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# DESERET EVENING NEWS.

TRUTH AND LIBERTY.

10 PAGES—LAST EDITION.

TUESDAY, MARCH 6, 1906. SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH.

FIFTY-SIXTH YEAR.

## BIG COPPER KING IN SALT LAKE.

Thomas F. Cole, the Mining Man of the Hour, Arrives in Utah.

HIS COMING IS SIGNIFICANT.

Says He and Associates Have Had Expert Engineers Looking Over the Field For Them.

But He Discreetly Declines to Give Any Positive Information—Something "Big" Is On.

Thomas F. Cole, the big man of the hour in the copper mining world, is in Salt Lake. He came in from the cold climate of the Lake Superior region yesterday afternoon, accompanied by Mrs. Cole and they are the guests of Walter Phipps and family at 425 east Fifth Temple street.

Mr. Cole was seen by a representative of the "News" this afternoon who had hoped that the noted mining magnate might unobtainable information that would tend to clear the skies of some of the many rumors that have been in circulation heretofore and in the mining investment circles of the east during the past few weeks. But this is one of the things Mr. Cole did not do any more than to admit that there had been a number of mining engineers investigating the various mining camps of this state.

**WHAT MR. COLE SAYS.**

"It is simply this," said Mr. Cole. "I am associated with a pretty active lot of men and we like to know as much as we can about the mining possibilities of the country. For that reason, we keep a corps of mining engineers in the field almost constantly and it is through this system of scouting that we are contributing to better the mining enterprises of the country. By keeping in close touch with the development of the mining regions we're in better position to help them in their better positions if we want them."

**UTAH ATTRACTIVE FIELD.**

"While Utah furnishes a very attractive field for large mining enterprises," continued Mr. Cole, "I am not prepared to say that we are going to become interested here. There are no deals pending that I know of. But what the future will bring forth, of course, is yet to be determined."

"I know a great many eastern papers have connected my name with mining deals in this state, but the fact is they have all been doing a lot of guessing. I do not know why they should have done so, unless it was because they had learned in some way that men representing me have been here to look over the country."

**NOTHING DEFINITE.**

Mr. Cole declared he did not care to say any more than he told in the foregoing and would neither confirm nor deny that negotiations are pending for the organization of a large company with the Bingham Consolidated as the nucleus.

During the day, Mr. Cole was visited by the Heinze experts that have been going over the Bingham properties and several hours were spent in consultation.

After spending a few days at the Fitch residence, Mr. Cole and Mrs. Cole will proceed to southern California.

**MR. COLE'S CAREER.**

Thomas F. Cole entered the field of the metal after he had worked his way to the supremacy of iron ore production. He is 44 years of age, and 25 years have passed since he began his career in the iron industry. As an 8-year-old lad he began active life in the rockpile of the Phoenix mine, where an accident which took his father's life left him an orphan for his younger brothers and sisters.

He spent the spare hours in study as he toiled manfully at his task of ash boy, and by untiring effort managed for himself a respectable education, made practical by the knowledge of serious life as he was mastering it. At the age of 15 he left the mill to work as a brakeman on the Hecla and Torch Lake railroad, and here he earned the same promotion which was coming to him at the mill until he left it for the much-needed increase of pay offered by the mill. The railroad was owned by the Calumet & Hecla Mining company and Cole's sterling qualities won him a place in the office, advance to a clerkship, until when a cashier was needed at the Chapin mine he was the logical candidate for the place. Before he was 21 he was chief clerk in a business employing more than 1,000 men.

**MANAGER AT THIRTY.**

Then he came to the attention of Frederick Schlessinger, a Milwaukee financier known as the "Iron Ore King." The Milwaukee man had secured some small mines on the Mesoninee range and wanted a manager. Young Cole was yet far under 30, but he was the man for the place, and under his direction the properties became known as the largest producers of iron ore in the United States.

The panic of 1893 wrecked the enterprise, though. Manager Cole kept the mines running for six weeks after the company was wholly bankrupt. He threw his own small savings into the battle, made a personal appeal to the men to stand by him, and when the courageous fight was lost by the exhaustion of all available funds, he entered upon the task of repaying the workmen who had been loyal to him, and he made good his promise.

**POSITION HUNTED HIM.**

He was at once offered a position as mine superintendent on the Goetz range, and within a few years he was at the head of companies producing more iron ore than ever the old Schlessinger properties had put out. Then the steel corporation was formed, and Thomas F. Cole was selected as vice president of the Oliver Iron Mining company, the ore department of Uni-

## LITTLE PROGRESS AT ALGERAS

France and Germany Seem to Grow More and More Suspicious of Each Other.

