

# THE DESERET EVENING NEWS.

FIFTY-FIRST YEAR

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NUMBER 199.

## MRS. HILTON LOSES IN PARK WILL CASE

Judge Hall Decides That Her Alleged Marriage Was Not and Is Not Recognized By Utah Law.

The celebrated Armitage-Hilton Dr. Park will contest and marriage case is at an end so far as the district court is concerned. Judge Hall this afternoon decided that the alleged ceremony by which Miss Armitage claimed to have become Dr. Park's bride was not and is not recognized by the laws of Utah; and in fact that they never were husband and wife. The full text of the decision is as follows:

In the Third Judicial district court, (Division No. 1), State of Utah, County of Salt Lake. Annie F. A. Hilton v. Samuel W. Stewart, administrator; and Hilton vs. Roylance, and in re estate of John R. Park. Petition for family allowance.

The court, without discussing at length, from a careful consideration of all the evidence, finds and decides: That the plaintiff, and John R. Park, deceased, Daniel H. Wells, the president or High Priest, and all the witnesses were at the time members in full fellowship of the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints, at Salt Lake City.

That at the time of the alleged marriage the plaintiff and John R. Park were single; that they were friends of some years standing, but the friendship had not ripened into or been impressed by a courtship, a declaration of love and a reciprocity. At the time, the woman was in extremis, thought by those present and by herself to be in a state of immediate physical dissolution. The only thought of them all seemed to be the spiritual or future welfare of one passing from this into the next world. This exigency presented for consideration what might be within the rites and ceremonies of the church in such cases usually administered; that is, before dissolution, the woman be sealed to some good man. So believing, one of those watching and waiting at the bedside, suggested to the plaintiff that her future welfare might be provided, suggested to the plaintiff that the plaintiff could not survive, went through and took part in a religious ceremony known only to the aforesaid church and participated in only by its members. The certificate is as follows:

"John Rockey Park, born Tiffin, Seneca, Ohio, 7 May, 1833. Anne Flora Armitage, born Nottingham, London, 19 February, 1853.

The above parties were sealed by Pres. D. H. Wells in the presence of Emeline Free Young and at her residence in Salt Lake City, U. T., December 5, 1872. The lady being on her supposed deathbed.

"DANIEL H. WELLS.

"Salt Lake City, U. T., December 5, 1872."

This certificate and the ceremony is characterized by the witnesses in so far as they would testify, as a religious function—a sealing, having a relation to things spiritual and not temporal; some sort of spiritual relation between the woman and the man to a marriage, and, as in this instance, practiced only in contemplation of immediate physical dissolution of the woman, and intended solely for her spiritual welfare in the next world, and without a reference to or the making of any change in the status of the man as to the things of this world—simply a consent to, and participation in a religious ceremony or function wherein the woman might reach an exaltation, a happiness, in the world to come which otherwise she might not attain.

Wherefore the court finds and decides that the aforesaid ceremony or alleged marriage is not, nor was it on the 5th day of December, 1872, a marriage known to or recognized by the laws of this commonwealth, and therefore plaintiff and John R. Park were never husband and wife. Findings, conclusions and a judgment are directed to be found and rendered herein in accordance with the foregoing.

WILLIAM C. HALL, Judge.

Dated July 11th, 1901.

## LIEUT. BROWN TRIED FOR MURDER

He is Charged With Killing a Filipino—Secretary Scherer and Governor Whitmarsh of Benguet Province Have a "Physical Encounter."

Manila, July 11.—The trial of Lieut. Brown, of the Second Infantry, charged with murdering near Binangonan, Infanta province, a native who was suspected of responsibility in the death of a soldier, began today. The soldier referred to was drowned while a detachment of the Second Infantry was swimming a river under fire. The lieutenant, at the time of the occurrence, questioned the native and the latter bolted, whereupon Brown shot him dead.

