

polygamy or plural marriage, or have or take more wives than one.

Judge Carlton declines to accept the suggestion, for the following reasons:

It was evidently the intention of Congress to allow all male persons of proper age, etc., to vote if they are not disqualified by polygamy, etc., provided they are willing to take the prescribed oath. An inquisitorial catechism of a metaphysical character by the registrars, as to whether the party might sometime in the future change his mind and go into polygamy, or under certain seductive temptations might commit fornication or adultery, is in my opinion not authorized by law. The same remarks will apply to the registration officer on a proceeding to strike off names on the registry list. In such a proceeding he may investigate the question whether a party is under any of the disabilities provided by territorial law or the acts of Congress—these last are: Is he in fact a polygamist? Is he living in unlawful cohabitation? Is he associating or cohabiting polygamously with persons of the other sex? Has he been convicted of bigamy, polygamy, unlawful cohabitation, incest, adultery or fornication? Has he taken the oath prescribed by the act of Congress? This enumeration exhausts all the qualifications provided by Congress. Further than this (except as to local statutory qualifications) the registrar cannot go. The same principle will apply to judges of election upon a challenge at the polls.

In these views the active members of the commission fully concur. They do not feel justified in overdrawing the oath so that a legal ground will be given for further litigation, and in this they are quite right. No polygamist can honestly take the commission's oath and vote, and that is what Congress aimed at. The Salt Lake City Tribune, whose zeal has often got the better of its judgment in fighting for a good cause, advises the registrars to ignore the Commission and "to consult with eminent attorneys and follow their advice," as their duty "happens to be none of Judge Carlton's business." It is a great pity that this fine line is drawn over a matter so plain. The oath as it stands is the despair of any polygamist, and if he takes it and votes, an indictment for perjury will naturally follow.—*Springfield, (Mass.) Republican.*

MORGAN STAKE CONFERENCE.

Minutes of a conference of the Morgan Stake of Zion, held in Morgan City, May 15th and 16th, 1887.

On Saturday at 10:30 a. m., the speakers were Bishop Eli White, Elder Chas. Kingston and High Councilor Geo. W. Taggart.

On Saturday at 2 p. m., a portion of the Bishops reported their wards, showing a healthy and improved condition existing.

President W. G. Smith said the people had assembled together to be edified. Those who were faithful in their hearts would be blessed. All should be subject to those placed to preside over them. There is only one organization composing the Stake, and all are subject to that organization and the leaders thereof. Every officer in it should enjoy the spirit of his calling that they might be the better able to instruct those over whom they preside.

Elder Meacham, a returned missionary, spoke for a short time upon the first principles of the gospel.

President Samuel Francis said God had ordained that His kingdom should be established upon this land. By our united intelligence we can accomplish a great good. We should seek to understand the will of God as given us by those who preside over us. We are branded with disloyalty, but those who seek to rob us of our liberty are the disloyal ones, and we by the observance of God's law will finally triumph over every evil.

Elders Charles A. Wells and Nephew Anderson made some very spirited remarks on the first principles of the gospel, which closed the first day of conference.

On Sunday at 10 a. m., the wards that were not reported on Saturday were reported by their respective Bishops, showing that the people were improving and generally alive to their privileges.

Apostle L. Snow being present, spoke of his sojourn in the penitentiary. His health, as also that of the brethren with him, had been good; this he attributed to the prayers of the Latter-day Saints. He felt that his incarceration, although not very pleasant, had been beneficial to himself and to the brethren with him, also to the Latter-day Saints and an honor to God. He spoke of the mobs of bygone days and referred to a conversation Geo. A. Smith once had with a senator in relation to the prospects of the Saints in those days. The senator felt there could be no delinquency for the Saints; George A. said, "What you say may be true, but when I was driven from Illinois to Missouri, having sacrificed my property, I became better off by far in Missouri than in Illinois, and when driven from Missouri to Salt Lake, I was a hundred fold better off than in Missouri; and I should be driven again, the Lord only knows how much I would be worth."

The speaker felt that all things could work together for our good. The laws now operating against us would be changed and liberty would be ours; by every sacrifice we make we would get nearer our Lord. Referred to a symbol of the United Order existing in the

"pen," and jocosely related how all dressed alike, all ate alike, all slept alike, and every privilege enjoyed by one was enjoyed by all; the man of one half million and they without one cent, all were united in the common lot in which they had been cast.