THE DEADLOCK CONTINUES.

Representative of Each Power Takes Occasion to Define Its Position.

Algeras, March 6.—The positions as defined before the conference show that the Franco-German deadlock is practically the same in open conference as it was during the private exchanges of views. The text of the speech of Herr von Radowitz, head of the German delegation at yesterday's session of the conference as given out, concludes as follows:

"The powers being equally interested in the police organization should equally participate in it."

France specifically declines equality in the organization of the police, claiming that it is a mere ruse to undermine France's legitimate special position in Morocco. The text of the speech of M. Revoll, chief of the French mission, reads:

"The internationalization of the police would give no guarantee of order and presents grave difficulties. We ask for recognition of the legitimate interests of France as a Muslim power in North Africa, and our special interests in the maintenance of order in Morocco."

M. Revoll's speech also gave France's first exact plan for the police, showing that the rank and file should consist of 2,000 Moroccans under 16 French and Spanish officers. Germany's chief objection is that military bodies offered by France would be stationed at four of the chief ports on the Atlantic, thus giving France a dominating influence on the Atlantic coasts. The positions of France and Germany are so diametrically opposed that the delegates see little hope of reconciling them unless Emperor William personally intervenes.

**GENERAL CONFERENCE.**

The seventy-sixth annual Conference of the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints will convene at the Tabernacle, Salt Lake City, April 6, 1906, at 10 a. m. A full attendance of officers and members is requested.

**JOSEPH F. SMITH, JOHN R. WINDER, ANTHON H. LUND,**

First Presidency.

**PETERSON GIVEN SEVEN YEARS**

Judge Howell Imposed Sentence on Man Guilty of Forgery.

(Special to the "News.")

Ogden, March 6.—In the district court this morning, Henry Peterson, who pleaded guilty to the charge of forging the name of A. D. Campbell to a check for \$27.50, was sentenced to a term of seven years in the state prison.

The reason for the heavy sentence lies in the fact that this is the third time Peterson has been convicted of a similar offense. In 1903 he was given nine months in the county jail, and later was sentenced from Salt Lake to one year imprisonment.

**QUESTION OF BEETS.**

Field Supt. Jop Pingree of the Amalgamated Sugar company, has issued a circular letter to the farmers of this district, urging them to sign up contracts for the planting of sugar beets this season.

Mr. Pingree sets forth the advantages to be obtained this year, and calls attention to the fact that last year was the only one in eight years that the farmers were not successful. He said this failure was due to the lack of water and the intense heat, and the white fly. The indications for the coming year, he said, were exceptionally good, and he begged the farmers not to be discouraged.

It has been learned that a serious condition confronts the company because of the very few farmers of this district who have made contracts for beets. The demand for an increase of 25 cents per ton has not been granted by the company. Mr. Pingree said that the company must know within two weeks just how much is to be planted.

**ARRANGE FOR LECTURES.**

The young ladies of Weber stake have arranged for a series of lectures to be delivered here by Dr. Ellis H. Shipps. There will be 10 lectures in all, the first scheduled for next Saturday afternoon at 3 o'clock, and the others to follow each Saturday.

**NEW FIRMS ORGANIZE.**

The new firms organized as a result of the closing out of the retail department of Z. C. M. L. filed articles of incorporation here today. They are the Watson-Flynn Hardware company, and the Watson-Tanner Clothing company. The first is capitalized at \$20,000, with shares at \$100 each. One hundred shares are reserved in the treasury, and the balance has been subscribed for. John Watson is president and treasurer; N. C. Flynn, vice president; J. D. Watson, secretary. These with C. J. Brown, constitute the board of directors.

The other company is also capitalized at \$20,000 with shares of the same value, and 120 shares have been subscribed for. The officers are: John Watson, president and treasurer; N. C. Flynn, vice president; Charles P. Carlson, secretary. The first named two with C. J. Brown, constitute the board of directors.

**BOWLERS ARE COMING.**

Ten Pin Artists Here for the Big W. B. C. Tournament.

The western bowlers are coming to town. The sprinkling of them who rolled in yesterday were reinforced by a larger number today, and tonight most of the teams entered will be in the city awaiting for the tournament's beginning.

The Brunswick bowling team from the Brunswick alleys of Denver arrived this morning and registered at the Kenyon. One of the teams are Geo. Kropfner, Wm. Elwert, J. A. Good, Harry Gossett and R. O. Baker. The team rolls an average of nearly 30, and will therefore stand in the winning position when the totals are in.

