CHURCH OF JESUS CHRIST
OF LATTER-DAY SAINTS.

LAST EDITION

DESERET EVENING NEWS.

TRUTH AND LIBERTY.

10 PAGES — TUESDAY MARCH 2 1909 SALT LAKE CITY UTAH — FIFTY-EIGHTH YEAR

The "News" Reaches the Homes of People of "Quality"—a Fact Appreciated by Mr. Advertiser.

PREPARING FOR INAUGURATION

Avenue Festooned With Arches of Light from the Capitol to The White House.

MANAGEMENT ARE PERTURBED

Fear Ladies Will Wear "Merry Widow" Hats and Obstruct The View.

No Prediction as to Weather—Utah Does Not Appear Among States Accepting Invitation to Participate.

Washington, March 2.—Pennsylvania avenue last night was as brightly lighted as the "great white way," and the happy throngs which laughed their way along it for hours, reveling in the lightness and gaiety, proclaimed the approach of the day when a new president of the United States will rule over the people of this country. From the Capitol to the White House, "the avenue," was festooned with arches of light which gave it the appearance of a vast hall a mile and a quarter in length and about 125 feet in width.

Accommodations for fully 50,000 people have been provided for upon the stands which have been erected from a point just above the White House, along Pennsylvania avenue, to the Capitol. The management are perturbed over the possible contingency of holes appearing with "merry widow" hats and the "suggestion" has gone out that women should wear small hats or scarfs so as not to obstruct the view of those behind them.

For the convenience of the thousands of sight seers, the various places of historic interest in and about the city have been marked by suitable tablets.

Inauguration day, no prediction, but "fair the day before," is the weather card today. When the first of the thousands of today's arrivals reached here they were greeted with a drizzling rain. Official prediction will be issued tonight and meantime there is nothing in the reports to indicate that the day will not be a fair one.

Acceptances of invitations have been received from the governors of the following states, who will participate in the inaugural reception:

Braxton B. Comer, Alabama; George L. Lilley, Connecticut; Simeon S. Pennewell, Delaware; James H. Brady, Idaho; B. F. Carroll, Iowa; Charles S. Deneen, Illinois; Augustus E. Willson, Ky.; J. T. Saunders, Louisiana; A. L. Crothers, Maryland; E. S. Draper, Massachusetts; E. F. Noel, Mississippi; F. S. Hadley, Missouri; S. H. Quinby, New Hampshire; J. Franklin Fort, New Jersey; Charles E. Hughes, New York; Judson Harmon, Ohio; Edwin S. Stuart, Pennsylvania; A. J. Pothier, Rhode Island; G. H. Prouty, Vermont, and George Currie, New Mexico

ATTORNEY CALLED THE JUDGE A PIG

Chicago, March 2.—Next Friday Judge Brentano will hear testimony in a writ of habeas corpus obtained by Charles S. Beattie, an attorney who had been fined $200 and locked up in default of payment by Municipal Judge Blake. After a controversy with the latter concerning the trial of a case Beattie is said to have applied this remark to the court:

"You are no more fit to try a case on that bench than a pig."

The fine and incarceration followed.

"The point I raise is this," says Beattie. "When I called Judge Blake a pig he had adjourned court and descended from the bench. By that act he had divested himself of all the sacredness that invests the person of the court. He became a private individual, and I had as much right to call him a pig as I have to use that term toward any other individual who deserved it. On this point I stand. I stand there as firmly as the pyramids upon their foundation."

STRING OF DIAMONDS GIVEN MRS. ROOSEVELT

Washington, March 2.—A string of 35 diamonds and an illuminated and embossed friendship book were presented last night to Mrs. Theodore Roosevelt as a token of the esteem of 38 of her friends, prominent society women of Washington. The two gifts were taken to the White House by Miss May Williams and Mrs. Robert Hitt, wife of Congressman Hitt of Pennsylvania, members of the committee which purchased them. They were not presented to Mrs. Roosevelt in person, but were handed to an attendant at the White House door. The names of the donors have not been made public.

While the cost of the string of diamonds is unknown, some estimate of its value may be estimated from the knowledge that the contributions ranged from $50 to $100 from each of the 38 donors. The center diamond weighs two carats and the other 34 are graduated down to quarter carat diamonds at either side of the small clasp. The luminosity of the necklace is heightened by a platinum rim.

