MUNICIPAL MATTERS

The Council Sustains the Mayor's Catch Basin Veto.

FARRELL'S CLAIM AGAIN DISCUSSED

It is Referred to a Committee of Three. —Petition Asking That Guards be Placed at Railroad Crossings

The City Council convened in regular session last night with President McCornick in the chair. After the usual preliminaries business was proceeded with as follows:

PETITIONS AND COMMUNICATIONS.

Wm. Spicer et al asked that the West Side Rapid Transit company be prohibited from running cars on south First West, unless provided with conductor and motorman. Committee on streets.

E. R. Ayers petitioned for relief from tax sale of 1892. Referred to city attorney.

Stephen Tyne, manager of the Board of Labor, asked for a free merchants' license. The petition set forth that since the establishment of the free employment bureau one year ago, 700 people for coth sexes have secured employment through its agency, for which service not one cent had been charged. Granted on motion of Cohn, and free license for one year ordered issued.

Oscar Gronbell asked for an extension of water mains from the terminus on Eighth West east to Lake street, thence south to the south corner of lot 18, block 1, Muscatine Place addition, a distance of 570 feet. Committee on waterworks.

John Hebbott presented a bill for $50 for services as member of Parley's canyon water commission for 1895. Committee on irrigation.

Gertrude Y. Hampton asked that water service be laid into her premises at 146 south, Second West, without expense to her, on account of the destruction of a well by the digging of the gravity sewer ditch. Committee on waterworks.

M. Phillips asked for a free pass to Minneapolis or a free license to peddle merchandise. Committee on license.

H. McGregor and seventy-five others asked that Eighth West be graveled between North Temple and Fourth North. Committee on streets.

A. D. Moffat asked permission to connect his premises with sewer running east on Fourth South. Granted, on recommendation of committee on sewers.

M. H. Walker, et al asked that viaducts be constructed on Second South and North Temple streets to remove all danger from railroad crossings.

Clawson moved that the petition be referred to the committee on streets and city attorney with request to draw up an ordinance providing for such viaducts as they would be less expensive. So referred.

CITY OFFICERS' REPORTS.

The city attorney presented a communication addressed to him from J. W. Sullivan, asking that an ordinance be drawn up making it a felony for any locomotive engineer to open cylinder cocks and blow off steam at any street crossing, as a great many accidents were caused by so doing. Referred to street committee and attorney.

The board of public works submitted the bids received for constructing flushtanks for the gravity outlet sewer. There were two bids received, one from J. W. Sullivan and the other from Frank Herrema, they being for $1,798.50 and $1,815 respectively, and the board asks that their action in making a contract with J. W. Sullivan, the lowest bidder, be approved. They also asked that their action in awarding a contract to Mr. Sullivan for the construction of a pipe sewer on Fourth North between First and Second West streets, for the sum of $1,201.74 be approved. Both were accepted.

The board of public works submitted the following resolution passed by them and asked for the city's action:

Resolved, That the board of public works recommend that the sum of twenty-five thousand dollars be paid to Hutchison, Griffith, Morris, Hobson and Williamson, on the $50,000 retained by the city under the terms of the contract for constructing the gravity outlet sewer, and that this recommendation be forwarded to the City Council and the Mayor for their concurrence.

On motion of Lyon the amount was appropriated.

The superintendent of waterworks submitted a statement of vouchers and pay rolls audited, showing distribution of same, for month ending September 30, 1895. The total of statement was $4,[illegible]32.

AS TO SPECIAL MEETINGS.

The committee on finance recommended that the following be passed:

Sec. 1. Be it ordained by the City Council of Salt Lake City, Territory of Utah, that section 1 of an ordinance entitled "An ordinance amended by striking out of said section, in lines 18 and 19 of page 203 of the Revised Ordinances of 1893, the following words: "as set forth for such special meeting." First first time and laid over for one week.

The same committee in reporting on the resolution of Councilman Hardy instructing the board of public works to advertise for bids for the erection of a city jail in cost not to exceed $20,000, recommended that in view of the depleted condition of the treasury that it be not adopted. Report approved.

Barnes & Byrne, lessees of the Warm Springs, asked for a five year extension of their lease at $100 instead of $[illegible] per month, as the granting of a license to a rival company to conduct a similar resort had nearly ruined their business, into which they had put $24,000. Referred to committee on public grounds.

