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EDITOR AND PUBLISHER.

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[SPECIAL TO THE DESERET NEWS.]

By Telegraph.

NEW YORK, 11.—All insurance companies have bulletined statements of their losses and standing, of which the annexed is a copy:

Aetna (Hartford), loss less than a million, assets \$5,250,000; Relief, New York, loss 56,000, capital unimpaired; Williamsburg City, loss 90,000, assets 559,000; Resolute, loss 10,000; Commercial, loss 104,000, assets 340,000; Columbia, loss 75,000, assets 440,000; Star, loss 150,000, assets 40,000; Mechanics, loss 5,000; Firemen's, loss 5,000; Lafayette, loss 5,000; Phoenix, loss 450,000, assets 2,032,191; Adriatic, loss 7,500, assets 80,000; Niagara, loss 300,000, assets 1,000,000; Liverpool and London and Globe, loss 600,000. This company has received a dispatch from London to pay losses and draw on the Liverpool office. Queen, of London, loss about 300,000; Hope, loss about 50,000; American Central, St. Louis, loss 150,000; Farmer's Mutual, York, Pa., loss 5,000; Pennsylvania Underwriters, loss 15,000; American, loss 30,000, assets 125,000; London Assurance, loss 100,000; Pennsylvania, loss 300,000, assets 120,000; Globe, loss 15,000; Orient, loss 150,000; National, loss 150,000; Exchange, loss 15,000; Aetna, New York, loss 30,000; Tradesman's, loss 240,000, assets 450,000; St Nicholas, loss 15,000; National, loss 120,000, assets 675,000; Lorillard's unimpaired.

The *Spectator* says nearly every Boston company has gone. The Albany, American, Metropolitan, Safe guard, Manufacturers and Builders, New York and American, Chicago, North Missouri, and Northwestern National, lose nothing. The Continental, New York, not over half a million; Hanover, 375,000; Imperial, 650,000; North British, 1,000,000; American, Philadelphia, and Pennsylvania, 360,000 each; Franklin, Philadelphia, 500,000; Guardian, N. Y., 50,000; Amazon and triumph, Cincinnati, O., 60,000 each; Atlantic, Brooklyn, 30,000; Washington, N. Y., will lose its surplus; Montank, 5,000; Merchants, New York, 50,000; Stuyvesant, nothing; International, N. Y., 300,000; Home, N. Y., 800,000. Providence Companies will lose heavily, without exception.

WASHINGTON, D. C., 11.—The Secretary of the Treasury this morning received a telegram from the president of the Merchants' Bank, Boston, saying there is no reason for a panic if the banks stand firm. The loss is large, but falls on persons generally able to stand it.

Information has been received that the Treasury has sustained no losses, the books being uninjured.

The "Owl" train from New York, due at 4 this a.m., arrived at 7, with several car loads of roughs and thieves, who cleaned out all refreshment saloon, en route and are committing other outrages. The military force in Boston will be increased if necessary.

NEW YORK, 11.—Stocks are panicky. All mining prices are five and ten per cent lower. Suspensions are reported of S. V. Whale, Pallott, Perry and Co., H. R. Wilcox, and R. J. Kimball and Co. whose account of stocks has been sold out under the rule. The market is now steadier and the worst seems to be over.

CHICAGO, 11.—A meeting of citizens this afternoon voted \$100,000 for the relief of the Boston sufferers, and appointed a committee, headed by Robt. Laird Collier, to convey the sum to Boston. They leave this evening with the cash.

Private advices here from New York state that the fears of a panic are removed.

BOSTON, 11.—Our insurance companies will be able to pay on an average about fifty per cent on their risks. Capitalists are coming forward so liberally with offers of funds that there is some prospect of their going on without suspension. Their average losses are in the neighborhood of five hundred thousand.

The savings banks are all secure.

The *Evening Transcript* will appear to-day printed at the *Globe* office.

