DESERET EVENING NEWS.

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A FALSE REPORT STILL TRAVELING.

THERE is nothing more surprising in American journalism than the misinformation that abounds in relation to the "Mormon" question. The editors of the United States, with but few exceptions, seem to have an aversion to facts and a positive relish for fiction concerning this perennial subject.

The latest error that has been going the rounds is a report that President Wilford Woodruff announced, at the late General Conference in this city, that there would be no more revelations to the Church. We have already corrected this report. But it is still being repeated with various comments and therefore we allude to it again. The Philadelphia *Star* says:

"The astonishing declarations of President Woodruff of the Mormon Church when calmly considered, are only what might have been expected from that source under existing circumstances."

It then goes on to make a number of misstatements as to facts in the history of the "Mormon" people, and concludes:

"With all these facts staring him in the face, it is not surprising that President Woodruff has announced that there will be no more divine revelations to him and that the days of revelation have ended."

The Elmira New York *Advertiser* says:

"It is easy to believe the report that the followers of the prophet in Utah are greatly excited over the declaration that the day of divine revelation has passed and that hereafter our Church must proceed without any additional orders from heaven."

The Worcester, Mass., *Spy* says:

"The present head of the Mormon Church announces that neither he nor another leader of the Church will hereafter speak by special inspiration, and that his people, besides the revealed truth in their possession, will have only human wisdom for their guide. He must have been informed by special revelation of this closing of the book of prophecy though he does not say so."

These are specimens of the stuff that is being distributed throughout the United States as news from the seat of "Mormonism." After the many exposures of the utter falsehood of most of the press dispatches sent from this city, it would seem that editors would be careful about accepting and commenting upon such notoriously unreliable communications. But they seldom, if ever, correct the errors when they are demonstrated, and thus the reading public are continually deceived in relation to the "Mormon" question.

We have inserted the remarks made by President Woodruff at the Conference bearing directly on the subject of present revelation, with faint hope, however, that any of the public journals that have given place to the untruthful dispatch will have the grace to copy these paragraphs, which contain, verbatim, the short sermon on this question delivered by President Woodruff:

"Before the close of the meeting I have a request I want to make of these Apostles, these High Priests, Seventies and Elders, and the Lesser Priesthood and all the Latter-day Saints who have any communion with God or with the Holy Ghost. Brother Merrill has been talking of revelation. If there was ever a time when God made the world that the inhabitants of the earth needed revelation it is today. Now, the Lord has given us the stick of Judah—the law of God to the Jews—which reaches down to our day and generation, and which shows us their history and has told us what would come to pass with them and what will come to pass in the future. So has the Lord given us the stick of Ephraim—the stick of Joseph in the hands of Ephraim—giving the history of the inhabitants of this continent and what shall take place in the last days. I hold in my hands a code of revelation (the Book of Doctrine and Covenants) given to Joseph Smith, the Prophet. There are some of the most sublime revelations in that book God ever gave to any generation, or to any prophet or people under heaven. This book of revelations, like other records, will go down to the end of time and into eternity. Those revelations give you the whole history of the celestial kingdom, of the terrestrial kingdom and of the telestial kingdom of our God. But we want revelation every day. Well, you say, the President of the Church should give revelation. Yes, he is the man. The President holds the keys of giving revelation to the Latter-day Saints. But is he alone to give revelation? No, verily, no! There is not an Apostle in this Church, there is not an Elder in this Church that stands up in this congregation to teach this people, but should be full of revelation. There is where your revelation should come—from those who teach you day by day.

"How many revelations did Brigham Young give that were written in the people? Very few. How many has John Taylor given that were written to the people? Very few. How many has Wilford Woodruff given? Very few. We have had some, though not revealed to the people, perhaps, or published.

"But we want revelation every day. And I want those Apostles and those Saints to go before the Lord in your secret places and ask Him to pour out revelations upon this people, that we may give you the word of the Lord while we are with you, and that those Apostles, when they speak, may speak by the power of God, by the Holy Ghost. Then that will be the word of the Lord, it will be scripture, it will be the power of God unto salvation unto every one that believes. God bless you. Amen."

The doctrine of present revelation is fundamental to the "Mormon" system. It is the light and life of "Mormonism." All Mormon ordinances, institutions and commandments were revealed from on high. Without divine revelation it would be little different, in a short time, from the lifeless creeds and institutions of modern Christendom. Its great distinctive feature is instant divine communion. Eliminate that, and its occupation would be gone. If any President or leader were to make such an announcement as that attributed to the venerable head of the Church, he would be rejected by the body and no longer wield any influence among the Latter-day Saints.

