THE EVENING NEWS.

PUBLISHED DAILY, SUNDAYS EXCEPTED, AT FOUR O'CLOCK.

Friday, - - Nov. 28, 1873

DAVID O. CALDER,
EDITOR AND PUBLISHER.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

Col. R. Morrow, U. S. paymaster, blew out his brains in his room, at the Occidental Hotel, San Francisco.

A young man, despondent because he could not get work, shot and killed himself in San Francisco.

Baltimore contains over 300,000 inhabitants.

Thanksgiving Day generally observed.

Greatest activity continues in the Brooklyn navy yard.

Bullion in Bank of England increased over a million pounds, and the bank rate has decreased.

A Russian loan of seventy-five millions announced in London.

Carthagena bombarded by the government troops.

Steamship *King William*, from Southampton, stranded on the coast of Holland.

Views of the Secretary of the Interior on Indian matters.

Spanish complications still unsettled, war between Spain and the United States seems very probable.

Millions of bushels of grain ice-locked in the Utica, N. Y., canal.

Agricultural statistics, great deficit in the corn crop of 1873.

Recruits ordered to Fort Leavenworth.

The U. S. marine corps to be recruited to full extent allowed by law.

Two young blackguards killed near Lexington, Mo.

Duel between rivals in love, not far from St. Joe, Mo.

Letter to Episcopalians from Bishop Cummins.

Prompt and laudable action by the German squadron at Carthagena.

Prussian Catholic archbishop ordered to resign by the government.

One of the Vasquez gang of murderers convicted.

Two more of the Tweed "ring" thieves convicted.

An infernal machine sent to Comptroller Green, of New York city.

Five hundred boats laden with grain frozen in.

Havana Bank robbers sentenced.

Strike among masons and plasterers in Brooklyn.

Ex-Senator Yates, of Illinois, fell dead yesterday.

Singular proceedings among rival churches in Brooklyn.

Small-pox prevalent in Toronto, Canada.

Agriculturists leaving Missouri for Colorado.

Terrible shooting affray in Kentucky—a father and two sons killed.

An old widow beaten to death in New York City.

London and Liverpool markets unusually strong.

Labor increasing at the mills of Fall River, Mass.

J. M. Morris, a Washington, D.C., editor dead.

LIQUOR LAWS.

PROHIBITORY liquor laws in this country appear to be fated to uniform failure, and temperance advocates are coming to the conclusion that they must rely upon laws that will not absolutely prohibit but regulate the sale of intoxicating drinks so as to cause a diminution of drunkenness. The new legislature of Massachusetts, it is expected, will modify the present unsatisfactory liquor law of that State.

A correspondent of a London journal talks of the success of some curious but salutary regulations in Gothenburg, Sweden, in regard to the sale of intoxicating liquors. The whole of this trade in that place, since 1865, has been managed by a philanthropic company, which pays over to the town the whole profits of the business. The company pays its employees stated salaries, allowing them to make all they can from the sale of food, but nothing from the sale of intoxicating liquors. Says the correspondent—

It thus becomes their interest to promote the consumption of food rather than of drink, and gradually to transform the public house from a mere drinking shop to a kind of restaurant. No sales on credit are allowed. The results have proved very satisfactory. Not only have the public houses been transformed from dark and dirty holes to clean and well lighted houses, where unadulterated goods are supplied, but at the same time drunkenness has fallen off to a remarkable degree. While in 1865 there were 2,070 cases of drunkenness reported in Gothenburg, in 1871 there were only 1,533—a reduction of about 25 per cent. In a town whose population is rapidly increasing and rising in prosperity. The example set by Gothenburg has been followed by several other communities, and the system has everywhere been found to work exceedingly well.

A policy something similar to this was adopted in this city a few years ago, the proceeds from the sales of liquors going into the city treasury, and pothouse drinking was discouraged. But divers persons who would rather see those profits slide into their own pockets, were hugely indignant that they did not. Now almost anybody in the city can sell liquor, by paying a licence, but we cannot say that the sobriety and orderliness of the place have been increased thereby.

A TALE OF BLOOD.

THE Montana papers have a terrible tale of crime and blood recently brought to light, reminding one of the dark record of early days in that region. Some time during the past summer a man, named Goodwin, was missing near Snake River, and Sheriff C. S. Warren, of Deer Lodge, Montana, a few weeks ago, was apprised by letter of that fact, and was informed that James N. Gash and Peter Matte were suspected of murdering the missing man.