Secy. Jenkins was busy today preparing a schedule for the tournament, and tomorrow morning one of its provisions is that Mayor Thompson will roll the first ball down the alleys, at 5 o'clock tomorrow evening.

**BOMB FACTORY CAPTURED.**

St. Petersburg Police Seize One and a Hundred and Twenty Bombs.

St. Petersburg, March 6.—A wholesale bomb factory was captured by the police today at the lodgings of a drugist. One hundred and twenty bombs were seized. The apartments had been the rendezvous of students and revolutionists. 20 of whom were captured. Another terrorist who was arrested in the street had a bomb in his pocket.

**MAJ. G. H. HOPKINS DEAD.**

Detroit, Mich., March 6.—Major George H. Hopkins, former department commander of the G. A. R., department of Michigan, who held an important confidential position in the war department under Secy. Alger during the Spanish-American war, died today at his home in this city, following a stroke of paralysis, aged 64 years. He was a veteran of the Civil war and was chairman of the state Republican committee for several years.

## THE PHILIPPINE TARIFF BILL.

Senator Lodge Has no Present Intention of Trying to Revive It.

ASSAY OFFICE FOR SALT LAKE.

Senator Sutherland's Bill Reported by Committee With Favorable Recommendation.

(Special to the "News.")

Washington, D. C., March 6.—Senator Lodge is as yet undecided as to his course in the matter of the Philippine tariff bill. Various reports have been circulated as to his intention to try to bring it up for consideration on the floor of the senate in spite of the adverse action of the committee. Today the senator said: "I don't understand why there should be any excitement over the subject. The bill is apparently dead and I have no present intention whatever of trying to revive it."

**SALT LAKE ASSAY OFFICE.**

The bill to create an assay office at Salt Lake introduced by Senator Sutherland was today reported from the committee to the senate with favorable recommendation. It will go through the senate, and if the house indorses the action of the upper branch of Congress the miners of Utah will have increased facilities.

**IRRIGATION APPROPRIATION.**

The subcommittee of the senate committee on Indian affairs is disposed favorably toward Senator Smoot's amendment to the Indian bill appropriating \$500,000 for irrigation, and it will be reported to the full committee, but the language of the amendment will be changed to conform to the views of the commissioner of Indian affairs. Should the full committee indorse the report of the subcommittee, the item will be incorporated in the Indian bill and in that event the house committee will not oppose it.

**PENSION FOR GEN. W. H. KIMBALL.**

Senator Smoot today introduced bills to pension William H. Kimball and Lewis Sidel at \$30 a month.

**THE STRAWBERRY PROJECT.**

The secretary of the interior today approved the contract executed by the president, and attested by the secretary of the Strawberry valley water users' association, Utah, guaranteeing the repayment to the United States of the cost of irrigation works, which may be constructed thereby in connection with the Strawberry valley irrigation project. Authority has been given to the reclamation service to prepare plans and specifications for the work and to submit them to the department.

**PRIMARIES AND ELECTION LAWS.**

Second National Conference for Their Reform Meets in New York.

ALL SECTIONS REPRESENTED.

**SOLDIERS' HOMESTEADS.**

Land Office Officials Render Important Decision on Matter.

Duluth, Minn., March 6.—That a man who has made homestead entry, paid the fees and accepted the land, and who has been one year and who enlists in the United States army or navy, serving four years, during which time he is unable to visit his land, does not necessarily forfeit his claim, is a decision by Washington land officials, announced yesterday. The decision is not based on any particular case, but is in answer to a question asked by local officers by Lieut. Ivan C. Wettenberg of the recruiting station at Minneapolis. The lieutenant also wanted to know if service in the war with Spain or the Philippines would help a recruit, provided he put in his annual furloughs of one month on the land. The Washington office answered that a man may enlist in either army or navy and thereafter obtain title to a homestead. If a man continues to live on the land for the required period.

**CAMPAIGN CONTRIBUTIONS.**

N. Y. County Grand Jury Makes Presentment on Those by Corporations.

New York, March 6.—The New York county grand jury made a presentment, reciting that the grand jury had been informed by the district attorney that there was a reasonable ground to believe that within the statute of limitations officers or trustees of large corporations have contributed money to political campaign funds. The jury asks advice of Justice O'Sullivan, of the court of general sessions, to whom the presentment was made as to the future course to be pursued by the jury. The presentment is accompanied by a long statement of facts setting forth that it can be shown by lawful evidence beyond a reasonable doubt that such payments of money have been made.