The friendship book, measuring 8x10 inches, is bound in cream colored calfskin highly embossed and lined with moire silk. In the center of the cover Mrs. Roosevelt's monogram, "E. K. R." appears in solid gold. The six pages are of vellum and on the first page a quotation from "Antony and Cleopatra" is traced in gold. "Whose virtue and whose general graces speak that which none else can utter." The book was designed by Miss Florence Pike, a teacher in the arts and crafts school.

"LUCKY" BALDWIN'S ESTATE ESTIMATED AT $30,000,000

Los Angeles, Cal., March 2.—"Lucky" Baldwin's estate is worth $30,000,000 according to a statement made by his business manager, A. H. Unruh. This is the largest estate ever probated in southern California.

Knowing that there would be an attempt to break any will that he might make, Baldwin had his attorney, Bradner W. Lee, draw a document that would be sure to meet every possible legal requirement. This was executed several months ago while the old man's mind was still perfectly clear. Atty. Lee declined to discuss the contents of the will. He said, however, that the document provides for an equitable division of all property. From one who has seen the will, it is learned that it allows Mrs. Baldwin more than would be hers under a court division, and provides for all of the legal heirs.

There is a blanket mortgage against the estate for about $1,500,000 held by the Hibernia Savings bank of San Francisco. This and minor incumbrances are expected to reduce the value of the estate to the heirs to about $28,000,000.

SCHEME FOR SMUGGLING IN CHINAMEN DISCOVERED

New York, March 2.—Through the confessions made by Moy Lee and Wong Sieu, two Chinese, who were captured on Sunday as they were being smuggled ashore from a Hamburg-American liner, federal authorities believe they have obtained strong evidence of a well-organized system for smuggling Chinese into this country. For many months agents of the department of commerce and labor have been keeping an eye on the steamer service between this port and the West Indies, but with little avail until Lorenzo Cardo, an Italian storekeeper on the Hamburg-American liner Prinz Sigismund, was arrested in the act of taking the two Chinamen ashore. After an examination before Commissioner Shields yesterday the Italian was held in $1,000 bail for further hearing Saturday while the Chinese gave their attention to the frightened Celestials.

Through interpreters Moy Lee and Wong Sieu said that they had come from China by way of Canada, first going to Montreal, thence to this city. They felt so insecure that they later took passage from Kingston, Jamaica, with the idea of being smuggled into this country.

On arrival at Kingston, the Chinamen said that they were met by another Chinaman and agent of the system who cared for them and assisted them on board the Prinz Sigismund when she stopped at Kingston. They said that the Italian storekeeper hid them in the storeroom and that their names were not recorded on the ship's manifest. When the steamer reached Savilla, Colombia, they were put ashore, where they waited until the Sigismund again made the port before sailing for New York. They were smuggled again into the storeroom, where they were concealed, they said, by the Italian until the steamer arrived at this port.

By the aid of the alleged confession of the Chinese authorities, they think that they can establish a chain of evidence which will lead to many arrests, some on the Canadian border and others as far west as the Pacific coast.

NEW TARIFF BILL WILL REMOVE DUTY ON HIDES

Western Senators Practically Unanimous in Determination to Fight Bill If Duty is Not Restored.

(Special to the "News.")

Washington, D. C., March 2.—It is reported that the sub-committee of the ways and means committee has agreed to "free hides" in the tariff bill. Western senators practically without exception will fight this clause to a finish and will not permit the bill to become law until the hide duty is restored.

A MYSTERIOUS DEATH.

Cottage Grove, Or., March 2.—Mystery surrounds the death of the man whose body was found with the throat cut Friday. The body is being held and has been identified by two different persons as Jack Moorley of Guthrie, Okla. They state that he was prominent in Guthrie, serving as chief clerk of the senate of that state and holding other prominent positions.

HARRIMAN AND PARTY LEAVE SAN ANTONIO

San Antonio, Tex., March 2.—E. H. Harriman and party left early today for a trip over the western coast extension of the Mexico lines of the Southern Pacific. Mr. Harriman will return by way of California and will be in New York within two weeks. After several weeks "camping out," near San Antonio, he said last night that his health is wonderfully improved; that he feels like a new man. He personally superintended the tearing down of his six tents and the party occupied hotel apartments last night.

