

city, to establish a new democratic organization for purposes of harmonizing the democratic factions in the State on issues other than merely local ones. Whether the movement was started in the interest of Tilden for the presidency or of an opposing faction cannot be stated at present, but it is claimed to be the exclusive purpose of the organization to cement the democratic party. Several meetings have been held. One took place at St. James' Hotel, last night. The meetings have been kept strictly private, but it was learned that a constitution had been adopted and a committee appointed to nominate officers to be elected at the next meeting, April the 20th. The name of the association is "The Democratic Union of the City of New York." The constitution states the object of the Union shall be to accomplish a permanent and effective union of the democrats to advance, in the city, State, and nation, the time-honored principles of the democratic party. To revive in the hearts of the American people that devoted love for the Union and constitution which distinguished our fathers."

Correspondence has been carried on with the democrats in other cities in the States, and unions are being organized in other places. About 50 members were present last night.

MEMPHIS, 15.—During the progress of a heavy rain storm last night, lightning struck the large ice house of Bohlenhuse & Co., in the southern portion of the city, which was completely consumed.

WOONSOCET, R. I., 15.—Mons. Lavelle, aged 22, started in a walking match yesterday. He soon became ill and died in a few hours.

GALVESTON, 15.—The *News*' special says: A fire occurred at Cuero, Texas, on Sunday, destroying almost the entire business portion of the town; loss \$40,000; little insurance.

ST. LOUIS, 15.—The *Globe-Democrat*, Collinsville, Ill., special says: A terrific cyclone from the northwest, struck the town at a quarter to three o'clock yesterday afternoon, and taking a zigzag, with a general direction almost due east, tore through the place demolishing ten buildings, ruining about thirty others, and damaging more or less some 75 residences and business houses. A slight rain preceded the storm, and nearly everybody was indoors when the cyclone struck, but notwithstanding ten houses were leveled with the ground only one person was killed. A little girl was killed by a falling house and four persons seriously injured. The damage to property will probably exceed \$50,000.

LEON CHOTTEAU, representing the French government, yesterday made an address to the Merchants' Exchange urging a reciprocity of trade between France and the United States. Resolutions looking to that end were adopted.

YANKTON, 15.—The first case against Indian agent Livingston fell to the ground through the evidence of an Indian, who testified that the alleged forged voucher with his name was correct, he having signed it.

TOPEKA, Kan., 15.—Reports to the Commonwealth from the heaviest wheat-producing counties in the state, say fine rains have fallen within a few days, and the wheat crop, both spring and fall, is fully assured. Farmers are all jubilant over the prospects for a great yield. Corn is being planted rapidly and the acreage will be large.

SAN FRANCISCO, 15.—The revenue cutter *Oliver Wolcott* arrived at Port Townsend from Sitka and the mail steamer *California* at Victoria. Nothing of importance has occurred at Sitka since the departure of the *Osprey*.

It is now supposed that Josiah Bacon was murdered by Dr. S. P. Chalfant, dentist. There had been some ill-feeling between the parties on account of Chalfant refusing to pay royalty to the Vulcanite company, of which Bacon was agent. His appearance corresponds with the description of the man who called at the Baldwin Hotel in search of Bacon, since which he has not been seen in places frequented by him and it is believed by his friends that having shot Bacon in a moment of anger, he has committed suicide.

FOREIGN.

LONDON, 14.—The *Times*, in a leading editorial, deprecates resorting to the Sultan to punish the Khedive of Egypt. "Can any one,"

it says, "seriously maintain that we should reverse our policy so as to readmit into Egypt the controlling power of the Sultan with all its evils. Every motive of the policy is against it. The Egyptian problem should be solved by the western powers without oriental aid. It is not inseparable. The first difficulty is surmounted when we understand that we are to have the handling of it ourselves. The second, when we understand that it must be sold irrespective of the speculations of the Bourse."

A Lahore dispatch says: Bad feeling is growing against the British amongst all the tribes interested in the Khyber Pass. They complain that the British are acting as though they intended to keep the pass in spying out the hill fastnesses.

MADRID, 14.—Two bombs were thrown into the Church of San Antonio, at Seville, with the object, it is supposed, of creating a panic and stealing the valuable sacramental plate belonging to the church. Several persons were injured by the explosion.

ST. PETERSBURG, 14.—While the Czar was taking his morning walk early to-day, near the Palace, four shots were fired at him. The Czar was unhurt. The man who fired the shots was arrested by a crowd which the firing attracted. The city is now being decorated in thankfulness for the Czar's escape.

PANAMA, 5.—The Chilean forces have occupied Cobiga and Calama as reprisals for the confiscation of the property of Chileans in the interior of Bolivia. Calama is a strong strategic point on the river Loa, about 60 miles north of Caracolis. A small detachment of Bolivian troops made a slight resistance.

