THE DESERET EVENING NEWS.

TRUTH AND LIBERTY.

FRIDAY, JUNE 29, 1900. SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH.

Cut Up by the Nations.

COUNTRY SHOULD BE INTACT

Only Way to Prevent War, and Par-

alyzation of Chinese Industries and

Commerce-Russia Not Content.

probably be necessary that roads lead-

throughout the Chinese empire. China

is too immense a country, with its teem-

FIFTY-FIRST YEAR.

BUTCH CASSIDY for the capture of Cassiday. **TO SURRENDER**

Famous Bandit Comes to Salt Lake to Give Himself Up, Providing Gov. Wells Will Not Permit Him to be Extradited.

arrest there is a standing reward of \$500, offered by the State, is in Salt Lake City ready to give himself up providing Governor Wells can be prevailed upon not to honor extradition papers from Colorado, where he is wanted for breaking jail.

The above startling information was imparted to a "News" man today by Deputy Sheriff Ben R. Harries, and the story he tells in connection therewith is corroborated by at least half a dozen other officers of the law.

It was the intention of Deputy Harries and colleagues to keep the matter entirely to themselves until the Governor had been seen; but the secrat leaked out, and the "News" reporter was referred to Mr. Harries for the "straight" of the story. The deputy from Sugar, after two or three hours' search, was found driving down State street in the direction of the sheriff's office. The reporter stopped him and inquired if there was anything new. "Don't know a thing," repried Ben, saying which he pushed on the lines and told the horse to "get out of this."

"Heard anything about the outlaws?" asked the scribe.

"Not a word," said the deputy, as he and his rig started off.

"When is Butch Cassidy going to leave town?"

Ben jumped as though he had been shot, and drawing in rein on the horse, turned round on his seat and fixing his gaze on the reporter, said, "what's that you say? You heard what I said."

"Come here," said the deputy; who's been talking to you?"

"A friend of yours." "What did he tell you?" "He told me the outlaw was in Salt Lake ready to give himself up and throw himself upon the mercy of the court, if you will intercede with the

Butch Cassidy, the outlaw, for whose ; person and talk the matter over with you, if you will promise not to do anything with him until after the governot has been seen. He understands the governor is out of the State and that ie will not be home for some littile time yet

"I informed the man that I was not prepared to say what I would do at that time, but requested him to meet at the same place at 10 o'clock the next morning. He agreed to this and I said ir two more officers with me. He of

it was my intention to bring along on fered no objection to this, but admon-ished me not to make any move until Governor Wells had been consulted. THEY MEET AGAIN.

"We met again the next morningfive of us in all. I brought with me two men and our friend brought a com panion, too. After the formalities of an round introduction were through with I requested the man with whom I had talked the previous evening to kindly repeat in the presence of the others what he had already told me Without the least bit of hesitancy the fellow related the story over again and concluded by naming Butch Cassidy. had not informed my companions who the individual was that wanted to give himself up, and their astonishment at the mention of the outlaw's name was fully as groat it not greater than mine. Again the man said he would take me and one of my companions after dark to see Butch, providing we would prom-

ise not to attempt to arrest the bandi until after the governor had announce what he would do in the matter. 'O 101 course,' said the man, 'you know as well as I do the character of the man you are dealing with. Butch will not trifled with. He wants to do the right thing. All he asks for is a square deal He believes he is entitled to receive jus-

ce, and he does not want anything to do with a man who is liable to act the part of a traitor. He has full conidence in you, Mr. Harries, and I would advise you to make up your mind to agree to his terms and go to see him. He told me that he would have given himself up to the officers south long ago. but he was afraid he wouldn't get jusMany posses have gone out after this daring robber, but the rewards have never been claimed. Description of Cassiday. Cassiday has two allases-Parker and Ingerfield. His description is as fol-lows: Weight 165 pounds; height, 5 feet 8 Inches; features regular; small, blue, deep set eyes; two scars on back of head; small red scar under left eye; red mark on left side of back; small brown

FORD-SNOW MARRIAGE.

brown hair.

mole on calf of leg; good build; light

Ceremony Took Place at 4 o'clock, President Cannon Officiating.