Capt. Francis H. Fremont, also of the

Second Infantry, is being tried for striking a soldier. The court has questioned that Capt. Wright, now in Washington, be ordered here to testify. As an outgrowth of the ill-feeling existing in some quarters, it developed recently that H. Phelps Whitmarsh, the governor of Benguet, (who has been ordered here to have charges against him investigated), had a physical encounter with Secy. Otto Scherer of that province, who disappears of the governor's administration United States Commissioner Scherer is true to the interests of the natives.

## STRIKE LEADERS ARE SENTENCED.

Officers of Iron Molders' Union of North America Fined and Sent to Prison for Disobeying Injunction Against Picketing.

York, Pa., July 11.—In the county court today Judge Stewart rendered his opinion in the contempt cases growing out of the Molders' strike here in which Geo. W. Test, corresponding representative of the Iron Molders' Union of North America; John P. Frey of Worcester, Mass., fourth vice president of the union, and Howard Wilmer

of the local union, were adjudged guilty of contempt of court, in violating the court's injunction restraining them from picketing and otherwise interfering with the York Manufacturing company. Test and Frey, the leaders of the strike, were sentenced to pay a fine of \$250 and costs, and undergo imprisonment for thirty days, and Wilmer was fined \$25, which he paid and was released. Test and Frey being unable to pay, were sent to jail.

Gov. Wood's Case Not Critical. Havana, July 11.—Gov. Wood passed a good night and is feeling well this morning. He has hardly any fever. His case is not critical and his physicians are confident of his recovery.

Washington, July 11.—Reports were current this morning that Gen. Wood, military governor of Cuba, had suffered a relapse and was much worse. That the report was unfounded is shown by a cable message received today by Acting Adj. Gen. Ward from Maj. Scott, adjutant general at Havana, as follows: "General's condition improving. He personally remarked to Maj. Laine that he had not felt so well in some time as today."

Francis B. Thurber Bankrupt. New York, July 11.—Francis B. Thurber, of this city, has filed a petition in bankruptcy with total liabilities of \$306,081, of which there is secured on nominal security \$126,814; unsecured \$179,267. The nominal assets are \$576,414.

## DEAD NUMBER TWENTY NOW.

Many More Victims of Chicago & Alton Collision May Die.

FIVE STILL UNIDENTIFIED.

Injured Are Resting Easily—Fate of Some Will Not Be Known For Twenty-four Hours Yet.

Kansas City, Mo., July 11.—Up to 10 o'clock this morning two more victims of yesterday's collision on the Chicago & Alton railway near Norton, Mo., had succumbed to their injuries, making a total dead of twenty. Mrs. J. D. Adsit, wife of Dr. Adsit of Hoopston, Ill., died at 5:30 this morning at St. Joseph's hospital, and Mrs. Hilda Hayslip of Chicago, died an hour later at University hospital.

Leslie F. Coleman of Pawpaw, Mich., Miss Lottie Stills of Hornellsville, N. Y., and Mrs. C. W. Snyder of Jasper, Ill., are in a very precarious condition and may die at any moment. Dr. Adsit, Prof. S. A. D. Harry of Hoopston, Ill., and E. C. Bray of Chicago, are still suffering intensely and their condition has not yet been definitely determined.

Most of the other injured are resting easily but in the case of half a dozen of the patients, the outcome may not be known for another 24 hours.

Five victims are unidentified. The first, supposed to be the daughter of Mrs. R. J. Curtis, of Geneseo, N. Y., who was killed, was about 20 years old. She had dark hair and brown eyes. The only article to aid identification was a sash marked "California."

The second is believed to be a Mr. Jones of Chicago, aged 45 or 50 years, sandy mustache, light hair, weighing 200 pounds.

The third is a woman about 60 years old who died at St. Joseph's hospital last night. She wore upper false teeth and had several moles on the neck and another on the hip.

