

Mr. Young in the business of the new company. All of the debts of the old company have been assumed by the Utah Western, and the old company have agreed to transfer to the new all of their claim to the rolling stock, grade, bridges, &c., and receive therefor stock in the new company.

Track-laying will commence as soon as the first shipment of iron arrives, which will be shortly, as the manufacturers will commence shipping this week and continue, at the rate of 50 tons per day, until the twenty-one miles have been shipped. Passenger cars have been purchased, by Mr. Young, and are on the way. The last named gentleman will remain east for a week or ten days longer, to finish up the business for the new company.

Mr. Young contemplated organizing a company to build a railroad West about six months before the S. L., S. V. & P. R. R. Co. was organized, being satisfied that the trade would warrant him in so doing. The S. L., S. V. & P. R. R. Co. was organized, ground was broken and great were the expectations of the company, but matters did not prosper with them as well as could have been wished, and the freight on the iron and rolling stock remained unpaid, until the firm east who furnished the iron sold the whole of it to Mr. George Richardson, for the Utah Northern Railroad. We hope the Utah Western will be built as rapidly as the Utah Northern has been, that company having built 87 miles of road within three years, with a good prospect of extending it still further northward.

By Telegraph. AMERICAN.

CHICAGO, 28.—Lt. Gen. Sheridan issues an order to Brig. Gen. Terry, of St. Paul, saying that unofficial information has reached these headquarters of the organization of parties at Sioux City, Yankton and Bismarck to invade the Sioux Indian reservation, with the view of visiting the country known as the Black Hills. Should such information be correct you will please notify such parties that they will not be permitted to go unless under authority from the Secretary of the Interior or of Congress.

NEW YORK, 28.—About six hundred Mennonites, nearly all from the southern part of Russia, reached here yesterday; the numbers of men and women are about equal, and there are many children. The party nearly all go to Dakota.

The *City of Peking* arrived to-day from her excursion to Newport. When off Sandy Hook the guests, assembled on the main deck, with Governor Parker, of New Jersey, in the chair, adopted resolutions congratulating the Pacific Mail Company on the possession of such a fine vessel, and announcing that it is the duty of the government to shape legislation so that the American flag shall be restored to the seas, and complimenting John Roach and Capt. Griffin, the builder and commander of the *City of Peking*. Russell Sage and Rufus Hatch, president and managing director of the Pacific Mail Co., were especially thanked for their attention during the trip. After addresses by more prominent guests, the doxology was sung and the meeting was closed. Eleven thousand persons visited the *City of Peking* at Newport.

Demas Barnes has given \$1,500 bail, in the suit for libel instituted against him by Henry C. Bowen.

WASHINGTON, D. C., 28.—The Secretary of the Treasury has decided that Japanese silks, which are a mixture of silk and cotton, shall continue to pay the duty under the act of revision, at 50 per centum *ad valorem*, as they did under the former law. A circular decision in a large number of appeals, has been issued affirming this rate, both on importations before and after June 22nd, 1874.

COLUMBUS, 20.—The official canvass shows a majority against the new constitution, in the last election, of 147,000; against license, 6,200.

PHILADELPHIA, 28.—Wool, firm; stock scarce; California fine and medium, 25 @ 35; California, coarse, 25 @ 30.

SAN FRANCISCO, 28.—The radical decline at Liverpool in wheat has a discouraging effect on holders here. A year ago it was selling at two dollars and ten, and now the

best offer for the export is one dollar and fifty-seven and a half cents. Farmers are holding back.

NEW YORK, 29.—The cost of the government of this city, for the year ending August 1st, was, in round numbers, fifty millions of dollars; the debt in the same time was considerably increased.

Professor Rossiter W. Raymond's speech, before Plymouth Church last night, attracts marked attention for its eloquence and logical force, in exposing the absurdity of the charges against Beecher, and the infamy of his accusers. The following passage gives some interesting facts obtained by him as secretary of the Investigating Committee: After citing abundant evidence, showing from Tilton's own conduct and statements and voluntarily published references to Beecher, that Tilton's wife could not, on the third of July, 1870, have confessed criminality, Raymond said it was no wonder that the committee doubted whether she had confessed anything at all, but the evidence shows that in the Autumn of 1870, Mrs. Tilton went away on a visit, and that while she was there letters passed between her and her husband. This is the time when, according to Tilton, she was waiting to know what would be his magnanimous decision concerning her future fate. At that time, according to the evidence before the committee, from a source entirely distant from Mrs. Tilton, and entirely unimpeachable, Mrs. Tilton wrote him a pleading letter, begging him to put away from his room evil and lascivious pictures, and to abandon the society of evil and wanton women. She wrote that letter with tears and prayers, praying the whole night before she sent it. She waited four days for the reply in commingled agony of apprehension and hope, and when the reply came she said to her friend—