Sheriff Marion, of Missoula county, was notified of the matter, and the two suspected men were arrested about the middle of the present month (November) at the house of "Mother Gash," in the Bitter Root valley. She had previously resided at Helena for years, and was well known. She had two sons, known as Jim and Ed, and a daughter Mollie, "who followed the profession of a dancing girl in a hasty gurdy house, and who was married to Phil De Rosche several years ago."

Last summer the citizens of Bitter Root Valley became much excited over the stealing from that locality of a large number of horses, and the sudden disappearance about the same time of five or six men from the valley, among them Jim Gash and Pete Matte, who were heard from sometime after at or near Ross' Fork, on Snake River.

After the arrest of these two at "Mother Gash's," they were lodged in jail in Missoula County, to await requisitions from the Governors of Montana and Idaho. Since the arrest Matte has made the following confession, as it appears in the *Missoulian* of Nov. 11—

"Sometime after being arrested Matte, who is a bright and intelligent half-breed, made a confession of the whole matter, and after arriving at Missoula, he made substantially the same confession to other parties. From a party who heard both confessions we obtained the following: Matte says that when they arrived at Ross' Fork with the stolen horses, Gash and another man took them on to Corinne or Salt Lake and sold them, and then returned to Ross' Fork. That they remained about there a considerable length of time, during which they made the acquaintance of the man Goodwin. That Gash found out that Goodwin had quite a sum of money and proposed to him (Matte) that 'they should put him out of the way and get his money, and that they would have more money to bet on' a horse race they were trying to make on Matte's horse. Matte says he objected to it, as he did not want to kill a man to get money. However, after repeated conversations on the matter, it was agreed that Goodwin should be killed. Goodwin was just on the eve of starting to Boise in company with two wagons. In order to make sure of their victim, they stole his horses and run them off in the hills in order to keep him from going with the wagons. Goodwin and one or two teamsters looked a couple of days for the horses, but did not succeed in finding them, Matte having removed them and driven them up into a canyon. Failing to find his horses, the teamster proposed to him to remain a few days and look for them, and when he found them he could easily overtake the wagons. After the wagons had been gone a few days Gash and Matte proposed to help Goodwin look for the missing animals, and of course found them. It was then arranged between Gash and Matte as to their future plan of operations. Gash was to accompany Goodwin to Boise, while Matte was to remain behind until the next morning and start ostensibly to Montana, but in reality to cut across the country, join the others and accomplish their hellish deed. Goodwin and Gash started, and the next morning Matte saddled his horse and set out, telling the people with whom he had been stopping that he was off for Montana. About noon he overtook the others. Gash seemed to be quite surprised, and said that he thought he (Matte) had gone to Montana. Matte said that he had changed his mind and had concluded to go with them to Boise, and Goodwin seemed pleased to have him travel with them. It was then, while Gash and Matte were riding together, that they agreed that when they came to a good place they would camp and kill Goodwin, or to use Matte's own words, 'lay him in.' Some time during the day, they came to a good place and stopped to rest, turning their horses loose, taking some of their saddles off and leaving others on. They were then on the bank of Snake river, and after turning their horses loose, the three men were walking along, Goodwin some fifteen feet ahead, and the other two together behind, when Gash told Matte to shoot, but he says that he hesitated, and that Gash gave him a push and again told him to shoot; that he then drew his pistol and fired at Goodwin's back, who turned around and exclaimed, 'Oh! man, what are you doing?' Matte says that he then became frightened, dropped his pistol and ran for a clump of bushes some fifty yards distant, and that while he was running he heard two shots fired, but does not know who fired them. In a few minutes Gash came towards him, and they met about half way, when Gash told him that it was 'all over.' They then went to where Goodwin lay, and he was just ceasing to breathe.

"Gash then examined Goodwin's pockets and took out what money he had, amounting to two hundred and three or four dollars. Among the money was a $100 greenback, some $80 in coin, a $20 bill not a greenback, but supposed to be a California gold bill, and some currency. They then put a rope around the body, hauled it to the river and threw it in, thinking thus to obliterate all traces of their bloody crime. When the firing commenced some of the horses took fright and among them Goodwin's saddle horse, with the saddle on him. After disposing of the body Matte jumped on a horse without a saddle and ran Goodwin's horse about two miles but could not catch him, but afterwards Gash went with him and caught the horse. We had almost forgotten to mention that before putting the body in the river, Gash took from it Goodwin's knife and pistol. Goodwin had two horses, a gray and a sorrel. They gathered up their horses and started for Montana and traveled all that night and went into the hills and remained all the next day, and traveled all night the following night, after which they traveled during the day and stopped when night came. On the first or second march after the murder, Goodwin's gray horse did not lead well, but impeded their progress and Gash drew his pistol and shot him. When some ten miles above Taylor's Bridge they endeavored to trade off the sorrel horse of Goodwin's, and when near Cannon Creek they found a sorrel horse standing beside the road, which they took and led to the next station, and traded it off for a white one, which they brought on toward Bannack. Sometime after they traded off the sorrel horse they had picked up, the owner came to the station, saw and claimed his property, which was given up to him, and the station-keeper started in pursuit of Gash and Matte and threatened to have them arrested, and in order to satisfy him, they gave him the hundred-dollar bill that they had taken off the body of Goodwin.