Every member of the Church is entitled to the gift of revelation, in his or her particular sphere. It is not confined to the chiefs of the Church. It is the heritage of the Saints. But it is not believed by anybody that every word an Elder or other leader speaks is the word of the Lord. There is no one infallible in the Church. If the Almighty has a message for His Church He will reveal it through the head. Herein is order. But each member may commune with his Maker, and by the gift of the Holy Ghost know of the doctrine or of any communication that comes through the head, whether it be of God or not.

President Woodruff, like all the true servants of God, desires that the whole body of the Church shall be filled with light. Like Moses of old, he "would to God that all the Lord's people were prophets." And he exhorted them, in Conference, to pray for the spirit of revelation to rest not only upon him and his fellow Apostles, but upon themselves and upon all Israel, that they might receive more and more revelations of the mind and will of God. That is true "Mormonism," and no "Mormon" leader guided by the right spirit will ever differ such heresy as that falsely attributed to our present Prophet and Seer and Revelator.

ABOLITION OF "MORMON" MORALITY.

ONE of the leading local questions of the hour is, shall the Sabbath be practically abolished and vice and immorality be let loose in Salt Lake City?

The chiefs of the "Liberal" party and the Gentile City Council have answered this interrogation in the affirmative. Social pollutions and irreligious doings have lately been winked at, now they are being openly permitted by action of the Council. We predicted in the first place that such would be a result of the victory of the "Liberals" by processes of fraud at the recent election. We might venture to prognosticate in the same direction without fear or danger of being mistaken, that the present leanings to immorality are but symptoms of a festering disease which will yet break out in putrid sores.

The final result will be that the corruptors will be execrated in course of time. Comparisons of the past and the near future will be made, and from a moral standpoint they will be immeasurably favorable to the former regime which was characterized by commendable conservation for the moral health of the community. The Gentile, or anti-"Mormon" administration bids fair to become "a monster of such hideous mein," that the good among men familiar with the past history of Salt Lake will execrate it.

As was predicted in these columns, the fight made by the resident clergy of the sectarian churches, in favor of the preservation of the Christian Sabbath, culminated last night in their defeat. This was naturally to be expected for two leading reasons. The first was the disposition of the Council as a body. The second, the puny character of the representative of the ministers—R. G. McNiece. In his speech before the Council last night the latter was made the butt for irony.

It was bad taste and worse judgment to select as a delegate on an important subject one who was lately sued for having exhumed—unknown to her husband—the body of a deceased lady from its grave in Mount Olivet cemetery, because the widower had failed to pay a three-dollar water tax on the burial lot. The scathing rebuke pronounced upon Mr. McNiece and his associates in that transaction by Mr. Varian and Judge Powers is still fresh in the public mind, and seeing that it was generally if not universally conceded to be richly deserved, the influence of the second gentleman named could not well be great on any subject. No man to whom the remark of the Great Teacher—"strain at a gnat and swallow a camel"—properly applies, has much weight with his fellows on any subject involving a high moral or religious principle. It was almost pardonable, although not by any means courteous, under the circumstances, for innocuous to be thrown out by those present at last night's session about taking up "collections." It looks as if some of them had been reading the lecture delivered by the Rev. Mr. Foster on—"Are all clergymen frauds?" His conclusion was an affirmative one, on the ground "that they do not believe their own teachings." This was too sweeping, but there is more of something else than there is of poetry in his assertion so far as relates to a great many of the class on which he treated.

Anyway, if the Rev. McNiece had not appeared upon the scene at all, it is likely that the victory of the advocates of the practical abolition of the Christian Sabbath would not have been so pronounced as it was.

One thing was evident last night, as clearly as the position taken on the movement, that the clergy are held, in prominent "Liberal" quarters, in no small degree of contempt.

Hereafter Sunday band concerts, with a charge for admission, will be common, the application of the "Liberal" band having been granted. We believe that the action of the Council is in violation of the Territorial statute quoted in these columns a short time since in treating on the subject now considered. It is questionable, however, after the treatment accorded Mr. McNiece last night, whether the Ministers' Association will have sufficient backbone and consistency to take steps to test the matter in the courts.

THEY WANT A STREET RAILROAD.

THE inhabitants of North Temple Street, and the northwest part of the city, to the number of several hundred, have signed a petition asking the City Council to grant to the Salt Lake City Railroad Company a franchise on the street named. The signers ask that the franchise be given to this company rather than to the Rapid Transit Company for the reason that the former have guaranteed to have service in operation within sixty days after the grant is made, but that an indefinite period may and probably will elapse before the latter will get a track laid through that part of town.

The residents of the portion of the city referred to are entitled to street railroad facilities. It is well known that property is not valued almost as highly there as in parts of the city much farther from the business centre which have rapid transit, and it is a double injustice to the petitioners to deny them facilities for travel, and an improvement that would make their real estate worth much more.

The same argument applies to the desires of the people of the North Bench, between City Creek bluff and the cemetery. The same company are ready to proceed with the work of construction as soon as the Council shall give the necessary grant. The people have petitioned that it be accorded.

