

## BY TELEGRAPH.

## AMERICAN

WASHINGTON, 26.—The President, to-day, appointed Thos. H. Scanlon, postmaster, at Houston, vice J. E. Whittlesey, suspended under the tenure of office act, and C. B. Sabine, postmaster at Galveston, vice A. B. Hall, suspended. Postmaster General Jewell says these two suspended postmasters are the only officers in Texas under his department against whom public opinion seems to revolt, and that no other changes are now contemplated by him in that State. John Gordon Lee has been appointed gauger in the seventh district, and John Van Note, storekeeper in the third district of Ohio, and John A. Emrie, storekeeper in the fourth district of Indiana.

The Supreme Court, to-day, denied the motion to advance the Granger cases. This decision will put over the first case as far as March or April next.

The safe burglars' case was resumed to-day. Judge Humphrey cautioned the jury against reading or seeing newspapers during the trial. Chief of Police Richards was recalled and examined. He said the burglars were very bold, acting as though they belonged on the premises. The explosion brought no one to the spot. Harrington objected to his arresting men while at work, because it would interfere with the chain of evidence and the argument he had prepared for the case. Policeman Wm. F. Lee testified that he aided Richards in watching the office, being near the rear of the office. Tom Sheperd came round once, and Harrington told witness that some one was going to break open his office, and he wanted witness to pipe them off. Harrington changed the position of witness.

MEMPHIS, 26.—A mass meeting of citizens is called, to meet at Greenlow's Opera House, to-morrow evening, to take action in regard to the presence of national soldiers in the city on the eve of the election, and to petition the President to remove them.

NEWBURYPORT, 26.—A fire took place in Georgetown to-day, and before the flames were extinguished, it involved a loss estimated at \$125,000. George G. Tenney & Son lose a four story building filled with shoe stock, machinery, etc., also a house and barn; their loss will be \$60,000. The fire was incendiary.

MANSFIELD, 26.—Burgan's planing mill was burned to-day, loss \$15,000 partially insured.

Fred Grant and bride are the guests of their cousin, W. W. Smith, at Washington, Pa., and will remain there a few days.

SHREVEPORT, 26.—The examination of prisoners, arrested on Saturday, is postponed till to-morrow. No more arrests have been made, and Gen. Merrill says there won't be. Officers of the Steamer *Era*, arrived from below, to-night, report that U. S. cavalry are arresting planters all along the river, that many planters have fled from their homes to escape arrest, and that the negroes are flocking to the towns along the river, leaving one of the finest cotton crops of the year unpicked.

NEW YORK, 26.—The meeting called by the committee of the Chamber of Commerce was held to-day, to consider the simplification of the classification of wools, and the alteration in the mode of collecting the duties. The various branches of the wool interest were represented. Mr. Jas. Lynch, chairman, said the act of 1867 is so complicated that the best experts cannot understand it, and besides this, it is unequal, unjust and prejudicial to the American wool grower. The fourteen rates of duties, and the heavy penalties for a mistake in entering, deter foreign shippers, and commerce on foreign wool is to a large extent destroyed. The duties range from 20 to 100 per cent., as the appraiser may fix it. This certainly should be remedied. In the course of the discussion it was shown that since 1867 the wool trade in Canada had sprung up, and is flourishing under free trade, while in these States the trade is declining and the mills idle. A committee was appointed to report to a future meeting.

The striking journey men coopers appointed a committee this evening to attend the first meeting of the Board of Trade and to inform the members of the circumstances of the strike.

The Republicans held an immense mass meeting this evening,

to ratify the State ticket. Hon. Wm. Orton presided. Governor Dix spoke, and stated distinctly that he was opposed to a third term.

NEW ORLEANS, 26.—The Democratic Conservative State Central Committee have addressed to General Emery a protest against the action of Major Merrill at Shreveport, in arresting certain persons there for an offence which was only to be brought before civil courts, according to the State laws. They protest because past political experience proves, they say, that the Republican political leaders have found it an easy matter to subordinate the civil to the military power, which our fellow-citizens at the north are justly, by their votes, denouncing as an outrage against the constitution, liberty and rights of civil government.

Letters received from Grant parish, by business firms, give accounts of the continued midnight arrests of planters by U. S. soldiers, without warrant, it is claimed, for the purpose of keeping white voters from the polls by intimidation. The writer of one of these letters says the soldiers do not hesitate to express their dislike of the business they are engaged in, and that the people do not complain of the soldiers, as they are only obeying orders and that reluctantly.