The marriage of Miss Maud M. Ford of Auburn, Ohio, and Mr. Le Roi C. Snow of Salt Lake, took place in the Temple this afternoon, President George Q. Cannon officiating. The young couple were to have been united by President Snow, father of the groom, but the heat was so intense as to make it inadvisable for him to leave the house, in view of his recent and contin-

This evening an elaborate reception to the newly wedded pair will take place at the Boehlve House.

OFF FOR OMAHA. Chief Hilton Leaves Tonight to Bring Back H. C. Wertz.

Chief Hilton leaves tonight via the Rio Grande Western for Omaha, for the purpose of bringing back to this city H. C. Wertz, who, it is alleged, em-bezzeled between \$600 and \$700 from the Armour Packing company establishment in this city.

Weitz is now under arrest in Omaha on the charge of embezzlement.

SMALLPOX IN THE NORTH.

Disease Breaks Out on Steamers in Alaskan Waters.

Vessels Lost - 30,000 People at Cape Nome, and Trouble Predicted-Ten Boxes of Gold.

San Francisco, June 29 .- The steamer Zealandia arrived here today, eight days from Cape Nome. The Zealandia brings word that smallpox has broken out on board the steamers Santa Ana and Ohio, and those vessels have been placed in quarantine at Egg island. The information received per the Zealandia oes not state the number of cases or whether the crew or passengers are affected The Zealandia reports the loss of the bark Hunter and the schooner Eclipse, en route from Dutch Harbor to Nonw. The crews of the wrecked vessels were picked up by the steamers Valencia and Ranler The UnitedStates ship Roge. crans went ashore at Cape Rainanok but got off safely with the assistance of the tug Meteor. Two thousand persons arrived at It is estimated Nome on July 14th. there are 30,000 there by this time. New comers are reported all at sea on count of the wholesale jumping of laims and trouble is predicted. The Alaskan commercial company has received from Nome ten boxes of gold, aggregating \$330,000.

money. Afterwards Governor Wells, for the State, offered a reward of \$500 PARTITION WOULD nessed the hanging was the father of the murdered girl. Snell murdered Lizzie Wiesberger on August 6th last. The girl had been employed at his house, but his actions to-**BE DISASTROUS** wards her compelled her parents to take her away. He appeared at her home on the morning of August 6th, and going into the bed room, cut the child's throat with a razor, causing almost instant death. As Snell turned to leave the room, Mrs. Wiesberger siezed him and the murdered slashed Reasons Why China Should Not be her on the arm. Snell was captured

11-11-12

within an hour after the commission of the crime. LIEUT. PAUL DRAPER DROWNED

Gen. MacArthur Reports Casualty-Rebels Send in Wounded Prisoner,

Washington, June 29.-Gen. MacAr-thur has cabled the war department the following account of the death of Lieut. Draper

"Manila, June 29,-Second Lleut. Paul Draper, Twenty-second infantry, drowned morning of June 28, working Draper, on ferry near San Antonio, Neuva Eciji, Luxon. Body not yet recovered. "MACARTHUR."

Paul Draper was born July 24, 1876, at Valley View, Iowa, and served with New York, June 29. Oscar Straus, the Sixteenth infantry as private, cor-poral, sergeant and first sergeant of company D, from July, 1897, to Nov. 1899. He was serving in the Philippine Islands as an enlisted man at the date of appointment as second lieutenant of the Twenty-second infantry, and was continually with his regiment till June

28, 1900, when he was drowned. The following cablegram was also re-ceived this afternoon from Gen. Mac-Arthur

"Lyel W. Atkins, company I, Thirtying through the open door shall extend fifth volunteer infantry, wounded in arm, moderate, and captured May 30, was sent in by insurgents June 27. Re-ports health of Charles J. Roberts, captain Thirty-fifth Infantry, and Private McIntyre good.'

A NOTABLE ASSEMBLACE.

Luncheon to Celebrate Completion of British Biographical Dictionary.

Britisher Laments the Omission of Washington, Jefferson and Others -Choate Makes a Point.