At 2 p. m., after the usual opening exercises the general and local authorities were presented and unanimously sustained.

Brother Campbell, a visitor, a missionary from the Southern States, related his experience there.

Apostle L. Snow said if ever a people needed to be thankful it was the Latter-day Saints. The Gospel had found us, in many instances, in foreign lands, poor and in darkness; through the interposition of a loving Father, the Gospel had been presented to us, and we being honest in heart, gladly exchanged the mists of darkness for the light of truth. Our surroundings now were in almost every instance changed; they are beautiful and the comforts of life surround us. He spoke of the beauty of our children and congratulated the parents on so many being present, which was a good sign of prosperity in that direction at least; said they would become purer through living God's laws than their parents, and would live to the age of a tree. The future should be a great theme with the servants of God; we should be looking for the coming of our Savior with His apostles, and preparing ourselves to meet them.

President Smith thanked all who had taken a part in the proceedings. The choir sang an anthem and the Conference was adjourned for three months.

Benediction by Patriarch Alma Porter. **CHARLES KINGSTON,** Stake Clerk.

SANPETE STAKE CONFERENCE

Editor Deseret News:

The regular quarterly conference of the Sanpete Stake was held on May 14 and 15, 1887, President Canute Peterson presiding.

There were present on the stand, the Presidency of the Stake, High Councilors, a fair representation of the Bishops of the several wards, and others. Four meetings were held of the conference proper, and a Priesthood meeting on Saturday evening.

The speakers during conference were Presidents Canute Peterson, Henry Beal and J. B. Maiben, Elders Edward Cliff and Andrew Peterson, returned missionaries, Bishops James A. Allred, W. S. Seely, W. T. Reid, Elders J. F. Allred and A. H. Lund. Much instruction and counsel was given to the Saints, suited to the times and the circumstances surrounding them, and the labors and duties devolving upon them.

The statistical and Sunday school report and financial report of Temple were read.

The statistical report gave 13 marriages, 113 births, 122 children blessed, 65 members received, 59 members removed, 4 new members baptized, 34 children baptized, 2 excommunicated, 34 deaths, 155 drawing support, and an increase of 87 members during the quarter.

The general Stake and local authorities were presented by President Maiben and all sustained by unanimous vote of the conference.

As alternate High Councilors the following were sustained: Ezra Shomaker, Andrew Peterson, Canute W. Peterson and Andrew Thomson, Jr.

Mormon Missionaries—Cyrus H. Wheelock, Samuel Bills, Warren C. Snow, John Reddington, Niel C. Christensen, Sanford Allred, Peter Larson, Lewis Anderson, Mads P. Somerson, Jonathan Middleley, Henry D. Gardner and William D. Candland.

President Maiben gave notice for Sabbath School jubilees to be held as follows:

Mount Pleasant, Wednesday, June 22d; Moroni, Thursday, June 23d; Gunnison, Tuesday, June 28th; Mantli, Thursday, June 30th.

The Conference was exceedingly well attended, a great number of the people being unable to gain admittance. An excellent spirit prevailed at each meeting.

Conference adjourned for three months. **GEORGE TAYLOR,** Clerk.

LET THE LAW BE IMPARTIALLY ENFORCED.

BIG COTTONWOOD, Salt Lake Co., May 14, 1887.

Editor Deseret News:

In a number of precincts of this county, apostate "Mormons" have been appointed to fill the office of deputy registrar, and in their official visits some of them have been telling the people that no honest "Mormon" could take the oath without violating his conscience. Now here are individuals who have broken the most sacred obligations they ever made, and now set themselves up as teachers of honesty! Their aim and objects are too well known; they cannot hide them under the cloven hoof. Can the libertine or the prostitute teach the path of virtue or a corrupt fountain bring forth pure water? Do men gather grapes from thorns, or figs from thistles?