A ministerial crisis is announced in Chili.

The *Star and Herald* says: It is proposed to issue \$10,000,000 of paper money of the same character as the greenback issue of the United States, and apprehend therefrom evil to the commerce of Chili.

President Prado has called an extraordinary session of the Peruvian congress for the 24th of April, when Peru's attitude towards the contending parties will be determined.

Great enthusiasm is manifested in Bolivia. The troops in the interior are marching to the coast, but it will be ten days or more before they can reach the seat of war. General Juan Antonio Pzet, former president of Peru, is dead.

On the night of the 17th of March a very strong shock of earthquake was felt in Alajulala, Costa Rica, but no serious damage was done.

ST. PETERSBURG, 15.—The would-be assassin of the Czar is now undergoing an examination. The full official account of the affair says: Towards 8 o'clock yesterday morning, as the Emperor was taking his customary walk, a respectably-dressed man, wearing a military cap with a cockade, advanced toward him and, as the Emperor approached nearer, drew a revolver from the pocket of his overcoat and fired four shots at him. The assassin, before submitting to his captors, fired another shot, slightly wounding a person in the crowd. The great throng which had assembled enthusiastically cheered and congratulated the Emperor, who thanked them for their proofs of fidelity on such a painful occasion, and said he knew he had the support of all respectable people. He hoped God would grant that he might complete his task, which consisted in promoting the welfare of Russia. The Emperor, after the foregoing speech, drove to the palace without an escort. Afterwards he drove without an escort to Kasan Cathedral to return thanks for the preservation of his life.

When receiving the congratulations of the officials of the empire, at noon, the Czar was so much overcome by his enthusiastic reception as to be unable to speak for some minutes. On recovering from his emotion he said, "This is the third time God has saved me."

It is supposed the Emperor's assailant took poison before his attempt, as he vomited after his arrest. Poison was also found under his finger nail. Antidotes were administered. It is thought the man was an employee of the ministry of finance, and an agent of the *International*. The Sultan and all European sovereigns telegraphed congratulations.

The Emperor's assailant gives the name of Skolof. He is a retired functionary of the ministry of finance, and is about 30 years old. He fired at the Emperor within

two paces. After the first shot the Emperor approached Skolof, who fired again and ran. The various accounts given as to the exact number of shots fired are conflicting.

An officer of the gendarmerie, with a drawn sword, pursued Skolof. Three more men joined in the pursuit. Skolof fired at them shattering the jaw of a detective. Finally a gentleman knocked Skolof down and held him until he was secured by the officers.

One thousand one hundred and forty revolutionists have been arrested in Russia within the last fortnight.

LONDON, 25.—A dispatch from Saped Serg, Gundamak, on the route from Jallalabad to Cabul, says Gen. Browne has advanced to this place with two brigades.

In the letter of General Garibaldi in favor of universal suffrage, and convoking a meeting of the republicans for the 21st inst., to take measures for the agitation of the subject, he says he considers it the duty of the republican party to rally all its forces in the field of legal action to secure progressively that liberty which is their undoubted right, but which now depends on the whim of the minister or programme of the ministry. Universal suffrage is the basis of reform. The people to whom it is denied were considered capable of founding Italy with their arms. Even the presence of the clericals in parliament would be desirable if it would dispel the languor which now renders it impotent.

Many of the striking miners are emigrating to the United States and colonies.

CONSTANTINOPLE, 15.—The Sultan has taken no resolution respecting the Khedive, nor is he expected to do so until he has heard the explanation brought by Talat Pasha, the Khedive's special envoy.

ROME, 15.—Gen. Garibaldi has published an energetic letter in favor of universal suffrage, and called a meeting of republicans for the 21st inst., to take measures for the agitation of the question.

NOTICE

I hereby given that I have entered the SW 1/4 Sec. 10 and N 1/2 SW 1/4 Sec. 15, and E 1/2 SE 1/4 Sec. 9, and E 1/2 NE 1/4 Sec. 16, Township 25, South of Range 3 West, for townsite of Monroe, Sevier Co., U. T., and all persons claiming to own lots or parcels of land in said townsite, are required to file their declaratory statements therewith, with the Probate Clerk within six months from date hereof as provided by law.

GEO. W. BEAN, Probate Judge, Richfield, Sevier Co., March 7th, 1879. w3m

NOTICE

I hereby given that I have entered the SW 1/4 Sec. 10 and SW 1/4 Sec. 26, and NW 1/4 and NE 1/4 of SW 1/4 and W 1/2, NE 1/4 Sec. 35, Township 25, South of Range 2 West, for townsite of Glenwood, Sevier County, U. T., and all persons claiming to own lots or parcels of land in said townsite are required to file their declaratory statements therewith, with the Probate Clerk, within six months from date hereof, as provided by law.