London, June 29 .- There was a remarkable gathering of literary and artistic London today at a luncheon in the Mansion house, given by the lord mayor, Mr. A. J. Newton, to celebrate the completion of the dictionary of national biography. Over 200 persons were present, including Mr. Joseph H. Choate, the United States ambassador. Mr. Leslie Stephen, the first editor of the Work; Mr. Sidney Lee, the present editor; the Bishop of London Rev.

Were in Pekin-Will Try Another Relief Force-Russian Activity.

Increased Anxiety Over Foreigners Who

MINISTERS ARE NOT

partment this morning received the following cablegram from Admiral Kempff:

"Chee Foo, June 29 .- Secretary of the navy-Pekin relief expedition now in Tien Tsin with 200 sick and wounded. Ministers and Pekin party not with them. No news from them.

"KEMPFF." The department was also advised this

morning that Admiral Remey on the Brooklyn has arrived at Hongkong, en route to Taku.

The Brooklyn will sail tomorrow for Taku via Nagasaki.

KEMPFF ACKNOWLEDGES MIS-TAKE.

Admiral Kempif today acknowledged the error he had made in reporting the presence of the foreign ministers with Admiral Seymour's column, eight miles out from Tien Tsin. His cablegram this morning admits that there is no knowledge of their whereaouts and it s assumed the error in the first report arose from the admiral's acceptance of a rumor that was very generally current at the time the cablegram was sent.

The fact that the admiral's message is dated at Chee Foo today warrants the supposition that telegraphic communication has been restored between the point and Taku, where the foreign fleet lies. There is, however, a possibility that the admiral could get dispatch across from Taku to Foo the same date by pushing the York-town, which has been used as a dispatch boat.

NEWS CAUSES DEPRESSION.

Admiral Kempff's news has added to the depression in official quarters, Admiral Remey is pushing the Brook-lyn with all despatch toward Taku, and he cables that he will sail from Hongkong northward tomorrow. His main care will be to arrive at Taku with full coal bunkers, thus making sure that the Brooklyn will be ready for any service required when she reaches that

there also will enable the navy depart-

cable communication, in case the con-

ditions change during the Brooklyn's

five day run to Nagasaki, so as to make it necessary to do so.

SECRETARY HAY ILL.

was severely taxed by the exhausting

day and remained at his home while

UNEASINESS AT CANTON.

Herald from Canton says:

in case of his departure.

for the present.

leave the city.

Macao

New York, June 29 .- A dispatch to the

general situation here is unchanged an

uneasy feeling prevails. An imperial

mandate from Pekin directs Viceroy

Li Hung Chang to remain in Canton

The numerous daily criminal accu-

sations by order of the viceroy show

his realization of the serious condition

of affairs and his firm intention to pre-

vent trouble. He is threatened by the

mob with assassination if he should

Well-to-do residents have offered Li

municipal guards in the city. The vice-roy appreciates the confidence and gratitude of the people and promises to

The majority of the foreign women

The British gunboat Redpole and the

United States gunboat Don Juan de

Austria are in the harbor. The French

ANOTHER RELIEF FORCE.

London, June 29, 2:10 p m .- The fact

that a large international force is on

its way to Pekin is taken in London

to mean that the commanders at Taku

conclusion from the absolutely antagon.

istic telegrams, the most contradic-

The viceroy's strange report that the

remains unexplained. The general tenor

of the news is regarded as showing

preparing to disavow the promoters of

Hongkong reports that the viceroy of

Kwang Si province has called out the

militia for service in case of emer-gency. The householders are being

compelled to pay for the cost of the

According to a dispatch from Yoko-hama, divided opinions were expressed

at yesterday's meeting of the Japanese

cabinet. The minister of war and ma-

rine and their supporters urged that

Japan should undertake the suppression

of rebels in China, while another sec-tion contended that Japan ought to con-

ne her efforts to the protection of for-

Advices from St. Petersburg report

reserves, it appears, are about to be called out, and ten torpedo boats are

eing prepared for immediate dispatch

to reinforce the Russian Pacific squad-

GERMANS FEEL DOUBTFUL,

Berlin, June 29 .- Since the receipt of

Admiral Bendemann's dispatch an-nouncing the arrival of the legationers

bnormal activity in naval circles.