Mr. Harriman said last night that America may not expect any extension of his lines this year unless conditions change radically, but he promises to make extensive improvements of existing lines.

SAN FNACISCO TREASURER SAID TO BE SHORT

San Francisco, March 2.—As a sequel to the alleged shortage of approximately $60,000 shown on the books of the city treasurer last October reports of an increased shortage of $20,000 were made yesterday. The alleged shortage was made during the incumbency of C. A. Bantel as treasurer and James C. Tomalty as head bookkeeper. Tomalty has already been indicted by the grand jury for altering public records on account of the shortage discovered last October. According to Thomas Jennings, chairman of the finance committee of the board of supervisors, it is impossible to state whether the additional charge is due to bad bookkeeping or dishonesty.

SUICIDE IN A CEMETERY.

Chicago, March 2.—Despondent over an injury to his right leg, which had kept him from work for a year, James Zehlik, yesterday entered a cemetery and after walking about for some time among the tombstones, shot and killed himself, falling between two graves.

HAD TO PAY FOR MEAL.

New York, March 2.—Two well dressed young women dined at the Hotel Knickerbocker last night and when a bill for $16.50 was presented, calmly announced that they were unable to pay it. Both were arrested and taken to the tenderloin police station when one of the women telephoned for aid and received $10 with which the bill was adjusted. The other one, however, had a small revolver on her person and because of this she was held in $500 bail for carrying concealed weapons. They gave the names of Margaret Jones and Margaret Leda.

HOWELLS DECLARES IMMIGRANTS ASSIMILATE US

New York, March 2.—Dean Howells, in an address before the Society of Italian Immigrants, declared that "It is not we who assimilate the immigrants, but the immigrants who assimilate us." But, he continued, "immigration has the effect of making us more immutable as a nation. Some immigrants come to our shores better Americans than some who are here. So, although New York is a larger Italian city than Florence, or Rome even, we need have no fear. At any rate, since it is the Italians who must assimilate us, theirs is the responsibility."

LABOR TROUBLES IN PHILIPPINES

They Are Becoming Quite Acute, Situation Being Anything But Promising.

BIG STRIKE IS THREATENED.

As Result of Conviction and Sentencing to Six Months' Imprisonment of D. Gomez, Federation Leader.

Manila, March 2.—As the result of the conviction and sentencing to six months' imprisonment of Dominador Gomez, leader of the federation of labor of this city it is generally believed that a wide spread strike in all the principal industries will occur. Gomez was convicted on the charge of threatening a strike against any shipping firm assisting in any way a local shipping firm against which a strike and boycott was declared some time ago. He has also been the leader of several other petty strikes. Subsequent to the government negotiations for the settlement for the general shipping strike, Gomez called out the employes of one firm in a sympathetic strike despite an agreement to submit all disputes to arbitration for a period of two years. Gov.-Gen. Smith then intervened by insisting on the calling off of the strike and by loaning the government launches to the firm affected. The dispute between the labor unions and the shipper has now reached such a stage that the genral labor situation is seriously disturbed.

NEW HAVEN & HARTFORD MUST DISPOSE OF LINES

Boston, March 2.—By a decision of the state supreme court today the New York, Newhaven & Hartford Railroad company is ordered to dispose of its trolley holdings in Massachusetts by July 1, 1909.

The decision is the result of the bill in equity brought by the attorney-general in May, 1908, and the court's decision applies to the Worcester & South Bridge, the Worcester & Blackstone valley, the Worcester & Webster, the Webster & Dudley, the Springfield and the Berkshire Street railways.

The decision upholds the ruling of a single justice of the supreme court, from which the New Haven company appealed on the ground that these trolley companies were held by the consolidated companies of Connecticut.

MAURETANIA REDUCES THE EASTERN RECORD

Queenstown, March 2.—The steamer Mauretania passed Daunts' Rock at 9:47 a. m. today, establishing a new high record for the east-bound passage from New York of four days, 20 hours and 2 minutes. Her average speed for the run was 25.23 nautical miles per hour, and best day's run 607 miles. The best previous record, also held by the Mauretania, was four days 20 hours and 27 minutes.

