor William for rendering such a serious alternative can only be surmised; but it is not doubted here that the anti-British feeling among the people of France and Russia daily gains virulence and that it is not likely to be decreased by the presence of ex-President Kruger in Europe. The Associatead Press further learns his majesty's conviction that it would be to Germany's advantage to have the British control the Boer republics, sprang, apparently, not from any idea of gaining counter concessions or from a general policy of friendship, but from a distinct idea that Germany's commerce would be imensely benefited thereby and that the adjacent German territory would be improved because he implicitly trusts that the German manufacturers and German shipping interests can cut the ground from under their British rivals even in the latter's own territory.

GRAVE IRISH SITUATION.

The elections are over and parliament is prorogued for a month, so the condition of affairs in Ireland is engrossing the attention of the leading Englishmen. The gravity of the Irish situation has been pointed out in these dispatches, but only now is England waking up to a realization of the fact that the next few years promise to be among the most stormy which have ever marked the history of Ireland. Mr. Michael Davitt has prepared and circulated for the signatures of nationalists an address to former President Kruger expressing admiration and sympathy for the latter, and referring to England as an "oppressor," to the war as "wicked and dishonest," and saying:

"Seldom in history has such a noble stand been made for political liberty by a small band of free men against an overwhelming horde of mercenaries in the pay of those who coveted their land and gold, and hated their independence. The names of the mountains and plains of your republic will take place in history beside Marathon, Sempach and Bunker Hill as incentives in the strivings for human liberty."

HONOR FOR KRUGER.

Commenting on this, the Dublin Independent, which represents the Healy section, suggests that the freedom of Dublin be conferred on ex-President Kruger while the guardians of the North Dublin Union have sent an address to the queen of Holland thanking her for sheltering Mr. Kruger and regretting the Boers had come under the heel of a nation "remarkable for its cruelty, covetousness and rapacity."

Commenting upon these utterances even the Chronicle admits it is quite impossible for any alliance to exist between the liberal and nationalist parties.

In the meantime the bitterness of the conservative fight over the Rt. Hon. Horace Curzon Plunkett(one of the most important government officials in Ireland who ran for the south division of Dublin county in the conservative interest and was defeated by the nationalist candidate, owing, it is alleged, to Mr. Curzon's friendship for a Catholic lady of Dublin), and the nationalist split between the followers of Messrs. Healy and O'Brien continues, resulting in unending correspondence and all signs portend as the Times and other papers ruefully admit a period of unexampled unrest.

THEATRICAL MATTERS.

The revival of the "School for Scandal" at the Haymarket, and the production of Capt. Marshall's "The Noble Lord," at the Criterion, with the Galveston benefit at Drury Lane, have been the only matters notable from the theatrical point of view.

"The Casino Girl" successfully passed its hundredth performance this week, and with Lederer's new consignment of American chorus signers, the piece has every prospect of a successful winter.

Irene Vanbrugh, who will soon be sailing for the United States to join John Hare, is quite the most conspicuous comedienne England is likely to send to America this year. He says she is delighted with the opportunity to visit America.

Amelia Sitgreaves, an American who, beginning as a private entertainer, has achieved success recently in "The Price of Peace," at Drury Lane, starts this week for South Africa to fill a long engagement at the Cape.

Marie Tempest, whose success in "English Nell," continues at the Prince of Wales, is to take the part played by Mme. Rejane in the English adaptation of "Ma Cousine," which, in due course, will follow at the Prince of Wales Theater.

THE MODERN BEAUTY Looks to

CREAM DE LIS

as the only face preparation which can be depended on to prevent tan and sunburn and to remove all disfigurements and the oily look from the skin without a particle of danger.

For more than fifty years it has been relied on to restore the skin to its normal beauty.

Sold by all druggists and general dealers. If you cannot obtain it, send us 50 cents for large bottle, or 10 cents for trial size. E. B. HARRINGTON & CO., Mfrs., Los Angeles, Cal.

WALKER'S FILIBUSTERS.

People of Nicaragua Celebrate the Anniversary of His Defeat.