"Matte also says that somewhere on the road they traded off Goodwin's knife and pistol, giving them and five dollars for a gold ring. Goodwin's saddle they brought with them to the Bitter Root, and this probably by this time in possession of the Sheriff. Such is the substance of the story told by Young Matte. We may have erred in some few particulars, but in the main we have given it as related to us. If Matte's story is true, a more wilful, deliberate, cold-blooded murder was never planned and executed by the most desperate of 'Plumber's Band' in the dark days when the road agents held high carnival throughout Montana.

"Gash makes no confession, but says that he knows that he has done wrong, and should be punished, but that he is not guilty of killing the man.

"The arrest of these young men has brought sorrow and grief to their relatives and friends. Gash has a widowed mother, and also brothers and sisters in the Bitter Root valley, upon whom this affliction falls with a heavy hand. Matte is about sixteen years of age, and the son of Louis Matte, of Stevensville, a man near seventy years old, and extensively known to the early settlers as a man of sterling worth and honesty. This blow has almost crazed and broken the heart of the old man, who cannot long survive the grief brought upon him by this misguided and guilty son. One of the most affecting scenes of which we have ever heard or read was enacted in the jail the other evening. Young Matte was detailing the bloody story of his guilt, and among those who were present was his aged father, who almost wept tears of blood at the recital of the bloody tale. It was a spectacle that would almost melt a heart of stone."

A letter from Frank H. Wood, to the sheriff of Deer Lodge, dated Missoula, November 17, and published in the Helena *Gazette*, states that on the evening of that day, Jim Gash shot sheriff Marion and escaped from jail. It appears that Jim's younger brother, Ed, was in the jail, having called to see him, and had conveyed him a pistol. Marion had just taken Jim in from supper, when the latter asked to go to the privy. As Marion passed the privy door, Gash fired at him twice, breaking his arm above the elbow. The two Gashes then rushed out and escaped. Ed had been around town two or three days, professedly taking legal steps to have Jim released. It was supposed that they had horses and provisions ready, and might have struck for Kootenai, or Fort Benton, or Whoopup, or Bismarck.

The following descriptions are given of the two Gashes—

"James Gash's description—About 22 years of age, 5 feet 6 or 7 inches high, round face, with a beard about two weeks old and a light moustache and heavy eye-brows; had on a white shirt with a flannel one over it, light striped pants and black coat.

"Ed. Gash, brother of James—About 21 years old, smooth, round face, stoop shouldered; 5 feet 4 or 5 inches high, wears gray clothes, considerably worn; boots nearly new with high heels; small, round gray eyes, rather weak; wears a broad brim hat."

BY TELEGRAPH.

Last Night's Dispatches.

EASTERN.

Indian Matters—Spanish Imbroglio.

WASHINGTON, D. C., 27.—The Secretary of the Interior, in his annual report, regards the situation in the Indian service as favorable, and as a vindication of the propriety and practicability of the humane policy which was inaugurated at the beginning of President Grant's executive term, and which has governed the department in the transaction of business matters pertaining to Indian affairs. Satisfactory progress towards the accomplishment of the ends sought to be attained by this policy has already been made, fully justifying the hope that it will eventually achieve the end in view. The secretary recommends that the system of cash annuities be abolished, and that payments to Indians be hereafter made in goods and supplies. He suggests that the moneys due the prairie bands of Pottawatamies and Kansas Indians be invested in government bonds, and placed to the credit of said Indians respectively, for the purposes of their civilization, to be used by the Commissioner of Indian Affairs for that object, both interest and principal, at such times and in such a manner as the President of the United States may direct. The secretary says the government should assist Indians desirous of securing a permanent home by donations of stock and farming implements. The first step toward the permanent settlement of Indians in fixed homes is the establishment and rigid enforcement of regulations to keep them all upon reservations. The secretary says the Sioux nation is almost completely surrounded by tribes that are really friendly to the government, at the same time bitterly hostile to the Sioux. If these friendly tribes could be liberally supplied with improved fire arms and ammunition the present supremacy of the Sioux might, in a few years, be destroyed, with but little aid from the army. The Secretary refers to the lawless condition of the Indian territory, and says if the Oemulgee constitution, with the proposed amendments, is not adopted at the next meeting of the Indian council, and Congress shall not deem it advisable to erect a Territorial government within the territory, he trusts that the necessary legislation may be obtained to, at least, provide for the organization of courts or courts therein, under the jurisdiction, so far as the appointment of judicial officers is concerned, of the general government.