TAFT TAKING THINGS COMPARATIVELY EASY

Washington, March 2.—With no engagements to begin the day, President-elect Taft anticipated another period of comparative ease and quiet to prepare him for the arduous duties that confront his near future.

Notwithstanding the dearth of previous engagements, callers from the Capitol began to present themselves at the Boardman residence at an early hour. These were rather calls of respect than business or political undertakings. Mr. Taft contemplates a long walk this afternoon. He continues to be in fine spirits and health.

FIRE IN WELD HALL, HARVARD.

Cambridge, Mass., March 2.—A fire which broke out early today in Weld Hall, one of the largest dormitories at Harvard university, created much excitement in the college yard, bringing about 500 half-clad students who live in the building and a great many from the other dormitories near by.

The blaze which started on the fourth floor, is supposed to have originated from an open fire place. The loss was small.

PHOTOGRAPHING WAR VESSELS.

Washington, March 2.—Hereafter persons not belonging to the naval establishment given permission to photograph war vessels or navyyards will be required to furnish without cost duplicates of all pictures taken. These pictures may be used by the department for such purposes, other than commercial, as it may deem advisable. Moving picture films are included.

STANDARD OIL MAGNATE DEAD.

New York, March 2.—W. H. Tilford, one of the vice presidents of the Standard Oil company, died at his home in this city today.

CAPT. CAHOON IN CHARGE.

Popular Fireman Assumes Charge of No. 2 Fire Station.

Captain William Cahoon, one of the most popular members of the Salt Lake fire department, has been appointed by Chief Glore to take charge of station No. 2, to succeed Amos Moreton, resigned. Captain Cahoon has been with the department for more than 12 years, and has proved to be one of the most valuable men in the department.

He has been tested under all kinds of conditions, and has never been found wanting. About two years ago he was severely injured when a tree blew down and fell on the wagon in which Capt. Cahoon and others were riding to a fire.

The resignation of Capt. Moreton has brought about the following changes: Lieutenant James Murphy of hose No. 1 has been promoted to captain of the chemical company; George A. Ottinger, a fireman at station 5, has been promoted to lieutenant of hose No. 1; Peter Oleowalder, first substitute, has been appointed a fireman, and Geo ge Stafford promoted from second substitute to first substitute.

DISTRIBUTION OF THE "SLUSH" FUND

Money to Establish Friendly Relations Being Spent on Some Legislators.

CLAUDE Y. RUSSELL'S CHARGE

Says Members of House Utilities Committee Have Been Guests Of Corporations.

Telephone Companies Accused of Giving Dinners and Theater Parties To Law Makers of the State.

A session of more than ordinary interest was being framed up for the session of the house this afternoon, if indications in and about the chamber counted for anything. That fireworks should fly and charges be hurled back and forth across the floor of the house was the program, in which two members and a certain committee of the house were scheduled to take part. Intimations of "influence" "Lobbing," "Wining and dining" and kindred charges were made.

The rumblings of the storm were heard yesterday afternoon, when under the order of business of consideration of committee reports, the adverse report of the public utilities committee upon house bills 103 and 104, by Russel, were by motion of Representative Clegg, deferred for consideration for one day. Under the same order of business these bills will come up this afternoon, and the pyrotechnics are due to begin when the adverse reports are presented for action.

CALLS IT AN OUTRAGE.

These bills have to do with the matter of charges for telephone service, and include the provision for the interchange of service and connection between telephone companies organized under the laws of this state. Speaking with considerable feeling in the matter Representative Clegg [illegible] the way telephone companies are holding up the people of this town. The charge for one instrument furnished by one of the companies is $6.50 per month, and the other company charges $4.50. The last named figure is surel high enough, but when it comes to charging $2.50 more per month for an office 'phone than equally as good and in many cases better service is given for the lesser amount, I think it is high time the legislature should take a hand in the way of regulation."

WINED AND DINED.

Representative Claude Y. Russell, who introduced the measures falling under the displeasure of the utilities committee, was even more outspoken in his denunciation of the methods employed by what he dominated the "telephone trust." Mr. Russell said: "I have it on the best authority that the members of the house public utilities committee were the guests at a banquet and box party given by the telephone companies recently, and I have the best of reasons for believing that not only this influence has been brought to bear against my bills, but there are others equally offensive. It has been said that an individual, prominently connected with a government position, has been active in lobbying against these measures, as has also a prominent politician from Utah county. These men represent the case of the tele hone companies, and if the legislature fails to do something for the suffering public in regard to these extortionate charges made by tele hone companies, I say they will fail in their duty."