As it is, the Bench residents have no service, the highest point now reached by a line being Third Street. Neither is there any service at any point between A and E streets. The people have petitioned and there seems to be no reason why their wants should be ignored. The people want no favoritism by the Council. They desire the company which will give the speediest relief and the most efficient service to have the franchise. They have no axes to grind and they are beginning to ask whether or not the Council or some of its members have something of that kind to sharpen.

LETTER FROM NEW ZEALAND.

Labor and Experiences of an Elder Among the Maories.

We are permitted to extract the following from a letter dated Tokomaru, New Zealand, March 1, 1890, written by Elder Earl T. Stevenson to his father, Brother Edward Stevenson, of this city:

At the conference held in Waikato Jan. 10, Elder Orson D. Romney was appointed to labor with me in this district. I am now showing him about as a final leave-taking, as he will probably take charge, succeeding me. He has been here now about fourteen months. Elder H. D. Haight, Jr., is also with us. He is a grandson of old Judge Haight, with whom you were well acquainted. We have an appointment for priesthood meeting here tonight, expecting those from the next branch to attend. I did not send you a copy of our last report, as we were short of blanks. We were blessed in the privilege of quite a number of baptisms and blessing of children.

We had a fine district conference on the 8th and 9th ult., and another fine time at Poverty Bay on the 16th and 17th. During that time we had the pleasure of the Lord's blessings made manifest through our administrations. One young man in particular was so sick as to be in constant pain. He was enabled to ride sixteen miles, and be baptized as per previous arrangement. The next morning we administered to him again and he followed us to Kaiti, 35 miles, within a few days, attending the conference there. While there the assemblage of Maories with five of us Elders and a few other whites were photographed. I have not as yet seen a finished picture, but I am sure I shall prize it.

From there President Wright went on and I returned. He said he would like me to arrange so as to meet him at the Manawatu district conference which is to be held at Foxtura, fifteen miles from Wellington, on the 29. and 30. insts. We will then come on over to the general conference beginning April 4, after which he expects to accompany us returning Elders to Auckland. This arrangement requires my leaving ahead of the company going to general conference, but will give me a fine visit through my old "stamping ground" where I had my first initiation into Maoridom. That evening July 1st, 1887, I think I never shall forget, when I, not knowing even a word of greeting, was set down alone to find my way into a Maori village. Yet I was not alone, for my footsteps were guided, and a kind and motherly heart had been prepared to welcome and give me shelter under her humble roof. How when those simple natives gathered round me chattering in their own strange tongue, and trying to make me understand their questions put in broken English, I sat there and thought of what was before me! Yet I was not unhappy or lonesome, but knew that I had come to do God's work, and in my faithfulness He would continue as He had begun to raise up friends for me. How true this has been! I have been enabled through His blessing to acquire a portion of their strange language and to expound His precious truths to this people. The time has flown by as on the wings of the wind. Weeks and months have sped by as simple short spans of time, marking dates for labors to be accomplished. The years have now passed and I am, as it were, on my way home, saying good bye to scenes and people among whom I have labored. And so shortly I shall be with you all once more. But what shall I find? I ask myself. I am reminded that March 1st is city officers' inauguration day. A cable message says that "the Gentiles have carried an important election in Utah." All this means discomfort and inconvenience for those who have built up the country, and disaster to many. But it is all right.

Much must and will be accomplished in a brief space of time, and a few years, if we are faithful, will see us safely past the breakers, and the good ship Zion will gain a safe harbor, even though she be somewhat dismantled by the rude blasts and angry sea. The time when men "must needs flee to Zion for safety" is nearer than our people realize, and it is necessary that we see a little rough handling in order that we be awakened and prepared.

Oh what have we to be thankful for! Everything is for us if we will but firmly hold on to the rod of iron." Stay at our post and her Captain will manage the ship.

In another letter dated Waipawa, Hawkes Bay, March 10, Elder Stevenson says:

At this pah, or village, is now staying a false prophet who claims power over unclean spirits, etc. He has a company of unclean followers, and it is only unclean things they accomplish, though some claim to be healed by his power. They are a lot of adulterous and drinking men and women going about in a body, remaining at a place as long as food lasts. They slain us, that is talking with us, reminding us of Christ's words, John 3: 19, 20. The worst to me is their professing a respect for Deity and prophecy while upholding such works of wickedness. But it is for such that righteous indignation will be made manifest upon the earth.

A BERLIN antiquary claims to have discovered in a curious, thick, hollow cane, which he bought from a peasant, the dagger with which Ravillac assassinated King Henry IV of France. Beside the poignard was a snuff box containing a paper, in which the writer declared that he stole the dagger from the palais de justice in 1815.

THAT is a somewhat remarkable condition of affairs in Perry county, Pennsylvania, where an associate judge sitting on the bench was an applicant for a hotel license, and, in spite of a strong remonstrance, himself granted his own application. President Judge Barnett revoked the license, and an effort will be made to retire the offending judge.

