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UTAH TO THE FRONT.

Recent census figures on the "literacy" of the population of this country are encouraging, although we still are behind Germany, Switzerland and the Scandinavian countries. For, as pointed out by a Colorado contemporary, if it were not for the colored population in this country, the percentage of literacy would be much higher than it is. An "Alliterate" person, in the sense in which census authorities use that term, is one who is over 9 years of age and is unable to write in any language. A recent report stated that in 1900 there were 6,180,069 such persons in the United States. This is 106.6 in 1,000. But since 1890 material gain was made. for, according to the census of that year, the illiterates amounted to 133.4 per 1,000.

The report gives some interesting facts. One is, that there is more illiteracy among women than among men, and that the proportion of illiterate children is greater in the country than in the cities. This is, of course, as might be expected, since the facilities for attending school are so much greater in the cities. A somewhat surprising fact brought out in the report is that in the country as a whole there is a lower degree of illiteracy among children of foreign born parents than among those of native parents, the proportion in the one case being 8.8 per 1,000 and in the other 44.1. This, the report says, is due to the concentration in the cities of the children of foreign extraction, where the educational facilities are best. Is it not rather due to another fact, that the children of foreign-born parents feel more keenly the necessity of school education than the other children, since without a very good education they are nearly always placed at a disadvantage in the modern competition for the ' material things that help to make life enjoyable.

his example by making secret gifts to their friends. The young ladies who were students in the schools soon learned to expect these presents from unknown sources, and after a time the custom grew of placing silk stockings, with a petition to St. Nicholas, at the door of the abbess' room at night. In the morning the stockings would be found to contain gifts.

Such is thought to be the origin of the custom of ascribing Christmas gifts to the benevolence of St. Nicholas. It is another illustration of the enduring power of that which is good. Deeds of charity, of unselfighness, remain for ever, while the works of self-glorification perish with their authors.

"LAND OF JERUSALEM."

A critic has thought himself justified n ridiculing the Book of Mormon beause certain authors of that sacred record refer to Jerusalem and surrounding regions, as the land of Jerusalem. If, he argues, the Book of Mormon authors had not been destitute of geographical knowledge, they would have known that Jerusalem is a city. and not a "land."

The fact is, that if the would-be critic had not, himself, lacked entirely the qualifications of a just critic. he would have known that Jerusalem. even today, is not only a city but also a "land." That name stands for the city, but also for the "pashalik," or government district, of which it is the capital. It would, therefore, even now be perfectly proper to speak of the "land of Jerusalem," i. e. the Pashalik of that name, just as it is proper to speak of the State of New York, as well as of the City of New York. The Book of Mormon authors seem to refer to the entire region, at one time known as Judea, under the name of

"the land of Jerusalem."

An author on this side of the globe centuries ago, when communication between the different parts of the world was not what it is today, and geographical knowledge, consequently, was far from general, would be perfectly justified, if writing about some event in that part of Palestine, in saving

that it happened in the land of Jerusatem, since that term necessarily conveyed a more distinct geographical idea than the name Judea, to readers not familiar with the political division of the country, but familiar with the name of the famous capital. Such substitution of one name for another. when technicalities are of less importance than the communication of important truths, are often made, and properly. Judea is thus made to denote the country that belonged to the tribe of Benjamin, as well as the part alotted to Judah, and sometimes it means the entire country of Palestine. Not uncommonly people in the Old World will speak of England, though they mean the entire United kingdom. Such peculiarities are not uncommon in the literature of the various ages, and they are sometimes of great value Cambon feed.

RECENT PUBLICATIONS.

Calling names does not change the fact, shown by the City Auditor's report, that considerably over half of the for the water sys-"A Sprightly Heroine" is Pets. York.

tion, for did he not issue the warning, 'Beware the pass?" What with holding a place on the Panama canal commission and the presidency of the Clover Leaf railroad,

Theodore P. Shonts is in clover. It is not to be wondered at that an Oregon weather observer has been adjudged insane. Half of the predictions of weather observers are as cruzy as crazy can be.

Marquis Ito says he seeks the happiness of Royea and the Koreans. It is to be feared that the Koreans look upon his idea of happiness as the frogs did on the boy's ldea of fun.

Baron Rico Bronco, Brazilian minister of foreign affairs, refuses to accept the explanation made by the German minister regarding the Panther incident. The refusal is doubtless based

on the fact that the explanation was "made in Germany," W. J. Bryan has cabled from Hong Kong declining Acting Gov. Ide's invitation to be his guest during his stay in Manfla, for the reason that he comes as a newspaper representative and not as a private citizen. Is it syndicate

or some particular paper? The messenger whom Mr. McCurdy of the Mutual Life sent out to find Andrew C. Fields has failed in his search, al though he is said to have "searched every sandhill in California." It is too bad that such great efforts should meet with such poor reward. Why not try advertising in the want columns of the newspapers?