"When that letter comes go upstairs and read with me, I am sure God will answer my prayers, and give me back my husband and save him from his evil courses." This friend had seen the letter that went and was to see the letter which was to come. Mrs. Tilton went up stairs, and when the postman came with the letter her friend, not having the same firm faith in Theodore's penitence, sent the letter up, and waited awhile before following it, in order that she should not herself intrude upon its first reading. After a few minutes she went up, knocked at Mrs. Tilton's room, and received no answer; knocked again, and receiving no answer she opened the door and entered the room to find Mrs. Tilton unconscious on the floor, with the letter in her hand. As she was already invited to read the letter she tells the committee that she glanced over its pages. Her description of that letter is that Tilton swore at his wife from beginning to end; that he told her he would have as many pictures and whatever kind of pictures in his room as he liked; that he would go with as many women and any kind of women as he liked, and that she should not interfere with or dictate to him concerning his moral character or habits. When Mrs. Tilton was laid upon the bed, after a long time of unconsciousness from profound fainting fits, she came to herself and one of the first things she said was, that she had had a terrible letter from "Dory." They then left her for a while, and when they returned the letter was not seen. Mrs. Tilton said she had destroyed it, and no living being should ever see it, and this remark that I make to-night, if it reaches her eyes, will probably be the first intimation that she has ever had, that the letter was, by a providential circumstance, read by another human being besides herself.

MONTGOMERY, Ala., 29.—Elias T. Kiels, judge of the city court at Eufaula, was arrested last night, on a charge of aiding the escape of a felon; several citizens of Eufaula have been arrested, charged with violating the enforcement act.

MEMPHIS, 29.—A large meeting of citizens was held at Expression Hall, last night, to express the indignation of the community at the barbarous murder of the colored prisoners taken from Trenton jail.

TOPEKA, Kas., 29.—Governor Osborn has called an extra session of the legislature for the 15th of Sept., to devise means for the relief of settlers whose crops have been destroyed by the grasshoppers.

WILMINGTON, N. O., 29.—A fire

yesterday morning in a rosin warehouse on the wharves in the southern portion of the city destroyed about eight thousand barrels of rosin, and about two thousand barrels of spirits of turpentine; loss \$120,000, mostly covered by insurance.

NEW ORLEANS, 29.—The *Picayune*, this evening, says it is reported, that dispatches have been received from Shreveport, stating that a large body of armed negroes had assembled at Coushatta, a town in the Red river country, near Colfax, and that great alarm and excitement prevailed among the whites. Governor Kellogg's private secretary, in reply to an inquiry of the associated press agent in regard to the report, says that it is not credited by the executive, and that the only foundation for it is that the sheriff at Coushatta has summoned a posse of 65 persons, 15 whites and 50 colored, to defend the parish officers, in case of any attempt to force them to resign.

Later dispatches from Shreveport, this evening, confirm the first reports of trouble at Coushatta, and state that a courier, who arrived at Shreveport this evening, says the negroes are constantly receiving reinforcements from all quarters. The town is guarded by two hundred whites, who ask help. A courier from Minden, Webster parish, brings substantially the same report. Forty men left Cotton Paine this morning for the scene of conflict; seventy left Shreveport this afternoon, and more will follow to-night. Reinforcements have also gone from Minden. A letter from a gentleman at Robinson's Place says that a conflict is inevitable, and he thinks it cannot be delayed longer than to-night. The black population of Red River parish outnumber the whites three to one. Coushatta is fifty miles from the nearest telegraph station.

A dispatch from Shreveport says that a courier from Coushatta, just in, reports the troubles ended, and that the town is quiet. The whites arrested the sheriff and his deputy and several other officials, and have them in jail. The negroes were left without a leader and dispersed. One white and two blacks were killed.