Managua, Nicaragua, Sept. 14.—[Correspondence of the Associated Press.]—September 15 is a great anniversary day in Nicaragua, and is legally recognized as a holiday, it being one of the two days in the history of the republic when Nicaraguan soldiers defeated an important force of armed troops. The occasion has been celebrated this year with great enthusiasm by both government officials, including President Zelaya and many of the laboring classes of natives. All day long yelling and cheering crowds have marched through the streets and the celebration was continued until late into the night. September 14 is the anniversary of the defeat of 130 of Walker's fillibusters in 1856, at a hacienda called "San Jacinto," where the intruders were engaged in seizing cattle for the use of Walker's troops at Granada. They attacked about 175 native soldiers who occupied a fortified position and drove them from the stronghold on the left but were themselves flanked and many of them were killed, including their commander, Byron Cole.

This was the second time in their war history where distinguished bravery was displayed in the Nicaraguans and they persisted in their attack until they won the victory. The first occasion was when a woman, one of the ancestors of the wife of Dr. Cardinas, formerly president of Nicaragua, rallied some fleeing officers and men, her husband, the commander, being absent, at fort Castrillo on the San Juan river. She held the front until night against the cannonade of the then Lieut. Nelson, afterwards Lord Nelson, of the British navy, who had come up the river in the small boats of a British war vessel for the purpose of capturing the fort. When darkness fell the brave woman had rafts constructed and these were loaded with dry leaves and clothing saturated with rum.

The rafts were then sent down the river to where Nelson's boats were moored and were fired when they reached their destination. Nelson hurriedly retreated down the river to where his ship lay, losing four men and one of his boats.

There has recently been brought to the attention of the public through articles published in the daily newspapers, the great curative powers alleged to be possessed by the image of "Sainta Maria del Perpetuo Socorro" now in a Catholic church in Managua and which are dispensed though personal prayers and contributions. The names of several prominent citizens who are said to have been cured and the nature of the disease from which they were delivered have been printed. This has had the effect of inducing many persons of the higher classes who are inflicted with bodily trouble to appeal to the saint while thousands of the poorer classes and the Indians are daily visiting the shrine.

ADVERTISEMENT.

DEMOCRATIC COUNTY TICKET.

For State Senators,
H. P. HENDERSON,
HENRY W. LAWRENCE,
D. O. RIDEOUT, JR.
For Representatives,
MRS. ELIZABETH M. COHEN,
RULON S. WELLS,
D. O. WILLEY, JR.
W. R. LaVEILLE,
JOSEPH C. HAYES,
JOSEPH S. HYDE,
JOHN A. MAYNES,
JAMES THOMPSON,
MAHONRI SPENCER,
JOHN HANSEN, JR.
For County Commissioners,
MARCELLUS S. WOOLLEY,
GEORGE A. WHITTAKER,
W. J. HORNE.
For Treasurer,
WILLIAM H. DALE.
For Sheriff,
G. H. NAYLOR.
For Auditor,
GEORGE H. WOOD.
For Clerk,
BEN T. LLOYD.
For Recorder,
THOMAS ALSTON.
For Attorney,
H. A. SMITH.
For Surveyor,
W. H. EVANS.
For Assessor,
JAMES E. LYNCH.

DEMOCRATIC JUDICIAL TICKET.
Third Judicial District.

For District Judges,
WILLIAM C. HALL,
Salt Lake County.
JOSEPH T. RICHARDS.
Salt Lake County.
SAMUEL W. STEWART,
Salt Lake County.
For District Attorney,
DAVID B. HEMPSTEAD,
Salt Lake County.

BUSINESS IS EASIER NOW.

It Results Largely from the Settlement of the Coal Strike.

NEW BUYING IS KEPT DOWN

Election Excitement the Cause of This—Prices of Commodities Are Weaker—Speculation at a Minimum.

New York, Oct. 19.—R. G. Dunn & Co.'s Weekly Review of Trade tomorrow will say: "A settlement of the coal strike, satisfactory to all interests having been effected, business breathes more freely in the East and distribution of merchandise is increasing slowly again, though the election excitement keeps new buying in many lines down to wants for immediate consumption. In the West there is not the same hesitation, and there, as well as in the South, the marketing of the crops is responsible for a feeling of much confidence in the movement of business if the nation accounts conservatively at the polls. Prices of commodities are weaker and the caution so gratifying in a presidential year keeps speculation at a minimum.

"Cotton further declined, making the loss about $6 a bale in two weeks. Planters are rushing work and picking is expected to progress rapidly enough to save most of the crop from early frost. High prices make it possible to pay good wages to pickers and the movement at receiving points increased largely. Domestic spinners are not liberal buyers but exports are only slightly smaller than a year ago.