MILITIA CALLED OUT.

the outbreak.

obfligation

igners

ron.

terms

The

and children have left for Hongkong or

to his utmost to maintain order.

gunboat Comete is expected.

This port is scarcely out of the route between Hongkong and Taku, so there will be practically no loss of time in-

The stop

While the

direct

port. Hence his an

ment.

stop at Nagasaki, Japan.

volved in entering Nagasaki.

ment to change his orders by

Washington, June 29 .- The navy de- | singular that the other powers have not received news similar to that cabled by Admiral Bendemann.

WITH SEYMOUR

PUNISH MURDERERS OF FRENCH. MEN.

NUMBER 190.

Paris, June 29, 3 p. m.-The minister of foreign affairs, M. Delcasse, informed the cabinet council today that the viceroy of Yunnan had telegraphed that M. Francois, the French consul and his party, who left Yunnan-Sen June 24th, had reached Tong Hal, half way to Tonquin, June 27th, safely.

The viceroy, it was further announced. had caused the ringleaders of the map which attacked the Francols party party, June 7th, to be beheaded.

SOUTH CHINA SAFE.

The French government, M. Delcasse. further said, was in receipt of a cable dispatch saying the viceroys of Nan-kin and Hankow guaranteed the safety of foreigners in the central and south-

of foreigners in the central and south-ern provinces, where order, it is assert-ed, has thus far been undisturbed. 3:20 p. m.—Later it was announced that the Chinese legation here had communicated to the French govern-ment the text of a document cabled by the viceroys of Nankin and Hankow, June 27th, which is an agreement be-tween the viceroys and consuls at Shanghal whereby, subject to certain Shanghai whereby, subject to certain conditions, the viceroys undertake to protect the missionaries and foreigh erchants in South and East China. The document, which was sent for ratification by M. Delcasse, consists of nine articles

BOMBARDMENT CONTINUES.

Berlin, June 29 .- The German consul at Che Foo telegraphs under date of June 28, that nothing is known concerning the foreign ministers. He adds that the railroad between Taku and Tion Tsin was still threatened and that the bombardment of Tien Tsin on the west continues, though the Chinese shells explode badiy. It was also said that three residents had been killed or wounded

KILLED AND WOUNDED.

London, June 29 .- In the house of commons today, the parliamentary sec-retary of the foreign office, Mr. Wm. St. John Broderick, announced that the British losses with Vice Admiral Sey. mour's force, which, with the rest of the relief force, had returned to Tien-Tsin, June 26, were: Killed-Captain Herbert W. H. Beyts, voyal marines, and 24 men. Wounded-Seven efficers and 91 men. Mr. Broderick added unit the return of the foreign casualties were in plete, but the total was supposed to be 62 men killed and 212 men wounde in conclusion, Mr. Broderick said that No news from any of the American the most recent reports which had reached the government pointed to the state department officials in China was received today. Secretary Hay, who legationers being still at Pekin.

fresh water lake, "As the interests of the European na-tions and of the United States in China

question.

think not

surface indications.

benefits equally.

ing population to be diverted from its traditions, running back several thousand years. "It cannot be Europeanized, nor Christianized; one might as well think of converting the great ocean into a

terview says:

are entirely commercial it will be absurd to think of dividing it, even if that were possible, for division of a country with a population so alien to western ideas as is China would destroy the life and activity that is left therein, and would paralyze its industries and destrov its commerce

"Looking at the future of China from every aspect from the conflicting interest of European nations and the United States, the only division practical is to make no division, but help China to develop along its own best lines while protecting it against intruders and making the 'open door' a permanent institution by extending through the empire the rights that appertain to the treaty ports. "Joint protectorates have always been failures, and a protectorate by one of the nations concerned is out of the

The problem is not that of

India, but of Turkey magnified. "You ask 'will this satisfy Russin?"

CUT THE CHILD'S THROAT.

Plea of Insanity Does Not Save a

Murderer from Hanging.

