

WASHINGTON.

The Suspended Infamy — What Amount Tucker Actually Got — The Snow Arguments — Halley's Little Bill — An Increase in the Penitentiary Appropriation — Personal Mention.

There is much that might be written; and ordinarily it would be of more than general importance. But, coming sandwiched between that of surpassing interest which transpired in the House a few days ago, and the equally interesting proceedings which are likely to take place in the Senate in the course of a few days, it is likely to prove rather uninteresting. It is not among the impossibilities that the infamous Tucker bill may again come before the House. If it should ever reach a position before that body where it could act upon it again, it might pass, but it would be so changed that scarcely a lineament would be recognized by those who are now so familiar with it. The nature of the bill is just coming to be known here, and I have my doubts if your people even are yet awake to all

ITS ATROCITIES.

It is a lamentable fact, but it is true, that members are now confessing that they did not know what the bill contained. Aroused by Tucker's howl regarding polygamy and the sanctity of the Christian home, and supposing it was aimed solely at the extinction of polygamy, they voted for it, and refused to allow it to be amended. But they now recognize that Tucker, a man who has heretofore been regarded as above party tricks and petty political dodges, is a charlatan among the rest, and that he is not above demagoguery even when it involves a sacrifice of the principles for which during a long and not uneventful career, he has vehemently contended. He is being roundly cursed and it is also a matter of repute that, as he is about to leave the turmoil of political life he has an eye on a justiceship—of the Supreme Court—or some other position that will give him a dependence for life. In the hope of riding into such a place on the breast of a howling prejudice, he has lent himself to the designs of adventurers and quacks, and has belied a life which, till now, has almost been above suspicion of trickery. The far-reaching

GRIED FOR PLAC

has overtaken him at last, and he will not be the first who, mid the deceptions of hope, has smiled as he rode into shameful oblivion. All the positions that are in the gift of this people cannot save from eternal shame, and execration the name of a traitor to his principles, his oath and the honorable record his life.

A special to the *Tribune* of your city stated that Tucker was highly gratified with the subscription the Loyal League, or "Baskin & Co.," had given for his speech. This is disgustingly pitiful. The subscription amounts to \$18 (eighteen dollars). A page in the House has carried a subscription list about endeavoring to get copies of his speech on polygamy taken by members. In twelve days, 10,000 have been subscribed for, and above those which Mr. Tucker and "Baskin & Co." take, but one member has subscribed for more than 300 (three hundred) copies. There is a general sentiment that Mr. Caine's is the speech of the session, and though an effort is made to have the idea prevail that Mr. Tucker fairly eclipsed himself, his speech on that occasion was a

RANTING FIASCO,

the grade of reason being oftentimes inferior to that of an itinerant street preacher. Mr. Caine's was the speech of the occasion. That is admitted on all hands, and while the *Tribune* special credits it to different parties, it might be interesting to give the remark of a prominent gentleman who heard the imputation that it was Boutwell's, Curtis and Chandler's—"It's a sight better speech on that subject than any of them could write."

So far the conference committee on the Edmunds-Tucker bill has held no meeting. Mr. Collins, one of the members, was for several days confined to his room with inflammatory rheumatism, so nothing could be done. Later, he has been in his seat, but so far as learned, no date has yet been set for a meeting.

There has been some talk of "honest" John Halley's bill, or the substance of it, being attached to the Tucker bill, and it is intimated that Halley is working to that end. It may be predicted with confidence that nothing of the kind will be attempted. To do so would kill the measure most effectually, for it could not again pass the House, and it is hardly probable any attempt in such a direction will receive serious consideration. It is simply talk.

