

CHRONOLOGY

For The Year

1904

NECROLOGY.

JANUARY.

1.—In an interview at Washington, D. C., Senator Reed Smoot resented the imputation that he had been elected to represent anyone but Utah.
News reached Springfield, Utah, that Mrs. Lulu P. Alexander, son and daughter, had perished in the Iroquois steamer disaster.
President and Mrs. Roosevelt gave a brilliant reception at the White House.
T. H. Griffith, a portrait artist, committed suicide in the Salt Lake City jail by cramming a handkerchief down his throat.
2.—Empress Eugenie was reported seriously ill in Paris.
State board of pardons commuted the sentence of James Lynch, convicted of murder, to life imprisonment.
Horace G. Hurt resigned the presidency of the Utah Pacific railroad.
4.—Frank J. Hewlett was elected president of the Salt Lake city council.
Adeline Patti arrived in Salt Lake and gave a concert in the Tabernacle.
5.—Reports indicated prospects of continued peace in the far east.
In a wreck on the Rock Island, near Topeka, Kan., 20 persons were killed and many injured.
Secret service men were reported in Salt Lake after Perry Heath, in connection with postal scandals.
J. B. Moreton, clerk of the Salt Lake city school board, was removed from office and L. P. Judd appointed in his stead.
6.—Lone highwayman held up Salt Lake streetcar at intersection of Thirtieth East and Second South streets, killing Motorman Amasa Gleason and mortally wounding Conductor Thomas Brighton, who died later.
7.—J. M. Shockley was arrested, charged with the murder of the two street car men. He later confessed.
8.—Senator Dietrich, charged with bribery, was found not guilty.
9.—Senator Smoot filed his answer to charges against him.
Steamer Clallam went down in Puget sound, 52 people being drowned.
10.—Assassin Shockley told the story of his awful crime, denying any intention to kill when he committed the holdup.
12.—E. D. Empey was shot and killed at Moab, Utah, by Town Marshal Bohney.
War appeared imminent in the far east.
13.—Lloyd Chipman, 16 years of age, was accidentally shot and killed at American Fork.
15.—W. H. Baneroff was elected vice president and general manager of the Union Pacific.
F. J. Hagenbush of Salt Lake was elected president of the National Livestock association.
16.—Mrs. James H. Hart, Sr., was killed in a runaway near Bloomington, Ida.
20.—The Utah lake irrigation project received a decided impetus at a meeting held in Salt Lake.
21.—The Guffey-Galey syndicate began boring for oil at Farmington, Davis county.
22.—Moundville, Ala., was swept by a tornado and practically wiped off the map.
23.—Rear-end collision on Lucin cut-off resulted in three persons being killed and six injured.
25.—Smith Woolley was confirmed U. S. assayer at Boise.
26.—Fifteen miners were crushed to death at Independence, Colo.
Nearly 200 men perished in a Pennsylvania coal mine.
Whitaker Wright committed suicide in London by poisoning, after being found guilty of fraud and sentenced to seven years' penal servitude.
27.—The Luce House, Salt Lake, confessed bankruptcy.
Twenty persons were injured in a street car collision at St. Louis.
29.—A disastrous fire visited Murray, D. B. Baron & Co. being burned out.
30.—Mercur was visited by a \$10,000 blaze, the Opera House and other buildings being destroyed.
Mrs. Susan Gierber, an insane woman, committed suicide by hanging at State Mental hospital.

FEBRUARY.