Snell, 44 years old, formerly a clerk in

the pension office, was hanged at the

Washington, June 29 .- Benjamin Hill

neither d

who was minister to Turkey, in an in-"Secretary Huy achieved a far reaching diplomatic scheme when he arranged for the 'open door' in China by international agreement and I think along this line must diplomacy in China adjust itself. At the same time it will

Governor in his behalf." Then the deputy lost his temper and said lots of mean things about newspaper reporters. He never saw such a set in his life. They were always un-covering things that should be left covnot directly concern them.

Then there was the individual who He had given the reporter the "tip." was unworthy of any man's confidence, and not fit to wear the uniform of a policeman, or street car conductor. Ben vowed he would find out who it was that had given the "snap" away, if it took him ten years, or cost him \$10,000. Then he would show the fellow up in his true light and have him thrown in jail for vagrancy. All this and much more was said by Deputy Harries, but when he saw the "News" man was in possession of the information he desired kept secret, calmed down and proceed. ed to tell how he got to know the outlaw was in Salt Lake.

DEPUTY HARRIES'S STORY.

Mr. Harries's story is a very interesting one, and can be best told in his own

'A few nights ago," he said, "I re celved a note from a man, whom I am not very well acquainted with, and whose name I don't wish to make known at that time, asking me to meet him at a certain place, naming the hour and place, as he had something of importance to communicate to me. I went to the place at the appointed time and found the man there waiting for me. retired to a private room and the man said he had something to tell me which he did not want me to breathe to a living soul. I told him I would first like to know what the something was before I made any promises. He then proceeded to tell me that a certain individual who was wanted by the officers was in Salt Lake anxious to give himself up, providing he could be assured of getting justice. I told him there would be no trouble about that, and explained our system of jury trials and cited instances of prisoners who were without means to employ legal aid, and for whom the court had appointed attorneys to defend. The man said he wasn't worrying about jury trials, for the reason that the inlividual he had been talking about tended to plead guilty, anyway. What was most concerned about was a probable too heavy sentence, and fear that the prisoner would be turned over to the officers of another State after he had served his term here.

he wanted in another State,' I fisked

Tes, he's wanted in Colorado,' replied my informant. 'Not for breaking any law; he continued; 'he was convict-ed of grand larceny, when he was as in-nocent of the crime as you are. The ludge gave him twelve years, and after had been confined in the Canyon City penitentiary for about six months, he

escaped and came to Utah." We kept on talking in this strain for quite a while. I asked the man several times to give me the fellow's name, and repeatedly told him I would then be better able to advise him what But the man would hesitate and say he hoped he could trust me and all that sort of thing. Then he would proceed to tell me how the prisoner and fugitive from justice had repented of his past life; how anxious he was to make amends and try to live it down and so on. Mark you, I hadn't the least idea who he was referring to. Butch Cassidy and men of his calibre ere the farthest from my thoughts. supposed he was talking about some whom drink had got the best of, and who possibly had forged the name of his employer or some friend to a theck. Finally I became impatient and refused to listen to any further talk

until I had been given the stranger's nam Well, sir," continued Harries, may not believe it, but its a fact, the man nearly took my breath away when

tice and suspected he'd been 'kangarooed' through "I told the man I was willing to make the promise that I would not arrest Butch at the first interview, but I would go no further; and I refused to say what

I would do afterwards. This was not at all satisfactory to our friend, and we parted with the understanding that set in his life. They were always un-covering things that should be left cov-ered and meddling with affairs that did ing, and I have been trying to get to see

the man, but up to now have failed." Deputy Harries said that as soon as he met the man who knows where Cassidy is, he was going to tell him he would see Governor Wells in regard to the matter immediately upon his re-When asked if he really believed it to

be a fact that Cassidy was in town, Mr. Harries said there wasn't any doubt in his mind about it.

"Why shouldn't he be here?" he asked. "Has he not had every opportunity to come and go as he pleases Who knows him here? No one that I know of. I have a description of him. but it is possible for the fellow to pass me and other officers fifty times a day and escape detection. And isn't he as safe here as he would be anywhere? I think he would be far safer and less

liable to arrest right here in Salt Lake than anywhere else in Utah." CASSIDY'S SUPPOSED WIFE.

Said to be Living on the Outskirts of the City and Comfortably Fixed.