**ISSUED REQUISITION.**

Ohio Governor Signs Papers for Return of Dr. Maxwell.

Columbus, O., March 6.—Gov. Patterson issued a requisition today on the governor of Utah for Dr. David P. Maxwell of Cleveland, who is wanted there on the charge of causing the death of Celia Rizer on Dec. 2 by a criminal operation. Maxwell is understood to have gone to Utah when the scandal became public.

**SENATOR HALE CRITICISES GENERAL STAFF'S POLICY.**

Washington, March 6.—When the senate convened today Messrs. Clapp, McCombs and Dubois were appointed a committee to confer with a like committee from the house on the bill providing for the settlement of the affairs of the five civilized tribes of Indians.

The bill providing for the "increase of the efficiency of the medical department of the army," was called up and Mr. Hale spoke in opposition to it. He said that the bill was one of many proposed to accomplish the increase of the army which he believed undesirable. He added a word expressing his conviction that the plan was that of the general staff and not of the secretary of war.

## CHAIRMAN SHOTS AND CLOVER LEAF.

Because of His Large Holdings He Doesn't Want to Give Up Presidency.

PRESIDENT SPOKE TO HIM.

Says He Supposes Roosevelt Will Tell Him What He Wants Him To Do.

Washington, March 6.—Theodore P. Shonts, chairman of the Isthmian canal commission today resumed his testimony before the senate committee on interoceanic canals. Senator Taliaferro had read the protest of Hudgins and Dumas of New York to President Roosevelt against the manner in which the commissary concessions had been granted to Jacob E. Markel of Omaha, and urging its discontinuance on the ground that it had been entered into irregularly. The New York firm said the proceedings in connection with the letting of the contract were irregular intimating collusion and a predisposition to award it to Markel. Mr. Shonts said the letter to the president had referred this protest to him, and he had referred the reply he had made to the president. These documents were made public at the time.

The change Hudgins and Dumas made in their bids after certain conditions had been called to their attention, said Mr. Shonts, made their bid higher than that of Mr. Markel, referring to Mr. Shonts' reply to the president, wherein it was stated that the commission had the right to cancel the Markel contract upon giving 30 days' notice. Mr. Taliaferro asked Mr. Shonts to point out in the contract the right of cancellation. Mr. Taliaferro showed that at the time the contract was let there was no way in which the contract could be cancelled as long as the concessionaire lived up to the terms of the concession.

Mr. Shonts was examined at length concerning the differences between Mr. Markel and the Hudgins and Dumas bids.

Reverting again to the Markel contract, Mr. Shonts said he understood the "right of cancellation," as he had stated in his letter to the president, but that he had not analyzed it from a legal point of view.

"Was it not your duty to do so?" asked Mr. Taliaferro.

"I suppose it was, but I then understood it as I said before," replied Mr. Shonts. "I actually lived with it. I am talking with you. I had not time to do so before the contract was made."

"Do you intend to continue your connection as president of the Clover Leaf?" asked Mr. Taliaferro.

"That depends," replied the witness.

"On what?"

"Well," said the witness, "the president spoke to me about that and told him that on account of my large holdings I did not want to give up the presidency. I talked with President Roosevelt and he said, 'Frankly, I am talking with you. I had not time to do so before the contract was made.'"

"Then you don't know what your intentions are?" asked Mr. Taliaferro.

"The president will tell me what he wants me to do, I suppose," replied the witness.

In response to a number of questions, Mr. Shonts said that he was now going to see Mr. Roosevelt at the Clover Leaf but he did not know what these would terminate.

## CHINA IS VERY MUCH PERTURBED

Reports of Anti-Foreign Movements in American and European Papers Alarm Her.

EMBARRASS THE GOVERNMENT

Tend to Create Strained Relations Between it and Ministers of Powers.

Edict Points Out Great Difficulties That Have to Be Contended With.

**CHINESE EXCLUSION.**

Prince Tsai Tse Arrives to Make a Study of the Question.

Chicago, March 6.—Prince Tsai Tse, leading the Chinese imperial commission sent to America to study the Chinese exclusion laws and the attitude of the American government, reached Chicago early today. Sixteen members of the party came over from the city of New York and Quincey route today while 23 members of the commission passed through the city last night en route to Salt Lake City.

Prince Tsai Tse and party will spend the day in Chicago.