1.—Fred Reutler murder mystery was cleared up by the confession of George W. Munz, after a lapse of seven years.
President Francis M. Lyman returned from a three years' mission to Europe.
2.—King Edward opened parliament with great ceremony.
Soldier Thomas R. Fuller was sentenced to 15 years in the state prison for assaulting Miss Edith Gill.
3.—Anderson Bros. grocery store at Idaho Falls was destroyed by fire; loss, \$10,000.
7.—The business section of Baltimore, Md., was gutted by fire, the loss being estimated at \$300,000,000.
9.—In first encounter between Japan and Russia, the former struck a staggering blow.
11.—It was announced that the Salt Lake stake of Zion was to be cut in four.
12.—In will contest case of Annie F. A. Hilton, Judge Hall held that the woman was never the legal wife of Dr. John R. Park.
William J. Lemp, the brewer, committed suicide in St. Louis.
J. J. Burnswood and John Johnson were killed in a snowslide at Alta.
18.—Col. Theodore Bruback of Salt Lake was killed by a fall in the Daly-Judge mine at Park City.
20.—Perry S. Heath resigned as secretary of the Republican national committee.
Lorenzo Crosby, a "Mormon" missionary, committed suicide by shooting while en route home from the southern states.
20.—Explosion at Jackson on the Lucin cut-off resulted in the death of 29 Greeks and injury of many others.
24.—Subpoena issued for Utah witnesses in Smoot investigation, arrived.
26.—Liberty stake was organized with Hugh J. Cannon as president, and Arnold H. Schultess and Philip S. Maycock as his counselors.
28.—The new fifteenth ward meetinghouse, Salt Lake, was dedicated.
29.—Following a quarrel with his son-in-law, Benjamin R. Haddock of Salt Lake expired instantly.

MARCH.

2.—The Smoot hearing was begun at Washington, with President Joseph F. Smith on the stand.
Mrs. Ellen D. Nagle of Ogden committed suicide by hanging.
4.—In Smoot investigation, President Smith and Senator Hoar indulged in a good-natured colloquy.
5.—A plot to murder Korean officials was discovered, and 20 members of the Peidai's band were arrested.
7.—Frank Rose, convicted of the murder of his wife, was sentenced to be executed April 22.
8.—The Short Line, a switchman, was killed by a train near Salt Lake.
9.—In Smoot hearing Senator Hoar announced that the people of Utah had a right to send whom they pleased to represent them in the United States senate.

APRIL.

1.—Ensign stake of Zion was organized, with Richard W. Young president, Joseph S. Wells, first counselor, John M. Knight, second counselor.
2.—Seventy-fourth annual conference of the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints opened in the Salt Lake tabernacle.
6.—"Mormon" Church, in conference assembled, adopted resolutions prohibiting plural marriage, and affirming that no such marriages had been contracted since the issuance of the Woodruff manifesto of Sept. 26, 1890.
United States Senator Burton of Kansas was sentenced to six months' imprisonment and to pay a fine of \$2,500 for receiving fees illegally from the Klaito Grain & Securities company.
7.—Utah postmasters and stockgrowers held conventions in Salt Lake.
An attempt was made on the life of King Alfonso, at Barcelona.
8.—Utah Republicans held convention and named delegates to national gathering in Chicago.
13.—The Russian battleship Petropavlovsk was blown up and sunk by the Japanese.
Explosion on battleship Missouri, near Pensacola, Fla., resulted in the death of five officers and 24 men.
15.—Arbor day was celebrated throughout the state.
Charles M. Schwab and party visited Salt Lake.
"Mormon" Church bought portion of Temple lot at Independence, Mo., for \$25,000.
16.—James M. Shockley was found guilty of the murder of Amasa L. Gleason, a Salt Lake motorman.
17.—Mr. and Mrs. C. J. Stone of Ogden committed suicide by taking morphine.
20.—Toronto, Canada, was the scene of a disastrous fire, the loss being \$6,000,000.
One hundred miners were buried by an avalanche near Turin, Italy.
Mrs. Mary Dixon committed suicide at Ogden by drinking carbolic acid.
22.—Frank Rose, the wife murderer, was executed at the Utah state prison.
The three car burn handits share a similar fate at Chicago.
Utah University boys debated with Colorado.
24.—Dead body of Alfred R. Peterson, a student of the L. D. S. university was found in the foothills northeast of Salt Lake.
28.—The second session of the Fifty-eighth Congress adjourned.
29.—Case of child murder was discovered in Salt Lake.
30.—St. Louis world's fair was formally opened.

MAY.