CAYUGA, Ont., 26.—The flouring mill and brewery of the Messrs. Thornburn, together with the adjacent buildings, were burned to-day; loss \$40,000, insured for \$10,000.

HARTFORD, Ct., 26.—Elihu Burritt is dangerously ill at his home in New Britain, from hemorrhage of the lungs.

MONROE, La., 26.—W. I. Scott, parish judge, and S. W. Ramsey, recorder of Claibourne parish, Dr. Richardson, Mayor of Homer, and Jas. Huey, D. Mayfield, and P. L. Phillips, of Lincoln, were brought here this morning under a cavalry escort. Huey and Richardson were handcuffed together. The prisoners were imprisoned under a close guard in the sheriff's office. Their counsel were admitted on a written order. The Claibourne prisoners are charged with an attempt to break up a peaceable assemblage on the 11th of July in Homer, when Mayor Richardson, Ramsey and Scott were active in preventing a riot. The Lincoln prisoners are charged with an attempt to compel Jewett, by whom the warrants were issued, to resign, as commissioner. Rooms are preparing in the jail here for the prisoners, as they are now confined in a room with nineteen prisoners, mostly negroes and felons, already confined in the three small rooms. Claibourne and Lincoln are democratic parishes. Great indignation is felt here at the arrest and harsh treatment of the prisoners, as it is believed, generally, that the arrests were made for political effect.

RICHMOND, 27.—During a political discussion yesterday, at King William Court House, between J. B. Sener, the Republican candidate for re-election to Congress, from the first district, and B. B. Douglass, the Conservative candidate, an affray occurred which resulted in serious injury to Sener, who had his arm badly broken and was otherwise hurt. It is stated that the difficulty originated in some remark by Sener in reference to Congressman Beck, of Ky., which was corrected by Douglas. Other words of an insulting character were interchanged when Douglas threw a tumbler at Sener, and a fight followed. The crowd rushed upon the platform, and in the scuffle Sener received the injuries mentioned.

NEW YORK, 27.—Dr. Alvah Blaisdell, who has been confined in the Tombs for several months on a charge of being concerned in the stupendous forgeries of the New York Central and Buffalo and Erie R. R. bonds, the discovery of which created such alarm at the time, furnished the necessary bail and was released.

In the case of W. F. G. Shanks, city editor of the *Tribune*, wherein an appeal had been taken from the decision of Judge Fauchett, discharging Shanks from the custody of the sheriff of King's Co., the supreme court, in general term, has given an opinion ordering that Shanks be committed to the custody of the King's Co. sheriff. The case originated in the refusal of Shanks to give to the grand jury of Brooklyn the name of the author of certain alleged libellous articles in the *Tribune*, upon which information a person claiming to be libelled proposed to base an action of law.

The *Tribune's* special says—"The prospect of the return of one or more democratic Congressmen from Mass., this Fall, attracts much attention. It appears almost certain that Cherry Pectoral Ayer will be defeated by Tarbox, a democrat in the 7th District, and the republican candidate to succeed Dawes proves extremely unpopular. He is said to be a cautious, packing, Cheap John sort of a fellow, who is very objectionable to the decent people of the district. General Banks, a liberal republican, seems to be making headway in his canvass against Gooch, the regular republican. It is stated that Speaker Blaine will make several speeches in Mass. before the election comes off.

In the Episcopal convention the House of Bishops concurred in the resolution of the House of Delegates, setting off a part in California as a missionary jurisdiction.

Rufus Hatch, vice president, and Treanor Park, one of the directors of the Pacific Mail Company, sailed yesterday, in the *City of Tokio*, and will probably go through to San Francisco on an inspection tour; the steamer also took out 225 enlisted men for the U. S. army.

WASHINGTON, 27.—A patent for the Rancho Tujunga, containing 6,660 acres, in Los Angeles County, D. W. Alexander et al confirms, was issued and sent to the surveyor general of California, to-day.

NEW ORLEANS, 27.—Thomas J. Semmes, J. H. New, Judge Collins and Albert Voorhees, prominent attorneys, have given opinions adverse to that of Attorney General Fields, regarding the second district court naturalization. It is now stated that if the Field opinion prevails, a large number of convicts will claim new trials, and many litigations will be renewed where the jurors who tried the cases had one or more persons naturalized by the second district court. It is stated also that several parish officials will be disqualified.

John Crossley, a member of the British Parliament, and a member of the Mississippi Valley Society of London, was received at the Chamber of Commerce last night by the members of the Chamber of Commerce and Valley Society of New Orleans.