The secretary invites the attention of Congress to a request from a colony of Mennonites residing in Southern Russia, for modification of the existing land laws in certain particulars, so as to enable them to settle upon our public domain in a compact colony. The entire area they will probably require will be about five hundred thousand acres.

The secretary notices the business of the land, pension and education bureaus, railways, geological surveys, census and other subjects coming within the range of his department.

It is stated, on what is believed to be good authority, that the government has extended the time for a definite reply from Spain to our demands, and it comes from an official source that negotiations are still in progress, but affairs are in such a condition that not even an intimation can be given of their character. There is reason for saying, with certainty, that the prospect is not so favorable for the adjustment of the difficulty as it was several days ago. There were grounds for believing that the report that the Spanish cabinet had agreed to surrender the *Virginius*, was predicated mainly on professions of willingness on the part of the Castelar cabinet to do everything compatible with honor, to satisfy the demands of the U. S., and also from the friendly assurances of Admiral Polo, the Spanish Minister, and his action in the premises. The government yesterday and to-day, was in receipt of despatches from Madrid, of an elaborate character, giving an account of interviews between Minister Sickles and the Spanish Minister of Foreign Affairs, on points in the controversy which are not yet concluded, nor, from present indications, is it probable that the matter will soon be terminated by negotiation, although it is hoped there will be something definite to lay before Congress on the day that the President's message is transmitted to that body. As negotiations are still pending there can be no truth in the report, freely circulated to-day, that Minister Sickles had left Madrid for Paris. Another report prevailed that the *Virginius* had been scuttled in the port of Havana; but inquiry of officials here to-night failed to confirm its truth. The President, this morning, called at the residence of Secretary Fish, with whom he had a consultation on the pending negotiations.

WESTERN.

Convicted—Races.

SAN FRANCISCO, 27.—In the case of Toredo Moreno, one of the gang of Piburicio Vasquez, the Tres Pinos murderers, on trial at Salinas City for murder, the jury returned a verdict of guilty of murder in the second degree.

In the trotting-race in Agricultural Park, to-day, Sam Purdy won the first heat; St. James, on the third heat, lost his shoe and could not be trotted. The judges declared the heat and race for Purdy, but declared the pools off.

To-Day's Dispatches.

EASTERN.

A Card—Suspected Violent Death.

NEW YORK, 28.—M. Quesada and Carlos Del Castillo publish a card, stating that they are the only representatives of the republican government of Cuba abroad; that the collection of funds for suffering Cubans is without their authority and against the commands of their government, and condemning all attempts to enlist men, as being in direct violation of the laws of the land.

Ann Smith, a widow, aged 58, died last evening, it is supposed from the effect of a cruel beating at the hands of Patrick Clark and his son, both of whom boarded with Mrs. Smith; the men have been arrested.

Grain—Frozen In—Given Bail—In the Tombs—Elected—"Perish Like Wild Beasts."

The five hundred boats frozen in in the vicinity of Utica have a capacity of from 2,500 to 2,800 barrels each, and the products on board will have to be shipped by rail. The total amount of grain on the canal, on Wednesday, was 1,581,459 bushels of wheat, 1,080,919 bushels of corn, 470,072 bushels of oats, 941,441 bushels of barley, 89,257 bushels of rye, and 3,504 bushels of peas, making a total of 3,576,642 bushels.

Wm. Vanname, formerly president of the closed Market Savings Bank, who has been in Ludlow street jail since June last, charged with being concerned in the misappropriation of a hundred thousand dollars, has given bail in ten thousand dollars.

Jas. Ingersoll and John D. Farrington, convicted "ring" men, were lodged in the Tombs at 2:15 this morning.

Gen. Martin McMahon was elected President of the Cuban League last evening. Vice President Wilson, who had been chosen President, sent word that, while sympathizing with Cuba, his duties would not permit him to accept the honor.

Petitions are to be put in circulation for signature, asking Congress to grant to Cuba belligerent rights.

A Havana letter says that General Burriel has issued circulars to the lieutenant governors and captains of the eastern department, calling upon them to aid in crushing the rebellion by arresting all persons suspected of complicity with the insurgents, who soon, he says, with all help cut off by sea and land, will perish, like wild beasts, as they deserve.