A civil engineer has been looking Niagara Falls over and his conclusion is that it is good for 3,000,000 years. That's long enough for any one performance to last, and the people of that generation can hunt for something else.—*Ex.*

A MINE DISASTER.

Fire, Explosions and Imprisoned Miners in a Coal Mine.

At an early hour yesterday morning a fire was discovered in No. 4 mine at Rock Springs, Wyoming, which a few hours later was beyond control. A signal was given for the men to leave the mine, and as the first ones to reach the surface were in the act of emerging from the entrance, a tremendous explosion took place, which alarmed the whole town. Hundreds of people rushed to the entrance, and immediately a volunteer rescuing party of about twenty was organized. Just after it disappeared another explosion, more terrible than the first, took place, and seven of its members were injured, one so seriously that he cannot survive.

Another rescuing party of about a dozen ventured into the mine and returned to the surface in a few moments with six Chinamen. Several explosions next occurred in rapid succession, which led to the abandonment of all attempts at rescue for the time being, though it was known that about thirty men were still in the mine. These were mostly Chinamen. They are in imminent peril, and news of their fate will be awaited with intense anxiety. Many people in Utah have friends or acquaintances employed at the Rock Springs coal mines.

NO LIVES LOST.

This afternoon the following telegram was received:

"There was no loss of life in the coal mine fire here last night. The mine is sealed to extinguish the fire."

Police Items.

In the Police Court today, Thomas Smith was found guilty of stealing one-fourth of a pint of brandy. He stated to the court that he had such a passion for liquor that he could not help it. He was sent up for thirty days.

Michael Ryan, John Ryan, and B. Denott were assessed $5 each for getting drunk.

Andrew Lund was fined $15 for being drunk. W. Peterson $5 and Frank Johnson $10 for fighting, and John Catchman $25 for disturbing the peace.

The following are in custody awaiting trial: Samuel J. Nathan and A. D. Woolley, for fighting and disturbing the peace; T. McCarthy, for being drunk and fighting; Flora Haight, keeper of a disreputable house; Katie Christensen, vagrancy, and Erastus Loder, for breaking a window at the Twentieth Ward schoolhouse and disturbing the peace of the school.

Charles Nielsen had a hearing on the charge of grand larceny. He was accused, upon a statement made by Niels Anderson, who was arrested in Parley's Canyon with stolen goods in his possession, of being associated in the theft. The evidence proved that he had nothing to do with the commission of the crime, and he was discharged.

Lost Four Children.

That dreadful scourge, diphtheria, has terribly decimated the family of Jedediah and Catherine Taylor, of Lea, Piute County. They have lost four children from this cause as follows: On February 28th, Thomas Riley, aged one year and six months; on March 1st Sarah Melissa, aged five years; on March 4th, Julia Lorinda, aged seven years and seven months; on March 10th, Mary Louisa, aged three years and three months.

The parents who are thus bereaved have only one child left, a little boy. Their affliction entitles them to the sympathy of the community.

From Samoa.

Yesterday afternoon we met Elder Brigham Solomon, of this city, who returned from a mission to the Samoan Islands on Thursday last. He left here May 28, 1889, in company with Elders B. Smoot, Isaac Bennett and Hyrum E. Booth. They reached the islands June 16, after a pleasant voyage. The steamer was met about two miles from the shore by a native boat, on which the Elders embarked, and they were landed on the island of Tutuila, where they were met by President Dean and other Elders. Shortly afterward they went to the island of Aunuu, and later to that of Upolu, on which Apia is situated. At first they were occupied in building houses, and in studying the language, and as soon as they were able, went among the people teaching the principles of the Gospel. A few months ago Elder Solomon was seriously affected by the heat, and became quite ill. He never regained his health, and a couple of months ago dysentery and vomiting set in. He was released to return home, but did not want to come, and thought he would try it a little longer. The steamer calls but once a month, and he did not start with the February steamer. After the vessel had gone he became worse, and President Dean insisted on his return by the March steamer which he did.

In the islands there are now from 80 to 90 members of the Church. The people listen attentively to the Elders, though in some places the latter have been forbidden to preach, through the influence of the Catholics. Brother Solomon reports the Elders now on the islands as in fair health. Elder Wm. O. Lee had a severe attack of malarial fever, but has recovered. The health of Sister Lee has been very poor, but she was feeling a little better when Brother Solomon left. On one occasion her life was almost despaired of, and her illness has been quite protracted. Elder Solomon's health improved somewhat on getting into a cooler climate, but he is not yet free from his sickness.

Tall buildings are not of modern origin. In Edinburgh, where houses standing on a declivity were higher on one side than the other, one is said to have been fifteen stories altogether in height. All, however, were burned down in a great fire which happened in 1700, after which dull dings of twelve stories in height were substituted.