The other two unidentified are men. The body of one is horribly mutilated, an arm and leg are missing and the shoulders and head are exposed. The victim had dark hair, blue eyes, gray mustache and was about 40 years old. He was dressed poorly.

The fourth is also a man of about 40. He had blue eyes and light red hair. The body was found in the wreckage of the Chicago & Alton in this city today it was stated that no additional bodies had been found in the wreck.

THE DEAD.

Daniel McAnna, Slater, Mo., conductor of freight train.

S. J. Anderson, Slater, Mo., engineer of freight train.

Frank Briggs, engineer of passenger train.

I. S. Rogers, Chicago, U. S. Express company messenger.

Daniel Donnelly, Mexico, Mo., fireman of freight train.

Mrs. Gilman, of Goodland, Ind.

D. W. Hooker, Syracuse, N. Y.

G. L. Roy, Wilmington, Ill., bank cashier.

Jones, supposed to be from Chicago, not well identified, 45 to 50 years old, sandy mustache, light gray eyes, light hair, weighed 190 to 200 pounds.

Mrs. J. Curtis, Geneseo, N. Y.

Young woman supposed to be daughter of Mrs. Curtis.

Mrs. Dickson, Wilmington, Ill., 67 years old.

Miss Lulu Rider, Kentland, Ill.

Mrs. Frances Walker, Brooklyn, N. Y.

Mrs. S. A. D. Harry, Hoopston, Ill.

Aged woman, unidentified.

Unknown man.

PATALLY INJURED.

Prof. S. A. D. Harry, Hoopston, Ill., hands badly scalded; artery in left arm broken.

Leslie F. Coleman, Pawpaw, Mich.; arms burned; face and head scalded.

These two are at St. Joseph's hospital. The train was making a fine splash when it struck the bridge. The most seriously injured are:

E. C. Bray, Chicago, shoe dealer, en route to Denver; neck sprained, head cut and internal injuries.

Not all of the other twenty-four patients in Kansas City hospitals are out of danger. Indeed, all of those scalded about the head are probably injured internally by inhaling steam, and the physicians and hospital attendants say that many of the cases are serious.

George S. Bosworth of San Francisco, who was conducting a party of Epworth leaders to San Francisco, says: "The train was making a fine splash and everybody was feeling pleasant and happy, when all of a sudden there was an awful crash and it seemed as though a tremendous fist had struck the train in the face. In an instant the air was filled with cries and screams; cars were smashed into splinters and seemed to vanish; several rolled down the huge embankment and disappeared entirely. In an instant that splendid train was reduced to a mere mass of debris, with human beings crawling, screaming or lying in mangled heaps on the ground. Fire immediately added its horror to the scene and above all the terrible clamor of our train were heard the almost human cries of the burning cattle of the freight train."

"The Mareselles French Opera company, on its way to San Francisco, comprising seventeen people, lost every bit of its scenery and baggage. None of the passengers escaped with more than his hand baggage, and were lucky to get away with that much."

Mrs. G. S. Dorsett, Miss Carrie M. Doggett, and Mrs. Ethel Newell Doggett, of Chicago, and Master Zach Butterworth of Davenport, Tenn., were on their way to Colorado. They succeeded in escaping with the clothes they had in the sleeper, but all their baggage was burned. They gave up their trip and expect to return to Chicago today.

Injured by Breaking Glass.

Kokomo, Ind., July 11.—Breaking glass at the plate glass works here late last night inflicted frightful injuries on five of the ten men who were carrying the sheet upright from the annealing oven to the grinding table. The injured are:

Herman Myer, Anthony McHale, August Gruce, William Abney and Peter Hryne.

The plate which measured 122 by 130 inches and weighed 3,200 pounds, broke and came showering down on the heads and shoulders of the workmen.

The victims' scalps were badly cut and the flesh was literally scraped from the bones of their shoulders and arms. All five will lose their arms, if not their lives.

## BINCHAM HAS A SENSATION.

An Ex-Convict Charges a Popular Miner With Arson.