MARSHAL DYER

has been here for several days. He and Governor West have applied to Delegate Caine to get a further appropriation for the new penitentiary in Utah, the \$50,000 limit having been found altogether insufficient for carrying out the plans adopted for the new structure. Messrs. Randall and Dibble were approached on the subject, and I am informed, agreed that an additional appropriation was desirable. If the matter can be got into proper shape, the presumption is that a further appropriation will be made for completing the new building. The argument in the Snow case began on Thursday afternoon, and

continued during the greater part of Friday. Mr. F. S. Richards, of Salt Lake City, opening the case and Mr. George Ticknor Curtis closing it. The greatest of attention was shown and Assistant United States Attorney General Manry was, for a second time in the history of Mormon cases, wholly unable to answer the questions put to him by the court. The interruptions were frequent and showed a manifest disposition on the part of the court to adopt the views of Mr. Snow's counsel. Governor West was present during a considerable part of Friday.

THE GOVERNOR

continues in Washington and the only inference that can be drawn is that he is striving to get through the Senate the measure towards pushing which through the House under a gag rule he contributed so largely by reason of his influence over certain influential members.

The omnibus bill for the admission of Idaho, Montana and Washington Territories as States, has been considered by the House Committee on Territories, and received favorable consideration. The majority, in their report, however, cannot leave the question of polygamy out. It does look as though your question was a species of infectious rabies to the average congressman; for it sets them all barking. Here is what the committee say:

Sec. 52. That the constitutional conventions of said Territories shall incorporate in the proposed constitution the

FOLLOWING PROVISIONS:

"Sec. 1. The marriage relations by contract or in fact, between one person of either sex and more than one person of the other sex, shall be deemed polygamy. Neither polygamy nor any polygamous association or cohabitation between the sexes shall exist or be lawful in any place within the jurisdiction of this State.

Sec. 2. The legislature of the State shall not make or enforce any law which shall allow polygamy or any polygamous association or cohabitation between the sexes, but shall prohibit the same by law within the jurisdiction of the State, and declare by law the punishment therefor."

To this Hon. W. D. Hill, chairman of the committee which reported the above as part of the conditions of admission, made a dissenting report, which is here given:

"I dissent from the majority of the committee in requiring any religious test whatever in the formation of a constitution for a State of the Union, or in imposing any conditions whatever, except that said State constitution shall be

REPUBLICAN IN FORM

and conform to the provisions of the Constitution of the United States. I believe the people should be left entirely free to form a constitution and submit the same to Congress for approval, when all questions of that character could be considered. Neither do I believe Congress has any right to instruct a State Legislature what laws they shall pass or shall not pass.—W. D. Hill."

I understand there is talk of C. W. Bennett returning to Utah about Feb. 10th. Does he expect to carry back a copy of the new law and have a guarantee in his pocket from the Governor who misrepresents the people for a fat office under the proposed new regime?

Reed Smoot, of Provo, spent a couple of days here this week. F. S. Richards expects to start for Salt Lake to-morrow night or Tuesday morning. I see he has a sterling interview in the New York *Herald* of this morning, in which he discusses the Tucker bill in no mincing terms. It should be read.

WALTON WOLD.

CORRESPONDENCE.

AT WORK IN IOWA.

RIGGS, Iowa, Jan. 31, 1887.

Editor Deseret News:

I left my home in Utah August 16th last, to visit friends at my former home in Minnesota; also to sell it, obtain genealogies and do some missionary work on the same trip.

I have looked over some of the old fields of labor of our Elders, where I believe they have banded up the testimony and sealed up the law against this generation, in a land of plenty, where they could scarcely get a mouthful to eat or a place to lay their heads in the name of a Mormon Elder, but as a tramp they might. Among these wicked people are some honest-hearted ones whom our Elders have not reached, famishing for the bread of life. In the churches they see very little good and where to look for truth they do not know; and how to reach such people is a great question. It takes time and many have to be taught like children, but would receive the Gospel. What the Lord in His mercy and justice will do with such, He alone knoweth. My heart bleeds for these when I meet them; and I can only remember them in my prayers to Him who doeth all things well.

During my stay and travels in Minnesota, Wisconsin, Illinois and Iowa, I have embraced every opportunity where I could with propriety, to advance our principles.

Hoping soon to be with the Saints again, I remain your fellow-laborer in this mighty Latter-day work,

Geo. W. Riggs.

OAKLEY OCCURRENCES.

OAKLEY, February 1, 1887.