"Wheat has shown more weakness, due in part to the greater activity at Russian ports, and Atlantic exports for the week were only 2,647,235 bushels, against 3,270,226 a year ago.

"Few important fluctuations occurred in iron and steel, but there were small advances in bessemer pig at Pittsburg and at Philadelphia. Moderate gains are reported in the volume of transactions, although the tendency is to delay large contracts a few weeks. Implement makers take bar iron freely, however, and orders for pipe are urgent, with severe weather coming on. Structural shapes are taken for foreign points as far distant as Egypt, and domestic bridge-builders buy freely. More mills have gone into blast and the general tone is improving. Production of coke has increased, but prices are easy and many ovens still idle. Tin declined again, making the fall 1¾ cents in two weeks and 6 cents from the high point in July.

"Leather and hides are firm and selling freely because of steady improvement in demand for boots and shoes. Jobbers are placing large orders with manufacturers and demand is no longer limited to fall goods. Spring contracts are increasing at an encouraging rate, although an effort is made to keep these sales as quiet as possible, owing to the effect on the market for raw material.

"While woolen mills are not working at full capacity, more seasonable weather has increased buying in this line, and purchases of wool at the three chief Eastern markets increased to 4,524,000 pounds, the best total for a long time, although still far below the amount taken through speculative activity a year ago. Prices are steady and holders show no less confidence.

"Failures for the week were 209 in the United States against 145 last year and 26 in Canada against 20 last year."

Bank Clearings.

New York, Oct. 19.—The following table compiled from Bradstreet's shows the bank clearings of all principal cities for the week ending Oct. 18th, with the percentage if increase and decrease, as compared with the corresponding week last year:

		Inc.	Dec.
New York	$1,012,914,304	....	18.5
Boston	127,973,554	....	12.2
Chicago	134,479,877	....	8.0
Philadelphia	90,425,454	....	2.0
St. Louis	36,235,821	1.2	....
Pittsburg	29,378,518	....	23.2
Baltimore	20,028,647	....	4.3
San Francisco	23,049,771	9.2	....
Cincinnati	15,530,250	....	1.6
Kansas City	18,775,458	12.2	....
New Orleans	15,112,639	46.2	....
Minneapolis	15,313,806	....	12.7
Detroit	8,055,164	....	3.2
Cleveland	11,504,971	....	1.6
Louisville	8,072,885	....	11.8
Providence	7,526,100	....	13.6
Milwaukee	6,536,075	1.7	....
St. Paul	6,341,212	....	1.0
Buffalo	5,636,191	2.4	....
Omaha	6,746,774	....	1.7
Indianapolis	6,470,284	....	7.5
Columbus, O.	5,355,209	....	10.6
Denver	4,936,781	2.6	....
Richmond	3,600,014	21.5	....
Memphis	4,540,738	70.5	....
Washington	2,677,858	4.1	....
Peoria	2,260,934	1.0	....
Rochester	1,888,383	0.8	....
New Haven	1,546,961	....	4.3
Worcester	1,401,487	9.1	....
Atlanta	2,858,359	9.1	....
SALT LAKE CITY	2,566,174	....	1.0
Springfield, Mass.	1,361,469	....	10.2
Fort Worth	2,417,886	47.5	....
Portland, Me.	1,117,264	....	19.5
Portland, Or.	2,581,611	24.7	....
St. Joseph	4,007,654	22.4	....
Los Angeles	2,379,361	....	....
Norfolk	1,506 177	....	....
Syracuse	1,144,986	....	3.4
Des Moines	1,618,117	11.4	....
Nashville	1,389,522	....	6.4
Wilmington, Del.	968,130	....	....
Fall River	1,185,249	32.9	....
Scranton	1,060,729	....	19.5
Grand Rapids	1,260,079	....	4.0
Augusta, Ga	1,857,962	63.3	....
Lowell	557,721	....	9.2
Dayton, O.	1,044,336	....	3.8
Seattle	3,179,621	13.0	....
Tacoma	1,647,815	....	8.4
Spokane	1,227,832	NN	9.1
Sioux City	1,501,665	....	....
New Bedford	467,959	....	34.4
Knoxville Tenn	668,755	3.2	....
Topeka	1,037,526	37.7	....
Birmingham	852,658	20.3	....
Wichita	419,426	1.6	....
Binghampton	372,800	....	8.8
Lexington, Ky.	388,277	17.2	....
Jacksonville, Fla.	233,916	23.9	....
Kalamazoo	388,309	....	1.2
Akron	530,400	11.3	....
Chattanooga	430,021	10.5	....
Rockford, Ill.	266,248	....	2.9
Canton, O.	225,401	15.7	....
Springfield, O.	287,623	....	3.6
Fargo, N. D.	375,846	36.6	....
Sioux Falls, S.D.	86,508	8.7	....
Fremont, Neb.	158,067	10.4	....
Davenport	964,762	12.4	....
Toledo	2,219,098	....	6.0
Galveston	8,414,000	....	2.2
Houston	14,841,562	8.2	....
Helena	736,026	....	1.6
Evansville	956,356	27.7	....
Youngstown, O	331,317	1.8	....
Little Rock	807 331	58.5	....
Springfield, Ill.	436,578	....	17.2
Macon	809,000	....	2.9
Colo. Springs	904,000	....	....
Totals, U. S.	$1,695,493,162	....	13.2
Totals outside New York	682,598,858	....	4.0
DOMINION OF CANADA.			
Montreal	$ 13,202,356	....	5.5
Toronto	8,986,549	....	....
Winnipeg	1,582,565	....	31.2
Halifax	1,097,819	....	7.7
Hamilton	773,763	18.1	....
St. John, N. B.	557,316	7.1	....
Vancouver	1,113,417	....	....
Victoria	795,566	15.2	....
Totals	$ 28,209,537	....	0.8