The failure of Comptroller Green to dispose of the bonds of the city, for nearly $3,000,000, will not embarrass the city departments. The mayor says its only effect will be to delay the permanent improvements, which were to be begun immediately, that idle working men might be employed. Comptroller Green thinks that, notwithstanding his failure, his credit will be increased.

Ex-Senator Yates Dead.

CHICAGO, 28.—Ex-Governor and ex-Senator Richard Yates, of this State, died suddenly last night, at Barnum's hotel, St. Louis, where he had arrived on Sunday last, from Fulton, Ark., where he had been as U. S. commissioner, to examine the Fulton, Cairo and Arkansas R. R. He was ill when he reached St. Louis, and was confined to his bed until yesterday, when he appeared better, and was preparing to go to his home in Jacksonville, Ill., when he suddenly fell upon the bed and expired without a word. Governor Yates was 55 years old.

$40,000 Fire.

SALEM, O., 28.—A fire here, yesterday, destroyed Lockwood's dry goods store, Sears Bros.' confectionary, Gallise' shoe store, Ark's furniture, and the Knights of Pythias block; total loss about $40,000.

Terrible Shooting Scrape.

LOUISVILLE, 28.—A fearful tragedy occurred at Harrodsburg, Ky., yesterday. The trial of a suit, in which P. B. Thompson, sr., was principal on one side, and Theo. Davis, sr., on the other, was in progress, and each principal was attended during the whole trial by his sons, fully armed. At the conclusion of the testimony, while the lawyers were preparing instructions preparatory to commencing arguments, a son of Thompson and a son of Davis moved towards the door, and were followed by all the others, and in a moment firing commenced, by which party it is not known. Many shots were fired. Theo. Davis, sr., and his son Larry were instantly killed; Theodore Davis, jr., was mortally wounded and has since died, and P. B. Thompson, sr. and his two sons, P. B. jr. and J. B., were slightly wounded.

Fire—Rain—Two Suicides.

A dispatch from Rockland, Placer county, Cal., states that this morning the round house of the Central Pacific Railroad Company at that place was burned, with nine locomotives and about the same number of cars. The town narrowly escaped destruction.

Thanksgiving day was generally observed.

There was a slight fall of rain this morning, with promise of more. It is much needed.

Last night a young man, named Francis Carroll, in a fit of despondency, because he could not obtain work, shot and killed himself.

Col. Robert Morrow, paymaster of one of the Arizona departments of the army, committed suicide in his room in the Occidental Hotel, with a dragoon revolver; he fired three shots, the last time putting the muzzle of the pistol in his mouth, blowing his brains out. Morrow was formerly private secretary of President Johnson. No cause is known for the suicide.

$40,000 Fire—Census.

BALTIMORE, Md., 27.—The cash factory and planing mill of Wilson & Son was burned this morning; loss $40,000, insurance $20,000.

The census of the city, completed yesterday by the police, shows a population of 302,893.

Hoosac Tunnel Opened.

SPRINGFIELD, Mass., 27.—The Hoosac tunnel was opened today.

Thanksgiving Day.

NEW YORK, 27.—Thanksgiving Day was observed here and throughout the State, to-day, by a general suspension of business, the customary religious exercises and the usual liberality toward the inmates of charitable institutions.

The government activity prevails in all departments of the Brooklyn navy yard to-day. The last iron plate was put upon the Spanish sloop of war *Arapiles* this afternoon, but she cannot get her guns and ammunition aboard before the meeting of Congress.

FOREIGN.

GREAT BRITAIN.

Bullion Increased—Bank Rate Reduced.

LONDON, 27, 6 p.m.—The bullion in the Bank of England has increased £1,055,000. The bank rate is reduced to six per cent. The rate of money on the Stock Exchange and on the government is 4½.

A Russian Loan.

Rothschild announces a Russian five per cent loan of seventy-five million dollars.

SPAIN.

Bombardment.

MADRID, 27.—Carthagena was bombarded eight hours yesterday by the land batteries; the troops in the town and the man of war *Mendez Nunez* replied with vigor. The outlying fort, Don Julian, was silenced by the fire of the besiegers. It is reported that its commandant and several other officers were killed. The insurgent fleet in the harbor got up steam to-day, but for what purpose has not yet been developed. The rebel leaders, through the admirals of the foreign squadrons, have requested a truce of two hours. It is believed that propositions for the surrender of the city will soon be made.

NETHERLANDS.

Stranded.

AMSTERDAM, 27.—The steamship *Koenig Wilhelm* from N. Y., which arrived at Southampton on the 26th, and proceeded for Bremen, has gone ashore near Nieuwe Diep, on the coast of Holland; the passengers are all safe. Two tugs are trying to haul her off. It is expected she will have to be unloaded before she can be got afloat.