Editor Deseret News:

The people of Goose Creek are very busy waiting for spring. So far we have had a very mild winter, but at present there is in progress a very promising snow storm which will be succeeded by an abundance of wind to carry it into very needful deposits. There is one feature of our country that I have never mentioned in my communications and which some may style a feature of our climate—that is, wind. For good, steady, strong, regular breezes, we beat the world. An hour before daylight it commences, gradually increases and sometimes it lulls before night, sometimes it doesn't. We have had a few days of it lately. It didn't commence in the morning nor quit at night, and where it all came from or went to, none can imagine.

The recreations during the season have been plentiful, but the inevitable dance is decidedly taking a back seat. We have an excellent dramatic troupe, under the management of Mr. Chas. Bagley, that has given several performances in a very creditable manner. There is also a nice little company in the Little Basin that on Saturday evening last performed the "Irish Post" and "To Oblige Beason" in excellent style.

Your readers well remember an account of a murder being committed in the Buckskin Mountains sometime last summer, the victims being an old lady and gentleman, their remains being discovered by the coyotes having dug them up. Well, the perpetrators, a negro and a man by the name of Wilson, arrived in this part of the country last fall, the latter accompanied by a young girl, said to be the adopted daughter of the old couple, and yesterday two officers dropped in on us and arrested Wilson and the girl and start this morning for their return to Arizona.

The weather has been very trying to the health and considerable sickness has ensued. W. A. Critchfield, formerly of Tooele, very greatly esteemed as a good man, died last week of pneumonia, and several others have been afflicted.

Everything but the politician is dull, but the prospects for better times in the spring are numerous.

SNOOKS.

A RAID ON KANOSH.

KANOSH, Millard Co.,

January 31, 1887.

Editor Deseret News:

Just before daylight this morning our town was visited by four deputy marshals, namely, McGarry, Armstrong, Hutchins and Moore. They appeared very anxious to interview several of our citizens, upon important business, for which purpose they divided their force and two visited each of the houses of Bishop A. A. Kimball, and knocking for admission they were told to wait until the family could robe themselves to receive the unusual early callers. Upon admission they found the Bishop where he has spent most of his time for the past two years—in bed sick. They proceeded to read a warrant summoning him to appear before a commissioner at Beaver on the 2nd of February to answer to a charge of unlawful cohabitation with his wives, but the request was politely declined without thanks, the Bishop informing his callers that he had been aware of their intended visit for a week previous, and had been able to travel he would probably have visited his friends to avoid their acquaintance. They offered to provide a comfortable conveyance and allow him three days to make the fifty miles, but he still declined the venture, and threw upon them the responsibility of probably taking a dead man into court. They did not like the proposition, and made hurried visits to the families of Baldwin H. Watts, making anxious inquiries for him, but Baldy declined the interview, being rather choice in the company he keeps. They next hastened to the residence of Aaron Reppeley, but Simon had urgent business in another direction and could not be seen; they searched the house carefully, seeming to imagine that the elasticity of Amon had folded itself into a three-foot trunk of his aged mother-in-law, from which the old lady would have been as much surprised to have seen him emerge as a Salt Lake audience was at the departure of Herrmann's vanishing lady. The gentlemen seemed fresh and imaginative at the business; one conceived the idea that Watts had gone through a tack hole and ensconced himself on the top of the factory ceiling, at which the poked with a big stick, or rather formidable magic wand which he carried. They next visited the house of Sister Ellen Woodward; here they were more fortunate in finding the lady—also sick in bed, but they subpoenaed several persons to appear before the Court at Provo on the 22nd of February; later they returned to the Bishop and withdrew the former summons to appear at Beaver and changed the location to Provo for the 22nd, declining the responsibility of hauling him off. They were content to subpoena several members of his family, as also several members of Watts' family to appear at the same time and place; in all about 15 or 16 witnesses are invited to Provo on the 22nd of February.

I wish to say that the conduct of the marshals was unobtrusive and pleasant as could be in the performance of what appeared to them even an unhonored duty.

BRD.