TRIES TO BREAK UP FAMILY

Wanted to Institute Proceedings—County Attorney Refuses to Issue the Papers.

In 1889 a man was arrested at Ogden by Mr. Arthur Pratt, then deputy United States marshal, and Sheriff Belnap, the charge against him being train robbery. The deed was committed at Thompson Springs a few days before, when the Rio Grande Western train was stopped and the passengers robbed of their money and valuables. This man was Ed Dayton, alias McNeill, alias Fisher, and he was assisted in his work by a younger man named Joe Ney, who stood outside the train discharging his rifle into the cars while Dayton went through them. It had been their intention to blow up the express and mail cars, but fear of the early arrival of another train prevented them from doing so. Before being arrested Dayton held up a gambler at Ogden and shot in the leg a backman who attempted to follow him. On both these charges Dayton was convicted and sentenced to serve fifteen years in the penitentiary. Having been given the benefit of the copper act, he was released after serving about nine years and thereupon disappeared, although wanted for stage robbery in Arizona.

Dayton has turned up in Bingham as Wallace McNeill, head timberman of the Highland Boy mine. Little would have been thought of his former career, because he was moving in the best of Bingham society, had he not branched out in another line of very serious nature.

His complaint in an accusation of arson, alleged to have been committed in Bingham on March 26, 1898. McNeill, accompanied by Mrs. Burdette, appeared before the county attorney to institute proceedings for divorce between Mr. and Mrs. Burdette. The couple were married on July 8, 1897, the bride being but 17 years of age and the groom 25. The county attorney deemed the evidence insufficient to cause Burdette's arrest and now an effort is being made to keep Burdette and McNeill separate to prevent trouble of a very serious nature.

Speaking of Dayton, or McNeill, who served his term as Edward K. Fisher, Mr. Arthur Pratt said today: "Fisher was about as hard as I have ever seen. When arrested at Ogden he was taken from him a bank coin sack containing several giant powder caps, and he attempted to kick the bag against the office desk in order to explode them. He was absolutely reckless and dared nothing about being blown to pieces if he could only have had the officers with him at the time. The officers were at that time looking for their man down in the Robbers' Roost country, and two men were brought up from there whom the district attorney was about to indict for robbery, but when Sheriff Belnap and myself, accompanied by Ney, went down to Couthouse springs and unearthed some of the plunder and the man who was charged with the robbery, the case of opinion as to the guilty parties. A short time after the robbery Fisher and Ney came up on the train and rode in a seat immediately behind Deputy Marshal Roman Cannon, who had been at Thompson's in an endeavor to locate them. There were many officers out after the bandits because of the rewards offered for their capture, the railroad company offering \$1,000, and the government \$2,000. The case was then connected with the Rio Grande Western, promptly sent a check for \$1,000, but the government's \$2,000 never appeared because the conviction of Fisher was not had in a United States court."

"I now have a Winchester rifle and a small satchel which were given me by the men, and when I first received the latter from a clump of willows near the Oregon Short Line bridge at Ogden, I took away from me a bag of powder, two revolvers and two belts of cartridges. At the time he robbed that train Fisher was but 21 years old, making him now 32. He is certainly a desperate man, and capable of some high pranks."

DR. KING'S CRUSADE.

Will Order One Thousand Connections With Sewer System.

Dr. King is organizing a crusade against the defective system of sewage connections in Salt Lake City.

"What is the use of having an excellent gravity sewer and a good sewage system when it is not taken advantage of?" says the doctor.

Within the next few weeks about one thousand new connections with sewer mains will be ordered, and the property owners will be given a reasonable time to have the plumbing done.

"It is disgraceful," says Dr. King, "that so comparatively little advantage should be taken of our excellent sewer system. One of the most flagrant examples of down town cesspools is on Floral avenue, running south from Second South street right in the heart of the city. I am going to see that every house in this street is connected with the sewer system."