1.—First conference of Pioneer stake of Zion was held in Salt Lake.
Cornerstone of Salt Lake Y. M. C. A. building was laid.
2.—Angus M. Cannon, Jr., testified before the senate committee in Smoot case, exploding what he himself termed about \$200 worth of "hot air."
Two thousand Santa Fe machinists were locked out at Topeka.
James M. Shockley, the street car murderer, was sentenced to be shot June 24.
3.—"Mother" Jones, the notorious labor agitator, visited Salt Lake.
11.—Six were killed and 80 injured as a result of an explosion of giant powder in Illinois coal mine.
12.—Idaho editors invaded Salt Lake en route to the world's fair.
G. S. Holmes of Salt Lake sold the Hotel Angelus in Los Angeles, Cal., for \$400,000.
15.—Edwin F. Parry was sustained as Bishop of the Sixteenth ward, Salt Lake, with Alfred Winn and Alfred Gardner as his counselors.
Lytle Gregory, an ex-policeman of Denver, was murdered by unknown men.
21.—The Russians, under Gen. Stoessel, made a successful sortie from Port Arthur.
Dutch Charlie pleaded for his life before the Utah state board of pardons.
23.—Maude Adams, the well known Utah actress, appeared at the Salt Lake Theater in "The Little Minister."
24.—The Baptists, in convention assembled at Cleveland, O., passed a resolution denouncing "Mormonism" and demanding the removal of Senator Reed Smoot.
26.—By an explosion of boilers at Louisville, Ky., 13 people were killed and 3 fatally injured.
Land owners held a mass meeting at American Fork and adopted resolutions asking for national aid in the matter of reclaiming arid lands.
27.—Report of English royal commission practically recommended conscription as the only means of providing a home defense.
Russians were swept from Kin Chou by the Japanese.
Adolph Jensen and Hugh Alford, engineers, were killed at Bingham by coming in contact with a live wire.
28.—Frederick Rayshaw, a night watchman, was killed in the elevator of the Dooly building, Salt Lake.
30.—Memorial day was fittingly celebrated throughout the country.
Alonzo Worthen, a 6-year-old boy, was killed by a Salt Lake street car.
Robert M. Malone, mayor of Baltimore, committed suicide by shooting.
In a serious race riot in Philadelphia, five persons were badly injured.

JUNE.

1.—Salt Lake High school cadets went into encampment at the Lagoon, Farmington.
3.—Charles S. Demene was nominated for governor of Ohio by acclamation.
The Cunningham Co., Salt Lake, was dissolved.
4.—Charles Botha, sentenced to death

for murder, had his sentence commuted to life imprisonment.

The Authors' club of Salt Lake resigned from the general federation of Women's clubs.

The Western Federation of Miners chose Salt Lake as the place for holding their next convention.
While standing on the platform at the Independence station near Cripple Creek, a bomb was exploded and thirteen non-union miners were killed outright.

7.—As a result of the tragedy at Independence, Colo., Cripple Creek and vicinity was patrolled by a vigilance committee, bent on wreaking vengeance on all lawbreakers.
Rio Grande passenger train No. 5 was derailed between Grand Junction and Glenwood Springs, the thieves securing a large bag of specie.

9.—Utah Democrats met to name delegates to the national convention.
10.—The cost of strikes in Colorado during 16 months was estimated at \$25,000,000.
A trainload of miners, deported from Colorado, were dumped on the Plains of Kansas and told to "hike" eastward.

The Rice, charged with the murder of Fred Reutler, was found not guilty and discharged.
Gen. Baldwin visited Fort Douglas, Utah, and reviewed the troops.

12.—John Ernest Rees was killed by falling down an elevator shaft in the McCormick building, Salt Lake.
14.—As the result of a duel fought at Bryantville, Ind., three persons were killed and three wounded.

15.—One thousand persons, mostly children, were burned to death on the steamer Slocum on East River, New York.
16.—Gen. Bobrikoff, governor-general of Finland, was assassinated.
Frank J. Tucker, former city marshal of Provo, was accidentally shot and killed.

Fred George, convicted of murder and sentenced to life imprisonment, secured a pardon.
20.—Japan announced her willingness to accept mediation in the conflict with Russia.
A million dollar fire occurred at Park City, Utah.

