

## BY TELEGRAPH.

FROM WESTERN UNION TELEGRAPH LINE.

## AMERICAN.

EXECUTIVE MANSION, 26, 7 a.m.—Dr. Reyburn says this morning that no material change in the condition of the President has occurred during the night. He observes no diminution of strength, nor increase in the frequency of pulse, which this morning is about 110. An increased discharge of pus from the parotid swelling took place during the night.

Executive Mansion, 8.30 a.m.—The President slept most of the night, awakening at intervals of an hour. On first awakening there was, as there has been for several nights past, some mental confusion which disappeared when he was fully aroused. Occasionally he muttered in his sleep. These symptoms have abated this morning, as on previous days. His temperature is above the normal, and pulse a little more frequent than yesterday morning. Pulse 108, temperature 99.1, respiration 17.

Signed by physicians.

Executive Mansion, 10.40 a.m.—Secretary Kirkwood came out of the Cabinet room a few moments since, and in reply to questions said: The situation is considered by many as less hopeful than it was last night at midnight, and by others as more so. Attorney General McVeagh pronounced it as extremely critical, and when asked this morning how long he thought this suspense would continue replied: "God only knows." Postmaster General James and Secretary Hunt telegraphed to Thurlow Weed that a gleam of hope at 10 a.m. comes from the surgeons. His symptoms are no worse and improvement is not impossible. Dr. Bliss came out of the surgeons room about 9.30 a.m. and telegraphed to his wife that the President was a little better than last night.

NEW YORK, 25.—W. Pinny, kid-glove manufacturer here, died two years ago, recommending his wife to his friend and associate Julius Loewy for assistance in managing her fortune of \$100,000. Julius took hold at once and now turns up absconder to the amount of \$16,000 at least. He is somewhere in Europe. Lawyers and detectives after him are.

The Herald's Washington special says: An official of the jail is authority for the following statement: The day before yesterday Guiteau asked Warden Crocker to have the cell he (Guiteau) now occupies be made more secure from any attempt against his life. What he desired, even demanded, was that iron shields or shutters should be put up at his window and doors with bolts upon the inside. Guiteau added that he believed most of the jail officials and army officers surrounding the jail were his friends and he did not fear any attack upon his life by them, but owing to the position of his cell persons on the outside had ample opportunity if they were so inclined, to fire at him through his window which looks out upon the street. He seems to have got an inkling of the President's critical condition, and is fearful that his life will be taken by someone shooting at him through this window. He also asked to have a piece of Manila rope about 10 feet long and a quarter of an inch thick, adding at the same time, "You need not think I want to commit suicide, for I have no idea of taking my own life. I merely want it to protect myself." The same official says: During the past two weeks Guiteau has tried very hard to impress his keepers that he is gradually becoming insane.

At 4 o'clock, Dr. Reyburn reported that there had been no material change in the patient's condition, and that there was no indication in the 6.30 bulletin of any immediately alarming emergencies. After 7 o'clock, however, rumors began to be heard of an unfavorable change in the case, and later in the evening were confirmed by Blaine's telegram to Lowell. No information could be obtained directly from the surgeons, who remained either in their own consultation rooms, or in the President's chamber, but it was ascertained indirectly that the unfavorable change had its origin in the parotid gland, which was beginning to exert an active and alarming influence upon the patient's general condition. At 10 o'clock, Boynton said he was discouraged. The President was taking nourishment enough, but it did not and could not do him much good while the parotid inflammation con-

tinued, and while his blood remained in its present condition. Upon being asked if the effect of blood poisoning would not soon disappear, he replied, "Yes, but I fear not soon enough, I am afraid that the President will not have strength enough to pull through. I don't like to admit, even to myself, that he cannot recover, but there has been a change for the worse, and while I don't entirely give up hope, my hope is much weakened." "You don't anticipate an immediate end?" "No, I don't think he will die suddenly." All the members of the cabinet were at the Executive Mansion to-night, many of them with their wives. They went home, however, before 11 and the Mansion was closed for the night.

ST. LOUIS, 26.—Republican's Lexington, Mo.: The omnibus which was conveying passengers from the Wabash Railroad to the Lexington, about eight o'clock this evening, was entered by four heavily armed and masked men, who robbed the passengers, five in number, of all their money, watches and other valuables, and then escaped. A posse of men has gone in pursuit of the robbers.