LIQUOR LICENSES.

Liquor licenses were granted to C. H. Kelley, Kronenberger Bros., Simon & Co., and Chris Spies.

CATCH BASIN VETO.

The Mayor's veto of the resolution providing for the removal of the catch basins was, at this point, called up, when Clawson introduced a resolution providing that the w[illegible] of elevating the catch basins be discontinued. This was voted down, when the Mayor's veto was read, after which Clawson took the floor and stated that although he was satisfied the veto would be sustained, that was no reason why something should not be said against it. "These catch basins," said he, "are a menace to the public health and always will be so long as they remain where they are. If they are not ordered removed, they will be ultimately removed, because the public will demand it."

Corum was in accord with part of the Mayor's veto, but wanted it understood that the statement of the Mayor's regarding the extravagant disbursement of moneys did not meet with his favor.

Young felt in favor of the veto and said he would so vote, as the condition of the treasury did not warrant such a move at the present time.

Clawson was in accord with the Mayor's spirit of economy in the disbursements of public moneys, but could not see where the economy comes in in expending $200 in order to clean basins which need to be done entirely away with for $4,200.

After more talk pro and con a vote was taken and the Mayor's veto was sustained.

FARRELL'S CLAIM.

The sub-committee, consisting of Councilmen Young and Councilman Roberts, to whom was referred the claim of J. W. Farrell & Co. for extra writing done in the joint building, recommended that the sum of $4,[illegible] be paid to Mr. Farrell in full of his claim for extra writing done, half by the city and half by the county. The regular writing of the building was to cost $2,750, while the bill for "extra" writing was placed by the arbitrators at $6,500. The report also provides for the payment of $[illegible], the city's portion of the arbitrator's fees.

O'Meara thought Mr. Farrell should be paid, as he had performed the work in accordance with the contract, notwithstanding the fact that the extras had cost more than the regular work.

Clawson thought the action of a board of arbitrators in sending in majority and minority reports, was no arbitration at all, claiming that in order to effect an arbitration all should agree in their report.

On motion of Clawson, Judge McKay took the floor. He spoke of how the arbitrators were appointed and stated that Farrell had a bill of $13,000 in "extras," which had been presented in February. About four months ago a committee was appointed by him and they instructed the board of arbitrators to arbitrate only a certain portion of the extra writing, leaving out all the extra plumbing, steam fitting, etc. Farrell and company were willing to take $4,[illegible] on same, but would not give a receipt in full for the extra writing, as the arbitrators had said they were entitled to $6,500 for that work.

After lengthy discussion a motion by Newell to refer the matter to a special committee of three was adopted. The committee as appointed by Chairman McCornick is Newell, McMillan and Morris.

Bill No. 169 for an ordinance creating an additional entry point in Salt Lake City was read and placed on its final passage.

Appropriations to the sum of $25,[illegible]270.86 were allowed, and the Council adjourned.

AUDITOR RAYBOULD'S REPORT.

Receipts and Disbursements of This City for the Month of September.

Below is the report of the receipts and disbursements of the city, during the month of September, as presented to the City Council by Auditor Raybould last evening:

RECEIPTS.

Liquor license	$ 1,[illegible]
Miscellaneous licenses	[illegible]
Fines and costs	[illegible]
Hydrant rentals	[illegible]
Water rents	[illegible]
Cemetery	[illegible]
Sewer	[illegible]
Sewer tax	[illegible]
Water main extension	[illegible]
Taxes Weed department	[illegible]
Dog tax	[illegible]
Rents	[illegible]
Engineers' days work	[illegible]
Waterworks	[illegible]
Sewer	[illegible]
Paving district No. 1	[illegible]
Paving and grading	[illegible]
Office and printing	[illegible]
Sewer repairs	[illegible]
Interest	[illegible]
Total	$[illegible]

DISBURSEMENTS.

Salary	$ [illegible]
Police department	[illegible]
Street sprinkling	[illegible]
Waterworks	[illegible]
Fire department	[illegible]
Street lighting	[illegible]
Paving district	[illegible]
Weed department	[illegible]
Engineer's department	[illegible]
Sewer department	[illegible]
Health department	[illegible]
Prison department	[illegible]
Cemetery department	[illegible]
Jail building expense	[illegible]
Liquor fund	[illegible]
Printing and advertising	[illegible]
Cash basins	[illegible]
Commissioners' office	[illegible]
City and county building	[illegible]
Treasurer	[illegible]
City expense	[illegible]
Insurance	[illegible]
Sewer repairs	[illegible]
Stores and fuel	[illegible]
Dog tax refunded	[illegible]
Auditor's office	[illegible]
Attorney's office	[illegible]
Treasurer's office	[illegible]
Mayor's contingent fund	[illegible]
Total	$[illegible]
Balance October 1st	[illegible]
Warrants outstanding October 1st	[illegible]

THE WATER QUESTION.