DEATHS.

COX.—In the Sixteenth Ward of this city, from dropsy, April 22nd, 1890, John Cox. Deceased was born November 27th, 1827, in Birmingham, Warwickshire, England; joined the Church by baptism in 1870, came to Utah in 1871, and resided in the Sixteenth Ward until his death.

The funeral service will be held at the Sixteenth Ward schoolhouse, at 12 m. on Friday, April 25th. Friends invited.

MARKETS AND STOCKS.

NEW YORK STOCKS

New York, April 22, Noon.

Bar Silver	99½	St. Louis & San Fr. 1st	70
Money	4@5	Adventure	2½
4's coupons	122	Transcontinental	9½
4½ coupons		Pacific Mail	42½
Pacific 6's	10	Reading	41⅞
Central Pacific	31½	Long Island	91⅞
Burlington	71½	St. Paul	79
Rio Grande	16½	St. Paul & Omaha	20½
Northern Pacific	22	Texas Pacific	7⅞
Preferred	75½	Union Pacific	76⅞
Northwestern	12	Fargo Express	41
York Central	7½	Western Union	86

Stocks fairly active; strong, at best prices.

CHICAGO MARKET.

Chicago, April 22, 1:15 p. m.

Wheat—Firm; cash, 89⅞; May, 90⅞; July 89½.

Corn—Steady; cash, 33; May, 32½; July, 32⅞@⅞.

Oats—Steady, cash, 24½; May, 24¾, July, 24.

Barley—Quiet.

Pork—Firm; cash, 12.00; May, 12.05; Lard—Slow, cash, and May, 6.77½; July 6.77½@.80.

The pleasures of the table cease,
When o'er the teeth begin to fall;
The pleasures of the mind increase;
The breath's no more a spicy gale;
And all must soon in ruin lie,
Unless to SCOTT'S NOV'ELS fly.

OVER THE WIRES.

A Boiler Explosion in Pennsylvania Kills Several People and Injures Others.

SEVEN HUNDRED SQUARE MILES IN LOUISIANA INUNDATED.

A South Carolina Riot.—Cyclone in Texas.—Shot by a Policeman, Etc.

By Telegraph to the NEWS.

Fatal Boiler Explosion.

NEWCASTLE, Penn., April 23.—An explosion occurred at Etna Mills this morning. Three men were killed and six badly injured, two of whom will probably die. While the men were working a flue the end of the boiler collapsed with a deafening roar. In a moment the place was drenched with steam. The killed are George Klingensmith, John Welsh and Johnny Murphy.

Another Race.

LONDON, April 23.—The city and suburban handicap, fifteen starters, was won by Revelot.

Victoria in Germany.

BERLIN, April 23.—Queen Victoria arrived at Darmstadt today. Her majesty was received at the railway station by the municipal authorities and other prominent officials. A guard of honor was also present.

Another Battle.

PARIS, April 23.—Advices from Lagos say that the French garrison at Porto Novo, having been warned that the Dahomians were advancing upon the place, advanced to meet the enemy. A battle, which lasted three hours, took place. Two hundred Dahomians were killed and fifty Frenchmen.

Temperature.

CHICAGO, April 23.—New York 54; New Orleans 70; St. Louis 62; Cincinnati 60; Chicago 58; Winnipeg 30.

Work of Toughs.

ST. PAUL, April 23.—In a fight with a gang of toughs, police officer Peterson was last night beaten until insensible, but not before he had mortally wounded one of his assailants. Peterson's recovery is considered doubtful.

President Carnot Abroad.

PARIS, April 23.—The train on which President Carnot was traveling from Ajaccio, Corsica, was prevented from reaching Bastia on time by the derailment of a train preceding it. At Corte, 31 miles southwest of Bastia, Carnot received the municipal authorities. He made an address in which he congratulates them that dissensions on Corsica had ended and that only the French party, united by patriotism, remained. The track was finally cleared, and when the president reached Bastia he was welcomed by an immense crowd.

Big Fires.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., April 23.—John G. Wagner's five-story block was burned this morning. The loss on the building is $65,000. Weaver, Thomas & Kirk, shoe manufacturers, lose $50,000. Langslow, Fuller & Co., leather, plush and carpet chair manufacturers, $50,000.

TOWANDA, N. Y., April 23.—A fire was discovered in the yard of the Towanda Lumber Company last night.

At midnight another fire broke out in the yards of A. M. Dodge & Co., in another quarter of the town. Both were subdued after a hard fight. Considerable excitement was caused by the discovery that the wires of the fire alarm system had been cut in several places. The general opinion is that it was a deliberate plot to burn the town.

JACKSON, Miss., April 23.—Information has been received that a fire destroyed the entire business portion of Greenwood, Miss., last night. Thirty three houses were burned and two lives lost.