JACKSON, Miss., 25.—The republicans to-day ratified the greenback nomination and agreed on a fusion ticket, Ben. King for governor, J. B. Yellowly, lieutenant-governor; J. K. Shellman, colored, for secretary of State; W. H. Bynum, treasurer; A. F. Wimberly, auditor; W. F. Fitzgerald, attorney general; W. B. House, superintendent of education. There will be a joint mass meeting to-night presided over by Jno. R. Lynch, colored.

WASHINGTON, 26.—Dr. Hamilton says the physicians have a gleam of hope. This comes from the fact that the swollen gland is suppurating through the ear. A few days ago Dr. Hamilton said that by lancing the gland it was thought the danger of suppurating through the throat could be avoided. It is presumed this ear suppurating is regarded as hopeful because the gland has not suppurated in the throat. It is reducing nausea and strangulation.

At 2.40 Bliss told a reporter the condition of the President in the afternoon was very critical, you may say alarming, if you choose. It is as bad as any time before, but not entirely hopeless. He continues to take food about as yesterday and enemata has been resumed. The system seems to bear them well, and whisky can be given that way better than through the mouth. The parotid gland is about the same. In order not to disturb him we did not remove the poultices this noon. I do not think there is much danger now from acute blood poisoning through pus in the gland. He is more likely to die of exhaustion. It is a question of endurance. There was very little delirium to-day. Mrs. Garfield was with him all the time, but noticed it only once and then only to a trifling extent. His mind is decidedly clearer than last night. He talks a little more rationally and knows what is going on around him. His mental condition is due to the anæmic condition of the brain, which is not properly nourished. It is the effect of exhaustion. A clearer mind is a favorable symptom. His pulse is not higher now than at noon, which was the highest of the day. The character of the pulse is improved and that is more important than the rate of it. Mrs. Garfield fully appreciates his condition. She has not shown the slightest weakness. If he dies it will probably be only from exhaustion.

Dr. Woodward, upon being asked at 11 o'clock whether there was any reason to-day for increased hope, replied: "There is certainly no reason for less hope. Pus is being drained quite freely from the inflamed gland through the ear."

"Is there any danger that the pus will find its way down the throat?" "I think not. Nothing but mucus has been found in the throat yet."

"What do you hope most for to-day?"

"We hope the incision made in the face and draining through the ear will take the pus from the gland."

Dr. Reyburn, just before the appearance of the evening bulletin, said in his judgment the patient had not lost any ground since the middle of the afternoon. It was feared, he said, at one time to-day, that the whole of the parotid gland would slough off in a suppurating mass, and if this should occur the shock to the patient's system would almost certainly be fatal. Later in

the afternoon the gland was more reassuring and gave ground for the hope that suppuration would be confined within limits. The Doctor said he could not yet bring himself to believe the President would die, although he appreciated fully the gravity of the situation. The vitality of the patient has been very low, and it was questionable whether he could hold out much longer against the depressing influence of the suppurating gland, nevertheless if they could tide him over two or three days and get the glandular complication under control, he would still stand a fair chance of recovery.

7.30 p.m.—At this hour Dr. Hamilton thinks the President is better.

8 p.m.—The noon bulletin rather alarmed than relieved the intense anxiety which prevails at the Executive Mansion. The discharge of pus from the inflamed parotid gland through the ear, which was regarded this morning as a favorable change and one likely to afford relief, does not thus far answer the expectations. The symptoms of the patient continue urgent and alarm ing, and he seems to be gradually sinking.

Blaine, at 10 o'clock to-night sent the following to Lowell: While the President has made no gain to-day, his loss of ground has been less in judgment of his physicians than was feared last night. In this fact there is slight feeling of encouragement, or at least a ray of hope. Adverse symptoms are still manifest and are favorable in indication of swallowing and digestion. Liquid food continues to be administered two or three times during the day. He has asked for nourishment and talked intelligently and voluntarily throughout the day. His mind has been less affected than yesterday. The expected relief to the parotid swelling from the discharge through the ear has not been realized. The situation is of great gravity and danger.

BOSTON, 26.—The deaf mutes, who are greatly interested in the President on account of his former interest in them, send him to-day a message of sympathy.