DIED.

In this city, Nov. 26th, FRANCES MARY SHEPHERD, wife of J. C. Shepherd, of disease of the lungs, aged 40 years.

Deceased was born in London, England. Funeral to take place from Dr. Wesley's residence, 3rd Ward, at 10 o'clock, on Sunday morning. Friends invited to attend.

ARRIVALS.

TAYLOR'S HOTEL.—Nov. 27.

A Putman, W H Lewis, Bingham; Theo A Bailey, Sandy; Dr. Boutman, L Hawkins, B B Campbell, Alta City; J F Jacobs, Denver Col; J B Walker, Sandy; K C Pardee, Chicago; W O Watson, Idaho; C W Chambers and wife, Cottonwood.

LIST OF LETTERS

REMAINING in Wells, Fargo & Co's office Nov. 28, 1873.

B	Harlow Mrs	P
Bertrand L A	W H	Paul Wm Jr
Best J B	Hutchison	R
D	Mrs G	Reed H A
Doran Mrs P	Hall E J	S
E	Harvey J M	Smith Mrs E
Ervin J A	Higbee F H	Stevinson Mrs
Elibagery M	J	M L
F	Judge T M	Segar J
Fleet J S	L	T
Fuller Mrs Lucy Jane	Lachman A	Tremper W
	Lonard H	V
G	Leo J P	Van Amerigen S L
Gardner J H 2	M	W
H	McLain J J	Wiswell J
Howell J	Moore R I	

H. WADSWORTH, Agent.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

SALT LAKE

THEATRE!

Salt Lake Theatre Corporation, Proprietors.
CLAWSON, CAYNE & WILLIAMS.....Managers.
JAMES H. VINSON.....Stage Manager.
C. C. THOMAS.....Musical Director.
E. B. ZABRISKIE.....Prompter.
GEO. TIRRELL.....Scenic Artist.

FIRST REPRESENTATION

Of Edward Tullidge's New Historical Play, in Five Acts, entitled,

OLIVER CROMWELL!

Compiled by the Author from the best Historical authorities.

☞ Illustrated with New Scenery from the Early Sketches, by Mr. George Tirrell.
☞ Startling Effects by Mr. Reid and Assistants.
☞ Properties by Mr. Baker and Assistants.
☞ Costumes of the Period by Miss Oster hant and Mr. Hockey.
☞ Dramatically arranged and produced under the direction of Mr. J. H. Vinson.

FRIDAY EVENING, NOV. 28th,

Will be produced, for the first time on any stage, a new Five-Act Play, from the pen of

EDWARD W. TULLIDGE, ESQ.,

ENTITLED,

OLIVER CROMWELL

Cromwell.....Mr. J. AL. SAWYELLE
Lady Fairfax,.....Miss KATE DENIN

Monday Evening, December 1st,

First Appearance of

THE GREAT IRISH COMEDIAN

Mr. Shiel Barry.

☞ Owing to the preparation necessary for Mr. SHIEL BARRY, there will be NO MATINEE to-morrow, Saturday.

PRICES OF ADMISSION:

Parquette, Parquette Circle and First Circle,	$1.00
Reserved Seats, do. do.	1.25
Second Circle	50
Reserved Seats in do	75
Third Circle	25

Private Boxes, from $7 to $12 each.

Doors open at 7 o'clock. Performance commences at half-past 7.

☞ BOX OFFICE open for sale of tickets every morning at 10 o'clock.

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.

THIS is to certify that John G. Holman, of Pleasant Grove, was cut off from the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints by the High Council of Salt Lake Zion, Oct. 30, 1873, for not complying with the decision of the High Council, in the case of Heleman Pratt vs. John G. Holman, and for misrepresenting the High Council in the above entitled case before the First District Court.

JOHN N. PIKE,
Clerk of High Council.

Salt Lake City, Nov. 28, 1873.

P.S.—This decision was unanimously sustained by the First Presidency. J. N. P.

d5 s88 w44 2cn

FOUND,

ON THE STATE ROAD, A SIDE OF Harness Leather, which the owner can have by applying to L. P. Borg, Scandinavian Harness Shop, Second South St.

d8s1w1e

WAGON FOR SALE.

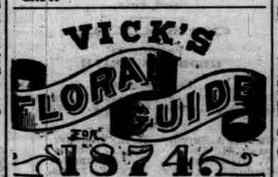
WANTED to exchange a new Wagon for Wood, Coal, or Merchandise.
Apply to T. R. TAYLOR,
d72 tf This Office.

NOTICE.

ON and after the first day of November next the offices of the Lightning Tunnel and Deseret Mining Stock Association will be at the office of Dr. W. H. H. Sharp, two doors north of Squire's Barber Shop.