In connection with Mr. Harries's story it might not be uninteresting state that there is living in Salt Lake a woman supposed to be Cassidy's wife. The woman has two children, the oldest of whom is about fourteen and the your est twelve years. Fife years ago she was known to be

in very poor circumstances; but a year or two later she was observed by her friends to be putting on lots of style One of the things she did was to pur lot on the outskirts of the chase a city and build her a neat cottage, that cost at least a couple of thousand dollars. At this time the woman gave it out that she was the wife of a mining man who had died and left her and the children quite a sum of money. The sheriff's officers are familiar with

the facts surrounding the woman's his-tor; in Salt Lake. They never knew until recently how she claimed to have become possessed of so much money. But this much the officers do know. They know she never was the wife of a mining man, and her money, wher-ever it came from, did not come through any such a source as she claims it did,

It is needless to say that the woman's place is being carefully watched these warm days and cool nights, and the woman herself is under the surcellance of the officers.

CASSIDAY'S CAREER.

He Has Been Engaged in Many Daring Crimes.

Just when Butch Cassiday entered upon his career as a criminal is not known, but it is a long time since he and his associates came into unpleasant prominence throughsuccessfully robbing a bank up in Oregon. Not long after that, Cassiday led in the raid on the Montpelier, Idaho, bank, securing several thousand dollars. Butch then became prominent in the Robbers Roost gang, and is supposed to have partici-pated in nearly all of the early raids of

that outfit The job that won him the most money and notoriety since he commenced operations in the State was the robbery of Paymaster E. L. Carpenter, of the Pleasant Valley Coal company, at Castle Gate, on April 21, 1897.

Mr. Carpenter had gone down to pay off the men, and had with him \$7,800 in cash. As he was leaving the station to step over to the company's office, he was confronted by Cassiday and another man. Both were heavily armed and under the circumstances they had no difficulty in inducing Mr. Carpenter

to turn over the cash to them. They at once mounted their horses

more, he has agreed to meet you in | and another \$1,000 for the return of the he will be here at the same time, in fourth.

Actress Steer Wins.

London, June 29 .- The chancery court has refused to grant the injunc-tion applied for by Mr. K.S.Gilbert, the dramatist, to to restrain JeanetteSteer the American actress, from continuing the production at the Comedy theater of the former's play of"Pygmaleon"and Galatea," on the ground that she had materially altered the business as ar-ranged by him, and as it had been played under his Vrection by other actresses.

Vienna, June 29 .- As an outcome of a parllament impasse, an imperial decree has been issued authorizing the government, in virtue of the emergency clause of the constitution, to continue levying taxes to meet the state expenditure until the close of 1900. The minister of finance was also empowered to raise, in case of need, 50,000,000 kronen to cover the most urgent ex-

Desperate Attempt of a Boer in Pretoria-Killed the Man Who Prevented It-Britain Preparing for the Final Operations of the Tedious War.

The British authorities are deporting large numbers of Hollanders to Holland, to be dealt with by their own government for not observing the state of neutrality declared by the Netherlands. preparations for, it is hoped, the final President Steyn is reported to be at operations of the tediously prolonged Bethlehem consulting with Gen. Dewet.

Sir Alfred Milner, the British high commissioner, has notified the government to pay the interest on the Free State 6 per cent loan due July 7 on condition that there is no liability for further interest Capetown reports that President Kru-

ger is still at Machadodorp, afraid to move for fear the bridges are under-

COMPLETION OF THE BRIGHAM YOUNG MONUMENT JULY 24

Hon, Spencer Clawson is just in re- | which event Mr, Clawson thinks there is ceipt of a telegram from Sculptor C, E no reason why the work of putting the figures in place should not be done on Dallin, in Boston, announcing that the Pioneer day, July 24th, the fifty-fifth

of Berlin, which ripped up the treaty of San Stefano, satisfy Russia; yet she accepted it as an alternative. The dis-Mandell Creighton, D. D.; Mr. John Morley, Sir Charles Dilke, Mr. W. E. H. Lecky, Viscount Peel, Sir Chements Markham, president of the royal geo-graphical society; Rev. R. W. Gilder, Mr. Andrew Lang, Mr. Edmund Goss, and Mr. Austin Dobson. agreement of other nations is Russia's pportunity; her diplomacy is able; wily and deep and must never be judged by