GRAND ARMY PROGRAM TO BE FULL OF DATA

Interesting Reading Matter Will Be One of the Features of The Souvenir.

It is planned to make the souvenir program of the Grand Army encampment in this city in August one of the most elaborate affairs ever issued for similar conventions. The plan includes the compilation of historical data that are to be of greater general interest to the war veterans and those who are associated with them than has ever before been gathered in one publication. Col. Sterrett is sending out today from the executive headquarters in the Commercial club building letters inviting bids on this book. It is to be undertaken at once and bids will be opened and the contract let March 10.

From Commander-in-Chief Nevius a telegram has been received which instructs Col. Sterrett to invite Gen. Wedgwood to order the participation of the National Guard of Utah in the parade in the commander's honor. A similar request will be made of Col. Walter Scott, commanding the Fifteenth infantry stationed at Fort Douglas. With the two military organizations in line in addition to other uniformed societies and organizations, quite a spectacular pageant may be expected. Both the military and the regulars will no doubt be turned out in full dress, resplendent in the colors denoting the arms of service and gold braid on officers' uniforms.

The soldiers, both of the regular establishment and of the militia, will form the escort to the commander-in-chief.

It is the plan of Gen. Wedgwood to have the annual encampment of the National Guard of Utah begin just before the Grand Army encampment and at some point near the city. This will enable the outside companies, now six in number, to appear in the parade with the organizations stationed in this city, making upwards of 800 militiamen in line if recruiting continues for the next two months as it has done since the action of the senate was recorded in the matter of providing for a new armory and arsenal in this city. Of the regulars there will be one full regiment.

HOUSE GETS BUSY WITH MANY BILLS

Badger the Author of Four Measures Passed by Both Houses.

NINE IS THE DAY'S RECORD.

Morning Session Takes Up Long Grind Through a Calendar Consisting Of Thirty-five Matters.

Out of a calendar of 35 bills facing the house at the commencement of this morning's session, the lower branch in the brief space of 1 hour and 30 minutes, disposed of nine of them. There was a disposition on the part of the members present to tolerate no dalliance with time; and in just long enough for the authors of the bills or chairmen of the committees to which they had been referred to explain the merits of the measures, they were acted on, in the majority of cases this morning, favorably.

As Speaker Robinson and a party of representatives were absent at Logan and would not return until noon, Representative Thompson of Millard was elected speaker protem. The three-minute rule limiting debate to that length of time by each member desiring to speak, was not even invoked, every representative confining himself to as few words as possible.

The first measure to receive consideration was H. B. 160, by Jensen. This was handed back to the house by the committee on highways, with the recommendation that the bill be substituted by H. B. 228, formulated by the committee which is an act relating to the construction of and injuries to highways.

H. B. 159, by McCracken, relating to the winding up of the affairs of corporations whose franchises had expired, passed by a vote of 31 ayes, noes none, absent and not voting, 14.

S. B. 5, by Badger, defining the crime of indecent assault, was the next measure considered. After an amendment by Baker making slight changes in the bill, it was passed by a vote of 29 ayes, 4 noes and absent and not voting 12.

S. B. 7, by Badger, providing that any information or indictment must charge but one offense, with certain enumerated extensions, also passed the house by a vote of 30 ayes, absent and not voting 15.

S. B. 38, by Badger relating to indecent exposure, etc., was passed by unanimous vote of those present, a total of 32.

S. B. 57, by Burton, relating to the apportionment and use of school funds passed, 31 voting in favor of the bill, 14 being absent or not voting.

S. B. 65, by Badger, providing for the acceptance by the state of certain desert lands, and accepting the conditions of Section 4 of an act of Congress in relation to the grants of land under the Carey act, was passed unanimously, 33 members present voting for the measure and 12 being absent.

H. B. 149, by McMillin, H. A., was passed this morning. It provides for the substitution of the word bigamy for polygamy in the Utah statutes.

Ad Legislature

IN THE SENATE TODAY.

Lack of Department Reports Causing Delay in Handling Business.