The new fire was got fully under control about 4 a.m. Jordan & Marsh's store was saved, though at one time declared a hopeless case. Shreve, Crump & Low were burned out. The last fire was caused by an explosion of gas. About midnight a report was heard all over the city. Several other explosions of gas, apparently in the sewers, occurred soon after the fire broke out, shattering the plate glass in Shreve, Crump & Low's store, and upheaving the surface of the earth so as to crack the pavement deeply. Despite these terrific outbursts the firemen maintained their position in Summer street, doing good service. Only twenty-five Boston firemen were on duty last night the main force being relieved by gallant men who sailed from all quarters. Between 11 and 12 about a hundred and sixty Norwich, Conn., firemen arrived, accompanied by the mayor and chief engineer of that city. Twenty-two New Haven firemen also came on last night headed by their chief engineer. From Biddeford, Me., Bridgeport, Ct., New Bedford and other places came eager offers of assistance. On every hand there were brave, generous men from all towns and cities about us, working with all their strength to stay the progress of the terrible enemy.

The morning papers are almost exclusively filled with details of the great conflagration.

The *Advertiser* says the loss is eighty millions.

The *Journal* gives a full list of individual losses and estimates the total at considerably over a hundred millions.

NEW YORK, 11.—The Board of Aldermen, at a meeting, forbade the erection of mansard roofs unless fire proof material be used.

Gentlemen interested in the leather trade of Boston do not think that the almost total destruction of the leather business of that city will bring about any suspensions, except perhaps in the case of one or two small firms. The stock held by the leading houses was small.

BOSTON, 11.—The funds of the sub-Treasury were removed, to-day, from the exchange to the custom house.

The post office has been temporarily located in Faneuil Hall and the postmaster has done everything possible under the circumstances to expedite the distribution of mail matter.

The inner safe of the Freeman's Bank, in regard to which considerable anxiety was felt has been opened and the contents found safe. The outer safe fell from the second story and broke a hole in the side, and depositors' trunks and their valuable contents were all destroyed. The bank will probably lose nothing. The vaults of other banks with their contents are safe. The books

of the Hide and Leather Bank, however, were destroyed.

At a meeting of the citizens' relief committee, to-day, Mayor Gaston read dispatches from Governor Geary, of Pennsylvania, and the mayors of Cincinnati, Chicago, Indianapolis, Providence and other cities, tendering sympathy and aid.

CINCINNATI, 11.—The horse disease is spreading here with the rapidity which marked its course elsewhere. Mules are also affected.

The Chamber of Commerce has passed a resolution asking the Common Council to adopt the necessary measures for the relief of Boston.

A committee of ladies has been formed, especially to look after the thousands of sewing girls thrown out of employment.

Preparations are being urged for making new street lines on the burnt district; also for the erection of a merchants' Exchange building. A committee has been appointed to ask the general government to purchase the burned over lot, adjoining the new post office, for enlarging that building; also to request the Massachusetts Senators and Representatives in Congress to secure the passage of an act, allowing the same drawback on building material as was allowed to Portland and Chicago. A committee of twenty citizens has voted a request to Governor Washburn to call a special session of the Legislature, to authorize the city of Boston to issue a sufficient amount of 7 per cent bonds to aid in building the burnt district.

Joseph Burr, of Dorchester, and Geo. Smith, of Newponset, came to the city on Saturday evening to see the fire, and they have not been seen since, it is feared they were killed by falling walls. N. E. Abbot, of Charlestown, a fireman, is also missing. The city is in darkness to-night, owing to the disconnection of the main gas pipes from the burnt district. A military and police guard is on duty.

HARTFORD, Conn., 11.—Dispatches from the reporter for the *Courant*, at Boston, whose figures are confirmed by the latest advices at the offices of our Hartford Insurance Companies, show that their losses will not exceed the following amounts: Aetna \$1,400,000, Hartford 522,000; Phoenix 500,000, National 175,000, Orient 170,000, Connecticut 100,000, total 2,867,000. The Aetna officers think that by salvage and over insurance deduction, their loss will be reduced to 1,300,000, and the national Company believes that from the same causes theirs will be reduced to 150,000. All the Hartford companies are perfectly sound. The Aetna's assets on Nov. 1st were five millions. The other companies are also in good condition and able to meet all their losses.

BOSTON, midnight.—Steam engines are busy to-night playing on the debris of the great fire. All streets leading thereto are strictly guarded. Though the city is dark and gloomy, a large crowd hovered around the ruins until a late hour.

WASHINGTON, 11.—Paymaster Plunket, purchasing paymaster of the navy yard at Boston, telegraphs to Secretary Robison, that his office in Kelby street was burned, but that he saved all the records. The U. S. Treasurer, at Boston, telegraphs that the contents of the vault are undoubtedly safe.