Opium Smugglers.

BUFFALO, April 23.—United States customs inspectors last night captured three Chinese smugglers at the foot of Hertel Avenue, Black Rock. In their possession was found several hundred dollars' worth of opium. They had crossed the river in a small boat and had a wagon in waiting on this side. The party landed from China at Vancouver and traveled through Canada to the Suspension Bridge, from where they drove up to Fort Erie. They were on their way to New York.

House.

WASHINGTON, April 23.—Harmer (Penn.) presented the memorial of the Manufacturers' Club of Philadelphia in favor of prompt action on tariff legislation which shall check the importation of articles produced by our own people. Referred.

The House went into committee of the whole on the legislative appropriation bill, the pending question being a motion to strike out the clause providing clerks for senators. It was lost, 88 to 87.

Inspection of Meats.

WASHINGTON, April 23.—The Senate bill providing for the inspection of meats for exportation, and prohibiting the importation of adulterated articles of food or drink, was acted upon favorably by the House committee on agriculture today.

Butte's Building.

WASHINGTON, April 23.—The House committee on public grounds and buildings have authorized a favorable report on the bill for a building at Butte City, Mont., for $150,000.

Resumed Work.

VIENNA, April 23.—All the strikers in the Ostran and Marwan, except 1500, have resumed work.

Dead.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., April 23.—Samuel F. Pierson, late Commissioner for the trunk lines at New York, who has been seriously ill several weeks died here last night.

Senate.

WASHINGTON, April 23.—The committee on foreign relations have reported back, in lieu of Reagans bill concerning the irrigation of arid lands in the valley of the Rio Grande River, a concurrent resolution requesting the President to enter into negotiations with Mexico on the subject. Adopted.

McCalla's Cruelty.

NEW YORK, April 23.—The McCalla court-martial continued today. The judge advocate read from the log book a list of the punishments inflicted on the cruise, upon which the charges are based.

Louis Meyer, a seaman's apprentice on the *Enterprise*, testified that McCalla threatened to kill him for sculling at him at Tamatalv, Mozambique.

S. R. Graham testified to having been five days in double irons at Antwerp. He was then released and told that the punishment was inflicted "under a misapprehension."

George J. Ross, boatsmain's mate, testified to being in a straight jacket at Lisbon, Portugal, in 1888, for ten hours.

Why He Failed.

NEW YORK, April 23.—U. S. District Attorney Edward Mitchell was before the committee on immigration today, and testified that his failure in prosecuting immigration cases was due to the overcrowded condition of the calendar.

The Louisiana Floods.

BAYOU SARA, La., April 23.—Another break occurred last night, in Pointe Coupee Levee. The indications are that the entire Pointe Coupee front will be submerged. The water is pouring through the crevasses at Morganzas and in the vicinity, and will overflow the greater portion of the country between the Atchafalaya and Mississippi rivers, extending from the old river above to Bayou LaFonche, and embracing 700 square miles. No news has been received from the interior of Pointe Coupee parish, but relief boats are taking care of all those who reached the levees. As the critical condition of the levees has been known for some weeks, the hope is entertained that all have, in a measure, prepared for the worst, and no loss of life will result from the breaks along the front.

It Is Chicago.

CHICAGO, April 23.—The poolrooms were running in full blast again today, and were not interfered with by the police.

The women coat and vest makers threaten to strike for eight hours. The striking brickmakers are returning to work.

Another Cyclone.

AUSTIN, Texas, April 23.—The little town of Kyrwe, twenty miles south of here, was visited by a cyclone last night. Many houses were overturned, and several swept away. Several persons were injured. The distruction of fences and growing crops was very great.

Nomination.

WASHINGTON, April 23.—The President today sent to the Senate the nomination of Thomas B. Shannon of San Francisco to be receiver of public moneys.

A South Carolina Riot.

CHARLESTON, S. C., April 23.—News has reached here of a riot among the citizens of McCormick, S. C. A man named Stuckey reported a druggist, Calhoun, for selling whiskey on Sunday. Druggist Calhoun shot the officers sent to arrest him. Other citizens took a hand, and a general fight ensued, in which several persons are said to have been shot. P. B. Calhoun is the only man known to have been fatally shot.

Big Scalp Swindle.

ULYSSES, Ks., April 23.—County Clerk George W. Earp, and County Commissioners D. C. Sullivan, C. L. Green, and F. L. Lenhart, and J. D. Harber, O. A. Robinson and George Doherty, were arrested for swindling the county. A bounty is offered by the County for wolf scalps. It is charged that the four citizens last mentioned conspired with the county clerk and commissioners. One of them would present a bag of scalps, and get his bounty; the bag would be put where it could be stolen, and be again presented. This was repeated till the county was swindled out of $16,000, representing a quarter of a million scalps.

DAILY WEATHER REPORT.

