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GEORGE Q. CANNON,

EDITOR AND PUBLISHER.

LOCAL AND OTHER MATTERS.

FROM TUESDAY'S DAILY.

DEPARTED EAST.—Hon. William J. Hooper left this city last night for Washington, to resume his official duties there. Horace S. Eldredge and Alexander Majors, Esqrs., left at the same time. The two latter have gone on a business trip to the States.

NOT WANTED HERE.—It is stated by the San Francisco Chief of Police that the gambling dens from which so many defendants have been derived of late are closed. Many have left for Virginia City, Utah, and the way stations and towns on the line of the Overland Railroad.—Sac. Union.

SENSELESS DOINGS.—We are informed by a resident of the 17th Ward that some parties, having a predilection for what they probably suppose to be practical joking, unhinged and carried to a considerable distance the gates in front of some of the residences in that locality last night. This is a species of amusement that is only indulged in by individuals devoid of good sense. Our informant says the parties alluded to are known, and if they wish to evade having the law applied to their cases, they will do well to stop such practices.

PROVO CITY, Jan. 15, 1872.

Editor Deseret News:

The anniversary and exhibition of the Sunday School of this City were held on Saturday last, the 13th instant. We had a very interesting time with the young folks; Superintendent W. W. Allen, with assistant Teachers, presiding. The Awarding Committee, Wilson N. Dusenberry and others, awarded to Miss Annie Jones the first prize, for the rendition of "Annie's and Willie's prayer," and to Miss Olive Smoot the second prize, for excellence in sustaining a part in a dialogue. The afternoon was spent in dancing. At one time we counted some one hundred and twenty young ladies on the floor, engaged in a scotch reel, which the sixty young gentlemen, their partners, seemed to enjoy hugely. Yours, respectfully,

A. JONES, Secretary.

TURNING THE TABLES ON THEM.—Brigham Young is turning the tables on his prosecutors. When in December last, his counsel demanded an extension of time it was with the utmost difficulty that the court granted till the 9th inst. To the outside world Young appeared in the light of a fugitive, and not a few were of the opinion that he would never return to Salt Lake City. But he has returned and is facing his accusers whilst the latter weaken and the United States Attorney for Utah begs for an extension of time until next March. This does not tally with the imperious tone of a month ago. The reason assigned—want of funds—appears a lame one to us. Nothing has occurred within the past three weeks to drain the federal treasury in Utah. The financial situation was just the same as it is now. But Brigham was away, and this display of judicial inflexibility was as cheap as it now appears ridiculous.—Reese River Reveille.

BEAVER.—Brother M. L. Shepherd, just in from Beaver, called this morning. He says the co-operative woolen factory there is a complete success! Although it has only been running for a little over half a year, a dividend of 27 percent was recently declared. The mill is quite a benefit to the people, as money has heretofore been somewhat scarce in that locality, and good clothing consequently hard to be obtained. Now good suits are within

reach of the poorest, clothes being obtainable for labor and produce, at reasonable figures.

Brother Shepherd says the "crusade" has had an excellent effect on the people of Beaver, knitting them closer together in the bands of union and brotherhood.

Beaver is not alone in this respect, for the effect of the attempted persecutions is similar upon the people in every part of the Territory, and, we may venture to say, among those identified with the Church who are not yet gathered with the main body of the Latter-day Saints.

FROM WEDNESDAY'S DAILY.

THE LONDON News thinks the end of "Mormonism" is approaching. In this and many like cases the wish is father to the thought.

VERY LITTLE TO DO WITH THEM.—The Omaha Herald is apprehensive that "in the proposed settlement of the Mormon question," the "Mormon" leaders "may wake up only when it is too late, to find that God has very little to do with the schemes of American politicians to persecute and rob an unoffending people." If the Almighty can't overrule, who can?

IRKSOME AND STUPENDOUS.—The New York Herald, commenting upon Utah legislative and other affairs, says, "Still the difficulty of dealing with polygamy remains as irksome and stupendous as before." Of course it does. The difficulty of dealing with anything which is not one's business, may naturally be expected to be irksome and stupendous. Nothing mysterious in that—it is one of the simplest of all natural laws.