SAN FRANCISCO, 27.—Jules Beiton, vice-consul of France at Sacramento, has tendered his resignation to the consul, to be forwarded to the home government.

WASHINGTON, D. C., 27.—The committee appointed by the national executive committee of the Union League of America, which met in Baltimore on the 20th inst., visited the President, Secretary Bristow, and Postmaster General Jewell to-day, for the purpose of presenting resolutions then adopted. The committee consisted of ex-Governor Newell of N. J., chairman, Geo. Harlow of Illinois, Col. Thos. R. Rich, and Col. Thos. H. Gardner, M. D. They presented resolutions expressing the highest confidence in the President for his judgment in appointing men like Marshall Jewell and Bristow to positions in the Cabinet, endorsing the policy of those two officials in inaugurating a healthy order of things in their departments, calling on the administration to rid itself of incompetent officers as the most important step towards regaining the implicit confidence of the people, declaring the belief of the order to be, that the surest means to combat the leagues of the South is to reorganize the Union leagues there, which would likewise strengthen the republican party. Governor Newell, in presenting the resolutions, assured the President, that the League endorsed his administration and wished it continued success. The President expressed his happiness in receiving this assurance of confidence and support. Gov. Jewell, in response to an additional resolution of approval of his course, thanked the league, and declared that he intended to continue the reformation, in which he was ably seconded by the President. The national council of the Union league will assemble in Cincinnati on the 15th of January next, when measures will be taken to effect a thorough reorganization of the league throughout the country.

In the safe burglary case to-day, the Court addressed the jury on the subject of newspaper criticisms on this trial, which were, he said, illegal, and might be stopped if persisted in. They are intimidation, and should be suppressed until after the trial was concluded.

CLEVELAND, 27.—The Miners'

National Association, to which delegates are present from all parts of the Union, to-day adopted resolutions strongly recommending its members to provide themselves with breach loading rifles, for protection against lazzaroni and ruffians whom the government permits to carry arms in times of peace.

OAKLAND, Md., 27.—Glade's Hotel here was burned to-day; loss \$40,000, insurance \$20,000.

SAVANNAH, Ga., 27.—Four white citizens were brought to this city, by deputy marshals, from Scriven County, to-day, charged with violating the enforcement act at the recent State election.

NEW IBERIA, 27.—Two arrests are reported to have been made here to-day by a U. S. deputy marshal.

The prisoners tried there yesterday, remain in custody, bonds being refused by the authorities.

INDIANAPOLIS, 27.—A fire on the corner of Washington and Meridian Sts., this morning, did damage amounting to \$15,000; insured.

MEMPHIS, 27.—The mass meeting to protest against the soldiers being brought here was a failure.

NORWICH, Conn., 27.—The mule spinners in the Baltic Mills, belonging to the Sprague estate, have refused to accede to the proposed reduction of wages of ten per cent. running on full time, and have struck, the mill is consequently shut down, and unless the spinners accede to the reduction in a short time new help will be employed and work resumed.

MONROE, La., 27.—The investigation before Commissioner Jewett, of the case of Judge Scott, Recorder Ramsay and Mayor Richardson, of Homer and Claibourne Parishes, who were brought here yesterday, closed to-day; the decision will be rendered to-morrow. The testimony showed that the republican meeting broke up on account of a pistol being fired about a square off. The witnesses testified favorably for the accused.

DEMOINES, 27.—The U. S. Circuit Court, Judges Dillon and Love presiding, in the case of Hall et al. vs. the Union Pacific Railroad Co., rendered a decision to-day, holding that under the recent acts of Congress, the court had proper jurisdiction of, and could, by a mandamus, compel said company to operate its road as a continuous line over its bridges, and to the terminus at Council Bluffs. This brings the case upon its merits, and the attorneys on both sides have been notified to appear, and it is probable that the case will be heard the last of this week or the first of next.

SAN FRANCISCO, 27.—A dispatch from Virginia City says a change is announced on the independent legislative ticket, by the substitution of the name of J. C. Caldwell, of Gold Hill, for the State Senate, in place of A. K. Porter. The anti-Sharonites are circulating an address, signed by J. McGill, of the San Francisco Bricklayers' Association, to the working men of Nevada, but it does not find much favor, from the fact that even many working men consider it an unnecessary interference by outside parties with the affairs of Nevada. The question of a subsidy is attaining more prominence, and both sides are charging the opposition candidates with having a subsidy record. The *Enterprise*, this morning, reprints the articles of association of the Humboldt and Colorado railroad, of which A. E. Ellis, the democratic nominee for Congress, was one of the incorporators, for granting the franchise to which the bill was introduced in the last legislature. One of the clauses of this bill authorizes the County of Eureka to issue \$150,000 in bonds for the railroad, in return for par value of stock to a similar amount. Delong's name has dropped out of the contest; the republicans trying to make the issue a Sutro and anti-Sutro one, with but little reference to the qualification of the candidates.