23.—At Chicago, Theodore Roosevelt was nominated for president of the United States, and Chas. W. Fairbanks for vice president.
The Republican national committee named George B. Cortelyou as national chairman.
Thirty persons were killed in a railroad wreck in the mountains of Spain.

24.—A concert was given in the Tabernacle in honor of the retiring president of Salt Lake state.
25.—Memorial services in honor of the late Apostle and Mrs. A. O. Woodruff, were held in the Tabernacle, Salt Lake.
27.—Site was selected for the erection of a monument to the memory of Joseph and Hyrum Smith.

29.—John Sharp Williams, son of Parley L. Williams of Salt Lake, committed suicide by shooting.
Real estate men had a record breaking excursion to Saltair, the attendance reaching 14,817.

3.—By the sinking of the Danish steamer Norge, 700 immigrants lost their lives.

4.—Independence day was joyously celebrated throughout the nation.
Jonathan Riley and his 14-year-old son were drowned in the Jordan river while in swimming.

Elder Charles W. Penrose was chosen as a member of the Council of the Twelve Apostles, to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Elder A. O. Woodruff.

8.—Judge Alton B. Parker was nominated by the Democratic national convention as its candidate for president of the United States. Henry G. Davis was nominated for vice president.

15.—The Old Folks of Salt Lake and vicinity enjoyed an outing to Spanish Fork.
20.—Utah postmasters held their first annual convention at Provo.
A. C. Peterson, a "Mormon" missionary returning from New Zealand, attempted suicide by taking carbolic acid, from the effects of which he died three days later.

25.—Utah's Pioneer day was fittingly celebrated in Salt Lake and throughout the state.
26.—Thomas Taggart of Indiana was made chairman of the Democratic national committee.

27.—President Roosevelt was formally notified of his nomination.
A cloudburst in southern Utah did much damage to gardens and orchards in the vicinity of New Harmony.
28.—M. von Pichev, the Russian minister of the interior, was assassinated.
30.—Dr. A. W. Johnson and A. J. Gemmell of Salt Lake were arrested on the charge of child murder.

AUGUST.

The decisive battle of the Russo-Japanese campaign was reported in progress in the vicinity of Hia Cheng and Liao Yang.
4.—Gen. A. R. Chaffee, chief of the United States army, arrived in Salt Lake to inspect the troops.
Elmer Sorenson, a 12-year-old boy, was accidentally shot and killed at the Old Arm Chair summer resort, south-east of Salt Lake.

5.—While bathing in the Mississippi river, near Alton, Ill., six little girls lost their lives.
7.—Eighty people were killed in a railroad wreck near Pueblo, Colo.
Richard Hart, a Salt Lake boy, had a thrilling experience in a flood at Boulder, Colo.

10.—Miss Nanette Toot, Utah's gifted singer, returned to Salt Lake after three years' study in Europe.
Frederick R. Butterfield of Riverton, Salt Lake county, was accidentally killed while returning home from the circus.

12.—A son and heir to the Russian throne was born.
Vasilios Farasos, a Greek, was shot and killed by Marco Ziegler, an Austrian, at Murray, Utah.
15.—Mrs. Myrtle Edwards of Salt Lake died as a result of drinking wood alcohol.

16.—Clarence DeRyder was killed at Utah park, Salt Lake, while looping-the-loop on a bicycle.
19.—J. R. Bassett of Denver died in Salt Lake from the effects of an overdose of morphine.

21.—Fifteen people were killed in a tornado in Minnesota.
22.—Utah's national guard went into encampment at the Provo lake resort.
Wilford A. S. Vermillion, a Salt Lake druggist, was shot through the head and killed, but whether suicide or murder was not known.

25.—Utah Republicans, in convention assembled, nominated John C. Cutler for governor, and named a state ticket.
At Portland, Judge Powers made an eloquent plea for Salt Lake as headquarters of the mining congress.

26.—In a pugilistic contest at San Francisco, James J. Jeffries whipped Jack Munroe in two rounds.
31.—Highwaymen held up an Oregon Short Line train at Kemmerer, Wyo., and got away with \$1,000, after discarding \$13,000 in currency.

SEPTEMBER.