Emperor William endeavors to follow the "rules of life" laid down by his favorite physician, as follows: "Eat fruit for breakfast. Eat fruit for lunch. Avoid pastry and hot cakes, Only take potatoes once a day, Don't drink tea or coffee. Walk four mlies every day, wet or fine. Take a bath every day. Wash the face every night in warm water. Sleep eight hours every night." Long life to him!

Miss Anna Held when told of the story that William Ellis Corey, president of the United States Steel corporation, had threatened to make revelations involving actions by Pittsburg men which took place at a banquet at which Miss Held sang, unless the men ceased criticising Corey, said she remembered the dinner perfectly. Then she added: "Yes; there was a dinner given by Henry Frick in the Duquesne club, Pittsburg. When I arrived there, which was late in the evening, many of the guests were drunk. They were excessively noisy. I sang 'Won't You Come and Play With Me?' One man removed his coat and shouted 'Certainly.' Before I got away from the place my clothing was torn." So this famous dinner is to go down in history along with the Seeley gorge and the

Harpers' Weekly for December 16 opens with an illustrated story by Thomas A, Janvier, entitled "The Hold-up." This is followed by an illustrated story in verse, "Her Jeweis and Her Pets. "A Sprightly Heroine" is an-other illustrated story by Will N. Har-ben. There are some full-page illus-trations and some other features ap-propriate for the season. The story of "The Evolution of a Vast Industry" is continued.—Harper & Brothers, New York



According to the report, Utah is now the second state in the Union in literacy, Washington being the first. In that state only 1.8 of 1,000 native white children above 9 and under 15 years of age, is an "illiterate." Utah comes a very close second, with 2.2 per 1,000, being only a small fraction behind the leading state. Other states well to the front on this roll of honor are: Massachusetts, 2.3; Oregon, 2.4; Wyoming, 2.7; Idaho, 5.9, and Rhode Island, 6.2. Illinois comes 25th on the list, with 6.9, and Maine is the 30th with 13.6 per 1,000, These figures should be compared with those of some other states in the Union. Texas has 61! Kentucky, 74.7: Arkansas, 110.8; Tennessee, 116.4, and North Carolina, 166.1 per 1,000. It is high time to discontinue the habit of referring to the "wild and woolly West."

It is especially gratifying to us to notice the high place on the educational scale occupied by Utah. This is another irrefutable proof of the utter insanity of the wild howls the detractors of Utah, as so many foul fiends, are uttering, as if the entire region were cursed. Thinking and reflecting persons will certainly see the utter impossibility of maintaining high educational standards except under favorable conditions, such as obtain where freedom and virtue rule, as is eminently the fact in Utah, in spife of the incessant work of the enemies.



The real Santa Claus was, many centuries ago, a venerated bishop of Myra. a city in Lycia. According to the legend, he was named Nycolas, which later became St. Nicholas, the modern popular form of which is Santa Claus. Many pious myths center around this historical character of the fourth century. One is to the effect that immediately after birth, as soon as he had had his first bath, he stood up erect in the tub, clasped his little hands together and devoutly "thanked God for his being." Another states that from the first he abstained from nour-Ishment on Fridays, that being the fastday.

Another legend has, perhaps, a tanglble historical foundation. As bishop of Myra he made it his concern to exercise a watchful care over his flock. One day he found, to his horror, three young girls who were to be sacrificed to a life of shame because their father. an impoverished nobleman, could not provide the necessaries of life for them. To save them the bishop went secretly to the nobleman's home and threw into the window, at the feet of the eldest daughter, a purse of gold, sufficient for a matriage dower, thus insuring her an honorable bome. Some time later he did the same kindness for the second daughter. When the bishop came on his third errand of charity, the father surprised him, and falling prostrate before the saint, exclaimed: "O. St. Nicholas, servant of God, why seek to hide thyself?"

From this incident, it is said, the Christmas giving dates. After his

\$850,000 appropriate tem, still is available to apply on new contracts. Only \$377,363.23 had been contracted for up to Dec. 15, and of this sum, only \$173,304,79 had been disbursed, leaving a total on hand of over \$675,000, to use a round figure. We reiterate this, because it is very plain that the malicious canard about the water money having been squandered, is being put forth at this time for some dishonest purcose, which later on will be fully unveiled by the conspirators themselves. The taxpayers should guard their own intcrests. At present it is sufficient to, note the audacity with which the falsehood is proclaimed, that the water money has been recklessly spent and the city made bankrupt.

to the competent, honest critic.