THE VATICAN AND GERMANY

Von Buelow's Elevation May Revive Controversy With the Pope.

New York, Oct. 19.—It is stated in high church circles in Washington, says a dispatch to the World, that the appointment of Count von Buelow to be minister of foreign affairs of Germany promises to revive controversies between the vatican and the German emperor.

In 1897 at a time when the German emperor sought to assume the protectorate of Christianity in the Holy Land and at a most critical period of negotiations with the vatican Count von Buelow was accredited as the imperial German ambassador to Pope Leo XIII. This was a departure from the usages of the German emperors and the step was heralded as an evidence of complete reconciliation between the vatican and Berlin. The count did not hold the position more than a month. Almost coincident with his reception at the vatican the notice of his promotion to the ministry of the imperial foreign office was published.

Two stories explantory of this are told. One is that Italy objected to the triple alliance taking so open an interest in the sovereignty, spiritual or temporal, of the pope as to appoint an ambassador to him. The other story is that Count von Buelow was indiscreet in permitting his emperor to believe that the pope acquiesced in the German protectorate of the Holy Land.

Pope Leo XIII afterward addressed an encyclical to the French bishops, in which he attributed the rumors that Emperor William had been acknowledged as the protector of the Christians in the east to indiscreet and unfounded diplomatic gossip.

The Catholic hierarchy throughout the world will now watch with considerable interest the development of Von Buelow's attitude toward Pope Leo.

Injured in a Remarkable Way.

New York, Oct. 20.—Angelo Gonzalo was injured in a remarkable way by a premature explosion at Bedford park a few days ago. When operated upon at the Harlem hospital Dr. Muller, the house surgeon, found in the orbit of the left eye, which was removed, sixteen small stones, one of which was a quarter of an inch long. The left cheek bone was also removed, and several pieces of stone were removed from the man's face and neck. One piece was half an inch long and half an inch wide. One piece narrowly missed cutting the jugular vein. Gonzalo's condition is serious.

Yellow Fever in Havana.

New York, Oct. 20.—There are ninety-two cases of yellow fever in all at Havana, a dispatch to the Tribune states. Nineteen Americans are down with the disease. The death rate among the American victims has been 8 per cent. The fever is decreasing now. There is no disposition on the part of the authorities to misrepresent the situation. The coming of so many Spanish immigrants has been the cause of the increase over last year.

ANGLO-GERMAN ALLIANCE.

Its Purpose is to Maintain the Territorial Integrity of China.

London, Oct. 20.—Germany and England have formed an alliance to maintain territorial integrity of China and to keep ports open.

Nine Soldiers Die at Sea.

San Francisco, Oct. 19.—Two deaths occurred this morning on the transport Sherman, which arrived from Manila last night. They were Private James M. Haines, company E, Thirty-seventh infantry, and Private James H. Richardson, company F, Thirty-ninth infantry. Both men were in a serious condition when they left Manila.

