

the *Times-Herald*. The funeral will probably occur from the late residence, 184 Pine street, Chicago, on Thursday or Friday.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., April 15.—Rev. J. M. Jessup, an aged Primitive Baptist preacher, has met his death in a horrible manner at Sandy Ridge, Ala. While he was delivering a sermon he suddenly fell to the floor in spasms and died with the congregation about him. He had taken a lot of strychnine which he carried in his pocket on bread crumbs to poison English sparrows that infested his yard. He was also in the habit of carrying sugar in his pocket to clear his throat for his sermon. He took the strychnine by mistake.

PARIS, April 15.—The *Figaro* prints a rumor that Dr. Nansen, the Arctic explorer, has found the north pole, and that it is situated on a chain of mountains. It is also said that Dr. Nansen planted the Norwegian flag there. The story is regarded as untrue.

NEW YORK, April 15.—Congressional Delegate, Frank J. Cannon, of Utah, is at the Plaza Hotel. His father, George Q. Cannon, is one of the leading Mormons of Utah.

Asked if he thought the Constitutional Convention would give suffrage to the women he said:

"I cannot tell. The last reports show that the Convention is not so favorable to woman suffrage."

"Do you expect that admission to statehood will benefit Utah to any great extent?"

"I believe that when Utah becomes a full-fledged state a great impetus will be given to our industries. I think, however, that it will be a healthy, normal advancement, and result in great industrial good to our State. We have, to begin with, a population of 300,000, and we are able to take care of over a million people. I should say that a million or more people could easily support themselves in Utah."

HAVANA, April 15.—Maceo is captured and Cuen's last hope is gone. Crombel has been killed. Without these two leaders all is chaos in the insurgent ranks and liberty's most ardent friends admit that the Cuban cause is lost. The Spanish authorities are posting bulletins, and the loyalists in Havana are celebrating the ending of the revolution. Without Crombel and Maceo there can be no real war. On Saturday the Cuban army and the Spanish soldiers met at Pinar del Rio. The rebel forces numbered 2,000 men while that of the Spaniards 3,000. A desperate battle followed and, according to official report, lasted two hours. At the end of that time the rebels retreated and were pursued by the Spanish troops and Maceo captured. His secretary was also taken and all the personal and private papers of General Maceo were confiscated. The battle was a hard fought one and the insurgents battled desperately against odds. The Spanish soldiers resisted with remarkable courage throughout the battle. In the battle in a hand-to-hand conflict a number of Cuban officers, one of whom was a colonel, were killed.

NEWPORT, R. I., April 15.—Captain John Water, mayor of Newport, died last night after an illness of six weeks.

GREENFIELD, Mass., April 15.—Ex-Judge David Aiken, aged 95, died here

last night after a week's sickness of pneumonia.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., April 15.—Col. Colwert J. Pier, one of the best known war veterans in Wisconsin, died suddenly last evening of heart failure. Col. Pier was the son of Edward Pier, the first white settler at the location of Fraudulac. Colonel Pier was the first volunteer in the rebellion from Fraudulac, and took a conspicuous part in the battle of the Wilderness with General Grant, where he won a promotion to lieutenant, afterwards being detailed in court martial duty at Washington, D. C., where he was mustered out in 1865.

WINNEPEG, Man., April 15.—Archbishop Langevin, the Roman Catholic head in western Canada, caused a sensation here during a sermon in St. Mary's church last night when he announced that hereafter all so-called adherents who did not follow the teachings of the church in the matter of education could not be regarded as members of the Roman Catholic church. This has an important bearing on the Manitoba school question, and means the excommunication of certain Catholics who have taken a stand against the church and with the Manitoba government in their determined fight for national schools. It is reported that a special encyclical from Rome has been received by the Manitoba bishops on the school question, hence the announcement by Archbishop Langevin.

VICTORIA, B. C., April 15.—Word has been received from Nelson that Captain Fitz-tubbs and his posse arrived at the scene of the trouble between the reclamation company's employees and the Kootenai Indians, only to find that the rebels had, as anticipated, withdrawn to the American side, where their tribespeople and sympathizers are encamped on Goat river. They have miniature forts, though they well know the Canadian officers cannot molest them while they remain under the Stars and Stripes. They say they will return day by day or rather night by night and one by one pick off their enemies. It is the adoption of this method of warfare that the white residents most fear. The government will do what it can to preserve peace and order by maintaining an armed force on the scene.

WASHINGTON, April 15.—In the United States court today Judge Shaw altered enforced Slegel, Cooper & Co. from making return to the internal revenue collector under the provisions of the income tax law. The restraining order was granted on a bill which attacks the law and under the order the government was compelled to take part in the proceedings to defend the operations of the law.

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 15.—Copies of petitions asking rehearing of income tax question were handed around to members of the United States Supreme court today. There were no proceedings in open court.

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 15.—A letter has been received here from Justice Jackson, saying that he will not be able to come to Washington this term. This makes the question that a rehearing of the income tax case, if ordered, cannot be heard before next October.

BERLIN, April 15.—The *Frankfurt Zeitung* takes "on good authority" that King Oscar of Sweden and Norway takes a pessimistic view of the political situation of his kingdom. He fears that the troubles will develop into a dangerous conflict. If it comes to an open breach, the king will probably abdicate rather than undertake the responsibilities of an armed struggle. The crown prince would then ascend the throne, entertaining no friendly feeling towards Norway, and would certainly not yield to the Norwegian demand. The Swedish staff assert the military occupation of Norway would be easy. Christiania and Trondheim would be seized in turn. It is admitted, however, that the real difficulty would begin after the occupation of the country.

WASHINGTON, April 15.—The case of the Last Chance Mining company vs the Tyler Mining company, involving property in Idaho, was decided by the United States Supreme Court today. The case came to this court from the United States circuit court of appeals for the Ninth circuit on a motion for a writ of certiorari made by the Last Chance company. The decision of the court of appeals was in the interest of the Tyler company. The decision of the Supreme Court reversed today reverses the decision, and is in the interest of the Last Chance company.

The opinion was handed down by Judge Brewer. The Supreme Court opinion does not go into the merits of the more important questions presented in the case, except to point them out, but is confined to the more mechanical point of the validity of the judgment rendered by the Idaho district court before which the case was first brought.

The district court passed only upon the question of priority of location, and its decision was favorable to the Last Chance company. The case was appealed to the United States circuit court, which held that the judgment in the district court had been improperly adjudged in evidence, and reversed the district court. It is upon this point that today's decision turns. The Supreme Court overrules this, and holds that the district court's decision was based upon sound principles, hence the case is remanded with instructions to grant a new trial.

One of the important questions involved, which will probably be brought out in the new trial which has been ordered, and which may ultimately bring the case to the Supreme Court again, is whether the owner of a mineral vein has a right to follow the vein outside the boundaries of the claim extending downward when it enters an end line and passes out at a side line. Justice Brewer said this was apparently a question not covered by statute, and that it has never been passed upon by the court.

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 16.—Mrs. John W. Foster, wife of the ex-secretary of state, today received a dispatch from her husband, the confidential adviser to the Chinese peace envoy, confirming the report that the articles of peace had been signed between China and Japan. The cablegram said that the peace agreement was signed yesterday and that Foster will be home on June 1.

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 16.—