Vice-President Arthur was seen at his home to-day noon. He has only received official bulletins in regard to the President's condition. He has not been summoned, nor has he received any intimation to be in readiness to go to the capital; should he receive such a message, he would go at once. He refused to state what he thought of the President's condition or its relation to the Vice-President.

WARREN, Me., 26.—The building of Watson, Burrell & Co's powder manufactory exploded, destroying a ton of fine powder. Samuel Monk was blown 400 feet and killed. Loss \$10,000.

SAN FRANCISCO, 26.—Charles E. McLane died suddenly at Indian Diggins, Placer County, night before last.

WASHINGTON, 27.—Executive Mansion 8.30 a.m.—The President slept from half an hour to an hour, more at times, throughout the night. He continues to retain the liquid food administered by the mouth, and stimulating enemata; nevertheless his pulse has been more frequent since midnight and he is evidently feebler this morning than he was yesterday. Pulse 120, temperature 87.4, respiration 22.

Signed Bliss, Barnes, Woodward, Reyburn and Hamilton.

Executive Mansion, 27, 6 a.m.—The physicians cannot yet be seen to obtain any direct information from the sick room. Nothing has been reported by the attendants there since 4 a.m. to indicate any unusual changes since then.

Executive Mansion, 7 a.m.—Information received from the physicians this morning is to the effect that the situation is about the same, or perhaps less encouraging than at a late hour last night. The frequency of his pulse at this hour has not been ascertained, but it is noticed to be less firm. Once during the night, about 1.30 a.m., it was noticed to range from 125 to 130 pulsations per minute.

Executive Mansion, 10.30 a.m.—Dr. Reyburn reports that the President's strength up to this hour has not perceptibly failed since the morning examination. He continues to take food about as well as heretofore, and the frequency of his pulse has not increased. He has just been sponged off and he was more comfortable.

Executive Mansion, 11 a.m.—The condition of the President has not changed much since the early part of the morning, but continues very critical. All the members of the Cabinet still here.

Chicago, Noon.—The Times' correspondent in Washington has given up sending bulletins, as he is assured by Dr. Reyburn that the President is not likely to die to-day.

Executive Mansion, 12.30 p.m.—Members of the cabinet are all here, but no decisive change has taken place in the President's condition. Attorney-General MacVeagh authorizes the statement that Vice-President Arthur has not been telegraphed for, and that no decision to send for him has yet been arrived at.

Dr. Bliss said to a reporter of the Associated Press at noon, his belief is that the President cannot recover. He thinks, however, that death will not occur immediately, and he may linger several days.

Executive Mansion, 1.22 p.m.—There has been no improvement in the President's condition since the last bulletin. He continues to retain the liquid food administered by mouth, as well as enemata. At the morning dressing the parotid swelling appeared about the same as yesterday, and no material change was observed in the wound. Since morning the temperature has risen about one degree and the pulse has fluctuated somewhat. At present the pulse is 1.20; temperature, 99.6, respiration, 22.

Bliss, Barnes, Woodward, Reyburn, Hamilton.

After resting easily through the night the President became worse about 4 o'clock a.m., and has been growing feebler since. At one time this morning his pulse was up to 148, though when the bulletin was issued at 8.30 it was but 120. Since then it has remained steady. Dr. Reyburn said at 10 o'clock there had been no material change since the issuing of the bulletin, but that the President was very feeble, and the hopes entertained yesterday of relief through the suppurating of the inflamed gland, were less bright to-day. The fact is the President has been dying since 4 o'clock this morning.

Dr. Power, pastor of the Christian church, has been at the White House all morning, and will not leave until the end.

The members of the cabinet are all at the White House and in consultation in the cabinet room. The subject of the conference is the advisability of sending for Vice-President Arthur at once. It was understood last night that they agreed that this should not be done until, in the opinion of the physicians, death was at hand. Now they discuss whether the time has not arrived already.

Great excitement prevails on the streets and reports of the President's death are circulated hourly. To add to the excitement alarming rumors are in circulation regarding organized bodies of men in neighboring cities who are banded together to come here and lynch Guiteau. It is said the guards at the jail are in sympathy with them, and only await a favorable opportunity to themselves to murder Guiteau. Gen. Sherman, in conjunction with the Secretaries of War and State, however, is taking every precaution to preserve peace.