DR. W. H. H. SHARP, *Secretary.*

d27s tf



200 Pages, 500 Engravings, and Colored Plate.

Published Quarterly, at 25c. a Year. First No. for 1874 just issued. A German edition at same price.

Address JAMES VICK,
d4 W44 2tc ROCHESTER, N. Y.

RETURNED HOME.

FARMERS, Teamsters and Liverymen will please notice that I have again opened at my old stand, and have on hand a fine assortment of Saddlery and Harness Ware. Old friends, please call again. *Repairing neatly done.*

L. P. BORG, Second South St.,

Directly opposite Great Western Hotel.

d305 1w yel 2w

BATHS!

WARM SPRING BATHS.

Private & Plunge.

THESE celebrated baths are open to the public at all seasons. Their medicinal properties are so widely known that it is needless to enumerate them.

Besides the Private Baths, the large and handsomely furnished PLUNGE BATH is now open.

d284 1y. H. ARNOLD.

First National Bank OF UTAH,

Salt Lake City.

DESIGNATED DEPOSITORY AND FINANCIAL AGENT OF THE UNITED STATES.

WARREN HUSSEY.....President.
ANTHONY GODBE.....Cashier.

Authorized Capital, - - - - $500,000
Paid Up Capital, - - - - - $150,000
Earnings, - - - - - - - - - $175,000

Dividend for 1871, 50 Per Cent.

Dividend for 1872, 50 Per Cent.

The Oldest Banking Institution in Utah.

A GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS TRANSACTED

Agencies in Colorado and Montana.

COLLECTIONS PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.

Interest Allowed on Time Deposits.

d103-1y

Liddell & Brown,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

North of the Post Office,

HAVE JUST RECEIVED A FULL LINE of ALL DESCRIPTIONS of

CANNED GOODS,

Which they are

Selling at Invoice Prices,

Adding Freight.

ALSO

GROCERIES

PROVISIONS, Etc.,

AT

Bed Rock Prices.

☞ *Highest Price Paid for Dried Fruit.*

d394 1y

MRS. E. H. GRUNDY,

Eye and Cancer Doctress,

FIRST SOUTH ST., SALT LAKE CITY,
Near 14th Ward School-house.

☞ Mrs. G. has purchased the business and practice from her late partner, Mrs. Clay, who has left this city for California. *Cases will be carefully attended to as heretofore.* d291 3m

The Best and Cheapest

TENTS AND WAGON COVERS,

AWNINGS and all kinds of Canvas Work, made by hand, for sale at

McCOARD'S SAIL LOFT,

State Road, below Second South Street, Salt Lake City. *Repairs Neatly and Promptly Executed.* d294 2m

WHY A PATENT SHOULD NOT BE ISSUED.

THIS more fully appears from the following allegation, which occurs in his "protest" in the "Flagstaff" case, and is urged as another reason why the patent should not issue to the appl cants:

"And this affiant further deposes upon information and belief, that the incorporators of said mining company, the United Lake Mining Company, the United States applicants for patent of the said Flagstaff lode, to wit: R. R. Groesbeck, N. Groesbeck, William Groesbeck, Joseann Schneider, John A. Groesbeck, Stephen Groesbeck, J. Albert Groesbeck and Joseph S. Wing, are each and every of them Mormons, members of the Mormon Church, Territory of Utah; and each and every of them, as this affiant is informed, and believes to be true, practising and living in polygamy; each and every of them having more than one living wife; and as this affiant says that said named persons comprising said corporation are not law-abiding citizens of the United States. * * * * * J. W. HASKIN.

(Signed.)

Subscribed and sworn to before me, this 20th day of September, 1871.

(Signed,) GEO. R. MAXWELL,
d285 30t Register.

Angus M. Cannon

Has purchased the entire stock of

MILBURN WAGONS

FROM MR. JOHN MILBURN, and proposes to sell everything composing said stock at such prices and on such terms as to ensure satisfaction to anyone wishing anything from the lightest spring to the heaviest freight wagon.

One hundred and fifty Spring Seats and a few Pleasure on hand.

Opposite Seventies' Hall,

STATE ROAD. d298 6m

LADIES' BAZAR!

Mrs. Wilkinson

NOTIFIES her friends and the ladies of Salt Lake City in general, that she is

NOW RECEIVING A NEW AND SPLENDID ASSORTMENT OF

FALL MILLINERY

OF THE

Latest and Most Fashionable Styles,

Together With a Beautiful Stock of

FANCY

DRESS GOODS!

AND

Fancy Notions!