Those who have read the questions put by Judge Henderson to applicants for citizenship—these questions being placed side by side with Article VI of the Constitution, and also to jurors, may well exclaim: How have the mighty fallen! Was the test oath taken by his honor in qualifying for

office, on condition that it could be laid aside when the rights and privileges of a Mormon were in question? How does such a course as this comport with the action of the so-called political authorities of this Territory, in formulating the new oath, that you "will not hereafter, at any time," etc. Let the entire law, including the clause in relation to adultery and fornication be included in the restriction, and let it be applied to both sides impartially. **X.**

A dispatch dated Chico, Cal., May 12th, says: A. L. Thiel, an experienced hunter, while out hunting this morning accidentally killed himself. The position of the gun showed that he had climbed a fence and pulled the gun through after him. The deceased was a prominent business man of this city, conducting a large news depot, carrying several insurance companies, and was also the manager here of the Mackay-Bennett Telegraph Company. He was correspondent for San Francisco newspapers. He leaves a wife and three or four children. Thiel was a native of Germany, aged about 40 years. He was counted one of the finest shots in the State, and was formerly secretary of the State Sportsmen's Association. He was formerly the agent of the Bee in this city. He has been a resident of Chico for ten or twelve years.

An End to Bone Scraping.

Edward Shepherd, of Harrisburg, Ill., says: "Having received so much benefit from Electric Bitters, I feel it my duty to let suffering humanity know it. Have had a running sore on my leg for eight years; my doctors told me I would have to have the bone scraped or leg amputated. I used, instead, three bottles of Electric Bitters and seven boxes Bucklen's Arnica Salve, and my leg is now sound and well."

Electric Bitters are sold at fifty cents a bottle, and Bucklen's Arnica Salve at 25c. per box at Z. C. M. I. Drug Store.

DISEASE IMPOSSIBLE.

Yes; utterly "impossible" when all malarial poisons are driven out of the system, leaving the Blood New, Rich, and Pure. No place for eruptions, ulcers, or Rheumatism, when all Blood taint has been eradicated by the use of **BROWN'S SANSAPARILLA** and Dandelion with Iodide of Potassium. Thousands of witnesses, among them the best Druggists and Physicians, testify to the wonderful cures wrought by **BROWN'S SANSAPARILLA**, all diseases of the Blood, Liver, and Kidneys. Use only the best Medicines.

The "Exposition Universelle de l'art Culinaire" awarded the highest honors to Angostura Bitters as the most efficacious stimulant to excite the appetite and to keep the digestive organs in good order. Ask for the genuine article, manufactured by Dr. J. G. B. Siegert & Sons, and beware of imitations.

Good Results in Every Case.

D. A. Bradford, wholesale paper dealer of Chattanooga, Tenn., writes that he was seriously afflicted with a severe cold that settled on his lungs; had tried many remedies without benefit. Being induced to try Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, did so and was entirely cured by use of a few bottles. Since which time he has used it in his family for all Coughs and Colds with best results. This is the experience of thousands whose lives have been saved by this Wonderful Discovery.

Trial Bottles Free at Z. C. M. I. Drug Store.

Typhoid, Scarlet and Yellow Fevers, Measles, Diphtheria, Small Pox, Cholera, etc.

Darby's Prophylactic Fluid will destroy the infection of all fevers and all infectious and contagious diseases. Will keep the atmosphere of any sick room pure and wholesome, absorbing and destroying unhealthy effluvia and contagion resulting therefrom. Will neutralize any bad smell whatever, not by disguising it, but by destroying it.

Use Darby's Prophylactic Fluid in every sick-room.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

THE BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box.

FOR SALE at Z. C. M. I. Drug Store

BARTON & CO.

I bought a new Combination South Bend Plow of Barton & Co., Layton, and testify with pleasure to its great merits. This spring I plowed over 60 acres of land and never used up one point. I turned the point morning and noon and had the pleasure of plowing with a sharp share all the time. I consider it saved me considerable as I would have used six, at least, of the ordinary points, which means for me \$5.00 clear gain, besides time and bother. It does splendid work, and I recommend it to farmers, as a money and labor-saving invention.

GEORGE V. STEVENSON.

Studebaker Branch, General Agents. d s w

BARTON & CO.

In the latter part of April I purchased a South Bend Plow, with reversible share, from Messrs. Barton & Co., Layton. Have done considerable plowing with it, and like it very much. It certainly saves money in points and gives good satisfaction as far as quality of work is concerned. After it was once adjusted properly it gave me no trouble at all, but runs smoothly and evenly.