Not a few members of the legislature, senators especially, are deeply concerned over the fact that scarcely any reports from the various state departments have been submitted. Though less than 10 days remain of the session, reports are only beginning to make their appearance, only two or three thus far being available. Some have been delayed in reaching the printers, and it is doubtful if many will be seen at all before adjournment.

The needs of the departments and institutions of the state are made known to the legislators by means of the reports, and with these lacking, it will be a difficult matter to adjust appropriations in a just and proper manner. Senators are urging that the reports of all departments be submitted with as little further delay as possible.

A BUSY COMMITTEE

The busiest committee of the senate during the forenoon was the judiciary committee, Benner X. Smith chairman. Before it appeared a delegation from the Salt Lake Medical association, a number of eye specialists and several members of the Optometery society.

Between the medical men and the optometrists there is considerable bad blood, the former taking the part of occulists, who are themselves physicians, as against the optometrists. Under provisions of the law passed in 1907, at which time a board of optometry was established, the occulists were compelled to secure permission to practise from the board of optometry. A bill, known as S. B. 101, introduced by Mr. Marks, looked to a stricter enforcement of the optometry law, and to this bill, as well as to the law sought to be amended the medical men take exception.

PHYSICIANS OFFER RESOLUTION.

At a meeting of the Salt Lake Medical society, held Feb. 23, at the public library, resolutions were passed, calling upon the legislature not to pass S. B. 101, and suggesting that the optometry law of 1907 be repealed, doing away with the optometry board, and requiring all applicants for certificates in that line to pass an examination before the regular medical board, one optometrist to be represented on the board of 10 members. The arguments between the disputants, the physicians and occulists on one side, and the optometrists on the other, became rather heated at times.

A special order for this afternoon is S. B. 97, by Hulaniski. The measure is one of the longest thus far introduced during the session, covering 39 pages, and its immense scope may be gleaned from the following title:

An act concerning land titles; registration of titles; recorders made ex-officio registrars; bringing land under act; form of application for initial registration of title to land; registration of land title; registering the title; the right of registered owners, transfer, mortgages, leases and other charges; attorneys in fact; transmission; trusts, conditions and limitations; dealings of assignees, receivers, masters, etc.; tax sales; lis pendens-judgment-decrees-notice; attachment-execution, etc.; liens; memorial of adverse claim, etc.; proceedings in chancery; indices; indemnity fund; proceedings to recover compensation for loss or damage; penalties; fees; and adoption by counties.

Unfinished business to come up this afternoon is as follows:

[illegible]

S. B. 74 by Mr. Bullen.
S. B. 63 by Mr. Badger.
S. B. 71 by Mr. Badger.
S. B. 154, by Mr. Bullen.
S. B. 138 by, the committee.
J. R. 114 by Mr. Miller.
S. B. 32, by Mr. Sevy.
S. B. 104, by Mr. Bullen.
H. B. 51 by Mr. Holman.

Bills scheduled for third rearing today are as follows:

S. B. 176, by Mr. Wilson.
S. B. 156, by Mr. Hyde.
S. B. 141, by J. Y. Smith.
S. B. 137, by Mr. Badger.
S. B. 52, by Mr. Wilson.
S. B. 129, by Mr. Badger.
S. B. 130 by Mr. Badger.
S. B. 131, by Mr. Badger.
S. B. 144, by Mr. Badger.
S. B. 106, by Mr. Badger.
S. B. 132, by Mr. Badger.
S. B. 108, by Mr. Badger.
S. B. 113, by Mr. Badger.

FRANCHISE IS GRANTED.

The Utah Light and Railway company was granted a franchise to operate an electric line between Salt Lake City, Murray, Bingham Junction and Sandy, by the county commissioners today. The franchise provides that the company shall maintain the right-of-way and two feet outside of the tracks. It shall also place culverts under the tracks for waterways and put the crossings in good condition. The track is to be ballasted with gravel.

The fare from Salt Lake to Fourteenth South street will be 5 cents, to Murray 10 cents and to Sandy and Bingham Junction 20 cents. After 10 years the fare to Murray will be reduced to 5 cents and the fare to Bingham Junction and Sandy will be reduce to 10 cents. Under the franchise Murray will receive a 15-minute service and Sandy and Bingham Junction a half-hour service. The county will receive $10 a year license on passenger cars operated over the line and $5 per year for freight cars. It provides that the company shall accept the franchise in 60 days and begin construction work in 90 days.