"The 'open door' policy taid out by Secretary Hay I regard in the nature Speeches were delivered by Mr. Morley, the lord mayor, the Bishop of Lon-don, and others. They all paid tributes of an international Monroe doctrine as applied to China, and will, if followed, to the magnitude of the benefit not only keep us out of war, but will ferred by the work just completed and be the controlling factor in keeping made complimentary references sace among the nations interested in America, caused by Mr. Choate's pres-China. Its force lies in its far reaching equity, as the nations all share the ence

Mr. Morley said he regretted that men like Washington, Jefferson, Hamilton, and Franklin, who, though Ameri-cans, were born English subjects, were labors thrown upon him during the present heated spell, was indisposed tonot included in the biography. Mr. Choate, responding to the toast of Assistant Secretary Hill looked after the routine business of the state depart-

his health, said he also was struck by these omissions. He pointed out that only one American woman was mentioned, Pocahontas, and she only cause she saved the life of an English captain.

district jail at noon today, for the murcontinued Mr. Choate, 'Indeed, "everything relating to America's sep-aration from England is excluded, and der of 13-year-old Lizzie Wiesberger, with whom he was infatuated. Snell the reader will not learn from the blogwas the largest man ever executed here, raphy that America ever came into ex-When received at the jall, August 7th istence as a separate nation. But the last, he weighed 296 pounds, and meafact that Mr. Morley claims such men as Washington, Jefferson, Hamilton and Franklin is an indication of the sured six feet six inches in height. Tobond which exists between the two countries, a bond which grows closer as time goes on.

Mr. Choate's last remark was greeted with cheers. Hung Chang five million taels (\$3,500,-009) for the purpose of organizing a

Cuban Postal Affairs.

Washington, June 29 .- Fourth Assistant Postmaster General Bristow. who returned to Washington from Cuba last night, had a conference today lasting two hours, with the postmaster general. He made an informal report on the investigation of Cuban affairs, and will submit a written report as soon as practicable, but it will require several days to complete it. In the meanime he declines to discuss any of the facts to be incorporated in this document, Gen. Bristow declined to say whether or not any further arrests are contemplated in connection with the investigation

Taxing the Sunset's Lines.

and Tien Tsin consider "some one at the capital stands in need of relief," San Francisco, June 29 .- The assesssupporting the hope that the legations ment on the franchise of the Sunset Telegraph and Telephone company has have been kept in safety there. But it is impossible to deduce a satisfactory been raised by Assessor Dodge to \$1,-000,000. Heretofore the corporation has never paid taxes on more than an astory of which appear to emanate from sessed valuation of \$2,500 on its fran-chise. Dodge contends that the conthe same source, the viceroy of Nankin ern is exclusively a California corporministers were arranging peace ation, its principal place of business as defined in its articles of incorporation being in this city. that the foment may be cooling and that the Chinese government is possibly

Wine for Democratic Convention.

San Francisco, June 29 .- The California and Hawailan delegates to the Democratic national convention at Kansas City started east today. The elegations were escorted to their train by the Iroquois club of this city. They will reach Kansas City at 6:40 p. m., Monday night. A large consignment of fruits and wines have already been shipped to the California headquarters in the convention city.

To Notify Roosevelt.

Washington, June 29 .- Senator Wolcott, who was a caller at the White House today, said that he had just re-ceived notice from the national Republican committee of his appointment as chairman of the committee to notify Goy. Roosevelt of his nomination as Vice President. He said he would be at the Waldorf-Astoria in New York, on the evening of July 11th, where he desired to meet the other members of notification committee. clock on the morning of the 12th, the committee will proceed to Oyster Bay, where the formal notification to the governor will take place.