1.—H. L. Wilkinson of Cleveland, O., was nearly strangled to death while bathing in the Great Salt Lake.
Blanche K. Thomas, a Utah actress, was nearly drowned while bathing at Manhattan beach.

5.—Labor day was appropriately celebrated throughout the country.
In a vicious 20-round contest at Butte, Battling Nelson was given the decision over Aurelio Herrera.

7.—Thomas Bishop and Thomas Hutchinson were killed in a coal mine at Scotland.
8.—Utah Democrats nominated a state ticket with James H. Moyle as the party's candidate for governor.
It was reported that Gen. Kuropatkin, commanding the Russian forces at the front, lost 17,000 men.

9.—News was received of the killing of 700 Japanese by an explosion of an electric land mine, laid by the Russians.
10.—The new United States cruiser Milwaukee, was launched at San Francisco.

12.—Lafayette school, Salt Lake, was threatened by fire.
Disastrous fire visited Idaho Falls, the losses reaching \$300,000.
13.—Bandits held up a Rock Island train near Des Moines, Ia., and got away with \$20,000.

Seven persons were burned to death in a New York tenement house fire.
William Lovendahl, an 8-year-old boy, was killed in a runaway in Ogden.
16.—In a fight at Butte, Jerry McCarthy bested Jose La Fontaine in eight rounds.

17.—Robert G. Caldwell, a well known Salt Lake sporting character, committed suicide by shooting.
18.—Josiah Kendal of Ogden shot his wife in cold blood.
Marcus Brown, an 8-year-old Salt Lake boy, was drowned in a tunnel.

Nine persons were killed and many injured by an electric car striking a box of dynamite at Melrose, Mass.
23.—Bishop Adam Spiers of the Tenth ward, Salt Lake City, was the recipient of a big reception.
25.—Fifty-two people were killed in a railroad wreck near Knoxville, Tenn.

OCTOBER.

1.—Joseph Jefferson, the actor, made the pathetic announcement, "My days upon the stage are ended."
The new American party of Utah nominated a state ticket, with Ogden Miles for congress and William M. Perry of Salt Lake for governor.

2.—Charles F. Kelly, ex-speaker of the St. Louis house of delegates, told the story of the boodie combine.

Floods destroyed the town of Watrous, N. M., claiming 12 persons as victims.

4.—Utah state fair opened with a large attendance.
5.—There was an anti-pope demonstration at Liverpool.
The supreme court of Wisconsin declared the La Follette ticket regular.

6.—The seventy-fifth semi-annual conference of the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints opened in the Tabernacle, Salt Lake.
The Filippinos of Manila announced a mass meeting for Sunday, Oct. 9, to discuss their independence.

7.—Senator Fairbanks, Republican candidate for vice president, visited Utah and delivered a ringing speech at the Salt Lake theater.
8.—Auto race for Vanderbilt cup was won by Heath.

10.—Twenty-seven persons were killed and 30 injured as the result of a collision between passenger and freight trains on the Missouri Pacific.
15.—Field Marshal Oyama estimated the Russian casualties at 30,000.

17.—President H. O. Havemeyer and party of the American Sugar Refining company, visited Salt Lake.
20.—The plant of the Utah Packing company at North Salt Lake, was destroyed by fire.

21.—Mrs. Nellie Thompson of Peoria, Ill., was killed in an encounter with Richard and Jennie Higgins, aged respectively 26 and 27 years.
Ex-President Grover Cleveland addressed a large audience in Carnegie hall, N. Y., on the issues of the campaign.

Russians attacked Hull fishing fleet in the North sea, sinking steam trawler and killing skipper and mate.
24.—Great Britain addressed a letter of protest to Russian government on attack on the Hull fishing fleet.
Wool for future delivery sold in Salt Lake at 18 cents per pound.

25.—Utah Japs received notice to return home for service at the front.
Charles Demoli, the Italian labor agitator, was sentenced to two years in Colorado state prison, for sending obscene matter through the mails.
Gen. Stoessel wired the Russian embassy and court: "I now bid you all good bye forever. Port Arthur is my grave."