NINETY-TWO DEGREES.

Highest Point Reached by the Temperature Today—That Was at 3:30 p.m.

The highest point reached by the temperature today as shown by the government weather bureau was at 3:30 this afternoon, when 92 degrees was recorded. The humidity at the same hour 22 per cent. Yesterday it was 93 and the day before it was 95. At 9 a. m. today it was 73.

PRISONER TAKES A WALK.

Dr. Kirk, a notorious character around the city jail, and one of the trustees, took a walk for his health early this morning and hasn't been seen since. Jailor Kimball is of the opinion that he went out for a drink. "He'll be back," said the jailer, confidently.

## HER AIM WAS EXTREMELY GOOD.

Peter M. Robertson Says His Wife Threw Flat Irons at Him.

SWEARS THAT SHE HIT HIM.

Counter Charges by Defendant in a Tooele County Divorce Case Filed Today.

The divorce suit of Ruth B. Robertson was today transferred from Tooele county to Salt Lake county.

Mrs. Robertson seeks divorce on the grounds of habitual drunkenness and cruel treatment, alleging that on several occasions her husband has kicked her violently.

Answering her complaint Robertson alleges that his wife is a violent and ungovernable temper, that on various occasions she has thrown knives, flat irons and other missiles at him and hit him, and that she shamefully treats her two-year-old boy, cursing and swearing at him. He also claims that she has run him \$20 in debt, and asks that he be granted the custody of their two children. The Robertsons were married in this city on June 25, 1895.

Smith & Walton are attorneys for plaintiff and J. H. Moyle and D. H. Wells for the defendant.

CITY VS. MILNER.

Suit to Recover Property on Tenth and H Streets.

The city has commenced proceedings against S. J. Milner to recover possession of lot 1, block 147, plat D at the northwest intersection of Tenth and H streets and the premises thereon. The suit was filed today in the city court.

The city asks for \$500 damages and costs as well as possession.

SPOILED THE PASTURE.

City Sues C. E. Page for \$500 Damages and \$500 Pasturage.

Suit was commenced by the city today against C. E. Page for pasturing and ranging several hundred head of cattle in Dry Canyon during last fall, winter and spring, which is used by Salt Lake people as a resort and place of recreation. As a result of the branding it is claimed that the grass has been destroyed, shrubbery and trees broken down, and a large number of dead cattle have been left on the land. The city asks for \$500 damages and \$500 for the pasturage.

COURT ITEMS.

Attorney Oscar Reuter of Denver was in consultation with the mayor and City Attorney Stephens this morning with regard to setting a time for hearing of the old Parley's canyon conduit suit during the next term of court in the federal court. The trial will be before a jury and Judge Hallett of Denver, Judge Marshall being disqualified on account of his having been attorney for the city at one time.

In the case of Dry Creek Irrigation company vs. Draper Irrigation company, the motion to set aside submissions and reopen the case were granted by Judge Hall.

In the case of Anna Marks vs. Thomas E. Jones, Judge Hall today entered judgment for the plaintiff. The case was tried June 13th. In pursuance of a remittitur of the Supreme court, the suit was brought to reform a mortgage made in August, 1894, to secure a \$3,000 promissory note.

## NINE MEN KILLED ON NICKEL PLATE

Cleveland, Ohio, July 11.—According to information given out this afternoon at the headquarters of the Nickel Plate road here nine men were killed as the result of the collapse of a bridge at Springfield, Pa., today, while a local freight train was passing over the structure. The bridge was being repaired. When the locomotive and the cars went down a gang of Italian laborers, working under the bridge, were caught beneath the wreck. At least seven of the Italians were instantly killed and a number of others badly injured.

P. A. Moore, of Conneaut, the conductor, was instantly killed.

The bodies of the dead men have been taken to Conneaut, Ohio.