SAN FRANCISCO, 29.—In the *abeas corpus* case of twenty-two Chinese women, passengers by the steamer *Japan* on her last voyage, and who it was claimed were imported here for immoral purposes, the fourth district court, to-day, rendered a decision sustaining the constitutionality of the State law by which such persons may be prevented from coming here, and remanding them to the custody of the captain of the *Japan*, which was about to sail. The supreme court issued a supplemental order, and the steamer sailed without them, and the whole lot were sent back to jail.

Professor Davidson and party, to observe the transit of Venus, sailed for Nagasaki on the *Japan* to-day.

Geiger, tried at Santa Rosa, Cal., for the murder of Mrs. Strong, was convicted of murder in the first degree and sent to the State prison for life.

JEFFERSONVILLE, Ind., 30.—A horrible outrage, resulting in the death of the victim, was committed near Henryville last night. Augustus Garnies, while walking along the railroad track, was assaulted by three men, who robbed him of five dollars and then bound him across the track and left him. He succeeded in freeing his body from the ropes, but before he got his legs loose a train came along, and though he managed to throw his body off the track, his left leg was cut off. He laid beside the track all night, and was picked up by the train and brought here and died soon after.

WASHINGTON, 30.—The Secretary of the Treasury has directed the assistant treasurer at New York to sell gold during Sept. as follows: 1,000,000 on the first and second Thursdays, and half a million on the 3rd and fourth Thursdays, respectively.

NEW YORK, 31.—The Rev. Jno. S. Glendenning was in court to-day, at Jersey City, on the suit of Perry Master, to compel him to maintain the child Mill Pomeroy; the counsel for prosecution endeavored to have the statement of Miss Pomeroy, made before her death, admitted as evidence, and failing withdrew the complaint; Glendenning is to be proceeded against on charges of seduction and breach of promise.

Catherine Tighe, an old woman,

was murdered last night in a vacant lot near her house, in the outskirts of Brooklyn, her husband has been arrested on suspicion.

Governor Herbert, of Louisiana, has begun a libel suit against the *World* Company, claiming damages in \$50,000.

Five hundred Mennonites arrived on the steamer *City of Richmond*.

The Cubans here have information that shortly before the battle of Iguara, a Spanish captain of regulars left the city, taking with him two companies of volunteers, mostly natives, and passed over to the Cuban army. When the Cuban troops were approaching the city the whole of the regular Spanish force was ordered out to oppose their advance; an ambuscade was laid by the Cubans into which the whole of the Spanish column, which is stated to have numbered two thousand men fell, and were either cut to pieces or found safety by flight. The Cuban army captured a quantity of arms in Santa Espirtu, and increased its own numbers by enlisting five hundred well armed men.

SARATOGA, 31.—In the regatta to-day, the three mile race was rowed by O'Neill, Clou Davis, the contestant not starting, against time, making the distance in 21.194, the best three miles on record.

CHICAGO, 31.—General Custer reported to Lieut. General Sheridan the return to Fort Lincoln of the Black Hills expedition, and says— "Our route from Bear Butte was by way of the Little Missouri River, until the head waters of the Heart river were reached, when we moved due east to this post. We explored and located that portion of the Little Missouri hitherto unknown. We have marched about one thousand miles, and my command, with replenished supplies, is in good condition and ready to take the field to-morrow.

A Washington special says the establishment of a new administration organ in New York City is now conceded to be a fixed fact. The presses are building, and a part of the *Herald* building, on Nassau Street, has been already secured for an office. The newspaper will be known as the *Republic*, and will be the size and style of the *Herald*. The stock is put up at \$500,000, which will be all taken at once. Plenty of money is ready in the hands of the projectors of the enterprise. The first number will be issued either on the 14th or 21st of September prox., with C. C. Norvell, late financial editor of the *Times*, as principal editor, and Mr. Westleigh, the original projector of the *Times*, as business manager.

SAN FRANCISCO, 31.—The *Mikado* brought no mail from Honolulu, but there is news to August nineteenth. The King prorogued the assembly August eighth. He congratulated the members on the introduction of bills to aid the construction of telegraph lines and for the encouragement of steam navigation with foreign countries. He spoke strongly in favor of reciprocity treaties, particularly favoring one with the United States, he said that no effort on his part would be wanting to secure so desirable a result. The king has appointed S. G. Wilder and J. U. Kawaini special commissioners to collect and forward to the Philadelphia international exhibition objects illustrative of the arts, manufactures, products and soil of the Hawaiian kingdom.

The Sydney *Morning Herald* says that twenty more bodies have been recovered from the wreck of the *British Admiral*; a portion of the cargo had been saved and brought to Melbourne.