JOHN W. THORNBURG.
Studebaker Branch, General Agents.

FOR SALE, CHEAP!

A HOUSE, FIVE ACRES OF LAND, A well of good water and other improvements, 2½ miles west of Main Street. Apply at **THIS OFFICE.**
down s w lme

ESTRAY NOTICE.

I HAVE IN MY POSSESSION:

One grey HORSE, 5 years old, some white on hind feet, saddle marked, branded on left shoulder, and J F on left thigh.

If the above described animal is not claimed on or before May 27th, 1887, it will be sold at public auction, at the Estray Pound, in Tooele City, at 11 o'clock a. m., May 27th, 1887.

M. B. NELSON,
Poundkeeper.
Tooele City, Utah Territory, May 17, 1887.

ESTRAY NOTICE.

I HAVE IN MY POSSESSION:

One sorrel HORSE, 5 or 6 years old, strip in face, brand resembling T on left thigh.

If said horse is not claimed on or before Saturday, May 21st, 1887, it will be sold to the highest cash bidder at the estray pound at Panguitch, at 3 o'clock p. m.

J. A. DELONG, Poundkeeper.
Panguitch, Garfield Co., May 10, 1887.

FORFEITURE NOTICE.

TO J. K. SMEDLEY and J. R. WARREN.

YOU ARE HEREBY NOTIFIED THAT you are indebted in the sum of Three Hundred Dollars each, for money expended and labor performed upon the Vulcan Mine, in Rush Valley District, Tooele County, Utah, from January 1st, 1872, to December 31st, 1886, said indebtedness being your just and proper proportion of an assessment duly incurred by reason of expenditures and outlay necessary to the proper working and development of said Vulcan Mine, in which you are part owners. This is therefore to notify you, that unless your assessment of Three Hundred Dollars each, be paid on or before the tenth day of July, 1887, to the undersigned, your interest in said mine will be forfeited, and become my property, as provided by law.

CHARLES AUER.
Salt Lake City, Utah, April 8th, 1887.
sit w90d

ROUND TRIP EXCURSION TO EUROPE,

Leaving Salt Lake, Ogden and Provo May 30, 1887.

FARES TO	1st Class R. R.	1st Class R. R.	1st Class R. R.
	Saloon Cabin.	Second Cabin.	Stowage.
Glasgow or Belfast and Return,.....	\$150.00		
Liverpool and Return,.....	\$155.00		
Glasgow, Liverpool, Belfast and Queenstown and Return,.....		\$140.00	\$120.00
Gottenberg, Christiania, Copenhagen or Hamburg and Return,.....		\$150.00	\$130.00
TICKETS GOOD SIX MONTHS.			
Parties wishing to take this trip should, without delay, deposit the amount of fare with B. H. Schettler, Esq., Cashier Zion's Savings Bank, Salt Lake City.			
For further information apply to the undersigned, Box B., Salt Lake City.			
W. A. ROSSITER, W. C. SPENCE.			

SALT LAKE. OGDEN. GEORGE A. LOWE,

MOWERS,
Sulky Rakes,
CORD BINDERS,
HAINES HEADERS,
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ACME
Harrows,
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WAGONS,
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FIRST CLASS VEHICLES of ALL KINDS.
Barb Fence Wire, Iron, Steel.

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STEAM AND HORSE POWER Machinery AND

SULKY RAKES,
Hay Loaders,
HORSE HAY FORKS,
Hay Carriers,
WIRE ROPE.

HAVANA
Press Drills,
STIRRING
AND
SULKY
Plows.

SAW MILLS,
Steam Engines
LEFFEL
WHEELS

What Mr. Beyer says: "Please accept my best thanks for the splendid seeds received from your firm. It would be a rather lengthy list if I should name all, but will say that amongst 38 first, and 3 second premiums awarded me at our fairs in Northern Indiana and Southern Michigan, 26 first premiums were for vegetables raised from your seeds. What firm can beat this?"

Seed of this quality I am now ready to sell to every one who fills a farm or plants a garden, sending them FREE my Vegetable and Flower Seed Catalogue, for 1887. Old customers need not write for it. I catalogue this season the native wild potato. **JAS. J. H. GREGORY,** Seed Grower, Marblehead, Mass.

GREGORY'S SEED CATALOGUE

1887.