ALSO,

A SPLENDID LOT OF

WATER-PROOF SUITS,

At the extremely Low Price of

$3.00

FIRST SOUTH STREET

West of S. C. M. I.

FRIEDMANN & LAUTERJUNG,

Manufacturers and Importers of

CUTLERY,

And Proprietors of the

Celebrated "ELECTRIC" RAZORS.

Warren St.,.....NEW YORK.
639 N. 5th St.,.....ST. LOUIS.

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GREAT RUN ON CALDER & CARELESS' stock of School Books and Stationery at wholesale prices wanted.

CHICAGO TRADE.

W. & E. DOUGLAS,

MANUFACTURERS OF

PUMPS,

Hydraulic Rams, Garden and Fire Engines, Pump Chains and Fixtures Iron Curbs, etc.

Branch House, 197 Lake Street,
CHICAGO, ILL.

☞ These Goods can be obtained at Z. C. M. I. and its Branches. d84 1y

WARNER, MARSTON & FELIX

Manufacturers and Jobbers of

Cordage Twines,

WOOD AND WILLOW WARE,

Brushes, Brooms, Matches, Etc.

25 & 26 River Street. - CHICAGO.

☞ Our goods are kept by Z. C. M. I. and all its Branch Stores, and also by all the Co-operative Stores of the Territory. [162 1y

SCHWAB, McQUAID & CO.

WHOLESALE LIQUORS.

26 & 28 S. Water Street, - - CHICAGO.

PROPRIETORS OF THE

RED JACKET STOMACH BITTERS

AND

OLD TOM GIN.

We make a specialty in KENTUCKY BOURBON and PENSYLVANIA RYE WHISKIES. All our goods are kept by the Z. C. M. I. and all its Branch Stores. d61 1y.

JAMES S. KIRK & CO'S

STANDARD

SOAPS!

Universally Known as the

Purest, Best and Cheapest!

SOLD WHOLESALE and RETAIL.

N. B.—Sivon Imperial Leading Soap of America.

253 to 262 NORTH WATER STREET,
d231 1y CHICAGO.

SWEET, DEMPSTER & CO.,

Manufacturers and Jobbers in

HATS, CAPS, FURS,

STRAW GOODS, BUCK GLOVES, &C.

220 and 222 MADISON STREET,

Chicago.

Our goods are kept by Z. C. M. I. and all its branch stores, also by all the Co-operative Stores in the Territory. d 62tf

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Lamps and Lamp Fixtures,

GLASSWARE AND FRUIT JARS,

The Largest and Finest Stock on the Continent.

22 Lake Street, CHICAGO.

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PACKERS OF

Refined Lard,

In Caddies, in Pails, Kegs and Tierces,

Expressly for Family use. Manufacturers of

EXTRA LARD OIL, AND PURE

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We keep the above Goods in all our Co-Operative Stores throughout the Territory
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WHOLESALE

NOTIONS

DRY GOODS,

AND

Woolens.

MONROE and FRANKLIN STS., CHICAGO.

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AMERICAN IRON WORKS.

JONES & LAUGHLINS

IRON and NAILS,

R. R. SPIKES, FISH BARS and BOLTS. GOLD ROLLED SHAFTING, COUPLINGS, HANGINGS and PULLEYS.

OFFICE and WAREHOUSE, Cor. of Canal and Jackson Sts. Chicago.

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BUILDERS,

CABINET & GENERAL HARDWARE,

Upholsterers' Goods,

AND

Undertakers' Trimmings

SEND FOR PRICE LIST.

J. L. WAYNE & SON.

W. D. GIBSON, Manager.

14 NORTH CANAL STREET

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w48

M. D. WELLS & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF AND WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

Boots & Shoes

256, 258, 260 & 262 MADISON ST.,

CHICAGO

M. D. WELLS, H. J. MACFARLANE
R. BENEDICT, S. P. McINTYRE.
[433tf

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Wholesale Manufacturers of

Sash, Doors, Blinds, Mouldings,

STAIRS, STAIR RAILING, BALUSTERS and NEWEL POSTS.

Dealers in

LUMBER, LATH & SHINGLES.

Having doubled our facilities by building our new works, we keep constantly on hand the largest stock of every description of BUILDING MATERIAL there is in the country.

☞ Estimates, Price Lists and Moulding Books sent on application.

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Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

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OIL CLOTH,

Paper Hangings,

Curtains Materials,

WINDOW SHADES,

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A superior article of Ground Coffee for Family use.

Also of all kinds of Spices, Cream Tartar, Soda and Saleratus. d163-6m

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PURE

WINES AND BRANDY

Keller California Wines and Brandies are guaranteed to be the PURE JUICE *of the Grapes.*

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