DIES ON THE TRAIN.

Mrs. Susanna Hahn of Sheboygan Expires in Her Daughter's Arms.

("Special to the 'News.")

Pocatello, Idaho, March 2.—Mrs. Susanna Hahn, of Sheboygan, Wis., while en route to Hermiston, Oregon, in company with her daughter, died from a complication of throat troubles in the stateroom "A" of standard sleeper Platte, shortly after leaving Green River yesterday. The woman suffered considerably and everything that was possible to be done for her was done by Conductor Glassford of No. 11, and the officials of the train, but she expired in the arms of her daughter.

Mrs. Hahn and her daughter, Emma, were en route to Oregon to visit relatives. The company authorities at Pocatello, were notified and when the train arrived there, an undertaker took the body and prepared it for burial. No orders for its disposition have been made.

FUNERAL OF MRS. CANNON.

To Be Held Friday at Pioneer Stake Hall at 2 p. m.

The services over the remains of Mrs. Mary A. H. Cannon, whose death occurred yesterday, will be held on Friday next, March 5, in Pioneer stake hall, at 2 p. m. A telegram has been received from President Angus M. Cannon, father of the bereaved husband, stating that he and his eldest daughter, Mrs. W. M. Ellis, who have been in southern California for a few weeks, will reach home tomorrow morning. It is also expected that Mrs. Rosa C. Lambert, sister of the deceased, who is also visiting in California, will return in time for the funeral. President Sylvester Q. Cannon of the Netherlands mission has been informed by cable of his sister's demise. To all these absent ones the news will be a great shock, as it is to Mrs. Cannon's friends generally; for her illness has been known to but few, and not until 18 hours before her death did the seriousness of her condition impress those immediately surrounding her.

Mary Alice Cannon was in every sense a lovely and lovable character. Bereaved of her mother when only 14 years of age, she bravely assumed the care of three younger children, and bestowed upon them the most unselfish and affectionate attention—being mother as well as sister to them. These relationships indeed she has sustained to many others of her own kin as well as to members of the ward where she lived. Unselfishness and thoughtfulness for others were in fact her dominating qualities. Petite in figure and apparently frail in physique, she was nevertheless full of health, animation and cheerfulness, and was possessed of splendid energy and force of character. To this supreme indifference to self, this unyielding desire to be busy and helpful, may be attributed in part her passing away at the early age of 41 years.

As a girl she spent two seasons in Washington with her parents when President Cannon was Utah's delegate in Congress; she also made various other journeys with him east and west as well as accompanying him in frequent trips throughout the state. The death of her mother was attended by most pathetic circumstances, the devoted husband being absent in Washington, contending for the rights of the people, and the two eldest sons in Europe on missions. The trial was a bitter one, but she bore it, as she did every affliction, with quiet and uncomplaining courage. Of such other trials may be mentioned the death in infancy of her first-born son, that of her younger brother, David, while on a mission in Germany, that of her elder brother, Abraham, in the very prime of vigorous manhood, and that of her idolized father, President George Q. Cannon, in the ripened, mellow evening of life.

The allurements of public life presented no temptation to her—she shrank from prominence, but shone as a rare jewel in the domestic circle. For her husband and children she had a constancy of thoughtfulness and a depth and tenderness of affection beyond description. As a wife and mother she was simply ideal; and the place left vacant by her departure can never be filled. She was a member of the society of the Daughters of the Revolution, also of the Daughters of the Pioneers; she was one of the early teachers of the parents' class in the Sunday school of her ward, and at the time of her death was an officer in the Primary association.

She is survived by a sorrowing husband and six children—the oldest, a daughter of 15, the youngest not quite a year old. To Bishop Cannon and these bereaved ones a general tribute of sympathy will be extended.

WILL PLAY FOR OLD FOLKS.

University Dramatic Club Will Present The "Cabinet Minister."

Tuesday, March 9, the old folks of the city will be tendered a matinee entertainment at the Salt Lake Theater by the Dramatic association of the University of Utah, which will present "The Cabinet Minister." This drama was played two evenings recently, and scored a signal success on both occasions. It was given under the direction of Miss Maud May Babcock, who tendered a rendition of the play to the old folks' committee for the edification of the aged.