27.—Mrs. Rae M. Krauss, indicted for the murder of her stepdaughter, made a confession at Hartford, Ind.
Sixty miners were killed in a coal mine at Terio, Colo.

31.—The "Wee Kirkers" of Scotland took steps to get hold of the Free Church property.
The remains of former President Kruger of the Transvaal Republic were removed from The Hague to South Africa.

NOVEMBER.

1.—E. A. Colburn, Jr., of Denver, was deported from Goldfield by miners who had a grudge against his father, president of the Cripple Creek Mine Owners' association.

2.—Ten miners were crushed to death in a Pennsylvania mine.
Students of the Boston Institute of Technology indulged in a fierce fight with the police, 25 persons being more or less seriously injured.
Judge Alton B. Parker addressed the German Americans of New York.

4.—The ferryboat Columbia was sunk in New York harbor and 150 passengers narrowly escaped drowning.
5.—Payson stake tabernacle was burned to the ground with a loss of \$15,000.

7.—George Hill, a lineman, met death on the wires in Salt Lake.
It was announced that Fred Wey of Salt Lake would build a fine hotel on upper State street, the structure to cost \$100,000.

8.—Election today passed off very quietly and resulted in a Republican landslide throughout the country.
9.—Barney Oldfield, the noted autoist, visited Salt Lake.
George Sheridan, a five-year-old boy, was crushed to death by falling lumber at Murray.

Judge Parker issued an open letter to the Democrats of the nation, thanking them for the support given him.
Prince Fushimi, cousin of the Japanese emperor, arrived in San Francisco.
There was a reign of terror in Montgomery, W. Va., due to the killing of a constable by a policeman.

Utah was awarded a number of gold medals for her splendid exhibits at the world's fair.
12.—Nine persons were killed in a wreck on the Union Pacific.
15.—An unknown person committed a flandish assault on Mrs. Gustave Schwan of Murray.

Isidore Rush, a well known actress, was swept out to sea at San Diego, and drowned.
18.—Twenty-two gas tanks exploded in Chicago, killing 40 people and injuring many others.
19.—Russian Zemstvos met at St. Petersburg to point out the necessity

for calling a legally empowered constitutional assembly.

In a football contest the University of Utah defeated the Agricultural College by a score of 13 to 0.
18.—The bronze statue of Frederick the Great, presented to the American people by Emperor William, was unveiled at Washington, with impressive ceremony.
Roy Scott was arrested in Salt Lake, charged with having assaulted several young women with a knife.

Missora's John house was destroyed by fire, entailing a loss of close to a million dollars.
22.—Thirty negroes were reacted from a burning building in St. Louis.
President Roosevelt delivered a noteworthy address on "The Simple Life."

23.—Joseph Hess of Salt Lake was killed by an electric shock while engaged at the Rio Grande shops as a boiler-maker's helper.
24.—Thanksgiving day was celebrated throughout the nation.
In a game of football the University of Utah defeated Colorado college by a score of 43 to 0.

The zemstvo memorial was presented to the czar of Russia.
President Roosevelt left Washington for the world's fair.
26.—John F. McKinley met a horrible death at the Provo Woolen mills.

27.—Sir Wilfred Laurier, premier of Canada, visited Salt Lake.
28.—Herbert D. Newton, a banker of Brookline, Mass., sued Mrs. Casala Chadwick of Cleveland, O., for \$190,000, alleged to have been borrowed from him under false pretenses.
The jury before which Nan Patterson was being tried for the murder of Caesar Young, was discharged.

29.—In a pugilistic encounter at San Francisco, Battling Nelson defeated Young Corbett in the tenth round.
30.—King Victor Emmanuel opened parliament at Rome.

DECEMBER.

1.—The inauguration of Porfirio Diaz as president of the Republic of Mexico, took place at Mexico City.
A slight earthquake shock was felt in Nebraska.
Word was received from Washington that Senator Reed Smoot would retain his seat.

The world's fair at St. Louis closed after being open to the public for six months.
The Winnemuck mine at Bingham was sold to the Ohio Copper company for \$50,000.
2.—The Servian cabinet resigned.