Nine soldiers died on the voyage. They were: Peter Savery, company E, Nineteenth infantry; John F. Carroll, prisoner, late company L, Thirty-sixth infantry; William Gordan, company B, engineer corps; William H. Morse, company L, Ninth infantry; John M. Thompson, company B, engineer corps; Henry Sutter, company L, Thirty-second infantry; Bert J. Emmons, battery E, First artillery; Edward J. Anderson, troop A, Eleventh cavalry; Edwin Ellis, company E, Forty-seventh infantry.

Rapid Work of Railroads.

New York, Oct. 20.—The railroads did some very rapid work to get Mr. Bryan to Rochester somewhere near on time, says a special to the Times. On the Delaware, Lackawanna & Western between Ithaca and Rochester, a speed of sixty-five miles an hour was reached, although the road winds considerably.

At one point the train lurched so violently that the sauce bottles and glasses were whirled off the dining tables.

ADVERTISEMENT.

DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

For President,
WILLIAM J. BRYAN,
Nebraska.

For Vice President,
ADLAI E. STEVENSON,
Illinois.

For Presidential Electors,
ORLANDO W. POWERS,
Salt Lake County.
ALEX. H. TARBET,
Salt Lake County.
I. C. THORESEN,
Cache County.

Representative to Congress,
WM. H. KING,
Salt Lake County.

Judge of the Supreme Court,
J. W. N. WHITECOTTON,
Utah County.

Governor,
JAMES H. MOYLE,
Salt Lake County.

Secretary of State,
FISHER S. HARRIS,
Salt Lake County.
Attorney General,
A. J. WEBER,
Weber County.

Superintendent of Public Instruction,
NATHAN T. PORTER,
Davis County.

Treasurer,
ROBERT C. LUND,
Washington County.

Auditor,
HENRY N. HAYES,
Sevier County.

NO ANARCHIST PLOT EXISTED.

Such the Conclusion of Commissioner Trimble.

PLANNED MURDER ABROAD.

That is His Belief Regarding Bresci—No Evidence of Conspiracy in Paterson, New Jersey.

New York, Oct. 20.—Supreme Court Commissioner Trimble, of New Jersey, having completed his investigation, declares it to be his conviction that no anarchist plot existed in Paterson or West Hoboken for the assassination of the late King Humbert, of Italy. He believes that Bresci planned the murder after going abroad.

Under his official seal the commissioner will submit to the New Jersey supreme court, 222 pages of typewritten testimony taken from thirty witnesses, a copy of which will be forwarded to the Italian authorities by Governor Voorhees.

While there is nothing to connect King Humbert's assassination with the letter in which Sperandio Caribone predicted, Mr. Trimble thinks that the assassination was more than a coincidence and the intimation in the letter that it would take place by no means the act of an unbalanced mind.

Ernesta Cavello, the so-called "anarchist queen," was among the last of the witnesses examined. She said that she knew Bresci well, and that he had told her business called him abroad. She denied that the assassination of King Humbert had ever been suggested by Bresci or any of the associates in her hearing. She declared that Paterson anarchists were astonished by news of the assassination.

Edward McCabe, Paterson's manager of the postal telegraph company, again refused to surrender dispatches said to have been received by anarchists from Italy. Commissioner Trimble said that the Italian government would be able to get them where they originated.

CUT THIS OUT.

LIFE SIZE PORTRAIT FOR 85 Cents.

To Residents of Salt Lake County Only

This Coupon with 85c presented at my Studio entitles bearer to a 16x20 Crayon, executed by myself. This offer good till Nov. 15th.

H. E. KNUDSEN, Portrait Artist,
Rooms 224 and 225 Atlas Block.

Johnson's Photos.

Artistic in POSE, LIGHTING and FINISH. Used by the best society and professional people, in fact,—"You see Johnson all over the World."

The JOHNSON Co., C. E. Johnson Supt., 54 s. W. Temple, Salt Lake, Utah.

R·I·PANS

A fond mother, kind and devoted,
In her children a sallowness noted,
But they had rosy cheeks
In a couple of weeks,
Taking Ripans—the chocolate-coated!

10 for 5 cents at drug stores

French Merino Rams.

A large selection, highest grade, just imported from California. For prices and terms inquire of

JOHN C. SHARP,
No. 26 E Street, Salt Lake City,
Or Wm. A. Crane, Herriman, Salt Lake County, Utah.