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Yes; utterly "impossible" when all malarial poisons are driven out of the system, leaving the Blood New, Rich, and Pure. No place for eruptions, rashes, or Rheumatism, when all Blood taint has been eradicated by the use of

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all diseases of the Blood, Liver, and Kidneys. Use only the Best Medicine.

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J. J. Atkin, Chief of Police, Knoxville, Tenn., writes: "My family and I are beneficiaries of your most excellent medicine, Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption; having found it to be all that you claim for it, desire to testify to its virtue. My friends to whom I have recommended it, praise it at every opportunity." Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption is guaranteed to cure Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Asthma, Croup and every affection of Throat, Chest and Lungs. Trial Bottles Free at Z. C. M. I. Drug Store. Large Size \$1.00.

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will find great relief from constipation, headache and nervousness, by taking Simmons' Liver Regulator. It is a simple, harmless, vegetable compound, sure to relieve you. Persons of sedentary habits often suffer with kidney affections. If they would maintain the strength of the digestive organs and improve the quality of the blood by taking the Regulator, it would restore the kidneys to health and vigor.

Malaria.

Darby's Prophylactic Fluid is held in wide esteem as a specific and preventive. In it we have the means of rendering the air and water wholesome.

"Darby's Fluid is a good defecator and destroyer of miasmatic matter.—J. C. Booth, Chemist, U. S. Mint, Phila."

"It should be used everywhere where impure gases are generated from decomposing matter."—HOLMES STREET, M. D., Savannah, Ga.

Cocaine, Iodoform or Mercurial in any form in the treatment of catarrh or hay fever should be avoided, as they are both injurious and dangerous. Iodoform is easily detected by its offensive odor. The only reliable catarrh remedy on the market to day is Ely's Cream Balm, being free from all poisonous drugs. It has cured thousands of acute and chronic cases, where all other remedies have failed. A particle is applied into each nostril; no pain, agreeable to use; Price cents of druggists.

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You are feeling depressed, your appetite is poor, you are bothered with Headache, you are fidgety, nervous, and generally out of sorts, and want to brace up. Brace up, but not with stimulants, spring medicines, or bitters, which have for their basis very cheap, bad whisky, and which stimulate you for an hour, and then leave you in worse condition than before. What you want is an agent that will purify your blood, start healthy action of Liver and Kidneys, restore your vitality, and give renewed health and strength. Such a medicine you will find in Electric Bitters, and only 50 cents a bottle at Z. C. M. I. Drug Store.

CONSUMPTION.

I have a positive remedy for the above disease; by its use thousands of cases of the worst kind and of long standing have been cured. Indeed, so strong is my faith in its efficacy, that I will send TWO BOTTLES FREE, together with a VALUABLE TRATISK on this disease, to any sufferer. Give Express and P. O. address.

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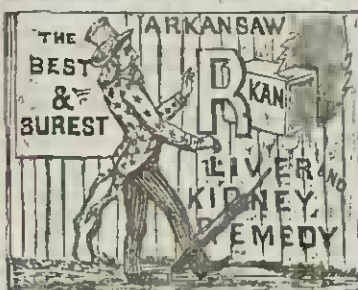
One old roan HORSE, dim brand on left thigh, saddle and harness marked.

If said animal is not claimed and taken away within ten days, it will be sold to the highest responsible bidder at 10 a. m., February 15th, 1887, at the estray pound, Farmers' Precinct, Salt Lake County, Utah Territory.

ALMA PRATT.

Poundkeeper.

Farmers' Precinct, Feb. 5, 1887.



UNCLE Sam has found it at last! A sure remedy for Torpid Liver, Sick Headache, Habitual Constipation, Chills and Fever, and all affections of the Kidneys and Liver. This is a New Compound, and one trial will convince you that it is the Cheapest and Best Remedy in the Market for Diseases of Kidneys, Liver and Stomach. If you want a pure vegetable compound, that is positively guaranteed to contain no mercury, go to your Druggist, and get a Bottle of the Arkansaw Liver and Kidney Remedy. Price, \$1.00 per Bottle.

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