The discovery ship *Challenger* had finished the soundings for a cable between Sydney and Wellington, New Zealand.

FOREIGN.

LONDON, 24.—Sydney Dobell, the well known English writer, is dead. Five hundred laborers, of the English Agricultural Union, leave for Canada to-morrow.

The Carlists have extinguished the lights on the coast from San Sebastian to Bilbao.

The workshops of the Royal Mail steamship line, at Southampton, were burned to-day; many workmen are thrown out of employment.

Spanish advices, via Paris, report a ministerial crisis at Madrid, and that the citizens there refuse to submit to the new conscription, and that disturbances are threatened.

The Carlists report Puycerda burning.

The formal recognition of Spain by Sweden is announced.

BAYONNE, 24.—In consequence of the confiscation of property of Carlists by the Spanish government, Prince Alfonso, brother of Don Carlos, has issued an order to the troops under his command, announcing that retaliatory measures will be taken.

PARIS, 25.—Carlism advices state that 200 Republican volunteers, marching to the relief of Puycerda, were captured by royalists.

The prefects of the departments in the South of France have received special instructions from the minister of the interior to use every effort to prevent the sale of arms to the Carlists.

MADRID, 25.—The conscription is being enforced throughout the country without opposition.

LISBON, 25.—The government has issued orders, directing Spanish Carlist refugees in this country to depart immediately.

CALCUTTA, 24.—Eight millions of people are still dependent on account of the famine.

LONDON, 25.—The American cricketers defeated the Irish club at Dublin, to-day. A base ball match between eighteen of the Irish club and nine of the Americans is set down for to-morrow.

The German government has formally notified the powers that it will not interfere in the internal affairs of Spain.

BERLIN, 25.—Bancroft Davis has had a long interview with Prince Bismarck.

BRUSSELS, 25.—*Le Nord* says it would be a bad precedent for Russia to recognize a government founded on a *coup d'etat* and wholly without legal sanction. When Marshal Serrano's government fulfills the conditions of an established power Russia will hasten to recognize it.

DUBLIN, 26.—In the base ball match between America and Ireland, nine Americans taken from both clubs, played against six Irishmen assisted by three Americans. The Earl of Kendington was one of the players. The Irish were allowed five outs each innings. The Americans won 12 to 6. The clubs leave for Queenstown this evening enroute for America.

BERLIN, 27.—The Spanish representative in this city has received his full credentials as minister, and has asked for an audience with the Emperor.

RICH PICKINGS FOR LAWYERS.—The New York *Herald* states that the bills of the city of New York for October, November, and December, for interest, costs, and judgments was \$175,000, and that in addition to this the retainers and fees for professional services of seven lawyers for the month of December amounted to nearly \$30,000. All this comes out of the pockets of the people, the tax-payers.

DIED.

At Mill Creek, Utah, on Sunday, August 23rd, of inflammation of the bowels, HENRY LIVESIDGE, formerly of Yorkshire, England, aged 49 years.

Millennial Star, please copy.

In this city, August 26th, after a short illness, JOHN BARTON.

Born at Winstanly, Lancashire, England, February 23rd, 1806.

Millennial Star, please copy.

In the 20th Ward of this city, this morning, August 31st, at half-past 7 o'clock, of inflammation of the lungs, JOSEPH B., son of T. H. and Sidonie Roberts, aged 5 weeks.

"This lovely bud, so young and fair, Called hence by early doom,

Just came to show how sweet a flower In Paradise could bloom!" —[COM.]

At the residence of Wm. Derr, 18th Ward, August 30th, of teaching, CHRISTENA, daughter of Charles and Mary Francis Thompson, aged 15 months.

In this city, August 31st, JOHN McDONALD, Sen., aged 77 years, 7 months and 25 days.

He was baptized into the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints in June, 1842, in the city of Pitsburg, Pa., and emigrated to Nauvoo in 1843; came to the Valley, September 19th, 1849.

At Cedar City, August 9th, of biliousness and rheumatism, CHRISTOPHER HAIGHT, eldest son of Christopher J. and Caroline Eliza H. Artur, aged 15 years.

In the 12th Ward of this city, this morning, DANIEL H., son of Joshua and Jimima H. Midgley, in his 9th year.

Deceased fell from a horse on Monday last, and had his arm broken and sustained other injuries, which caused his death.