Sevier County's Enterprise as Shown in the Marysvale System.

MARYSVALE, Utah, Oct. 11, 1895.—The question of canals and reservoirs is one that interests the citizens of Utah perhaps more than any other people, as the reclamation of the arid region is one of the practical problems that they are solving. Utah was the pioneer in irrigation, and demonstrated to the world the possibilities to be reached by its application to agriculture, and in the reservoiring of the water she must not be left behind as her future growth depends largely on the increasing of her irrigation water supply by this method.

Attempts have been made and the enterprise of her citizens has been rewarded at several points in the Territory. The reservoir at Gunnison, in Sanpete county, is a pronounced success and is bringing an ample reward to those who invested in it. Sevier county has suffered no annoyance of a scarcity of water in the last few years, and there are extensive tracts of land that might be brought under cultivation if the water system was increased. For years past this theme has come before the people in different lights; last year there was talk of instituting to determine rights to the water, which would have cost, to begin, at least five hundred dollars, and before they ended, two times that, and then there would have been engendered a bitterness of feeling between the litigants and the different localities that time and money would not heal. Lovers of peace recommended other methods, and suggested that the cheapest way out of the difficulty was to construct reservoirs. A number of excellent sites exist in the region. For years the necessity of securing such sites has been agitated, and meanwhile laws have been enacted to meet them up. Such a committee, consisting of J. W. Sylvester, N. M. Peterson and W. H. Baker, examined the north end of Marysvale valley, just where the canyon narrows up, and secured the property where it was to be located. They held this claim for years, waiting for the people to take hold of the enterprise, but failed to get co-operation until last season, when the Marysvale Reservoir company was incorporated, and they took hold of the work and have now completed one dam and have near completion the second one. The lower dam is about six miles northwest and up the canyon from Marysvale, and will hold the water back for three miles in the canyon, covering about 300 acres of land at an average depth of fifteen feet. The dam is not in a well through cement formation 60 feet wide, 17 feet deep and 80 feet long. The foundation is down to solid formation, on which is built a granite wall 10 feet thick and 8 feet to the top of the bank head, and backed with clay puddling; the spillway is made of cut rock and filled with cement and the sides with another wall; the stones are laid flat, so arranged that it cannot be washed out. The heights of the dam is 20 feet, and each side of the outlets built of solid masonry 25 feet high, 10 feet long and is 49 feet long. This is all bedded with clay puddling. The wings are 17 feet long and 10 feet thick and are protected well by rip-raps; work put in with very large stone, both in front and rear of the dam. The headgate is built of 18x18 inch red pine timber well braced. There are eight five-foot outlets. The face of the dam proper is rip-rapped from bottom to top with rock; there is used in this dam about 6,[illegible] perch of rock. The full length of the dam is 400 feet, 100 feet wide at bottom and 20 feet on top. The upper dam is being put in of solid masonry; its full length is 120 feet, width from 30 feet at the top, length of the dam 20 feet, the width of the dam at bottom 30 feet, 20 feet at top. The rock used is grey quartz. The outlet is through solid rock and is 150 feet long, 10 feet wide and 4 feet high. The gates are set in solid masonry, on an iron frame, and steel gates are to be used. There will be four openings 2 ft. 6 in. by 4 ft. 6 in. There is eighty feet of water stage in front of the dam proper made up of quartz shale. This dam will hold the water over some 900 acres of land at an average depth of 10 feet, and it is estimated that it will irrigate fifty to seventy-five thousand acres of land.

The work on this reservoir system will be completed in about two weeks, and is a commendable enterprise; but in our opinion Sevier county should own it and the water should belong to the land and the land to the water, and if the different canal systems of the county were combined in one company and stocked so as to take in the system, the question of irrigating water would be solved for this region.

Every effort to secure water is commendable, and should be encouraged; [illegible] where it is possible the people who own the land should own the reservoirs on which the water is to be stored.