Thomas Flannely Hanged.

at Tien Tsin with Admiral Seymour. he leaned over and whispered in my ear the foreign office here has received no Butch Cassidy.' As soon as I had re-control to be placed of in the direction of Heiper, covered from my surprise I said, 'you covered from of the Brisham Young saked me to see you to see the governor for him. Further-and another H,000 for the return of the be able accessed for meet H,000 for the return of the be able accessed for meet H,000 for the return of the be able accessed for meet H,000 for the return of the be able accessed for meet H,000 for the return of the be able accessed for meet H,000 for the return of the be able accessed for meet H,000 for the return of the be will be here at the same time, in he will be here at the same time, in he will be here at the same time, in he will be here at the same time, in he will be here at the and rode off in the direction of Helper, bronze figures of the Indians and the anniversary of the entrance of the Pio-San Quentin Prison, Cal., June 29 .---

ALARM FOR THE MINISTERS.

Washington, June 29 .- None of the members of the cabinet who were at today's session could see the least change in the Chinese situation. Secetary Hay was not present, nor was Secretary Gage, but the other members. aid that nothing had been heard from the ministers stationed at Pekin, and this fact was causing the greatest alarm for their safety. It was stated alarm for their safety. It was stated that every possible effort was being made to secure intelligence of their whereabouts, but up to this time with-An uprising is feared out results. No additional troops, it was said, had been ordered to China, but matters were being put in shape to meet any emergency that might

> When the cabinet meeting broke up a little before 1 o'clock there could be no doubt that the members shared general depression at the lack of news from Minister Conger. While unwilling to admit that hope for his safety was fast fading, they felt that their gravest fears might be realized at any time.

MAY HAVE ESCAPED.

New York, June 29.-The International committee of the Y. M. C. A. today received from Secretary Lewis, located at Shanghai, the following answer to a cable sent him last Monday, ask-ing for information concerning Robert Gailey, in charge of the work at Tien Thin and his family:

"Shanghai, June 29 .- Gaileys are believed to have escaped. Unable to communicate with them, as the tele-graph line is broken to Tien Tsin. Have applied to consul at Che Foo to ry to obtain further particulars

A letter showing that the disturbance in China is widespread has just been received by A. D. Van Denburg, who is in the business department of the Presbyterian board of foreign missions at 156 Fifth avenue. The letter is from Mr. Van Denburg's brother, Dr. E. E. Van Denburg, a medical missionary at Nodoa, in the island of Hainan. The letter, which was written about the middle of May, states that there was a band of robbers, a thousand strong, in the mountains back of Nodoa. The The town is 19 miles inland and without protection. The townspeople wanted the missionaries to let them have their guns, so they could fight the robbers. on the The missionaries declined, ground that the treaty forbade such a course. The robbers belonged to a society known by the name of "Loi." They are supposed to be an off-shoot of the Boxers.

POWERS AGREE AS TO CHINA.

Paris, June 29 .- A reporter of the Associated Press was informed today as a result of negotiations between the powers, an agreement has been arrived at which provides for the existence of the status quo as regards spheres of influence and commercial agreements, and also respecting the nature of the guaranties and compensations which will be demanded from China.

According to the understanding, the international army of occupation will consist of 80,000 men. Russia and Japan will provide 12,000 each, Great Britain will provide 10,000, France 8,009 and Germany, America and other powers 5,000 each. The Russian army corps in Siberia, which has just been mobilized, will only cross the Chinese frontier in the event of the crisis being aggravated.

FOREIGN LEGATIONS AT PEKIN.

London, June 29, 2:50 p. m .- Outside | of minor conflicts in the Orange River colony showing continued Boer activity in the Senekal district, the telegrams from South Africa merely indicate

war. A Capetown dispatch reports an attempt by the Boers to blow up the artillery barracks and magazine at Pretoria. It is added that an artilleryman, who frustrated the attempt by withdrawing a lighted fuse, was killed by attempted to lynch.

a Boer, whom the soldiers afterwards



day he weighed 237 pounds. Notwithstanding that the drop was considerable lessened, the rope nearly severed his head from his body. Death was instantaneous, Snell had maintained from the first that he had no recollection of his having committed the crime, and his lawyers claimed he was insane, Physicians and experts who examined him

Austria Must Have Cash.

mumbled inccherent words during the brief march from his cell to the place of execution. Among those who witpenditures. TRIED TO BLOW UP A MAGAZINE.