RETURNED MISSIONARY.—Elder George Patten, of Payson, got back last night from a mission to the States. He left this city for the East in November last. He first visited Pennsylvania, and traveled through Lancaster, Chester and Berks counties. From there he went to Madison County, Indiana, from which latter point he started for home. He had but little opportunity of speaking in public, but was able to occupy his time in advocating the principles of the gospel in private circles.

WANTS MONEY MORE THAN MEN.—At one of the recent public missionary meetings in New York, Bishop Randall, of Colorado, is reported thus, to use the reporter's language, "He wants more money than men, for he knows of men if he could get money to support them."

That's the case certainly, if the bishop can raise money the man to be supported by it will be sure to be forthcoming. Men, even bishops, may go a begging, but money seldom does.

CAN'T DO IT.—The veracious gentleman who sends dispatches from Salt Lake to the New York Herald, says through that paper, speaking of the Utah Legislature, there is not a representative of the people in that body. Now it is no use for that gentleman to try to get further from the truth, because "he can't do it."

Again, speaking of Statehood for Utah, he says, "With their limited population it would result in the flight of the Gentiles or a fight, as vast monetary interests have been built up which would not be abandoned without a great struggle. The non-Mormon population is entirely hostile to the proposed scheme, and do not wish to be sold out."

This is about as true as the other, and is simply what is elegantly termed "bosh."

DOESN'T KNOW WHAT TO DO ABOUT IT.—The Washington correspondent of the New York Herald, writing Jan. 9th, says—

"The President and Senators West and Kellogg, of Louisiana, have received to day voluminous dispatches concerning the Louisiana legislative troubles. The President, in conversation with a Senator today, said he did not know what to do. The reconstruction act fully justified interference by the Federal troops, while their presence aided the factions."

DIED.—The Ogden Junction of to day states that Elder James McGaw, of that city, died, of heart disease and inflammation of the lungs, on Monday the 15th inst.

Deceased was born in Canada West, Aug. 27th, 1824. He joined the Church in Nauvoo, Illinois, and came to Utah in 1852. He filled a mission to Texas in 1854, and one to England in 1865, returning from the latter in 1868, having charge of a company of Saints across the ocean.

He leaves a wife and seven children.

SAVE YOUR RAGS.—By making extensive building repairs and introducing new machinery, we have placed our paper mill in excellent running order. Of course we are desirous of keeping it running, that we

may constantly supply to the community an excellent article of print, wrapping and other kinds of paper. To keep it running we must have rags, and in keeping up a supply of the same we are dependent upon the co-operation of the people of the Territory, in town and country.

Nobody can advance the p'ea now that they cannot take the News, because they are too poor to pay for it, for, by a little care and economy, enough cotton rags could be saved during the year to pay for a subscription.

Then again, if anybody is in want of a Hymn Book, Book of Mormon, Doctrine and Covenants, Catechism or any other of the Church publications, all that is necessary, if the ready cash is not handy, is to bring along a sufficient quantity of cotton rags, old gunny sacks, &c.

We request our Agents in the country, the managers and others connected with the various co-operative stores to interest themselves in this matter, by obtaining all the rags they can and forwarding the same to this office.

The paper mill is a home institution and should be sustained by the people, by their interesting themselves in procuring for it the raw material from which to manufacture the paper.

From this time we shall expect the rags to flow in, in sufficient quantities to enable us to keep the mill running at all seasons, when the weather permits.

We reiterate it again. Do not burn up nor otherwise destroy your rags, but be careful of them, gather them up and bring them along to this office, and get the value of them, that you may have the pleasure of gazing upon them in another form, as you sit, of an evening, comfortably by the fireside, reading the News.

FROM FRIDAY'S DAILY.

HEAVY.—A lump of ore lies on the outer edge of the pavement, in front of "Reid's," said to weigh in the vicinity of 600 pounds. Several attempts were made during the day, by sturdy miners and others, to lift it, a number being successful.

FROM BEAR LAKE.—General C. C. Rich is in town and at his post in the Legislature. He arrived yesterday morning. He was accompanied as far as Ogden by his son, Col J. C. Rich, who returned homeward from that point. The General is, as usual, in good health.

A TILLER OF THE SOIL, residing in Cache Valley, requests us to insert the following:

Artichokes!—What are the best methods of pickling them?

How are they best "put up?"

What will the probable cost of preparing them be, and what the probable profits?

Answers to the foregoing questions, (with reference to our own and surrounding markets) through the columns of the News, will be thankfully received.