AGAIN THE FIGURES.

FOR "OLD KENTUCKY."

The Louisville, Kentucky, Commercial club, at the suggestion of a lady of that state, has decided to have a 'home-coming" for all Kentuckians residing abroad, who may have the time and means to spare, to make the trip. The reunion will take place next June, the dates being from 13 to 17 inclusive, and a celebration on a large scale is being planned.

In the invitation sent out, it is stated that there are over 600,000 natives of Kentucky now living in other commonwealths of the United States. The Louisville Commercial Club does not expect to receive a complete list, of all these, but it has placed on foot a

plan whereby it hopes to procure a large percentage of the number. They have already collected a list of several thousand, including names from every State and Territory in the Union, and eleven foreign countries, We take pleasure in bringing this to

the notice of former Kentucklans in this region, and trust many of them will be able to make the trip, and enjoy the excellent program scheduled.

The High School girls in bloomers! What a blooming sight!

In inaugurating their strike the Russian agitators have made a striking SUCCESS.

When the demand for coal is strong, you get "slack;" when the demand for it is slack, you get lump.

And it is only a short time since ex-Governor Odell declared "the era of peace and good will is here."

Ex-Governor Odell must be an Anrchist, else why has he thrown a bomb into the state camp of his party?

It will be a circus to see the divine Sarah playing in a circus tent. And doubtless it will give her one of the sensations of her life.

It might aid in solving the naturalization problem to require applicants to bring a certificate of character from their last employer.

Long ago Longfellow foresaw the acdeath nuns in the convents imitated | tion of the railroads on the pass ques- | York.

The December number of National Magazine opens with a statement by Mayor Edward F. Dunne, of Chicago, concerning the street railway deadlock in that city. He calls attention to the fact that the voters in the spring elec-tion expressed their preference for municipal ownership, but that the will municipal ownership, but that the will of the people has met many obstacles that at present seem insurmountable. He is nevertheless confident of the future. "Affairs at Washington" are as usually interestingly discussed by Joe Mitchell Chapple. Frank Put-nam gives a brief statement of the November elections. The number is well filled with verse, fiction and es-says, and the departments are well says, and the departments are well supplied with interesting reading matsuppl ter .- 944 Dorchester Avenue, Boston.

The December number of the Arena. has a great many interesting features. Among them is a portrait of Count Tolstoi in his prime. "Uncle Sam's Romance with Science and the Souli's Romance with Science and the Soil," Is the title of a paper by Frank Vroo-man: George M. Milier discusses the "Economics of Moses." Edward W. Bemis presents a characterization of Mayor Johnson, one of the strongest leaders in municipal progress in Ameri-ca. There is further a portrait of John L. Demar, a clever cartoonist, and some of the products of his art. The number has several little stories and many other features of great interest .- Broad Street, Trenton, N. J.

The December number of Office Appliances, a monthly magazine devoted to the interests of makers and users of modern office devices, has some very practical suggestions and excellent il-lustrations for / the benefit of the class of readers for which that magazine is specially intended. A special supplement goes with this number, in which "The Knocker" is defined as an offspring of failure and envy. The public is advised not to listen to him, but to hit him in the place where his brains ought to be.-Republic Building, Chicago.

The National Geographic Magazine The National Geographic Magazine for December opens with a very inter-esting article on "The Parsees of In-dia, by William Thomas Fee, U. S. consul general at Boribay. "China and the United States" is the subject dis-cussed by the Chinese minister to this country. Space is also given to a pa-per on the Panama canal, by Theodore P. Shonts, chairman of the Isthmian commission. "Russia in Recent Lit-erature," is the subject of General A. commission. "Russia in Recent Lit-crature," is the subject of General A. W. Greely, chief Signal Officer of the United States.-Hubbard Memorial Hall, Washington, D. C.

The January number of Pearson's Magazine is in every respect a most excellent publication. The cover de-sign is suggestive of a typical January sign is suggestive of a typical January day. The opening story is entitled "The Svar," and is a page from a detecfive's diary. It is beautifully illustrated. "The Power of the Press" is another very strong illustrated article, by David S. Barry. Other features are "For the Sake of a Nickel," a story, Edwin Bjorkman, "George Harlis, Suburbap-ite," by Charles Battell Loomer. ". Hjorkman: "George Harlis, Suburban-ite," by Charles Battell Loomis; "A Sallor of Fortune," by Albert Bigelow Paine: "Shark Hunting," Weatherby Chesney: "The Senorita and the Great Goat Syndicate," by Henry M. Hyde; and "The National Ravages of Alco-hol," by Rene Bache. These are only a few of the menu shock features of the