Mr. Eichnor again warned the council that the appropriation would be illegal. That was the opinion of Col. Merritt, city attorney, and of leading lawyers.

Mr. Pickard was in favor of mak-

ing the appropriation, but wanted its legality investigated.

Treasurer Walden said that as a city officer he would have to follow the advice of the city attorney, and asked the council not to act hastily.

Mr. Spafford was in favor of the appropriation if it could be made

Mr. Hall withdrew his motion, and the question was referred to the finance committee, to report on

Thursday evening.

Mr. Pendleton offered a resolution to the effect that no assessment be made for extending the water mains on property already supplied with water from the waterworks. Referred to the committee on waterworks.

The following appropriations were made:

J. B. Berch, for work on Liberty	
Park wells\$	96 00
Salaries of city officers	10,000
Watson Brothers, for sprinkling	815 20
W. J. Coots, city's portion for filling	
cesspools	97 91
O. Ltevenson, for one month's ser	
vices on the expert water com-	
mission	300.00
J. Mack, for two weeks' services	800 00
on the same commission	150 00
Salt Lake Abstract Company, for	F-30 OD
plats for the assessor	000.00
prote for the assessor	800 00
Two retail liquor licenses	were

granted. The bond of Acting Mayor Par-sons was approved. His sureties are A Hanauer and N. Treweek.

Mr. Pendleton said the Sprinklers at Liberty Park were short of water, and wanted another well sunk there. Action was deferred for the present. The Council then adjourned till Thursday evening, May 29th.

The City Council held a special session on Thursday, May 29, Acting Mayor Parsons presiding.

The fluance committee, to whom was referred the petition of the Chamber of Commerce and citizens, asking for an appropriation of \$2,500 to the Fourth of July fund, recom-mended that the petition he not granted, and gave the following re-port of City Attorney Merritt:

To the Mayor and Council of Salt Lake Vity:

/ In the matter of the application of certain vitizeus for au appropriation to assist in celebrating the Fourth of July, upon examination I am of the opinion that the Council has no power to make such an appro-

printion.

Article 4 of "An act providing for the incorporation of cities," approved March 8, 1888, on page 68 of the Revised Ordinances of Salt Like City, subdivision 2 of article 4 of said act, among the powers of the council is the following: "To appropriate money for corporate purposes It is quite clear that celeonly." It is quite clear that celebrating the Fourth of July is not a "corporate purpose." Dillon, in his work on municipal corporations, vol. 1, page 176, section 149, third euition, states that "without extended from \$10,000 to \$5,000.

press authority a public corporation cannot make a contract to provide for celebrating the Fourth of July; that such contracts are void." Clearly, this corporation cannot make the appropriation without a clear and palpable violation of the

The council are only trustees for the city, and must act within the express powers granted. If the appropriation is made, any taxpayer could enjoin the city from paying it

This is not a novel question, and has been frequently decided in has been frequently decided in other States. See Hodges vs. Buffalo 2 Denio (N.Y.) 110; Corn well vs. Guilford 1 Denio 510; Hood vs. Lynn, 1 Allen (Mass.) 103; Gerry vs. Stoneman, 1 Allen (Mass.) 319. Nor to celebrate the surrender of Cornwallis; Tash vs. Adams, 10 Cushing (Mass.) 252. In Denio 110, Justice Jewitt says, "Corporations have no other powers than such as are expressly granted, or such as are necessary to carry into effect the powers expressly granted."
This is a principle of the common law, and was adopted by our legislature in defining the powers of municipal corporations in Utah. The question then is beyond the realm of debate, and is too plain and is too well settled to be questioned.

While, as patriotic citizens, we rejoice in the proper celebration of the natal day of our great republic, yet as law-abiding citizens and trustees of Salt Lake city I again reiterate that the council cannot, without a clear violation of the law, make the

appropriation.

Respectfully submitted, S. A. MERRITT, City Attorney.

The report was adopted.

The committee on improvements recommended that a written contract be made with C. E. Apponyi for plans and specifications for the city and county building, as agreed to by the former council, and that the architect be paid \$500 on account at once.

The report was adopted and the city attorney instructed to draw up

such a contract.

The bill for 'An ordinance pro viding for paving, re-paving macademizing or repairing streets and alleys in Salt Lake city? was then taken up on third reading, and was passed without amendment, Councilmen Karrick and Armstrong voting against it.

Councilman Hall moved to reconsider the vote. The motion was

The bill for an ordinance prescribing and defining the duties of the board of public works of Salt Lake city was then taken up.

Councilman Hall thought that the salary of the members of the board, except the chairman, whose salary is fixed by statute at \$1,500, should not be reduced from \$500 to \$250 per annum. He didn't think it was possible to get good men to serve on the board for \$250, any more than it was possible to get good men to serve in the city council at the same

The motion to amend was carried, and the bond of members of the board, except the chairman, was

The bill was then passed, Councilman Hali being the only negatl ve.

The ordinance creating a board of heatlh next came up. The salary of the health commissioner, which was left blank in the bill, was fixed at \$125 per month, while the salary of the city physician was fixed at \$50 per month. The two other memers of the boaad, exclusive of the mayor, are to receive \$5 each for each meeting attended. The ordieach meeting attended. each meeting attended. The ordinance providing for a city scaven-ger is repealed by this ordinance, which was passed by a nuanimous vote.

The council then adjourned until

Cuesday evening next.

## A CITIZEN IN SACKCLOTH.

It strikes me that the "Liberai, administration in Salt Lake City is running things in rather a highhanded manner - utterly reckless in regard to expendi-tures and not very careful of keep-ing within the bounds of the law. Just think of the weekly additious that are being made to the list of paid officers of the city. A Lord High Scavenger was appointed weeks since, of \$125 per tew with 01 month, to cirect citizens where they ought to haul their manure and dead ani-mals to, and now that dignitary asks for the appointment of an assistant at a salary of \$75 per month, and his petition will doubtless be granted. A board of public works, a corps of mounted police, and numerous salaried assistants to the already numerous existing officers all help to swell the list, which is now perhaps fully treble the number what it was under the old regime. Then, too, the taxes are piling to an extent that is really appalling to a poor man. The sewer tax, additional special water tax, sidewalk tax and sprinkling tax, with the prospective aving or macadamizing tax now looming up, lu addition to the taxes which people have been wout to pay in past, are almost if not quite enough to compel every poor man with a small income who hap-pens to own a home anywhere near the center of town to sell out and remove to the country. If I am correctly informed, there is no warrant in law for the sprinkling tax which is now being assessed, and which amounts in some cases to as much as the whole of the city tax heretofore. I was this morning the recipient of a missive from E. R. Clute, notifying me that unless I paid \$23.00 levied against me for street sprinkling before June 19th, the same would be collected with costs. I happen to own a corner lot with a total frontage on two streets of 17 rods. If the ordinance allowed him to assess me eight cente per foot for frontage on both streets (which it does not) my total tax for sprinkling would only amount to \$22.44, but I fail to see the justice of my being taxed at all for the street sprinkling, inasmuch as my home has had no benefit from the sprinkling, unless it was upon occasion some weeks since when