The output of the mints for the fiscal year was estimated at \$5,600,000,000.
The Utah Light & Railway company authorized the expenditure of \$250,000 for improvements on the company's plant.
4.—Herbert W. Parkin of Salt Lake committed suicide.

5.—The last session of the Fifty-eighth Congress convened at Washington.
Marshal Heywood spent the day serving subpoenas on witnesses in the Smoot case.
During the fiscal year immigration to the United States reached a total of \$13,870.

6.—The president's message was presented to Congress.
7.—The Duke of Cambridge, cousin of the late Queen Victoria, died in London.
Rev. Mark Louis Fink, bishop of the Leavenworth diocese of the Catholic church, succumbed to pneumonia.

18.—Robert Hooker, the man who initiated King Edward into the third degree of Masonry, died at San Bernardino, Cal.
19.—Orson P. Hanson, who served in the Utah batteries during the Spanish-American war, died in Salt Lake of consumption.

20.—Mrs. Elizabeth Pixton, a Pioneer resident of Utah, passed away at her home in Taylorsville, at the ripe age of 53 years.
22.—Mrs. Martha Graham Proctor, an early settler, died away at her home in Union, Salt Lake county.

24.—Sir Edwin Arnold, the author, died in London, aged 72 years.
Mrs. Ellen C. Lignan, a well known resident of Salt Lake, passed away.
29.—Henry A. Bogardus, one of the most widely known telegraph operators in America, died in Chicago.

General William H. Payne, commander of the famous Bull Run cavalry at the first battle of Bull Run, died in Washington, aged 73 years.
2.—Gens. Stephen Moffitt and James Longstreet, veterans of the Civil war, died at Plattsburg, N. Y., and Gainesville, Ga., respectively.
Mrs. Johanna Miller of Ogden died under mysterious circumstances.

5.—Rev. Eliza W. Cook, one of the survivors of Yale's famous class of 1847, passed away at his home in Brooklyn.
William Lowe, one of the oldest and best known residents of Ogden, succumbed to heart failure.
6.—Charles O. Hansen, a Salt Lake expressman, died of pneumonia.

7.—Mrs. Charlotte De Long Baddeley, a Pioneer resident of Salt Lake, passed away.
14.—Gen. John Brown Gordon, the last of the confederate generals, died at Atlanta, Ga.
16.—Patriarch John Tingley of Salt Lake was called home.

11.—Joseph Nicholson, a popular young man of Salt Lake, succumbed to a prolonged illness.
11.—Joseph Bullone, one of the state's veteran printers, died in Salt Lake, aged 72 years.
12.—Mrs. Elizabeth Tremayne died in Salt Lake at the ripe age of 87 years.

13.—Col. William Heintzold, a survivor of the Paris commune, answered the summons at the home of his son-in-law in Salt Lake.
Col. Charles Denby of Evansville, Ind., died at Jamestown, N. Y.
14.—Capt. John K. Wright, a pioneer railroad contractor, died at Junction City, Kan.

Sister Mary Geraldine of the order of the Holy Cross, passed away in Salt Lake.
15.—Ex-Gov. Bushnell of Ohio died at Columbus.
17.—Henry W. Beckstead, a deputy sheriff, fell a victim to appendicitis at Bingham Junction.

Andreas Allen, a resident of Rockland, Ida., died at the Holy Cross hospital, Salt Lake.
18.—George Francis Train, one of the most picturesque characters in the history of the United States, succumbed to heart failure in New York.
Daniel Mott, a Utah pioneer, died at Wallisburg, aged 77 years.

22.—Henry Siegel of the Siegel Clothing company, Salt Lake, died in New York of Bright's disease.
24.—Gen. William Chauncey Kibbe, an old Indian fighter and gold hunter of 46, succumbed to tuberculosis at his home in Brooklyn.
Henson Walker, one of Utah's original pioneers, and body guard of the Prophet Joseph Smith, passed away at his home in Pleasant Grove, aged 84 years.

25.—Mrs. Asenath Anderson, wife of Nephi Anderson of Brigham City, fell a victim to heart trouble.
Charles W. Needham of Salt Lake succumbed to injuries received in a street car accident.
27.—Mrs. Charles W. Clark, daughter-in-law of Senator W. A. Clark of Montana, died in New York.