The bridge that collapsed was thought to be unsafe and the laborers were filling in the ravine which it spanned. The train had backed on to the bridge. The cars loaded with broken rock were standing on the span, ready to be dumped. Conductor Moore was promptly killed and the crew of workmen were waiting underneath to level the stone as it was dropped.

Without warning the bridge gave way. The three cars with their heavy loads were hurled into the gully, a distance of about eighty feet, in the very midst of the workmen, many of whom were crushed into shapeless masses.

Fifteen minutes before the bridge collapsed a heavy passenger train had rushed over it. Special trains from Conneaut and Erie carried physicians to the scene of the accident.

The work of recovering the dead and the injured was difficult, as they were buried under the heavy cars.

It appears from later reports from the scene of the accident that the engine did not go down with the wrecked bridge. Only the cars, heavily loaded with stone were carried down. It was at first reported that Engineer Griffith had been killed but this now seems to have been erroneous.

Following is a list of the killed and injured:

THE DEAD:

Phil A. Moore, conductor, Conneaut, Ohio.

George Swartz, laborer, North Springfield, Pa.

John Cones, laborer, Cleveland.

Frank Kruso, laborer, Buffalo.

Five Italian laborers, names unknown.

INJURED.

J. J. McDermott, brakeman, Ashland, Ohio.

Carl Randall, laborer, West Springfield, Pa.

J. H. Beckwith, gang boss, Buffalo, internally.

Five Italian laborers, names unknown, badly hurt.

## OFFERED TO SIGN ANALCAMATEE SCALE

Steel Combine Would Not Unionize Plants That Had Been Operated as Non-Union for Years—Pittsburg Conference.

Pittsburg, Pa., July 11.—It is authoritatively stated that the steel combine offered at the conference today to sign the amalgamated scale for all the plants and make the wages uniform, but declined to unionize the plants operated as nonunion for years. Trustee Morgan of the Amalgamated association said the proposition would not be accepted.

THE PITTSBURGH CONFERENCE.

Pittsburg, Pa., July 11.—Surface indication point to the settlement of the strike in the mills of the American Sheet Steel company and the American Steel Hoop company at the conference between the Amalgamated association of iron and steel combine representatives which began today in this city. The conference was called for 9 o'clock this morning and an hour before that time the national officials advisory board trustees and the presidents of the Amalgamated association met at their headquarters to outline their attitude before conferring with the representatives of the steel combine.

This preliminary conference of the entire ground was gone over and the campaign of the day was mapped out. The meeting was behind closed doors, but when the members of the board came out to join in the general conference, there was an air of confidence about them that presaged an early settlement and at terms that they evidently believed would be satisfactory.

Mr. Shaffer, president of the American Sheet Steel company, said that if an adjustment was not reached he favored a continuance of the conference tomorrow and Saturday, but that the present conference must be final. Under no circumstances would he agree to a postponement for a week or more intervening between the meetings.

Mr. Shaffer said further that the executive committee was clothed with discretionary powers with respect to the nature of the settlement, but the intimation was that no deviation whatever would be made from the original stand.

It was 10:26 o'clock a. m., when the conference opened. The combine conferees present at that time were Warren Arms, vice president of the American Sheet Steel company, Vernon Preston and J. W. Jenkins of the American Steel Hoop company, and William Leeds of the American Sheet Steel company.

The workers' organization was represented by the general executive committee, the highest body in the association. It is composed of the national officers and the vice presidents of the different districts and this morning the members of the committee are President, T. J. Shaffer, secretary-treasurer, John Williams; assistant secretary, M. F. Tighs, business manager, Henry I. Davis.

Trustees—John Pierce, Pittsburg; Elias Jenks, Youngstown, Ohio; J. B. Morgan, Cambridge, Ohio.