KINGSFORD'S STARCH

"PURE" AND SILVER GLOSS FOR THE LAUNDRY.

OSWEGO CORN STARCH FOR THE TABLE

THOSE WHO SUFFER

from the weaknesses peculiar to Women should give

GRAEFENBERG UTERINE CATHOLICON a trial. It is the old, reliable cure for uterine complaints—safe and sure—for sale by all druggists. Send for free book.

THE GRAEFENBERG CO.
111 Chambers Street, New York
Graefenberg Manual of Health sent postpaid on receipt of price, 25 cents.

Praised by a Preacher

From the Era Headlight, Grand Junction, Iowa.

No higher praise can be given Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People than the many voluntary testimonials from ministers of the gospel which have come from all parts of the country and which have more than supported all the claims made for this excellent medicine.

The most recent indorsement is that coming from Rev. Enoch Hill, pastor of the M. E. Church of Grand Junction, Iowa, who says:

"I am a firm believer in the efficacy of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People, the remedy having been used in my family with highly gratifying results. For three or four years I was a sufferer from general debility. I seemed to be lacking in vitality, was tired out most of the time and sleep gave me no rest or refreshment. I was troubled with headache much of the time and although I was not confined to my bed, my illness incapacitated me for energetic work in my pastorate.

"A sister-in-law living in Nebraska, who had suffered very much and who has used Dr. Williams' Pink Pills with good results, recommended them to me and I decided to try them. I had taken but two or three doses of the pills when I found that they were helping me and further use of the remedy brought such relief that I am glad to offer this public recommendation of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People in the interest of suffering humanity.

REV. ENOCH HILL.

At all druggists or direct from Dr. Williams Medicine Company, Schenectady, N. Y., 50c. per box; six boxes $2.50.

I am a firm believer in Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People.

ENOCH HILL,
Pastor M. E. Church, Grand Junction, Ia.

WE SAVE YOU 25 PER CENT

On Ladies', Misses', Children's, Men's or Boys' Underwear, either Shirts and Drawers or Union Suits.

Our Home-made Suits for Boys at $4.00, are worth as much as any $5.00 or $6.00 Eastern Suit.

L. D. S. Knit Garments, $1.25, $2.00.

Provo Mills White Blankets, Colored Blankets, Linsey Sheeting, and Plain Flannels are the best goods on earth for the money.

GENTLEMEN'S SUITS MADE TO ORDER.

CUTLER BROS. CO.,
36 MAIN STREET, SALT LAKE CITY.

ELIAS MORRIS & SONS COMPANY.
21-23-25-27 W. South Temple, Salt Lake City, Utah.

Mantles and Grates
Monuments and Headstones.

Just Received Four Carloads of New Goods.

Now is the time to get what you want in our line at the Right Price.

GARDNER DAILY STORE NEWS:

There are a lot of swell suits here for the little fellows.

There is one here that is an extra swell thing for the money.

And good, too.

It's of a blue-black cheviot, coat made in round cut style—swell collar with silk facing—lined with good quality of Italian cloth—splendidly tailored.

The vest is double-breasted style of a fancy worsted—the very swell thing.

The sizes run 3 to 8 years and the price is $3.00.

Many others $1.50 to $7.50.

Double breasted coat styles for boys of 8 to 16—$1.50 to $10.00.

ONE PRICE J. P. GARDNER, 136 and 138 Main.

It Is, Eh!

Well, now, don't let that idea fool you more than half a second. Of course, GLASS is GLASS, on the same principle that EGGS are EGGS; they'll both break. But if you are anything of a judge of eggs you don't have to investigate very closely sometimes to find a difference. We have all kinds of GLASS. GOOD Glass. Glass for Windows, Doors, Skylights, Transoms, Sidewalks, Floors, Pictures and Conservatories. Chipped Glass, Plain Glass, Ground Glass, Florentine Glass, Polished Plate Glass. GLASS! Why, we've Glass to burn, and what's more we've glass that won't burn when you burn it—absolutely fireproof, and not only fireproof but small boy proof, too. The imbedded wire prevents its falling out.

Don't forget that we set all kinds of Glass promptly, and that we want your orders.

THE SALT LAKE HARDWARE CO.,
42, 44 and 46 West Second South. SIGN OF THE BIG GUN.