GEO. W. BEAN, Probate Judge, Richfield, Sevier County, March 7, 1879. w3m

NOTICE.

In the Probate Court in and for the County of Iron, Territory of Utah.

MARY JAMISON, Plaintiff, }
against } In Divorce.
JAMES JAMISON, Defendant.

The People of the Territory of Utah, to James Jamison, defendant, Greeting:

You are hereby summoned to appear in an action brought against you by the above named Mary Jamison, plaintiff, in the Probate Court in and for the County of Salt Lake, and Territory of Utah, and answer the complaint filed therein, within ten days (exclusive of the day of service) after the service on you of this Summons—if served within this County, and if not within this County but within the Third Judicial District of the Territory of Utah within twenty days; otherwise within forty days. This action is brought to obtain a decree from this court dissolving the marriage contract existing between this plaintiff and you, and if you fail to appear or answer as by law provided, the plaintiff will apply to this court for the relief prayed for in her said complaint and cost of suit.

In witness whereof, I hereunto set my hand and seal of said Court, in Salt Lake City, this 1st day of April, A.D. 1879.

D. BOCKHOLT,
Clerk Probate Court, Salt Lake County, U. T.

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CATARRH

A PHYSICIAN'S TESTIMONY.

30 Years a Physician. 12 Years a Sufferer. Tried Regular Remedies. Tried Patent Medicines. Permanently cured by

SANFORD'S RADICAL CURE.

MESSRS. WEEKS & POTTER.—Sirs: I have practiced medicine for thirty years, and have been a sufferer myself for twelve years with Catarrh in the nasal passages, fauces and larynx. I have used everything in the *materia medica* without any permanent relief, until finally I was induced to try a patent medicine (something that all physicians are very loath to do). I tried—and divers others until I got hold of yours. I followed the directions to the letter, and am happy to say have had a permanent cure. Your RADICAL CURE is certainly a happy combination for the cure of that most unpleasant and dangerous of diseases.

Yours, respectfully,
D. W. GRAY, M. D.,
Of Dr. D. W. Gray & Son, Physicians and Druggists, Muscatine, Iowa.

MUSCATINE, IOWA, March 27, 1877.

The value of this remedy must not be overlooked in the cure of those

SYMPATHETIC DISEASES,

Affections of the Eye, Ear, Throat, Lungs and Bronchial Tubes which in many cases accompany a severe case of Catarrh. The inflamed and diseased condition of the mucous membrane is the cause of all these troubles; and until the system has been brought properly under the influence of the RADICAL CURE, perfect freedom from them cannot be reasonably expected.

It is but three years since SANFORD'S RADICAL CURE was placed before the public, but in that short time it has found its way from Maine to California, and is everywhere acknowledged by druggists and physicians to be the most successful preparation for the thorough treatment of Catarrh ever compounded. The fact will be deemed of more importance when it is coupled with the statement that within five years over 250 different remedies for Catarrh have been placed on sale, and to-day, with one or two exceptions, their names cannot be recalled by the best-informed druggist. Advertising may succeed in forcing a few sales, but unless the remedy possess undoubted specific medical properties, it is absolutely certain to fall into merited obscurity.

Each package of SANFORD'S RADICAL CURE contains Dr. Sanford's Improved Inhalant Tube, with full directions for its use in all cases. Price \$1.00. Sold by all wholesale and retail druggists and dealers throughout the United States and Canada. WEEKS & POTTER, General Agents and Wholesale Druggists, Boston, Mass.

COLLINS' VOLTAIC PLASTER

IS SIMPLY WONDERFUL.

KINGSTON, MINN., April 20, 1877.
I consider COLLINS' VOLTAIC PLASTER the best plaster I ever saw, and am recommending them to all.

C. McMonrow,
HUME, ILL., April 18, 1877.
It has done my boy more good than all other medicines. He now goes to school, for the first time in three years.

ELIZA JANE DUFFIELD,
EMMA, ILL., April 2, 1877.
I like the one I got well. They are the best plasters, no doubt, in the world. S. L. McGILL.

ASH GROVE, MO., March 22, 1877.
Accept my thanks for the good derived from the two COLLINS' PLASTERS sent me some time ago. W. C. MOONZ.

COLLINS' VOLTAIC PLASTER

for local pains, lameness, soreness, weakness, numbness, and inflammation of the eye, liver, kidneys, spleen, bowels, bladder, heart, and muscles, is equal to an army of doctors and acres of plants and shrubs.

Price, 25 cents.

Sold by all Wholesale and Retail Druggists throughout the United States and Canada, and by WEEKS & POTTER, Proprietors, Boston, Mass.