Vice Presidents—First district, Davis Reese, Pittsburg; Second district, Walter Larkins, Martins Ferry, Ohio; Third district, Charles H. Davis, Newport, Ky.; Fifth district, Chas. Jarvis, Anderson, Ind.; Sixth district, John F. Ward, Youngstown, Ohio; Seventh district, P. J. Williams, Birmingham, Ala.; Eighth district, John Chappell, Newcaston, Pa.; Ninth district, John W. Quinn, Granite City, Illinois.

W. C. Davis, of the Fourth district, Chicago, was not present. The great secret of the conference is being held here on the second floor of the Hotel Lincoln and newspaper men have been requested to remain down stairs. While it is believed that the United States congress is directing the movement of the representatives of the underlying companies, no one present would verify the statement.

The combine representatives declare that it would be unfair to the men to force them into the organization if they do not desire to join. They are willing to concede the right to the Amalgamated officials to enter the mills and organize the men, but will object to compulsion.

It was nearly noon before the conference got down to business. The situation was gone over carefully. Every one present seemed in good humor and everything pointed to a harmonious meeting but it seemed that there would be difficulty in getting close together at the opening session, as both sides appeared determined not to yield any more points.

It is intimated that a concession will be allowed the manufacturers in the mills that have agreements with their men made previous to last year's wage settlements. These mills, it is said, will be allowed to work out their individual agreements which expire January 1. After that time these mills also will come under the jurisdiction of the annual agreement.

The Vandergrift and Leebach sheet mills are, so far as known, the only ones that will come under the exception. The men belonging to the organization of the workers at these mills antedate the formation of the sheet steel company and remained in force when the plants were absorbed.

At 4:45 p. m. the conference adjourned until tomorrow without having reached a settlement. At the conclusion of the session President Shaffer was seen but refused to intimate even by a word what the prospects of the conference were equally reticent.

DEBRIS PILED EVERYWHERE.

Montana Towns Made a Scene of Desolation by Rushing Waters.

Helena, Mont., July 11.—Debris is piled everywhere in the gulch in which are located Wickes and Corbin. Great damage to property was done by the torrent of water which poured down the narrow valley after the clouds broke.

The Peck Mountain company at Corbin will have to close down because of damage to the machinery. A wave six feet high and 200 feet wide swept down the gulch. Within half a mile of Wickes, toward Corbin, a fill in on the Great Northern formed a dam. The water was backed up for a quarter of a mile before the embankment gave away with a roar.

Mrs. Charles Turner and six small children were in their homes in Twin Gulch. The torrent of rain started a landslide and before the occupants suspected any danger the mountain was crushed in like an egg by an enormous boulder. That no one was struck by the shower of great rocks and earth which struck the house seems almost a miracle.

As the great wall of water tore down the gulch it practically demolished the Northern Pacific tracks and bridges. At several points great sections of rails and ties were twisted into a mass of debris. The Great Northern suffered only a washout of the fill near Wickes.

It is impossible to estimate the loss at present.

Run on Cleveland Bank.

Cleveland, Ohio, July 11.—The run on the United Banking and Savings company, which began yesterday, was continued today. The bank kept its doors open nearly all night in order to prevent any nervous depositors to withdraw their money. Today fully 200 men and women were lined up in front of the bank. All demands were promptly met and the officials declared they were prepared for any emergency. The run was started by a woman, who called after banking hours to draw money. She was told to wait. Pulling in to understand, however, she immediately went out and spread the report that the bank had no funds.

The capital stock of the bank is \$100,000. Its deposits amount to nearly \$2,000,000.

750 Mill Hands Out.

Utica, N. Y., July 11.—It is reported from the upper lake today that about 750 mill hands are out but that there has been no disturbance whatever. It is believed that the differences may be settled during the day.

Joe Patchen and Anaconda to Race.

New York, July 11.—A special match, beat two out of three heats, for a purse of \$1,000 has been arranged between Joe McCarty's Joe Patchen, 2,000, and Anaconda, 2,200, owned by E. E. Rice of Boston, to take place on August 12, the opening day of the Brighton Beach trotting meeting.

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