At Salt Lake City, Utah, on April 22, 1890. Observations taken at 8 a.m., 75th Meridian time, at all stations.

PLACE OF OBSERVATION.	THERMOMETER. Temp. of Air	Deg. from Mean	Deg. in Direct. Water	Maximum	Minimum	WIND. Direct.	Force in Miles Per Hour.	State of Weather.
S. L. City	40	+6		52	8	Light		Cl'ds'y
Helena	32	-4		40		Calm		Clear
Ft. Custer	41	+2		54	8		3	Cl'ds'y
Washakie						Calm		Cl'ds'y
Bastian W.	36	0						

Reports by Bell Telephone Co. at 11 a. m.

S. L. City	39	-1		W	Light	Cl'ds'y
Ogden					Calm	Clear
Stockton	39	+1			Calm	Clear
Stephens	43	0			Calm	Cl'ds'y
Park City	40	-1		S	Light	Cl'ds'y
Provo	38	0			Calm	Cl'ds'y
Alta	30	-1			Calm	Snow

Salt Lake City, Barometer 25.66.

Rainfall in last 24 hours, Salt Lake City .16.

GEO. D. BOETCHER, Sergt Signal Corps.

We Caution All Against Them.

The unprecedented success and merit of Ely's Cream Balm—a real cure for catarrh, hay fever and cold in the head—has induced many adventurers to place catarrh medicines bearing some resemblance in appearance, style or name upon the market, in order to trade upon the reputation of Ely's Cream Balm. Don't be deceived. Buy only Ely's Cream Balm. Many in your immediate locality will testify to its highest commendation of it. A particle is applied into each nostril; no pain; agreeable to use. Price 50 cents.

The Spring Medicine.

The popularity which Hood's Sarsaparilla has gained as a spring medicine is wonderful. It possesses just those elements of health-giving, blood-purifying and appetite-restoring which everybody seems to need at this season. Do not continue in a dull, tired, unsatisfactory condition when you may be so much benefited by Hood's Sarsaparilla. It purifies the blood and makes the weak strong. 1

Bailey & Sons'

Grain store, opposite the Post Office, are doing a rushing business in Grain and Garden Seeds, of which they have just laid in an immense stock. Being among the oldest and most reliable dealers in the city, and knowing from the demands of the past, as well as from practical experience in farming and gardening, what varieties are best adapted to this region, they are prepared to meet the wants of the public in their line as few others can. Call upon them. dtf

BUY THE MOUNTAINEER OVERALL. IT IS THE BEST.

Fraser & Chalmers, MINING MACHINERY. E. D. THEWY, GEN'L WESTERN MANAGER, No. 7 W. SECOND SOUTH STREET, SALT LAKE CITY. Builders & Dealers in All Kinds of Machinery, ELECTRIC LIGHT PLANTS, ENGINES, BOILERS, SAW MILLS, WATER WHEELS, LOCOMOTIVES, STEAM MOTORS. Quarry Drills, Well-Boring Machines, Diamond Core Drills. Sole Western Agents for Tyers Iron Works Double Crimped Mining Cloths

GRAND OPERA HOUSE.

W. J. BURTON, Manager.

THREE NIGHTS, Commencing MONDAY, April 21st, 1890

Wednesday Matinee.

First appearance in this city of the Famous Texans,

ALONE

LONDON

Now playing the SECOND ENGAGEMENT this season at the Tabor Grand, Denver.

See the Superb Company! See the Magnificent Scenery! See the Old Sluice-House! See the Westminster Bridge and Houses of Parliament! See the Tower of London!

SEATS ON SALE SATURDAY, at 10 a.m.

SALT LAKE THEATRE

CHAS. F. BURTON, MANAGER.

Friday and Saturday, APRIL 25 & 26.

THE LEADING

Specialty Co. of the World

HYDE'S SPECIALTY CO. | HYDE'S SPECIALTY CO. | HYDE'S SPECIALTY CO.

CLIPPER QUARTETTE: Ward-Hart, Curren, White, McIntyre and Heath, Helena Mora, Fields and Hanson, James McAvoy, Frank Howard, Snow and Walker, William Hogan.

Under the personal management of MR. JAMES HYDE.

Presenting at each performance an original picture of Southern life "Redo the War," entitled "WAY DOWN SOUTH!"

Popular Prices—25c, 50c, 75c, $1. No higher. Seats now on sale.

WE ADVISE OUR FRIENDS

WHO NEED ANYTHING IN THE Clothing line to call upon Hutchin & Co., 44 Main St., where they will find a well selected stock of men's and boys' suits, overcoats, hats, caps, shirts, etc., at very low prices. This firm is reliable and will treat you right. dtf

LIEBIG COMPANY'S EXTRACT of BEEF

Finest and Cheapest Meat Flavoring Stock for Soups, Made Dishes and Sauces. As Good Tea, "was invaluable beside." Annual sale 8,000,000 jars.