TORONTO, 27.—At a meeting of the City Council yesterday afternoon, Mrs. B. Herman was elected City Treasurer, by a majority of five votes.

CHICAGO, 28.—A Milwaukee special says that some excitement was created there yesterday by a report that Senator Matt. H. Carpenter was lying at the point of death at Kenosha; the statement is that, last Saturday night, after speaking in that town, he was taken seriously ill from the effects of a scrofulous boil, which was lanced, but he rapidly grew worse until it was thought his illness would terminate fatally; when Mrs. Carpenter

and his law partner, N. S. Murphy, were sent for. They found the Senator much improved, and he was brought to his home in this city to-night. It is probable that he will recover, but it is not likely that he will be able to go upon the stump again before the election.

NEW YORK, 28.—The Episcopal convention, to-day, appointed the Rev. John H. D. Wingfield, of Virginia, missionary bishop of Northern California.

Elbert Jackson, colored, has made a confession, charging Lewis Jarvis with the murder of Samuel J. Jones, a farmer at South Oyster Bay, L. I., on June 26th, 1873; Jarvis and Jackson are under arrest.

SAN FRANCISCO, 28.—Last night the first officer and five men, in a boat, arrived in San Diego from the steamer *Costa Rica*, one hundred miles north of that port and forty miles off shore, her shaft being broken; the steamer *Newbern* went to her assistance at once.

In the revolution in Lower California, the insurgents plundered and murdered many, and went to the Cape St. Lucas, where the people arose and gave battle, and killed thirteen, including the leader, putting an end to the insurrection.

On Monday night the Hamilton stage was stopped near Pioche, Nevada, by three men; they bound the driver, robbed the mail and Wells, Fargo's treasure box, getting two thousand dollars; there were no passengers in the stage. The story of the driver is not believed, and he is in custody.

The steamer *Newbern* has arrived at San Diego, where the *Costa Rica* is towed.

NEW YORK, 28.—Mrs. Captain Baker, of San Francisco, died on the 26th inst., at the residence of her father, E. H. Wakefield, of Cambridge, Mass.; her death was sudden.

WASHINGTON, 27.—The Treasury officers have been for sometime discussing the degrees of consanguinity which ought to exclude relatives from office, and have finally settled upon the following schedule: a person having a father or mother, or a son or daughter in any department of the government cannot be employed in the Treasury department, and any persons now in the departments, who have any of the above named relatives in the government service must be removed; a brother and sister, or a husband and wife cannot both be employed in the Treasury department, though a Treasury clerk who has a wife or brother or sister employed in some other department will not be discharged. It is said that two or three divisions of the Treasury have been found to be made up almost exclusively of members of a few families, who have held their places for a long time in some cases, and many of these will be removed under the new order. Two other departments are taking notice of the same matter, and quite a number of vacancies will be made in consequence.

In the Supreme Court Mr. Evans made the concluding argument for the claimants in the Hamilton cotton case, yesterday; it is asserted that if this case is decided for the claimants, it will throw some \$12,000,000 or \$15,000,000 into the hands of a few speculators, who have bought up the rights of the original claimants for a mere song.

The President, incidentally, in private conversation with several members of the cabinet, and also to-day to a friendly visitor, said that the agitation in regard to a third term was due solely to certain newspapers, and not to anything that he had ever said or intimated.

NEW ORLEANS, 28.—Mayor Wiltz has issued a proclamation requesting the closing of all drinking saloons on election day, and calling on all good citizens to use every effort to preserve the peace. Between five and six thousand fraudulent registrations of negroes and democrats in the city are allowed to have been discovered, many of whom, it is alleged, have from five to ten registration certificates each, but the authorities do not strike them from the lists. The republicans claim that there are as many falsely registered whites as negroes. It is evident, if the laws are enforced, that the State prison will soon be filled with political rascals who are now at large.

NEW ORLEANS, 28.—The conservatives decline to accede to Kellogg's proposition, to have two ballot boxes, one to be set apart for the reception of the votes of citizens naturalized by the second district court.

Kellogg having decided that bal-