ACTED WITHOUT AUTHORITY OF LAW

Did Prest. Roosevelt, Say Seven Members of Senate Committee on Judiciary.

IN TENNESSEE COAL MATTER.

Absorption by Steel Trust Declared to Have Been in Violation of the Law.

Report Signed by Nelson, Kittidge and Foraker, Culberson, Bacon Rayner and Overman.

Washington, March 2.—Seven members of the senate committee on judiciary signed the report declaring that President Roosevelt without authority of law, sanctioned the absorption of the Tennessee Coal & Iron company by the U. S. Steel corporation and that the merger was in violation of the Sherman anti-trust law. Two of the majority committee, however, attached certain individual views which to a degree minimize the effect of the declaration.

Under an agreement reached in the committee on judiciary yesterday any views submitted have the standing of individual opinions only. Chairman Clark today reported the disagreement in the committee and soon afterward Senator Culberson presented the views of seven members of the committee. These were signed by Senators Nelson, Kittredge and Foraker (Republicans), and Culberson, Bacon, Rayner and Overman (Democrats).

NELSON'S VIEW.

The additional views were given by Senators Nelson and Bacon. In the opinion of Mr. Nelson the president was not authorized to permit the absorption, which is declared to have been in violation of law. Mr. Nelson, thinks, however, that the president may have been misled or duped by the officials of the U. S. Steel corporation, Messrs. Frick and Gary, who urged upon him the necessity of permitting the steel corporation to buy the Tennessee concern in order to save a business institution of New York City during the panicky days of October and November, 1907.

BACON'S VIEW.

Mr. Bacon expressed doubt whether the senate should pronounce finally upon the question whether the president committed a wrongful act for the reason that the senate is judge in impeachment proceedings.

He takes the position that the merger was illegal but that the senate should not take any action to prejudice any proceedings that might hereafter be brought before it.

From the report signed and submitted today it appears that had it not been for the illness of Senator Bacon and his absence from the committee of yesterday the report declaring the president acted without authority of law would have been adopted as the opinion of the committee. In any event senators Culberson and Kittredge take the position that a majority of the committee has reported that the merger was illegal and that the department of justice should proceed against the United States Steel corporation to dissolve it. The disagreement from the resolution was placed on the calendar and will expire with the close of the present session.

FORAKER'S VIEW.

Later Senator Foraker filed his individual views declaring that he did not think it necessary for the committee to consider whether the transaction was a violation of the anti-trust law.

He said that the reply of the committee should be confined to the one question as to whether the president was authorized to permit the merger and that this should be answered in the negative. In view of the fact that representatives of the steel corporation called upon the president and asked his advice concerning the transaction and that the question also was submitted to Atty.-Gen. Bonaparte. Senator Foraker took the position that the steel corporation should not be condemned for its action.

IDAHO SENATE PASSES DIRECT PRIMARY BILL

Was Just One Dissenting Vote—Now Goes to Governor Brady Who Says That He Will Sign It.

(Special to the "News.")

Boise, Ida., March 2.—What some consider the most important measure ever enacted by an Idaho legislature was passed yesterday afternoon by the tenth session in the form of a direct primary bill, thus fulfilling one of the most important pledges made by the Republican party to the people in the last campaign. The bill passed the house last week and was made the special order for yesterday at 2 o'clock in the senate, where it passed, with a single exception, by the unanimous vote of that body, Republicans and Democrats alike voting for it. The one negative vote was from Shoup of Lemhi county who stated that the people of this county did not want such a law. The law contains all the salient features of the Washington and Wisconsin laws, after which it is patterned. Gov Brady declared this morning that he will sign the bill as soon as presented to him.

The house passed just before the noon recess today a bill creating Shoup county out of the same territory as that proposed in the defeated Power county measure with American Falls as county seat. The vote was 26 to 22, one absent. Great enthusiasm prevailed and tremendous applause greeted the announcement of the vote. Much speculation is indulged in respecting the treatment this bill received in the senate.

The senate passed the bill of its own creation providing for the creation of the eighth judicial district out of Kootenai and Benner counties, the judge to be appointed by the governor and afterward elected at the general election. It passed also a bill limiting the number of representatives to the state legislature to 80 and number senators to one from each county.