29.—Father Seth Parsons, an old resident of Missouri, died in Salt Lake, aged 93 years.
2.—William Gundry, an old-time Tintic mining man, died in Salt Lake.
William C. Whitney, former secretary of the navy, passed away at his home in New York.

FEBRUARY.

3.—Capt. Chas. C. Cornwall, who, in 1864, was appointed to the naval academy from Utah, died in New York.
5.—M. L. Shepherd of the presidency of Beaver stake, suddenly expired in his back yard.

6.—Demise of Mrs. Hannah Ostlund, a respected resident of Sandy.
7.—Edward Ashton, one of Salt Lake's early settlers, died from paralysis, aged 82 years.
11.—Mrs. James A. Etherington of Wilson, Weber county, succumbed to dropsy, aged 21 years.

15.—Senator Marcus A. Hanna of Ohio died at the family apartments in the Arlington hotel, Washington, D. C., from typhoid fever, after an illness extending over a period of two months.

MARCH.

2.—Mrs. Anna Kristine Smoot Taylor, wife of George S. Taylor, and sister of Senator Reed Smoot, died at Provo.
3.—Peter Quist, a prominent Scandinavian resident of Salt Lake, passed away.
4.—Dr. J. S. Witcher of Salt Lake fell a victim to gastritis.

5.—Field Marshal Count von Waldersee of Prussia, died at Hanover.
George Walton of Mill Creek succumbed to appendicitis.
6.—James Jenkins, one of Utah's early settlers, died at the home of his daughter in West Jordan, aged 86 years.

7.—Jesse D. Hawkes, secretary of the Veteran Firemen's association, died of dropsy.
8.—Lord Augustus Loftus, former British ambassador at Berlin and St. Petersburg, died in London.
12.—John Clayton, an old-time resident of Salt Lake, succumbed to senility, aged 83 years.

News was received of the death at Dublin, Chihuahua, Mexico, of Miss P. Romney, an old resident of Utah.
Capt. James E. Brett, formerly of the Twenty-fourth United States infantry, stationed at Fort Douglas, died at the Presidio, San Francisco.

15.—Dr. James Brownlee Sanford, speaker of the Colorado house of representatives, died of appendicitis, aged 35 years.
17.—The Duke of Cambridge, cousin of the late Queen Victoria, died in London.

Rev. Mark Louis Fink, bishop of the Leavenworth diocese of the Catholic church, succumbed to pneumonia.
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20.—Mrs. Elizabeth Pixton, a Pioneer resident of Utah, passed away at her home in Taylorsville, at the ripe age of 53 years.

22.—Mrs. Martha Graham Proctor, an early settler, died away at her home in Union, Salt Lake county.
24.—Sir Edwin Arnold, the author, died in London, aged 72 years.
Mrs. Ellen C. Lignan, a well known resident of Salt Lake, passed away.

29.—Henry A. Bogardus, one of the most widely known telegraph operators in America, died in Chicago.
General William H. Payne, commander of the famous Bull Run cavalry at the first battle of Bull Run, died in Washington, aged 73 years.

APRIL.

1.—Prof. J. A. Wright, a well known horticulturist, died in Salt Lake.
4.—Shepard A. Benson, general agent for the General Electric company, passed away in Salt Lake.
John W. Cairns, a Salt Lake boy, succumbed to pneumonia in San Francisco.

7.—Maurice Lyons, city justice of Eureka, passed away.
8.—Dennis C. Elechior, district attorney for the Third judicial district, died in Salt Lake, of heart failure.
10.—David Jones of Union, Salt Lake county, succumbed to dropsy.

11.—Charles H. Hinckley of Utah stake, died at Provo.
13.—Thomas P. Thomas, an old-time, died suddenly in Salt Lake.
Miss Edith T. Ireland of Salt Lake fell a victim to appendicitis.

15.—Mrs. Thomas Fitch, an authoress of considerable fame, died in Los Angeles, Cal.
18.—Mrs. Virginia F. Major, a highly respected resident,