J. v. Liebig

Genuine only with fac-simile of Justus von Liebig's signature in blue across label.

Sold by Storekeepers & Grocers Druggists

LIEBIG'S EXTRACT OF BEEF CO., LTD. London.

The 30th Annual Statement of the Equitable Life Assurance Society may be obtained on application. The following are the principal items of the account:

ASSETS	$107,150,309
LIABILITIES,	84,329,235
SURPLUS,	$ 22,821,074
Income,	$30,393,238
Paid Policy Holders,	$11,842,858
In 1889.	
New Assurance,	$175,364,100
Outstanding Business,	$631,016,666

Henry B. Hyde, President.
J. W. Alexander, Vice-Pres.

M. Rush Warner, General Agent, 306 and 307 Progress Building.

WHY THE DESERET NEWS SHOULD BE SUBSCRIBED FOR IN PREFERENCE TO ANY OTHER PAPER.

1. It is the Organ of the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints, and the authorized medium through which the views, wishes and instructions of the Church authorities are expressed, and given to the Saints.

2. It may always be relied upon as advocating or defending the right side of every question proper for public journals to advert upon.

3. It is devoted to the interests of the Latter-day Saints, and has, from its inception, valiantly defended their rights and advocated the principles in which they believe; and every Latter-day Saint should therefore feel under obligations to do his part in helping to sustain it.

4. It is not published for speculation, and never has been, but for the good which it is capable of accomplishing; the news, if any there be desired from it, be a devoted 1 extending its sphere of usefulness, and benefiting the community.

5. I is doing its utmost to establish home industries, among which are paper-making, type-founding, stereotyping and electrotyping—branches necessary to the development and independence of the community, but which, during their infancy, which in this Territory they have not yet passed, can only be carried on at a pecuniary loss.

6. There is no danger of any subscriber to the NEWS failing to get what he subscribes for through failure of the business and a suspension of the publication—a common result in the case of hundreds of newspaper ventures every year.

7. It is now printed throughout in new and readable type, so that even the aged can peruse it without difficulty or danger to their eye sight.

8. It is free from objectionable advertisements, so that no parent need fear that his children will have their minds corrupted from having access to it; in fact, it refuses thousands of dollars worth of the best paying advertisements annually, because it is devoted to the moral and spiritual interests of its readers instead of to getting gain at their expense.

9. Its tone is not regulated by public opinion nor the hope of gaining subscribers or advertisements. It advocates that which is right and condemns that which is wrong, regardless of results financial or otherwise.

10. It never necessitates its readers by filling off columns of self-praise for new items.

11. The NEWS practices no deception and resorts to no subterfuge to induce people to subscribe; but, on the contrary, prefers to stand upon its own merits, as the people's newspaper, with a promise only to do its utmost to give its patrons the full value of their money—a promise which it has endeavored to faithfully keep of the past.

12. In conclusion, if a Latter-day Saint can afford to subscribe for only one paper, that paper should be the DESERET NEWS; and if more than one, the NEWS should invariably be the first.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES:

	1 Yr.	6 Mo.	3 Mo.	1 Mo.
DAILY,	$10.00	$5.00	$2.50	$1.00
SEMI-WEEKLY,	5.00	2.75	1.50	.50
DESERET WEEKLY,	2.00	1.00		

Address all communications to THE DESERET NEWS CO., SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH.

Z. C. M. I.

Has the Largest and Most Complete Stock of

Dry Goods

Ever Shown in their Immense Retail Stores.

DRESS .·. GOODS IN ALL THE LATEST STYLES AND FABRICS.

French Lage Buntings, Silk Grenadines, Henrietta Cloths in all the New Shades.

Brilliantines and Sicilian Cloths in Black and Colored. French Novelty Suits in Endless Variety. All Wool French Challies. Tennis Flannels in Silk Warp & All Wool.

Largest Variety of Plaid & Striped Goods IN THE CITY.

IN EVERY STYLE. PARASOLS PLAIN and FANCY.

We are offering the Handsomest Lines of EMBROIDERIES and LACES EVER BROUGHT TO UTAH.

....Flouncing Embroideries....

Hem-Stitched, Scalloped Edges and Irish Point.

Nainsook and Hamburg Edgings and Insertions to Match. Magnificent Line of All Over Embroideries. Flouncing Laces 45 in. wide, from 75c. per yard. All Over Laces in Black, Cream and Ecru

Job Lot Oriental Laces, 6 & 7 in. Wide, 10c. per Yard.

Duchesse, Chantilly, Spanish and Gimpure Laces.

JUST RECEIVED A FULL LINE OF

Real Duchesse Lace and Lace Handkerchiefs.

—SPECIAL LOT OF—

Linen Torchon Laces & Insertions to Match

From 10 Cents per Yard.

NEW GOODS