R. G. LAMBERT.

Catarrh

Has troubled me for 11 years. I have taken four bottles of Hood's Sarsaparilla and am perfectly cured. I think Hood's Sarsaparilla has no equal, and believe that many who are in poor health and have become discouraged, would be rescued to good health if they would only give

Hood's Sarsaparilla

a fair trial.—W. J. Bennett, Astoria, Ore.

Hood's Pills cure all liver ills, biliousness, headache. 25c.

Fashions in Fijis.

Fijian women have a most affectionate disposition, although, like all semi-civilized people, they are extremely sensitive and ready to take offense at the veriest trifle. Their skins are usually of a bright dark brown, smooth and glossy as polished marble, and many, while young, possess handsome features and most symmetrical forms, but unfortunately their natural grace speedily disappears after marriage.

While connected their hair, picturesquely arranged with combs and other decorations, is permitted to fall in thick pile down the back of the neck. This is regarded as a sign of maidenhood. After marriage the plaits are cut off and not allowed to be worn again.

In Suva and Levuka the women generally wear a blouse shaped pinafore of thin white cotton, but in their homes or in the interior districts they are content with the sulu, a kind of kilt cloth, made from the bark of the native mulberry tree and wrapped two or three times around the body.

When taking part in the meke-meke, or native dance, the girls wear a short, thick petticoat of dried grass, adorned with black and yellow tapa streamers, the bodice remaining bare from the waist upward.

Shoes and stockings are discarded by Fijians of all classes except on special occasions.—N. Press.

A SPECIFIC
—FOR—
La Grippe, for Colds, Coughs,
AND LUNG TROUBLES,
AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL

"Two years ago, I had the grippe, and it left me with a cough which gave me no rest night or day. My family physician prescribed for me, changing the medicine as often as he found the things I had taken were not helping

me, but, in spite of his attendance, I got no better. Finally, my husband, seeing one day of a gentleman who had had the grippe and was cured by taking Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,—proved, for me, a bottle of this medicine, and before I had taken half of it, I was cured. I have used the Pectoral for my children and in my family, whenever we have needed it, and have found it a specific for colds, coughs, and lung troubles."—Mrs. Wm. Wood, North St., Elkton, Md.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral

Highest Honors at World's Fair.

Cleanse the System with Ayer's Sarsaparilla.

Troubled With Periodical Dysentery

John Peterson, of Paulsville, La., suffered with dysentery for sixteen years and tried three of the best doctors in New Orleans; also half a dozen or more patent medicines. Very little relief followed, until he began using Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhœa Remedy; three doses of which effected a permanent cure.

Ask your grocer for Mercedes & Co's. M. M. Tea.

J. W. Whitehead Jr., agent for the celebrated Diamond Coal, office 12 West, 2nd South Street. Sec. door west of Walker Bros.' bank. Nee yards 532 South, 3rd West Street. Telephone No. 608.

DENVER AND RETURN ONLY $20 VIA RIO GRANDE WESTERN RAILWAY.

For both trains of October 15th the Rio Grande Western Ry. tickets will be sold to Denver and return at the extremely low rate of $20. Trains leave at 8:05 a.m. and 7:00 p.m. Tickets good until October 21st.

REPUBLICAN RALLIES!!

The HONORABLE LEE FAIRCHILD of Illinois, (the Mark Twain of American Orators), COLONEL ISAAC TRUMBO of Salt Lake City, EX-CHAIRMAN CHAS. CRANE of Millard, and MR. WILLIAM GLASMANN of Ogden, will address the Citizens of

LOGAN	Thursday, October 17
BRIGHAM CITY	Friday, October 18
OGDEN	[illegible]rday, [illegible]ber 1
AMERICAN FORK and LEHI	Monday, October 21
PAYSON and PROVO	Tuesday, October 22
NEPHI	Wednesday, October 23
MT. PLEASANT	Thursday, October 24
MANTI	Friday, October 25
EUREKA	Saturday, October 26
PARK CITY	Monday, October 28
BINGHAM	Tuesday, October 29
KAYSVILLE	Wednesday, October 30
SALT LAKE	Thursday, October 31

At all these rallies MR. JOHN P. MEAKIN will deliver "Drake's Address to the Flag," and other patriotic poems.

Music by the "Solid Silver Quartette, 16 to 1."