BOSTON, 11.—The number of firms and business houses burned out is nine hundred and thirty, the number of dwelling and lodging houses, 60. Four insurance offices report their losses as follows: The Firemen's Friend, Cal., \$125,000; Commerce, Albany, 45,000; Queen, of London, net 400,000; Aetna, Hartford, 600,000. These offices will pay in full.

The following are among those burned out by the fire, caused by the gas explosion this morning: James Smith & Co., R. H. Hern & Co., and W. R. Sterms & Co., on Summer st.; Shreve, Crump & Howe, at the corner of Summer and Washington sts.; Wheeler & Wilson and Stephenson's dry goods store on Washington st. were slightly damaged. A building in Central Court, occupied by Crosby, Morse & Foss, whose front is on Washington street, was burned down. The Parker House

was damaged a little. The store of Palmer, Jacobs & Co., on Washington st., was injured by water.

James Tulley was arrested by a soldier early this morning, while setting fire to a building in Milk street.

PHILADELPHIA, 11.—It is estimated that two million dollars will cover the entire loss of the Philadelphia insurance companies in the Boston fire, and those are mostly the strongest companies, with surpluses more than sufficient to cover the loss.

NEW YORK, 11.—It is stated that the only insurance companies here that have suspended are the International, Relief, Corn Exchange, and Humboldt. The following additional companies announce losses: Alps, 34,000; Home, Columbus, Ohio, \$35,000; Gebhardt, 2,250; National, Hartford, 475,000; Standard, 300,000; United States, 5,000; Market, 60,000; Mechanics' and Traders', 25,000; Pacific, 15,000; People's, 5,000; Relief, 50,000; Royal Liverpool and London, 250,000. The German American has risks to the amount of 152,000.

ST. LOUIS.—At a meeting of the citizens in the Chamber of Commerce, to-day, resolutions of sympathy for Boston were passed, and material assistance proffered if necessary.

SAN FRANCISCO, 12.—The trusty Riley will be prosecuted for robbery and assisting the Brothertons to escape.

BOSTON, 12.—The streets are now perfectly quiet. Two hundred and fifty mounted soldiers are patrolling the streets, and no one not having official authority from the commandant, is permitted to pass the lines. One man, who attempted to enter a store on Winter St., and refused to leave after being repeatedly ordered away, and then attempted to run, was shot by one of the guards and severely wounded. Arrangements for keeping the fire under are now perfect, and unless some villainy or some change in the weather occurs to cause another outbreak in some unexpected quarter, it is probable that there will be no more serious damage to life or property. At points where persons are known to have been buried, the ruins are being cooled with water, preparatory to digging out the corpses of the victims. On the south side of Washington St., where the spread of the fire has been most dreaded, the hose are extended in readiness for an emergency. Immense piles of coal, at Russia wharf, about five hundred tons, are still on fire, and will probably burn several days. The city authorities have granted to dry goods merchants the privilege of using the Common, as a repository for such of their property as was saved, and to erect shanties and other structures for temporary use. It is rumored that last night a man attempted to set fire to the gas house, near Charleston bridge, and he was seized by the infuriated crowd and hanged to a lamp post. Three men were buried in the ruins of a falling wall on Washington St., leaving their heads visible. A few of the crowd attempted to rescue them, but they were unsuccessful, and in a few minutes the remaining portion of the wall fell and buried them out of sight. Six men were arrested this morning in the north part of the city, a mile or two from the burned district, they having been caught in the act of firing buildings.

NEW YORK, 12.—The *World* says the great losses in leather and wool, caused by the Boston fire, will affect the industry of which they are the raw materials but very slightly, and the derangement will be but very temporary. Few of our wool or leather merchants are directly affected by the destruction in the sister city, and most of those that are will be abundantly able to meet their losses.

PHILADELPHIA, 12.—The following is the statement of the actual losses of the Philadelphia companies by the Boston fire—

North American, \$100,000; Union and National, 34,000; Delaware Mutual, 400,000; Fame, 20,000; Franklin, 500,000; Girard, 5,005; Pennsylvania, 300,000; State of Pennsylvania, 100,000; American, 300,000.

BOSTON, 12.—Ten thousand working girls are said to be thrown out of employment. Their needs are urgent.