**ALASKAN COAL LANDS.**

Washington, March 6.—Secy. Taft has sent to Congress a joint resolution authorizing the government to sell the surplus coal on hand at Fort Davis, Nome, Alaska, to alleviate the suffering of the people there, who are experiencing a coal famine. The mayor of the town and other officials have telegraphed the secretary an urgent plea for assistance, but he finds that he has no authority to let them have the coal at the post.

**NEW FACULTY AT COLUMBIA.**

New York, March 6.—At the meeting of the trustees of Columbia university yesterday the organization of the new faculty of fine arts, to include instruction in painting, sculpture and decoration, was practically perfected.

Prof. James K. Smith, professor of Greek archaeology and art, was designated as acting dean of the faculty.

**FRANK KRAMER DROPS DEAD.**

Chicago, March 6.—Frank Kramer, a stockman from Miles City, Mont., dropped dead of heart disease here today while in the waiting room of the Grand Central depot.

**PATENTS FOR WESTERNERS.**

(Special to the "News.")

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**NO ROW; NO MEETING.**

Malicious and Mischievous Fake Published in Morning Slander Sheet.

Under a flash head beginning with "Big Bond Under Discussion," the Tribune this morning publishes a sensational article which is nearly half a column relative to the Utah Light & Railway company and its scandalous falsehood. That even the semblance of a single truthful statement on which to base its foundationless assertions. The article claims that at a meeting of the company last Saturday afternoon, at which "several animated addresses" were made, the company decided to make the public believe that there had been a meeting of the company at which it was claimed that the holding by the company of its small amount of stock in the Light & Railway company, deterred capitalists from investing in the same, and the company's securities could therefore not be sold, as was stated. That the Tribune's article was a most malicious fabrication is proven by the fact that there has been no meeting of the directors since Feb. 21 last, neither have there been any committee meetings; and, furthermore, the company's securities have been in the hands of the directors since Feb. 21 last, and have been in the hands of the directors since Feb. 21 last, and have been in the hands of the directors since Feb. 21 last.

**SHE HAS PNEUMONIA AND HER RECOVERY IS VERY DOUBTFUL.**

Rochester, N. Y., March 6.—Miss Susan B. Anthony is seriously ill at her home here of pneumonia, which developed from a cold taken on a recent visit to Washington. Her physician, Dr. Ricker, said today:

"Miss Anthony's left lung is now affected by pneumonia. Her right lung has practically closed. She is still unable to retain nourishment, and consequently is very weak. It is difficult to say now what the change may be."

**LETTER FROM GAPON.**

Denounces Father Petroff as Traitor and Tool of Social Democrats.

St. Petersburg, March 6.—Father Gapon, in an open letter today denounces Father Gregori Petroff as a traitor and a tool of the Social Democrats, who he says are fighting against the true interests of the workmen. Father Gapon also proposes a plan for the complete investigation of his organization by representatives of the various parties.

Father Petroff, during the investigation of the charges of the Gapon organization of accepting money from the government, charged a man named Sechov with having obtained \$15,000 from Father Gapon for the investigation, declared that he could not support the infamy involved in the charge, and drew a revolver and blew out his brains.

**GELI N ARMORED CRUISE.**

Berlin, March 6.—The appropriations committee in the Reichstag, upon which all the parliamentary groups are present, today approved with a few dissenting votes the government's measure providing for the construction of six additional armored cruisers.

eral staff and not of the secretary of war.

"All these bills have their root there," he said. "If this staff, dealing with an army of 20,000 men, disposed of itself as the general staffs in Europe do, whereas in Germany, for instance, there is an army of 700,000 or 800,000 men. While the plans must be proper there, where each country was surrounded by powerful neighbors, it was not proper here, where there was no danger."

In this connection Mr. Hale said that the general staff had prepared plans for the invasion of China by an American army, but he added that he did not mean to go into the subject.

"For, with the secretary of state sitting on the lid, I do not believe we are likely to have war."

It was he said the purpose of that organization to invade China, which would be a declaration of war.

**MEETINGS TO BE CALLED IN BEHALF OF MOYER.**

New York, March 6.—The New York unions of the Industrial Workers of the World have called a meeting for next Sunday to arouse interest in behalf of Charles H. Moyer, the president, William D. Haywood, the secretary, and other members of the Western Federation of Miners, who are in jail at Boise, Idaho, accused of assassinating former Gov. Steunberger.

The national executive committee of the Socialist Labor party has also issued circulars to the unions in the Industrial Workers of the World calling on them to arrange for the holding of a similar kind and to contribute to a defense fund for the members of the Western Federation of Miners, who are in jail.

**PRINCE TSAI TSE ARRIVES TO MAKE A STUDY OF THE QUESTION.**

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