Everything is quiet about the White House at this writing, and everyone is waiting with anxiety for the going down of the sun, which it is believed will mark the beginning of the end. No bulletins have been issued since noon, and only Doctor Woodward and Edson are at the White House. None of the members of the cabinet have put in an appearance since the adjournment of the consultation at noon. It is reported again that the proclamation calling Congress in session is in the hands of Secretary Blaine, to be issued this evening.

NEW YORK, 27.—The Tribune says: The apparently unaccountable disappearance of John H. Davis causes some talk among business men. He is a drug broker and head of the firm of John H. Davis & Co., Maiden Lane. He left his store July 21st, telling his clerk he was going to the Catskills for a week or 10 days. Since then the clerk has heard nothing from him. Davis is a native of Missouri, and it is said is a near relative of Jefferson Davis. He is well spoken of among the drug dealers, and was a major in the confederate army upon General N. B. Forest's staff.

GALVESTON, Texas, 27.—A gang of desperadoes have, during the past week, been committing every kind of lawlessness about Rangerfield.

At Carson, yesterday, they entered a bar-room, drove the proprietor out, and, having satisfied their ap-

petites, demolished the whole establishment.

SILVERTON, Col., 26.—Last night D. C. Ogsbury, city marshal, was killed by roughs, Bart Wilkinson and Dyson and Eskridge. The whole town was aroused and the murderers will be lynched if captured. Eskridge is a notorious desperado and large rewards are offered for his arrest for other crimes.

OLD ORCHARD BEACH, Me., 27.—The following dispatch was sent from here to-day by members of the Bible conference now in session, which is composed of representatives from all parties of the United States. "It is the desire of the conference that Christians of all parts of the country may communicate the authorities at Washington their sympathy with this suggestion:

Hon. James G. Blaine, Secretary of State, Washington:

The Christians assembled from many parts of the United States in conference at this place for Bible study, herewith express their unceasing prayerful sympathy with the President and Mrs. Garfield in their affliction, and recognizing that all human power is insufficient for our present extremity and that all our hopes are in God, respectfully ask that you will suggest as early a day as practicable for national humiliation and prayer, that Christians of every name may more perfectly unite in recognizing and entreating divine mercies.

In behalf of the convention,

(Signed) JAMES H. BROOKES,

St. Louis, President.

W. J. ERD,

Jamestown, N.Y., Secretary.

WASHINGTON, 27.—Executive Mansion 4 p.m.—Dr. Bliss made the following reply to questions asked him:

What is the condition of the President this afternoon?

He has had a more comfortable day than was anticipated this morning. His mental condition perfect; he takes food well; is resting quietly, and his pulse is now about 114.

Do you think there is any more reason for encouragement?

The facts I have just given you are some encouragement.

General Swain, who recently came from the President's room, said in conversation with a friend a few minutes since, that the President seemed to him better to-day than yesterday. He appeared, and as himself, he felt stronger, and for the first time in several days could taste the food which he swallowed.

LONDON, 27.—The Queen expressed deep regret on learning of the lapse of President Garfield and renewed her request for the latest telegrams concerning his condition. The Prince of Wales also intimated a desire to hear the latest dispatch from Washington.

Agent Llewellyn, of the Mesero agency, New Mexico, under date of Aug. 20th, telegraphs the Commissioner of Indian Affairs that signing persons have scattered broadcast infamous lies concerning the Indians of this agency; that but myself had been massacred, and the Indians gone on the warpath. There is not a particle of truth in the report. A detachment of troops under a non-commissioned officer regularly stationed here, and at the time the worst rumors were flying two companies of United States cavalry were patrolling the reservation.

Executive Mansion, 27, 9 a.m.—The reports from the Surgeon's room are to the effect that there has been no particular change in the President's condition, but his symptoms continue to show slight improvement.

The World's Philadelphia special says: Col. Corkhill, United States district attorney for the District of Columbia, who has been taking vacation at Cape May, left to-day Washington. Col. Corkhill is reported to have said that he has been informed of an organization in Washington, whose purpose is in event of Garfield's death, to be jail and put an immediate end to the life of Guiteau. Their desire hang Guiteau by slow process, in the meantime each member of the organization is to be allowed put a bullet into Guiteau's back, taking care not to strike him in vital point until the last moment. The Colonel says he has good reason for a belief that the guards of jail, who are all ex-Union soldiers, know of this secret organization and are in sympathy with it. He further reported to have said, that he has been with the utmost difficulty that the warden at the jail has