LIKES THE PLACE.—A gentleman writes from Ashland, Ohio, to Bishop Jacob Weiler, of this City, as follows:

"I really have cultivated a desire to go to Salt Lake to live, for I like the place so much. I think the Government had better devote more time to prostitution in our cities and let a quiet people, as those in Utah Territory are, manage their own affairs. The great trouble in the Eastern States is, that they are laboring under great mistakes as to what class the Mormon people are."

LADIES' LEAP YEAR MAGNA CHARTA.—The following is the statute in the old Saxon code referring to leap year:

"Albeit as often as leap year dothe occurre, the woman holdeth prerogative over the menne in matters of courtshippe, love, and matrimonie; so that when the lady proposeth it shall not be lawful for the man to say her nay, but shall entertaine her proposal in all gude courtesie."

Correspondence.

CACHE COUNTY TEACHERS' CONVENTION.

LOGAN, Jan. 6, 1872.

Editor Deseret News:

Dear Sir:—The Cache county Trustees and Teachers' Convention met in the Logan Hall, to-day, pursuant to adjournment at the last regular meeting, superintendent Roskelly in the chair, with a goodly number of trustees and teachers in attendance. After preliminary proceedings, the committee

on constitution and by-laws presented the following:

We the undersigned trustees and teachers of Cache county, believing the educational interests of said county will be advanced by a free interchange of opinion upon subjects therewith connected, hereby organize a convention to that end, and agree to be governed in subjects relating thereto by the following constitution and by-laws:

Art 1. Sec. 1. This organization shall be called the Cache County Educational Convention.

Sec. 2. Its officers shall consist of a President, two Vice-Presidents, a Secretary, a Treasurer, and a Reporter.

Art. 2 Sec. 1. It shall be the duty of the president to preside at all meetings of this convention, and to perform all other duties usually required at the hands of the presiding officer of deliberative assemblies.

Sec. 2. It shall be the duty of the vice-president, first elected, to preside in the absence of the president.

Sec. 3. It shall be the duty of the vice-president, last elected, to preside in the absence of both the president and the first vice-president.

Sec. 4. It shall be the duty of the secretary to keep correct minutes of the proceedings of the convention, and to perform such other duties as usually pertain to the office.

Sec. 5. It shall be the duty of the treasurer to receive all moneys paid into the convention, and to hold the same subject to the order of the convention.

Sec. 6. It shall be the duty of the reporter to report the proceedings to some newspaper designated by the convention.

Art. 3. Sec. 1. There shall be an election of officers for this convention at the called session of Jan. 6th, 1872, which officers shall be installed at the regular session in March, 1872; after which all regular elections shall be held at a regular session of this convention, in March of each alternate year, and officers then elected shall be installed at the same meeting.

Sec. 2. All officers shall be elected by ballot or acclamation, and shall hold office for the term of two years.

Art. 4. Sec. 1. This constitution or any of its provisions may be amended by a two-thirds vote of the members present, at any regular meeting of the convention, notice of such intended amendment having been given in writing and filed with the secretary at the preceding regular meeting.

The above was adopted by unanimous vote, and the convention proceeded to elect the following officers: Saml. Roskelly, President; C. G. Davis, first Vice-President; Chas. Wright, second Vice-President; R. L. Bybee, Secretary, Geo. Barber, Reporter.

The schools of Cache County are in a flourishing condition, under the superintendence of Superintendent Samuel Roskelly, who is certainly "the right man in the right place."

REPORTING in Congress is not an exhilarating occupation. H. V. Redfield writes in the Cincinnati Commercial: "Over the Speaker's chair, or what he supposes to be the Speaker's chair, although no one seems to pay much attention to the man in it, is a place fenced off for the reporters. These miserable men are lying with their breastbones on the edge of the crater, looking over with firmly compressed lips and dilated eyes, trying to catch a word now and then. When they succeed in catching one they string it on a piece of paper, and lean over the crater for another. When caught, they string it with the others, the whole process reminding one of fishing for trout, lacking only the absence of hook and line to make the picture complete."

The editor of a Texas paper says: "The facetious editor of the _____ is engaged in a philosophical experiment to ascertain how large a falsehood it is possible for a given number of words to express." The result must have been successful, as the first-named editor describes it as a "double-barreled whopper."